East Link Extension

Cost Savings Work Plan Findings

(Within City of Bellevue)

Advancement of Options

September 27, 2012

Prepared for:





Prepared by:



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Appendices

Appendix A – Cost Savings Ideas Advanced For Further Engineering Review

Appendix B - Sound Transit and City of Bellevue Cost Savings Work Plan - Motion M2012-41 (June 28, 2012)

Acronyms and Abbreviations

City	City of Bellevue
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration
FTA	Federal Transit Administration
LRT	Light Rail Transit
LRV	Light Rail Vehicle
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
NEPA	National Environmental Policy Act
PE	Preliminary Engineering
Project	East Link Light Rail
ROM	Rough Order of Magnitude
SEPA	State Environmental Policy Act
ST	Sound Transit
WSDOT	Washington Department of Transportation

1.0 Cost Savings Work Plan - Introduction

The East Link Extension is Sound Transit's voter-approved project to build approximately 14 miles of light rail that will extend Sound Transit's current Light Rail Transit (LRT) system from Seattle, across Lake Washington via I-90, serving Mercer Island, Bellevue and Redmond's Overlake area. The East Link Extension will connect the Eastside's biggest population and employment centers, serving 50,000 daily riders by 2030. After a five-year environmental review process, Sound Transit published the Final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the East Link Extension in July 2011. Subsequently, the Sound Transit Board selected the project to be built, which included a tunnel in downtown Bellevue. In November 2011, FTA and FHWA issued their respective Records of Decision that allowed the project to move forward into final design.

On November 15, 2011, the City of Bellevue (City) and Sound Transit (ST) executed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for funding and construction of the downtown Bellevue tunnel and directed staff to review City of Bellevue recommended modifications to the 112th Avenue SE corridor. The MOU establishes a collaborative framework for Sound Transit and the City to share the additional cost of a tunnel in downtown Bellevue. The MOU also establishes the City's funding commitment of \$160 million (2010 \$) for the tunnel with an initial contribution of \$100 million and a City contingent contribution of \$60 million. The MOU specifies that Project cost reductions from value engineering, design advancement, scope modifications and for any other reason within the City of Bellevue shall count towards the reduction of City contingent contribution (provided that such reductions do not result in deferral of stations or Park-and-Rides or deferral or complete elimination of other Project elements that have a direct negative Project impact on ridership or operations and maintenance).

It is within this framework that over the course of the last nine months, the City of Bellevue and Sound Transit analyzed cost savings concepts and value engineering ideas that have the potential to result in material Project cost savings of at least \$60 million, while supporting the light rail system's performance with respect to stated Project and City objectives. Sound Transit and the City co-hosted two public open houses - one on April 26, 2012 and another on June 5, 2012 to provide an opportunity for public review and comment. Sound Transit and City staff also provided numerous stakeholder briefings throughout April, May and June. Through the public involvement process, over 350 comments were received. As a result of public involvement, an additional cost savings concept was developed for 112th Avenue SE.

A Cost Savings Report was issued on June 5, 2012, by Sound Transit and the City of Bellevue that documented the work effort and findings on the cost savings concepts and value engineering ideas that have the potential to realize at least \$60 million in savings on the East Link Extension within the City of Bellevue. The entire Cost Savings Report can be found at <u>www.soundtransit.org/eastlink</u>. Appendix A to this report lists the Cost Savings Ideas Advanced for Further Engineering.

Following the consideration of the Cost Savings Report and public comments, Sound Transit and the City of Bellevue, developed a *Cost Savings Work Plan* to advance Cost Savings Ideas that May Affect the MOU Project Description. On June 28, 2012, the Sound Transit Board endorsed the *Cost Savings Work Plan* for the East Link Extension (See Appendix B).

Through the Collaborative Design Process, Sound Transit and City staff worked to develop these Cost Savings Ideas and to analyze different configuration options. Cost Savings Ideas that were included in the *Cost Savings Work Plan* and their configuration options are shown in Table 1-1:

Table 1-1

Cost Savings Ideas – Advanced for Further Development

Description		
1. Bellevue Way Alignment at Winters House		
1a. Shift Bellevue Way West to allow space for at-grade light rail in front of Winters House and a proposed City of Bellevue HOV Lane. The City of Bellevue HOV Lane continues the HOV lane north from the main entrance of the South Bellevue Station to the Bellevue Way and 112 th Ave "Y" intersection.		
2. 112th Ave. SE Alignment		
 2b. Raise 112th Ave Roadway over an at-grade alignment of light rail at SE 15th. Options include: 2.b.1- SE 4th Closed except for emergency access. This option includes a design alternative to connect Bellefield Residential Park to Surrey Downs. 2.b.2 - General Traffic Access with SE 4th over at-grade light rail. 2.b.3 – LRT in a trench under SE 4th (This is the same configuration in the MOU Recommendation for the north end of 112th Ave. SE) 		
3. Downtown Station Design		
3e. Optimize the Adopted Project		
3b. Construct A Stacked Tunnel Configuration (Allows tunnel to be narrower).		
3c. Relocate Station to NE 6 th		

1.1 Next Steps

Sound Transit and the City of Bellevue will conduct public outreach to gather comments and public opinion on the five Cost Savings Ideas in this report, from mid-September to mid-October 2012. The Sound Transit Board and City Council will be asked in October to endorse moving forward for further feasibility analysis only those cost savings ideas that the agencies believe could be incorporated into East Link Extension and support the agencies' commitment to deliver a high-quality, well-integrated project that serves the region. Moving projects forward for further analysis is not a final decision, and in no way alters the East Link Extension project as approved by the Sound Transit Board and reflected in the Record of Decision issued by the Federal Transit Administration and the Federal Highway Administration. Instead it is an indication that the ideas have sufficient merit to continue to spend resources to review. The next phase of review, including additional engineering design and impact and mitigation analysis consistent with requirements under NEPA and SEPA, will occur in late 2012 and into 2013. A decision to incorporate any one or more of these Cost Savings Ideas into East Link Extension would not occur until this additional review is complete in 2013.

