1. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order at 6:00 p.m. by Chair Villar who presided.

2. ROLL CALL

Upon the call of the roll, all Commissioners were present with the exception of Commissioners Kline and Perelman, both of whom arrived at 6:03 p.m.

3. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

A. September 7, 2017

A motion to approve the minutes as submitted was made by Commissioner Mercer. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Oxrieder and the motion carried without dissent; Commissioner McEachran abstained from voting.

4. PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS

Ms. Theresa Winther, Director of Child and Family Services for Sound Mental Health, thanked the Commission for its support of the program. She noted that Grant Coordinator Dee Dee Catalano and others recently conducted an audit. One thing the audit uncovered was that the organization is supposed to inform the Commission
when something major occurs. She reported that a new Executive Director, Patrick Evans, came on board in May 2016 which by oversight was not reported to any of the funding cities. Mr. Evans has focused on consolidated electronic health records, improving the billing system, and making sure all processes talk to each other. Public mental health had often been siloed and under Mr. Evans things have been flattened out after several staffing changes were made. The organization continues to be known mostly for its Medicaid population, which are the hardest to serve in King County. Sound Mental Health conducts outreach and does a lot of work in the schools, in homes and around the community. Caseloads have been balanced out so that folks are not just dealing with the hardest to serve to avoid burnout and turnover. All state-required programming and percentage of services milestones have been met to date in 2017. The evidenced-based programs provided include parent-child interactive therapy, cognitive behavioral therapy through Harborview, screening and brief intervention, and dialectical behavioral. In the children’s and youth’s world it is really all about creating resilience along with prevention and intervention. The Medicaid services offered are wide ranging and run from individual family groups to psychiatric services and mental health assessments. Partly because of the city’s grant, the organization has begun reaching out to cover unfunded folks. Sound Mental Health became a provider of SBIRT, screening and brief intervention and referral to treatment, three or four years ago, a program that is helpful in prevention and intervention. The agency is an active member of Eastside Pathways.

Commissioner McEachran asked Ms. Winther how large her staff is and she indicated that on the Eastside she has 25 on her staff who serve 500 children, youth and families.

Commissioner Perelman asked if the agency is seeking to grow its private insurance element. Ms. Winther said it is through the department called Sound Solutions.

5. STAFF AND COMMISSION REPORTS

Commissioner McEachran reported that Congregations for the Homeless launched the men’s winter shelter on October 1.

Commissioner McEachran said the tour of the Bellevue Boys & Girls Club was excellent. He said it was good to learn about the collaborative impact of the organization with the school district and the way barriers are kept low to increase participation. One of the things the program has going for it is long-term staff.

Human Services Manager Alex O’Reilly introduced new intern Cynthia Moreno, a second-year student at the University of Washington in the Masters of Social Work program. Ms. Moreno said she was excited to be working at the city of Bellevue and said she would be with the city until her graduation in June. She said her concentration is on administration and policy and noted that her background is in the non-profit world working primarily with immigrants, refugees and the foster care system. She said she also participates as part of the University of Washington Seattle
Minimum Wage Study team.

Chair Villar reported that the October 17 Commission meeting would be her last. She explained that she and her husband would be moving to Canada in November.

Department of Parks and Community Services Assistant Director Terry Smith explained that the human services continuum was developed many years ago by former Human Services Manager Emily Leslie and Department of Parks and Community Services Director Patrick Foran. The outcome of the concept was the formula that is still in use that adjusts the allocation to the human services fund based on population growth and other factors. The continuum focuses on the concept of moving people through transitions in their lives. On the enhancement side is sports and recreation which is viewed as an upstream opportunity to create self-worth, self-care and a sense of hope. Such programs often help people staying up and out of homelessness, or getting back to independence. Mentoring is certainly an important element, as is supported employment and ESL instruction.

The human services continuum requires collaboration and coordination with a lot of different players, internally within the city organization and externally with the community and the region. If there were resources enough, homelessness would not be an issue. If there were adequate shelters and programs for addiction recovery along with a good opiate task force, the work of the police and code compliance officers would be greatly reduced.

