THE LAW: MINORS AND MARIJUANA

- It is illegal for people under 21 years old to possess or consume marijuana.
- It is a felony for adults to provide marijuana to people under the age of 21, including their own children.
- It is illegal for anyone to drive under the influence of marijuana, but the law with respect to those under 21 is zero tolerance.
- It is illegal to use marijuana in public.
- Underage use of marijuana is a misdemeanor offense and punishable with a charge of *Minor in Possession*.
- Possession of larger amounts of marijuana (more than 40 grams) is a Class C Felony.

Source: Washington State Liquor Control Board





WHERE TO TURN FOR HELP AND INFORMATION

Youth Eastside Services provides convenient and affordable access in our offices and some schools.

We offer:

- Classes for parents/youth on effects of marijuana, signs and symptoms of use, and progressions of use
- Marijuana assessment to determine what kind of help your teens may need.
- Individual and/or group therapy
- Parent education and support groups
- Outreach staff to speak to groups

Online resources

- learnaboutmarijuanawa.org
- drugabuse.org
- drugfree.org

24-Hour Recovery Helpline 1.866.789.1511

Find more details and resources at youtheastsideservices.org or call **425.747.4937.**

Youth Eastside Services 999 164th Avenue NE Bellevue, WA 98008 425.747.4937 youtheastsideservices.org

A Lifeline for Kids & Families



MARIJUANA LEGAL? NOT for Teens

MARIJUANA SAFE? NOT for Teens

- Effects on the teen brain
- Help your teen make good decisions
- Signs and symptoms of use
- Legal and social consequences
- The law: minors and marijuana
- Where to turn for help and information





MARIJUANA & THE TEEN BRAIN

 Marijuana, whether smoked, "vaped" or consumed as "edibles" acts as a psychoactive mood altering drug with distinct effects on the brain.

Inhaling any kind of smoke damages your lungs. Edible marijuana can be dangerous due to delayed effects from ingesting large doses.

• The potency of THC in marijuana is 4 to 5 times stronger than in the 1960s and 1970s. Brain development is active through

one's mid-20s. A developing brain is a vulnerable brain!

 Marijuana can be habit forming. Teens are especially at risk. Adolescents who start using before ages 14-15 are four times more likely to become addicted and/or have lifelong substance usedisorders.

Early marijuana use is linked to increased mental health problems such as depression, anxiety, psychosis and schizophrenia, especially for those with a family history of these illnesses.

- Using marijuana at an early age is associated with:
 - Poor school performance
 - Increased school absences
 - Increased risk of dropping out
 - Increased risk-taking behaviors
 - Increased negative outcomes over lifetime
- Marijuana use impacts the brain and can cause problems with memory, learning motivation and decreased IQ.

HELP YOUR TEENS MAKE GOOD DECISIONS

- Make it clear you don't want your teens using marijuana
- Help your teens understand the consequences of using
- Get to know your teens' friends and their parents
- Make it easy for your teens to leave a situation where marijuana is being used (e.g., assure no punishment, offer a ride home)
- Encourage open dialogue with your teens about their experiences
- Practice ways to avoid or say no to using marijuana
- Know your teens' activities and their whereabouts

POSSIBLE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF MARIJUANA USE

- New, different friends
- Away from home more often than usual
- Loss of interest in family or school activities and sports
- Lower grades, attendance problems
- Chronic lying, hostility, withdrawal
- Sprays cologne, perfume or other scents to cover up the smell
- Significant change in mood



LEGAL & SOCIAL CONSEQUENCES OF MARIJUANA ABUSE

- Possible arrest or being charged with Minor in Possession if caught with marijuana, hashish, hashish oil or paraphernalia containing remnants of these substances, leading to:
 - Diversion
 - Probation
 - Drug court
 - Court-ordered treatment
 - Legal issues could include large fines, jail time, loss of driver's license
- Teens found in possession of, under the influence of, transporting or selling marijuana on campus can face:
 - long-term suspension
 - emergency expulsion
 - notification to police
 - expulsion from athletics
 - difficulty getting into college
- Inability to get a job
- Loss of family or social relationships

Find more details and resources at youtheastsideservices.org or call 425.747.4937.