2.0 Cost Savings Work Plan- Advancement of Options

The following map, Figure 2.0.0, identifies the locations of the Cost Savings Ideas advanced for further development and described in this report:



Figure 2.0.0: Cost Savings Ideas – Advancement of Options

2.1 Cost Savings Ideas – Work Plan to Further Develop and Refine Options

Engineering Design Advancement

The purpose of this effort was to advance the conceptual level design and determine the change in costs for each of the five concepts in comparison to the MOU alignment. Advancement of design focused on identification of potential impacts, constraints, opportunities and cost impacts associated with each individual concept with the purpose of resolving uncertainties. General elements assessed included:

- Alignment changes to both LRT and Roadway
- LRT Operations
- Structural and bridge considerations
- Station and tunnel configuration (tunnel concepts)
- Pedestrian and vehicle access
- Right-of-way impacts; including City Hall Garage (tunnel concepts)
- Utility considerations
- Fire/Life Safety and Ventilation requirements
- Cost Changes

Preliminary Environmental Information

The preliminary environmental information prepared for this report is based on both a qualitative and quantitative review of the conceptual designs for the Cost Savings Ideas. This report presents early findings of potential noise and vibration impacts consistent with FTA and FHWA Noise and Vibration criteria and associated mitigation measures. Also, potential impacts to properties, parklands, historic resources and wetlands are presented. The potential impacts to visual resources are captured in a series of illustrations. Similar to the June 2012 Cost Savings Report, transportation metrics of light rail access and ridership, traffic impacts, vehicle and pedestrian access are presented.

This preliminary environmental information is intended to help the Sound Transit Board and Bellevue City Council to further narrow the Cost Savings Ideas. The Cost Savings Ideas that are advanced further will undergo a formal environmental review consistent with NEPA and SEPA requirements to support a decision on whether to modify the East Link Extension.

Cost Refinement

The Cost Savings Ideas presented in this report are conceptual. Consequently, there is still uncertainty regarding the estimated cost savings. Therefore, for ideas that affect the MOU or Adopted project, an accuracy range of minus 30 percent (-30%) to plus 20 percent (+20%) was applied to the estimated cost savings (MOU/Adopted Project Estimate minus Cost Savings Idea Estimate) to determine the cost savings range. This approach is consistent with construction industry practices and standards, such as *ASTM E2516 – 11 – Standard Classification for Cost Estimate Classification System* and it takes into consideration the conceptual nature of the Cost Savings Ideas.

In addition, the cost estimate methodology for this *Cost Savings Work Plan* utilized the full detailed preliminary engineering cost estimate developed for the East Link Extension to compare the cost savings between the adopted/MOU project and the Cost Savings Idea. Also, more definitive quantity take offs

(i.e., reduction of structural steel by 300 tons, instead of "approximately 30% reduction in structural steel") have been included.

All estimated costs are in 2010 dollars.

3.0 Cost Savings Ideas Advanced for Further Development

This section of the report provides detailed information regarding the five Cost Savings Ideas advanced for further development including more engineering definition, preliminary environmental information, and a cost refinement of each idea.

In summary, the range of cost savings expected to be realized from each of the Cost Savings Ideas advanced for further development is summarized in Table 3-1 as follows:

Table 3-1

Cost Savings Ideas - Design Options

	Range of Savings
Description	(2010 \$ M)
1. Bellevue Way Alignment at Winters House	
1a. Shift Bellevue Way West to allow space for at-grade light rail in front of Winters House and a proposed City of Bellevue HOV Lane. The City of Bellevue HOV Lane continues the HOV lane north from the main entrance of the South Bellevue Station to the Bellevue Way and 112 th Ave "Y" intersection.	\$ 7 to \$ 11
This Cost Savings Range is based upon a City of Bellevue contribution of \$ 11 million for the City of Bellevue HOV Lane. The City's estimate for building the HOV lane separately is approximately \$ 18 million.	
2. 112th Ave. SE Alignment	
 2b. Raise 112th Ave Roadway over an at-grade alignment of light rail at SE 15th. Options include: 2.b.1 - SE 4th Closed Except for Emergency Access. This option may include a design alternative to connect Bellefield Rd to Surray Desures (*See Note below for east impact) 	\$ 9 to \$ 16
 Surrey Downs (*See Note below for cost impact) 2.b.2 - General Traffic Access with SE 4th over at-grade light rail. 	\$ 7 to \$ 12
 2.b.3 – LRT in Trench under SE 4th (This is the same configuration in the MOU Project for the North End of 112th Ave. SE) 	Same Approximate Cost as MOU Project
3. Downtown Station Design	
 3e. Optimize the Adopted Project 3b. Construct a stacked tunnel configuration (Allows tunnel to be narrower) 3c. Relocate Station to NE 6th 	\$ 6 to \$ 10 \$ 8 to \$ 13 \$ 23 to \$ 39

* Note: If the Bellefield Rd to Surrey Downs Option is included, then the Cost Savings Range is \$ 7 to \$ 13 million.

Additional information for each of the five Cost Savings Ideas is provided in Sections 3.1 through 3.3 of this report. The information on the Downtown Station Design Options is grouped together for comparison purposes. Included for each Cost Savings Idea are:

- A Cost Savings Evaluation Worksheet containing a narrative description, cost analysis and preliminary environmental information; and
- An overall map showing the location of the Cost Savings Idea within the East Link Extension alignment;
- A series of graphics including plan views and cross sections as well as visual simulations depicting the Cost Savings Idea.