Commissioner Mercer referred to access to services on the comprehensive/coordinated approach chart and pointed out the clear need for transportation infrastructure. Mr. Smith agreed that would be good to highlight. Commissioner Mercer noted that the Commission has been hearing stories of Bellevue being a transportation desert and how hard that makes it for those who need public transportation. The assumption is that Bellevue is well served, which it clearly is not.

Referring to the same chart, Commissioner McEachran suggested there is a danger in using language such as “key community partners” when going about the business of funding many different agencies. The danger lies in the perception that some are more equal than others.

Commissioner Mercer said the chart feels like it covers a lot of things. She said she found it difficult to figure out where to focus. Someone could look at it and conclude that more police are needed, while others could look at it and reach a different conclusion. She said her preference would be to have a conversation around a more structured approach regarding the big rocks and the smaller rocks. The continuum puts some things that are all the way to the right on an equal footing with other things. Mr. Smith agreed. He pointed out that there are many components. The police are not just about enforcement, they also serve as the eyes and ears and are in a position to provide immediate contact and resource support given that they have
access to the support services. Commissioner Mercer said her issue with the chart was how to control the narrative for the person who is seeing it for the first time.

Commissioner McEachran concurred and said if he were seeing the chart for the first time he would have more questions than answers. An update is needed to avoid having it interpreted as creating priorities.

Chair Villar suggested that missing under support services is medical care.

Commissioner Oxrieder said she did not understand showing fire under support services. Mr. Smith said fire provides emergency support by responding to 9-1-1 calls. Fire is a very active player relative to support services. Councilmember Robinson suggested the reference would be clearer if it specifically called out EMT services. Mr. Smith said he views the chart from a collaborative perspective. It is not just city services, but it certainly is city services, programs and departments.

Commissioner McEachran proposed changing the title “Comprehensive/Coordinated Approach” on the chart to “Collaborative/Coordinated Approach.” He said collaboration and coordination equals comprehensive care.

Chair Villar suggested revising the presentation to include at the end a slide showing all of the community partners. Mr. Smith said the point was well taken.

Commissioner Mercer said it would be helpful to include a map of the various community partners that do various things in part with funding from Bellevue. That would make it clear that the city funds the spectrum all around. Mr. Smith agreed that would be a good visual for the update.

City Manager’s Office Assistant Director Nancy LaCombe said staff had heard quite a bit recently about the two right-hand and the two left-hand columns on the chart. Staff have been looking at what other opportunities exist to increase services given that increased needs are being seen, including increasing the Human Services Fund, working with other human service providers, coordinating with businesses and additional faith communities, and increasing community support through education and outreach.

Commissioner Mercer suggested that in talking about what other opportunities exist, there should be some clarity around what the city should do to activate them.

Commissioner Oxrieder asked who the information is targeted to and Ms. LaCombe said ultimately it will be the Council. Commissioner Oxrieder suggested that as drafted it assumes the Council knows a lot about the current human services arena, such as which faith communities and which human service providers are involved.

Commissioner McEachran said the presentation includes the ultimate question for citizens of Bellevue and other jurisdictions. It outlines the issues. With the need
outlined, the focus needs to be on proactive supportive services. The diagnosis is there but the prognosis is not. The people need to see a way out of the issues. Sub-points are needed to illustrate what is really meant relative to implementation.

Commissioner Perelman suggested the presentation is not clear relative to diversity. While it may be an overarching issue, it is not clear. The recent presentation to the Commission by Eastside Pathways pointed out that there is no one “go-to” group for the Hispanic community and that could be deemed one of the areas that is currently missing.

Chair Villar commented that one thing the Commission does during the funding cycle is review out how culturally competent the services are that are being provided. That is a key focus for the Commission and is a narrative the Commission looks for in reviewing applications and making funding recommendations.

Ms. LaCombe said the list of increasing needs or gaps includes affordable housing, employment opportunities, shelter space during the non-winter months, mental health and additional counselors, outreach support, access to food on the weekends, inpatient mental health and addiction treatment, safe parking facilities for RVs and single men, and transportation.