3.1 Bellevue Way Alignment at Winters House

3.1.1 Cost Savings Idea 1a - Shift Bellevue Way West to Allow Space for At-Grade LRT in Front of Winters House and a Proposed City of Bellevue HOV Lane

Table 3-2

Cost Savings Evaluation: Shift Bellevue Way West - Cost Savings Idea - 1a

Cost Savings Evaluation: Shift Believue way west – Cost Savings Idea - 1a		
Cost Savings Evaluation Worksheet		
Description: Shift Bellevue Way West to Allow Space for At-Grade LRT in Front of Winters House with Proposed City of Bellevue HOV Lane Proposal: 1a		
MOU Project: The Adopted Project for the Bellevue Way alignment includes an aerial	structure coming out of the	
I-90 corridor on the east side of Bellevue Way, continuing on aerial structure through	the South Bellevue Way	
Park-and-Ride with an aerial station platform. The alignment continues north also on	aerial structure and then	
transitions to a trench in front of Winters House, gradually climbing out of the trench	as the alignment heads	
north to the "Y" intersection of 112th Ave. SE and Bellevue Way.		
Cost Savings Idea: Shift Bellevue Way West to Allow Space for At-Grade LRT in Fron	t of Winters House with	
Proposed City of Bellevue HOV Lane - This Cost Savings Idea moves Bellevue Way to		
constructed at-grade at the existing east curb line along the Winters House and conti		
proposed HOV lane north from the main entrance of the South Bellevue Station to th		
Ave "Y" intersection. This modified layout eliminates two major elements from the ac		
trench at the Winters House and the open trench south and north of this area. Cost s	•	
eliminating the trench and replacing it with at-grade track in this section, although th		
associated with moving the roadway west, additional property impacts and additional infrastructure associated		
with the HOV lane. Access to the Winters House and Blueberry Farm is maintained and vehicle and pedestrian		
access is provided via low speed driveway/multi-use path. In addition, this idea includes:		
• A City of Bellevue southbound HOV lane that would increase southbound traffic capacity. It requires		
more property acquisition and increases the height of the retaining wall structures to the west.		

Why Consider this Configuration:

- As compared with the Cost Savings Idea shown in the June *Cost Savings Report*, the access to the Winters House and Blueberry Farm has been moved south and the LRT alignment lowered to minimize the visual impact of the aerial structure.
- Provides additional separation between LRT and the Winters House. LRT is planned in the present location of the northbound traffic lanes of Bellevue Way and off the Winters House property.
- Better profile for LRT operations (fewer vertical changes).
- City's proposed HOV Lane is included with LRT, which enables both projects to be built at a lower cost than if both projects were built separately.
- A multi-use path is proposed east of Bellevue Way from the South Bellevue Station to 112th Ave. SE. in lieu of a sidewalk.

Design Considerations Addressed (From Sound Transit and City of Bellevue Cost Savings Work Plan - Motion M2012 -41 dated June 28, 2012):

<u>Noise and visual mitigation for increased length of above grade guideway</u> – Preliminary noise and visual impacts are discussed in this report and will be addressed in the upcoming environmental review if this cost savings idea is endorsed for further feasibility analysis. Preliminary noise mitigation is described below. In addition, landscaping types that may contribute to screening have been identified for areas where sufficient space exists. LRT alignment lowered to minimize the visual impact of the aerial structure.

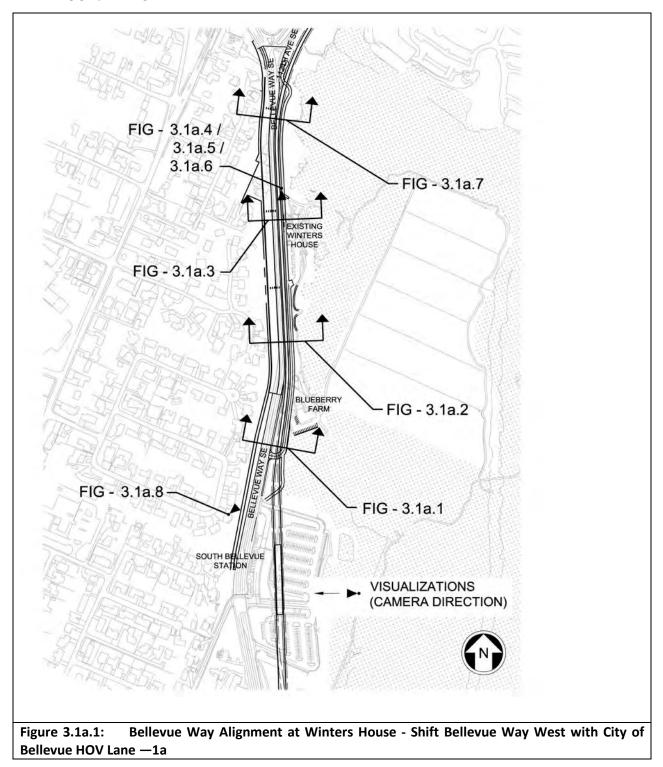
	o Allow Space for At-Grade LRT in Front	of Winters Propos	al: 1a		
House with Proposed City of Bellevue HOV Lane Proposed City of Bellevue HOV Lane • Reduce the added length of elevated guideway from the previous cost savings idea - As compared with					
the Move Bellevue Way West option included in the June Cost Savings Report, the portion of the guideway that will appear elevated has been reduced by approximately 600 feet in length.					
• Optimize the access location for the Blueberry Farm and Winters House - The access location for the Blueberry Farm and Winters House has been located south of the Blueberry Farm. This has allowed the elevated guideway to come down to at-grade sooner than the alignment shown in the June Cost Saving Report.					
	<u>es, it should include a HOV lane</u> – The Mov vue Way HOV lane project.	e Bellevue Way West Optic	n 1a now		
	_	f Savings			
		D\$M)			
Cost Analysis	Ş 7 t	o \$ 11			
	This Cost Savings Range is based upo	n a City of Bellevue contrib	ution of		
	\$ 11 million for the City of Bellevue H				
	building the HOV lane separately	•			
	MOU Project	Proposal 1a:			
Resource	LRT in Trench in front Of Winters House	Light Rail at-grade, shi Way West with HO	ft Bellevue		
.RT Operations	Vertical alignment geometry near	Improves LRT operations			
	maximum allowable design criteria.	fewer vertical changes in			
		alignment thereby increa			
LRT Access and Ridership	N/A	N/A			
Traffic Impacts	HOV Lane from main entrance of South Bellevue Station/park-and- ride to I-90.	City of Bellevue proposed added, north from the m entrance of the South Be and-ride to the Bellevue 112 th Ave "Y" intersection southbound HOV lane re congestion along Bellevu Intersection LOS meets C Bellevue and WSDOT star	ain Ilevue park Way and n. The duces traffi e Way SE. ity of		
Vehicle Access	Blueberry Farm access is rerouted and combined with access to the Winters House.	Creates a new combined connection between the Farm and Winters House the existing Blueberry Fa entrance. Blueberry Farm modified to allow for the combined in and out acco number of parking spots	Blueberry - south of rm n parking is new ess, with th		
Pedestrian Access	Blueberry Farm public functions combined at the Winters House with one access off Bellevue Way.	Blueberry Farm public fur remain at the existing loc Sidewalk is replaced with path to access Blueberry Winters House.	nctions ation. a multi-use		

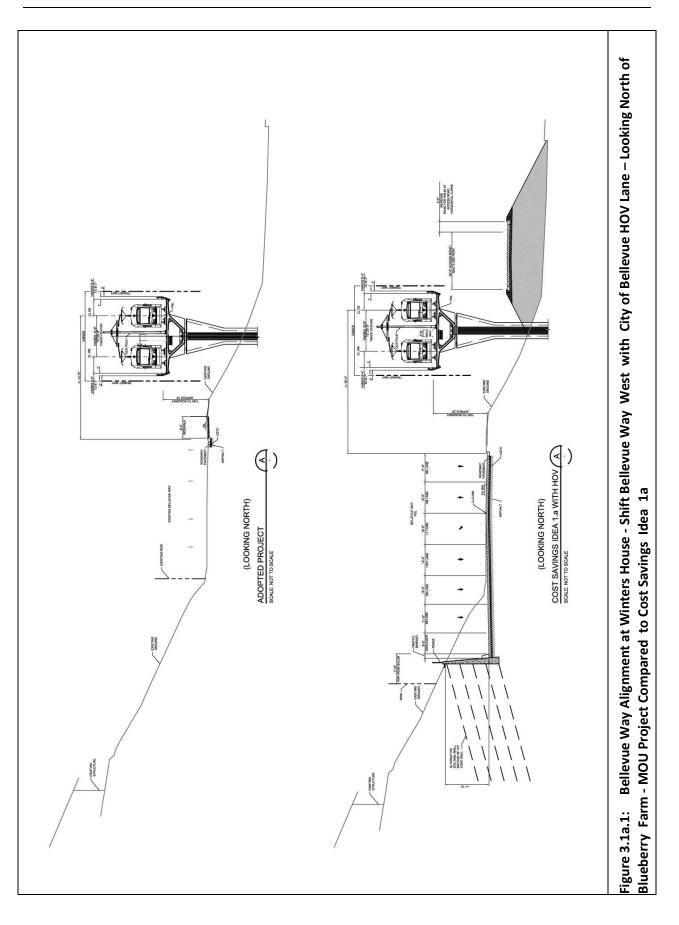
	MOU Project	Proposal 1a:
	LRT in Trench in front Of Winters	Light Rail at-grade, shift Bellevue
Resource	House	Way West with HOV Lane
Approximate Noise Impacts Light Rail and Traffic	Light rail noise impacts to 13 residences on west side of Bellevue Way SE south of Winters House, mitigated with sound walls and/or building sound insulation. The adopted project would not affect the alignment of Bellevue Way SE and therefore would not have any traffic noise impacts.	Light rail noise impacts to 15 residences on the west side of Bellevue Way SE. The increase is from bringing the light rail to at- grade and moving it closer to residences. No LRT noise impacts to the Winters House. Shifting Bellevue Way SE west with LRT and with the addition of a southbound HOV lane results in 20 traffic noise impacts. All of the residences impacted by traffic noise already experience noise levels from Bellevue Way in excess of the traffic noise criteria. Of these, 13 residences are affected by both traffic and light rail noise. The light rail and traffic noise impacts could be mitigated with, a noise wall on top of the retaining wall and building sound insulation. Sound insulation could also be considered instead of the wall.
Approximate Vibration Impacts	There would be potential groundborne noise impact at the Winters House due to the proximity of the proposed lidded trench to the building. There would be no vibration impact at the Winters House. Impact can be mitigated with ballast mats, resilient rail fasteners or floating slab track.	There would be no groundborne noise or vibration impact at the Winters House with the at-grade track alignment and the increased distance of the proposed alignment to the building.
Visual Appearance	Lidded trench in front of Winters House. No changes west of Bellevue Way SE.	Light rail more visible from at-grade profile in front of Winters House. Visual change due to loss of vegetation and a retaining wall on west side of Bellevue Way SE.

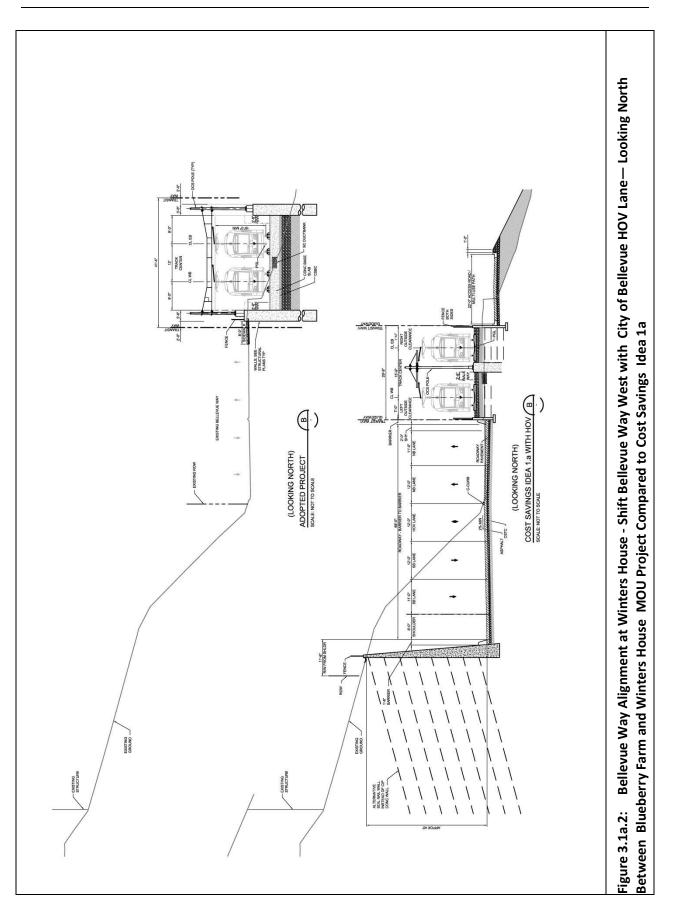
MOU Project Proposal 1a:		
	LRT in Trench in front Of Winters	Light Rail at-grade, shift Bellevue
Resource	House	Way West with HOV Lane
Approximate Property Impacts	Full Acquisitions:1	Full Acquisitions: 4
	Partial Acquisitions:4	Partial Acquisitions: 26
	Residential Displacements: 1	Residential Displacements: 4
	All acquisitions and the one	For the west side of Bellevue Way
	displacement would occur on the	SE, the realignment would require
	east side of Bellevue Way SE	three full acquisitions and 24 partial
	(caretaker's house).	acquisitions, resulting in three residential displacements in addition
		to the caretaker's house or on the east side of Bellevue Way SE.
Approximate Wetland Impacts	Wetlands in the Mercer Slough	Less wetlands impacted.
Approximate wetland impacts	Park impacted.	Less wettands impacted.
Approximate Parkland Impacts	Light rail located within west edge	Similar impacts south of Winters
	of Mercer Slough Nature Park.	House, slightly less impacts north of
		house.
	Access to the Blueberry Farm retail	New combined parking access to the
	facility is relocated near the	Blueberry Farm and Winters House -
	Winters House with a combined	south of the existing Blueberry Farm
	driveway.	entrance.
		This configuration keeps the retail
		area in its current location.
Historic Properties	Lidded trench under front yard of	Light rail located at-grade in front of
	Winters House, potential for	Winters House but avoids the
	construction damage.	property.