Councilmember Robinson said she was troubled by the reference to safe parking facilities for RVs. She said the Council is in fact not sure it wants to encourage people parking anywhere in Bellevue, let alone making it a priority. Ms. LaCombe said the issue has been identified as a gap but has not been made a priority. There are some faith communities offering their facilities to accommodate RV parking. Councilmember Robinson suggested removing the word “parking” and leaving only “safe facilities for RVs.”

Mr. Smith added that the increasing needs and gaps identified have not been prioritized. They have come from several different sources and are intended only as a way of getting arms around the issues. The city is doing a great job of being proactive and responsive. Outreach support has gone from half time in 2016 to full time in 2017; that certainly is a best practice, but whether or not more could be done should be evaluated.

Commissioner Mercer suggested that the increasing needs equals gaps slide is really talking about opportunities and possible actions. With that in mind, the slide about what other opportunities exist actually lists the potential sources that might be activated to address the needs. Some of the areas in which there are gaps involve issues for which there is nothing set up yet to address them. In making the presentation to the Council, the narrative should demonstrate the problem first, then outline what is already being done, and then indicate what else needs to be done.
Commissioner Ma said the information on the slides could be made clearer by having category headings, such as shelter, followed by the specifics, such as affordable housing.

Commissioner McEachran stressed the need to highlight what is already being done to support the needs in the community.

Councilmember Robinson called attention to the possible resource gaps slide and noted that the first bullet point under the homelessness task force is mental health and additional counselors. She said too often it is pretended that the homeless have issues that no one else has. There is a real deficit generally in mental health and addiction counseling for everyone, not just the homeless population.

Commissioner Mercer said transportation is a clear resource gap and should be highlighted as such.

Ms. LaCombe said the city’s webpage relative to homelessness references only the interim shelter and the permanent shelter. Staff are currently working to comprehensively update the page to better frame the issues and the resources that are out there, and how the city and the Eastside deals with homelessness. The Council has also tasked staff with coming up with something specific in regard to panhandling. Redmond’s webpage on homelessness includes various ways to address panhandling, such as through handing out resource cards or care packages instead of dollars.

Commissioner Mercer suggested the documentation should highlight some of the things being done relative to legal resources that help people deal with landlords so they can remain in their houses, as well as resources to help deal with mental illness and domestic violence.

Commissioner Perelman said recently some signs were put in her neighborhood to get the attention of drivers and asking them to drive the speed limit. She suggested that a similar approach could be used to address the needs in the community.

Chair Villar said social isolation is an issue that is not covered in the presentation materials. She said it impacts seniors as well as the immigrant community.

Commissioner McEachran said supportive services is a key term for being proactive. At some point it should be clearly stated that Bellevue is supporting citizens. An effective brochure should be printed up and made available at schools, community centers and faith communities outlining how citizens are supported.

Chair Villar asked how many languages the city website is in. Mr. Smith said at least five. The updated website is far more user friendly relative to translations.
Chair Villar asked if the proposed homelessness task force will be specific to Bellevue or the Eastside generally. Mr. Smith said it will focus only on Bellevue.

Ms. O'Reilly pointed out that some of the information in the presentation is included in the Needs Update, and much of what is in the Needs Update will be integrated into that work over time. Every effort is being put into making sure there is no overlapping work.

Commissioner Perelman said there is a clear need to talk with agencies about the increasing needs creating gaps. Homelessness is only one piece of the human services spectrum. The talk of updating the city’s homelessness website will still result in a focus on homelessness. The needs in the city reach far beyond just homelessness and that fact needs to be highlighted.

Commissioner Kline suggested that if the shelter presentation had come before the Commission for discussion early on, it all could have gotten off on a better foot. Commissioner Mercer agreed and said she remembered the presentation that was given to the Commission and some of the comments made at the time. She said it was clear at the time that the shelter was being built on work that had already been done in the planning department; there was a vision for what the neighborhood would be and the shelter plan fit perfectly into it. There was no focus on bringing people along to that vision. She said she remembered giving that feedback. Commissioner Kline noted that staff had at that time already given the presentation to the Council. Commissioner Mercer suggested that had staff come and talked to the Commission first, the Commission might have been helpful in recommending how to deliver the message.