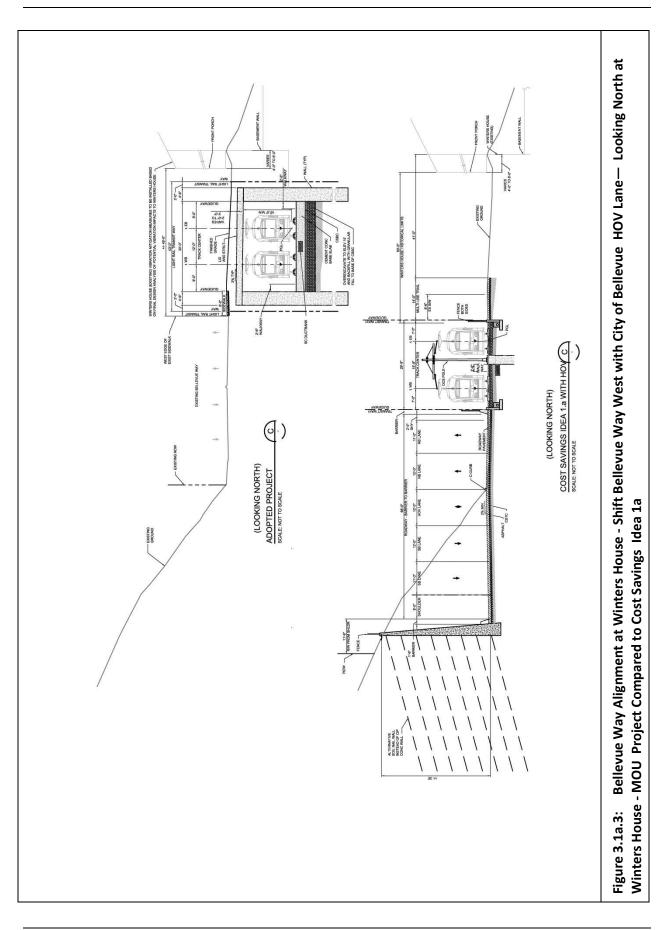
3.1.2 Cost Savings Ideas 1a – Shift Bellevue Way West to Allow Space for At-Grade LRT in Front of Winters House and a Proposed City of Bellevue HOV Lane

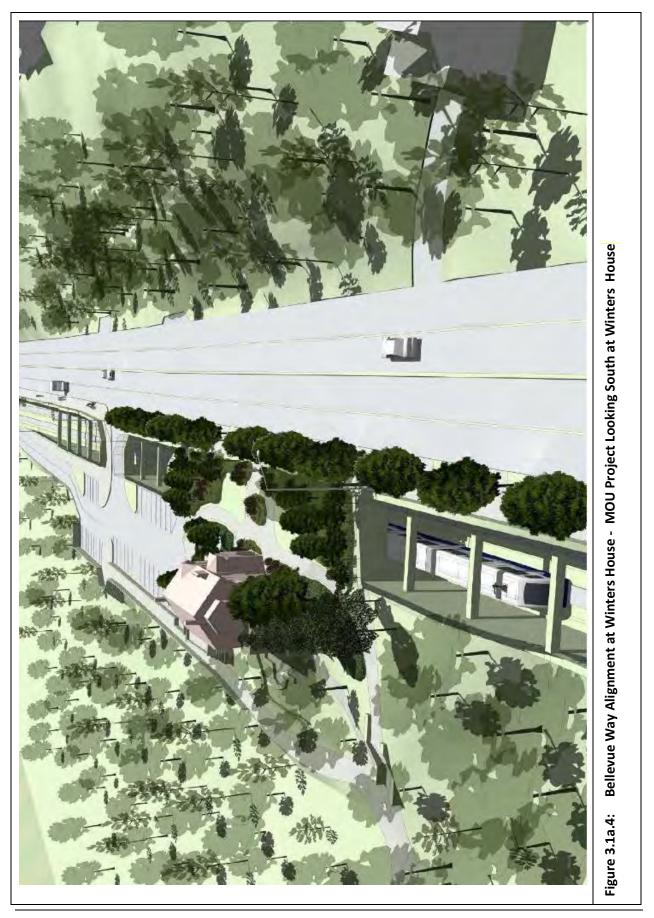
The following map identifies the location of the Cost Savings Idea and shows the location of the following graphics/figures.

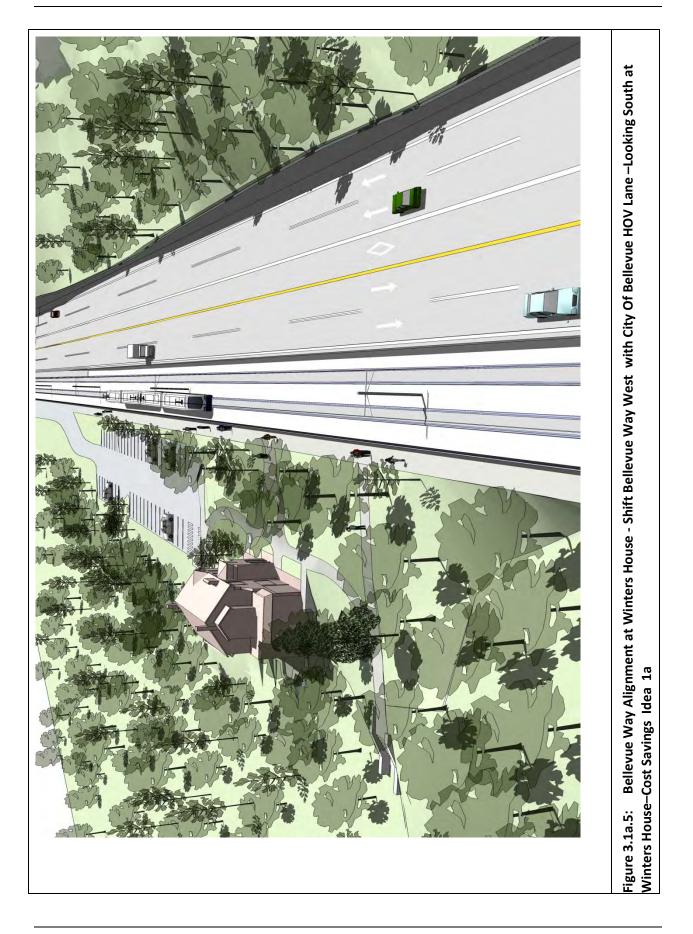




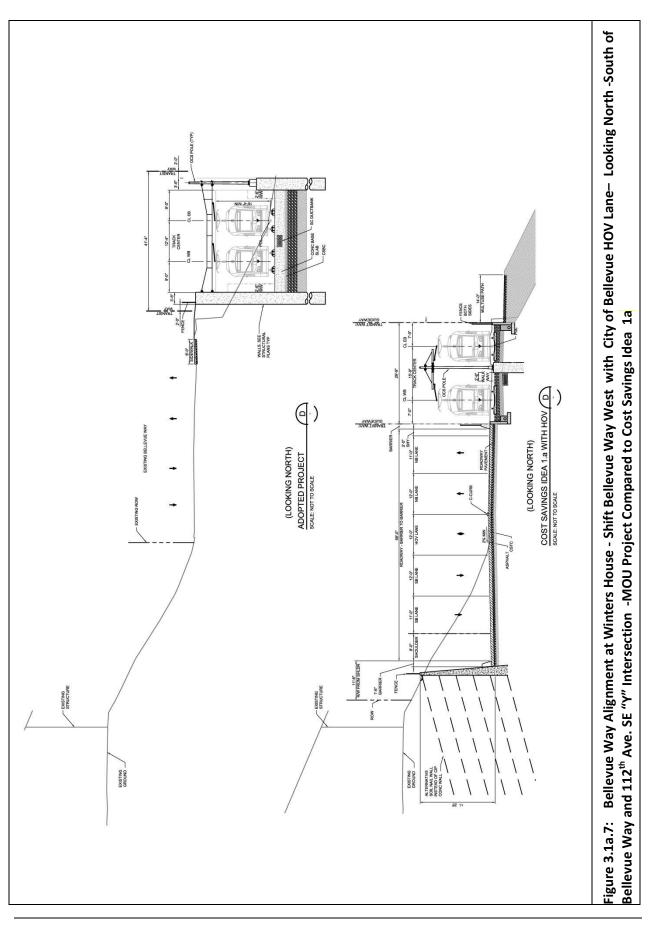


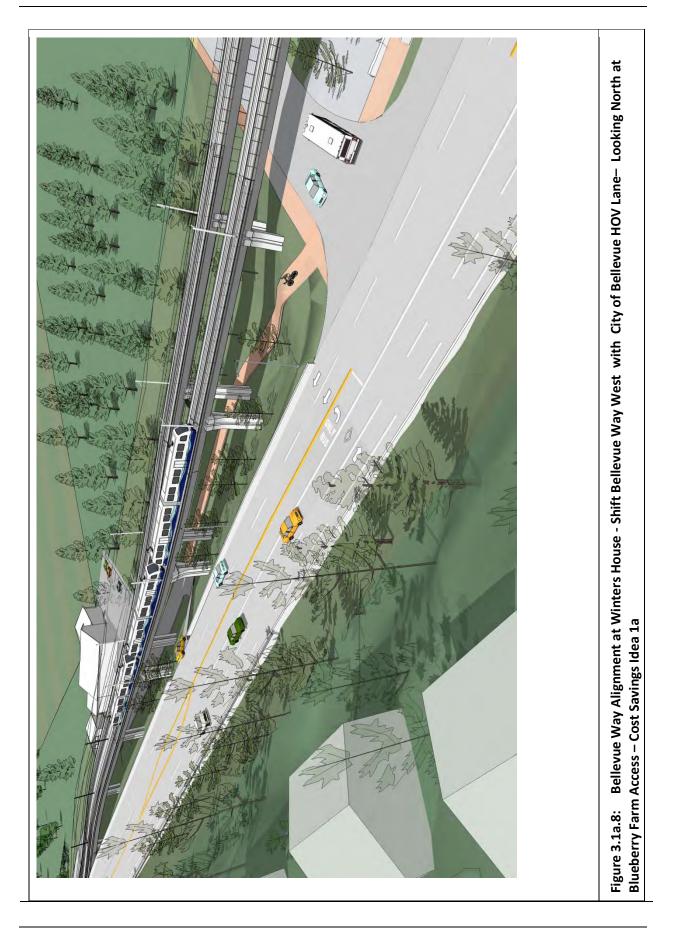












3.2 112th Ave. SE Alignment

pedestrian access as well.