7. DISCUSSION

A. 2018 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Contingency Plan

Ms. Catalano proposed making a change to the contingency plan relative to receiving more funds than estimated. The idea is to make the document as flexible as possible to accommodate the greatest number of options without having to get approval from the Council. As proposed, the first step in the event of additional funds that would increase the cap for planning and administration was to spend the additional money up to the full cap amount if needed. The second step in the event of additional funds that would increase the cap for public services was to allocate additional funds to existing projects in that category if they could demonstrate they could spend the additional funding in a timely manner; any new programs would need Council approval.

Chair Villar informed the Commissioners that staff met with the City Attorney’s Office to confirm that the proposed language is well within all requirements.
A motion to approve the CDBG contingency plan as amended was made by Commissioner McEachran. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Perelman and the motion carried unanimously.

6. DISCUSSION


Ms. O'Reilly noted that the Needs Update will be back before the Commission the second meeting in November. That will permit time to make revisions to the draft to reflect all new information and data. Homelessness is a focus area in the draft, but as a result of the opioid task force and the recommendations that have flowed from it, it may be a good idea to add the opioid crisis as a focus area. Having two focus areas in the Needs Update has been done in past years.

Commissioner McEachran suggested there should be an executive summary that can go to the Council and the people who are questioning what is happening in the city. Some consideration should be given to putting something in front of each section to say how the human infrastructure continuum is being confronted in each of the goal areas. At the end of the document, there should be a statement noting that wellbeing and quality of life in Bellevue comes because of the goals being met by implementation.

Commissioner Perelman said she would like to see each chapter begin with a page similar to but more detailed than an executive summary. Commissioner Mercer agreed. She said it should be possible to simply read the first page of each chapter and come away with a good understanding of what the overall document is about. Ms. O'Reilly said the executive summary booklet put together each time as part of the development of the Needs Update serves that purpose. Commissioner Perelman allowed that some people are more visual and would benefit from having graphics that lead through the storyline.

Ms. O'Reilly pointed out that many of the pictures in the report were received from partner agencies. She said the report is dedicated to those the report is about. There are lots of different needs on the continuum and the Commission is charged with addressing them. She allowed that there are some good things happening and highlighted specifically funds from the Best Start for Kids levy, the city’s adopted Affordable Housing Strategy, the Bellevue Network on Aging’s continued advocacy on behalf of older adults in the city, and AtWork’s focus on helping more people with disabilities find employment. Each chapter seeks to recognize what has been accomplished while also outlining the gaps and needs that have been identified.

Chair Villar said it would be helpful just before the grant season begins to provide the Commission with a refresher on how the Affordable Housing Strategy might play into the process. Ms. O'Reilly said the Goal 1 chapter includes information about the strategy. She agreed that it will be an important issue to keep in mind.
Ms. O'Reilly said the presentation to the Commission in May drew from the data from the phone and online surveys as well as from the focus groups and provider surveys. She noted that the overarching themes are reflected in every chapter, including the specific populations chapters and the goal areas. The fact that the themes overlap is acknowledged, though compartmentalizing them allows for looking at the data more closely.

With regard to Goal 1, Food to Eat and a Roof Overhead, Ms. O'Reilly said the obvious gaps are affordable housing and emergency financial assistance. That is not to say there is no longer a need to fund food banks and that sort of thing. Emergency financial assistance serves as a safety net to keep people from going into homelessness, and the feedback from the community has been that more funding is needed.

Commissioner Mercer said she sees transportation as an issue that crosses all of the goal area boundaries without rising to the top. Ms. O'Reilly said transportation has been made a special focus area in years past. She agreed that transportation is a gap associated with several chapters and as such it might be a good idea to develop a white paper or something more specific around the issue. Transportation has been a focus for the Network on Aging for quite some time and is something that should be looked at in 2018 when developing a work plan.

The gaps identified in association with Goal 2, Supportive Relationships Within Families, Neighborhoods and Communities, include free or low-cost legal assistance, especially for immigration issues, support for early learning, and information on how to find resources.