3.2.1 Cost Savings Idea 2b – Raise 112th Ave. SE Alignment over At-Grade Light Rail

Table 3-3

Cost Savings Evaluation: 112th Alignment – Cost Savings Idea – 2b

Cost Savings Evaluation Workshe	et
Description: 112th Ave. SE Alignment	Proposal: 2b
MOU Project: With the MOU Concept, the LRT guideway configuration cr guideway at approximately SE 15 th St. The LRT transitions to a trench nor	th of SE 8th Street. North of SE 8th St.,
the alignment continues in a trench, sufficiently deep to cross below a re- alignment transitions close to at-grade into the East Main Station. The Me Surrey Downs Park and 112 th Ave. SE and between SE 1 st St. and 112 th Ave	OU concept closes all access between
Downs neighborhood access at SE 4th St.	
Cost Savings Idea: Raise 112th Ave. SE Over At-Grade Light Rail: This ide along 112 th Ave. SE but raises the 112 th Ave. SE roadway in the vicinity of traffic passes over the at-grade LRT. This concept does not change the Ea on both the east and west sides of 112 th Ave. SE. Three alternative option Downs Park and the East Main Station along 112 th Ave. SE. All alternative connect the Surrey Downs neighborhood with 112 th Ave SE.	SE 15 th St. so vehicle and pedestrian Ist Main Station and adds kiss-and-rides Ins were developed between Surrey
 Common to all Options: The LRT travels on the east side of 112th Ave SE from the int until SE 15th St. 	ersection of 112 th and Bellevue Way
• The LRT crosses to the west side at-grade (the existing road roadway in a lidded structure through a new roadway emba the intersection between 112 th Ave. SE and SE 15 th St. The o Residential and Office Park is moved north from its current out.	ankment. The crossing is in the vicinity o connection with SE 15 th St .and Bellefield
 These ideas close all direct access between Surrey Downs Past. and 112th Ave SE. All options provide access to Surrey Do 	
Charific to each of the Ontioner	
 Option 2.b.1 –SE 4th Closed (Except for Emergency Access) <u>Downs Connection (design option)</u>: Once on the west side of at-grade to SE 4th St. There is an at-grade controlled LRT of emergency vehicles. After SE 4th St., the LRT travels at-grad Station (similar to 2.b.2). Unique to this idea, it includes Downs neighborhood from 111th Pl. SE and the Bellefie Southbound 112th Ave. SE. 	of 112 th Ave. SE , the LRT travels primarily crossing at SE 4 th St. to be used only fo de along 112 th Ave. SE to the East Mair an optional connection between Surrey
 Option 2.b.2 General Access at SE 4th St Once on the we primarily at-grade until SE 4th St. SE 4th St. crosses elevated traffic access to/from 112th Ave. SE. Ramps on retaine southbound 112th Ave SE to SE 4th St. with right-in, right-travels primarily at-grade along 112th Ave SE to the East N "U" turn could be provided at the proximity of Main Street the neighborhood. Vehicle access at SE 4th St. is provided be 	over the at-grade LRT to provide generated end embankments connect to and from -out access. North of SE 4 th St., the LR ⁻ Main Station (same as 2.b.1). An optionate to provide northbound vehicles access to

Description: 112th Ave. SE Alignment	Proposal: 2b
 <u>Option 2.b.3 LRT in Trench Section at SE 4th St.</u> - Once on the west side transitions down into a trench (same as the MOU Project) along the west trench section is lidded at SE 4th St. SE 4th St. crosses over the LRT on maintain the present connection to 112th Ave SE and then the LRT transiti section until it meets grade at the East Main Station (common with the vehicle and pedestrian traffic. 	side of 112 th Ave. SE. The the trench section lid to ions up in an open trench
 Why Consider these Configurations: All options provide grade separation between LRT and 112th Ave, SE. Options 2.b.1 and 2.b.2 eliminate the trench section and thereby lower project Options 2.b.2 and 2.b.3 provide access to Surrey Downs neighborhood via the S Option 2.b.2 provides an optional "U" turn is provided in the vicinity of northbound vehicles access to the neighborhood. Vehicle access at SE 4th movement providing pedestrian access as well. 	E 4 th St. connection. Main Street to provide
Design Considerations Addressed (From Sound Transit and City of Bellevue Cost Saving M2012 -41 dated June 28, 2012):	gs Work Plan - Motion
 Work with the community on a package of changes in park use, neighborhood to measures to mitigate change in access. The Collaborative Design Process team for access to the Surrey Downs neighborhood and one design sub-option (option Bellefield Residential Park—see description above). Also, initial conversations we representatives of the neighborhood regarding likely changes in park use as a re alignment options. Once a final alignment is established, the City will work with the current park master plan to reflect the changed conditions. 	developed three options onal connection to ere held with esult of the light rail
Traffic counts from 2000 and 2012 were reviewed for major access points to the Neighborhood. At SE 4 th and SE 1 st , overall volumes decreased from 2000 to 2 th are approximately 800 vehicles per day that use these two streets. These volur redistributed throughout the neighborhood if access to 112 th Ave. SE is closed. streets have the capacity to accommodate these volumes. The City would work through the City's neighborhood traffic safety services program to develop a pameasures to help mitigate the impacts from the redistribution of volumes.	012. Combined, there nes would be The neighborhood k with the neighborhood
 <u>Reduce the height of the reconstructed 112th Ave SE over light rail by depressin extent prudent given soil conditions</u> At the location of the reconstructed 112th rail has been located at the ground level as the available hydro-geotechnical da close to the surface. The light rail is to stay at the proposed elevation until furth exploration is performed to determine the risks associated with depressing the Therefore, the height of 112th Ave SE over the existing roadway is about the sar in the June 2012 open house. A decision to lower reconstructed 112th Ave. will against the increased cost (which will reduce the savings). 	th over light rail, the top of ta indicates groundwater her geotechnical LRT at this location. me - 23 ½ feet - as shown

- <u>Use landscaping to screen the road overpass and LRT</u> Landscaping types that may contribute to screening have been identified for areas where sufficient space exists.
- <u>Noise mitigation for at-grade LRT</u> Preliminary noise impacts are discussed in this report and will be further analyzed in the upcoming environmental review if this cost savings idea is endorsed for further feasibility analysis. Preliminary noise mitigation is described below.