A Safe Haven from All Forms of Violence and Abuse is Goal 3. Ms. O'Reilly said the gaps identified were affordable housing, legal advocacy for domestic violence survivors, and community education on trafficking signs and resources. She said the latter is an issue that reaches throughout the whole county but is also a problem in Bellevue.

Goal 4, Healthcare to be as Physically and Mentally Fit as Possible, highlights the fact that healthcare continues to be a major issue. Ms. O'Reilly said much was heard from those talked with and from the surveys about people in fear of losing their healthcare. There has been a very large increase in the number of people who have some healthcare coverage, though admittedly not everyone is being served well. The specifically identified gaps include the need for culturally responsive physical and behavioral healthcare, access to services, and treatment on demand for both.

Chair Villar commented that the survey did not include a separate question about vision health. She said if there is a gap in physical and behavioral healthcare, there very likely is a gap in vision care, something which can certainly impact people’s
ability to work. Ms. O'Reilly agreed the question should be considered during the next update.

Ms. O'Reilly said in regard to Goal 5, Education and Job Skills to Lead an Independent Life, that according to the Self-Sufficiency Calculator, a living wage for families in Bellevue ranges from $26.30 to $39.30 per hour, which is well above the minimum wage in the state. There are actually few jobs that pay that much and that is why so many people are struggling to make ends meet. The identified gaps for the goal area were training to obtain higher wage jobs, child care subsidies, and transportation to get to jobs.

Commissioner McEachran allowed that to some degree, the living wage issue impacts every goal area. Every day, 114,000 people travel into Bellevue to work, while 34,000 residents work in the city, and 36,000 leave Bellevue to work in other cities.

Ms. O'Reilly said it was clear from the surveys and stakeholder interviews that while the unemployment rate is currently low, many must work more than one job in order to earn enough to keep up with expenses. Many also feel they cannot take time off work to go back to school to train for a higher wage job.

Commissioner Mercer said in volunteering at homeless shelters she has often heard from men who talk about having worked physically demanding jobs up until encountering something physical that keeps them from doing what they are trained to do. They then must deal with the medical issue while not having any training to seek other employment. Ms. O'Reilly said comments were made during the data gathering process that medical issues are one of the main reasons people fall into bankruptcy and become homeless.

With regard to specific populations, Ms. O'Reilly said transportation continues to be an issue for older adults. Other recurring themes are affordable housing, help in staying in their own homes, caregiver support, including for those taking care of those with memory loss, and culturally appropriate services. Even though the percentage of non-white older adults is smaller than the percentage of younger non-white people, there are still a lot of social and cultural issues faced by families who bring their older adult family members with them when they come from other cultures.

The biggest gap relative to people with disabilities is the fact that state funding has not kept up with the needs. Many imagine that those with disabilities have a large safety net around them, but the fact is what they receive is not enough to meet their needs. Other identified gaps include employment support, housing, and services to help keep people with disabilities in their own homes.

With regard to refugees and immigrants, the gaps include legal assistance for immigration issues, ESL instruction to facilitate finding living wage jobs, help for families to feel welcome in the community, and culturally responsive health and
human services. The phone and online surveys included a statistically significant
increase in the number of people who said they feel there is racial and ethnic
discrimination in the community.

Commissioner Mercer said she would like to see an expansion beyond just refugees
and immigrants to include other minorities. She said there have been incidents
involving African-Americans but also the Mosque burning incident and Nazi symbols,
all of which may be impacting people coming forward and asking for services.

Commissioner Oxrieder said she would like to drill down on the information to learn
more about the people who have experienced racial and ethnic discrimination. Ms.
O'Reilly said the capacity does not exist to get that information from the survey, but
there may be other ways.

Ms. O'Reilly agreed that the section could be titled something other than refugees
and immigrants in order to cast a broader net. Commissioner Mercer agreed, noting
that the issues are not only affecting refugees and immigrants, or even only people of
color. There has been a significant rise in cultural issues, including anti-Semitism and
anti-Muslims.

Commissioner Ma said he agreed there is a need to discuss the broader issues.
Refugees and immigrants have issues specific to them just as people of color have
specific issues they deal with. There are overlapping commonalities but going out of
the way to highlight the overlaps would not necessarily be an effective approach.

Commissioner McEachran said the overview which is yet to be written could include
the foundations on which the report is based, specifically the mandate from the
ordinance, the Comprehensive Plan policies, and Council initiatives such as the
Diversity Advantage. Linking to those specifics will provide a framework for which the
Commission is responsible.

Ms. Moreno commented that refugees and immigrants face specific circumstances,
including legal issues that in some cases limit the services they are allowed access
to.

Commissioner Perelman asked about including a separate section on inclusivity that
is not focused on a specific population. Ms. O'Reilly said there could be an inclusivity
chapter, but it could also be addressed in a basic statement.

Commissioner Oxrieder referred to page 37 of the draft and noted that white
residents living alone indicated an average of 8.1 problems, whereas non-white
residents living alone indicated an average of 6.5 problems. The same kind of
difference came up relative to the primary language spoken at home. Ms. O'Reilly
said the hard part about surveys is they can give answers that are difficult to interpret
accurately.
Commissioner Ma said there is a sentiment among minorities coming to the United States that it is necessary to tolerate a little bit of racism and discrimination as a matter of fact. Accordingly, they are less prone to complain about things because they do not feel they have the right to. That does not mean they have fewer problems, but it could be they have found solutions within their own communities.

Commissioner Perelman said she is a white immigrant who came from a culture in which it is normal to complain as much as possible and to be vocal about it. She agreed that sometimes surveys simply provide data that does not really tell a story. Ms. O'Reilly said that is the reason for having a human services plan where the data is used to create goals.

Commissioner McEachran suggested the section could be lifted to a higher level by making it narrative driven instead of data driven. That approach might make a statement in a way that is new to the people who read the document. Commissioner Ma concurred and said if recent national pictures have indicated anything it is the people are driven by narrative stories and emotions, not just pure data. Data does not always reflect people’s views.

Ms. O'Reilly said she would continue the discussion of specific populations at the second Commission meeting in November. Turning to the timeline, she said it called for seeking consensus at that meeting on the report. The executive summary will be worked on in November and December, and the report will be presented to the Council in January. A link to the report will be sent out to the community in late January or early February.

Commissioner Mercer suggested the refugee and immigrant section could be left as is provided the issues of racism and culturally sensitive topics were raised under Goal 2. Ms. O'Reilly agreed.

8. OLD BUSINESS

Human Services Planner Christy Stangland announced that she had been able to set up some possible times to tour the Hopelink transportation facilities and the service center. The dates and times given were October 18 between noon to 2:00 p.m., November 1 in the afternoon, and November 22 in the afternoon. Commissioners Mercer, Ma and Oxrieder said they could go on October 18.

Commissioner McEachran suggested that as the funding cycle ramps up it might be good to set up tours of different agencies that are new to the Commission. Ms. O'Reilly agreed but pointed out that visits would not be scheduled in December.

Commissioner Perelman said her take away from the comments made by the representative of Sound Mental Health is that they are having a hard time using the money allocated to them by the city. Commissioner Mercer said she had the same impression.
Commissioner Kline said she did not recall putting any restrictions on their funding. Ms. Catalano said staff has attempted to convey to them that no restrictions had been placed on the funding, thus the agency does not have to focus only on unfunded people. Commissioner Kline said that is disappointing in that the agency should know what they asked for. Ms. Catalano added that the contract has not yet been paid because the agency has not submitted their service units. Staff are keeping a close eye on the agency.

Ms. O'Reilly said Ms. Catalano is continuing to work with other cities to set up a joint commission meeting, possibly on November 7.

9. NEW BUSINESS - None

10. PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS – None

11. ADJOURNMENT

A motion to adjourn was made by Commissioner Mercer. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Ma and the motion carried unanimously.

Chair Villar adjourned the meeting at 8:20 p.m.

_________________________________________ _______________
Secretary to the Human Services Commission   Date

_________________________________________ _______________
Chairperson of the Human Services Commission  Date