Proposal: 2b

 Evaluate pedestrian access to the E. Main St. Station from the neighborhood and kiss-and-ride access from 112th - As part of the work plan, the Collaborative Design Process team evaluated pedestrian access to the East Main station from the neighborhood and proposes a pedestrian walkway from SE 1st to the East Main station and a mid-block crosswalk from the east side of 112th (at approximately the location of SE 3rd). In addition, the team proposes two kiss-and-ride drop-off and pick-up locations, one on each side of 112th to accommodate those heading both north and south. 		
Cost Analysis		Range of Savings (2010 \$ M)
Park to Surrey Downs design option Option 2.b.2 – General Access at SE Option 2.b.3 – Lidded Trench Section Recommendation)	4 th St. on at SE 4 th St. (Similar to MOU y Downs Option is accepted then the	\$ 9 to \$ 16 \$ 7 to \$ 12 Same Approximate Cost as MOU Recommendation
Resource	MOU Recommendation LRT Over 112 th Ave	Proposal: 2b: 112 th Ave Roadway Over LRT
LRT Operations	Complex vertical alignment with	All options improve light rail
	multiple grade changes and close vertical curves.	operations due to fewer vertical changes in the alignment. Option 2.b.3 offers the least improvement as LRT still needs to descend and ascend as it passes through the trench area of the alignment.
LRT Access and Ridership Traffic Impacts		changes in the alignment. Option 2.b.3 offers the least improvement as LRT still needs to descend and ascend as it passes through the trench area of the

Description: 112th Ave. SE Alignment

	MOU Recommendation	Proposal: 2b:
Resource	LRT Over 112 th Ave	112 th Ave Roadway Over LRT
Vehicle Access	SE 4th St. to 112th Ave. SE remains open. SE 8th St. at 112th Ave. SE remains a "T" intersection. Surrey Down Park access closed from 112th Ave. SE.	<u>Option 2.b.1</u> : Emergency only access to/ from 112 th Ave SE at SE 4 th St. This alternative includes a design option for a road connection between Bellefield Residential Park and Surrey Downs neighborhood with access to SB 112 th Ave. SE.
		Option 2.b.2 and 2.b.3: General traffic access to SE 4 th St. would be provided with Options 2.b.2 and 2.b.3.
		Option 2.b.2: An optional "U" turn is provided in the vicinity of Main Street to provide northbound vehicles access to the neighborhood. Vehicle access at SE 4 th St. is provided by right-in/right- out movement.
		<u>All options</u> : Bellefield Residential and Office Park access to/from 112 th Ave. SE at SE 15 th St. is relocated and changed to right-in, right-out movements.
Pedestrian Access	SE 4th St. to 112th Ave. SE remains open.	<u>All options:</u> Sidewalks maintained on west side of 112 th Ave. SE. A 14' multi-use path is extended on East
	Surrey Downs Park access closed to/from 112th Ave. SE.	side of 112 th Ave north to SE 8 th , which connects to an existing sidewalk from SE 8 th St to Main St.
	Sidewalk provided along 112th Ave. SE.	Surrey Downs Park access closed from 112 th Ave. SE.
	Pedestrian walkway from SE 1 st St. to East Main Station provides pedestrian access to 112 th Ave SE.	Pedestrian walkway from SE 1 st St. to East Main Station provides pedestrian access to 112 th Ave SE.
		<u>Option 2.b.1</u> – West side sidewalk along 112 th (no access to SE 4 th)
		<u>Option 2.b.2 and 2.b.3</u> – West side sidewalk is provided along 112 th Ave. SE with access to SE 4 th .

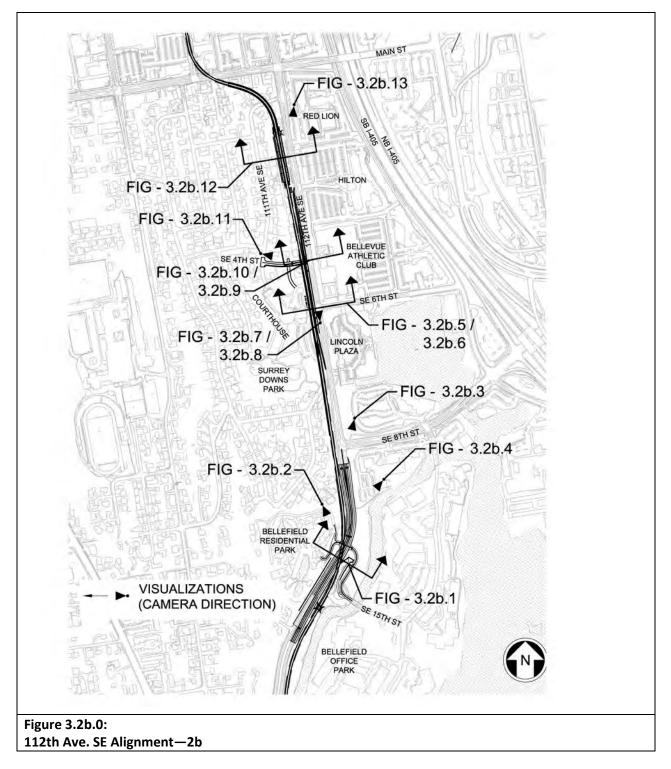
	MOU Recommendation	Proposal: 2b:
Resource	LRT Over 112 th Ave	112 th Ave Roadway Over LRT
Approximate Noise Impacts Light Rail and Traffic	Impacts: 49 LRT noise impacts west of 112th	Option 2.b.1: LRT Impacts: 35
	Avenue SE and south of Surrey Downs Park occurred from the	Option 2.b.2: LRT Impacts: 33
	elevated rail crossing 112 th Avenue SE and transitioning to a trench on	Option 2.b.3:LRT Impacts: 30
	the west side of the road. Additional impacts occurred north of SE 4 th related to the East Main Station. These impacts would be mitigated with sound walls, building sound insulation and special trackwork.	Reduced LRT noise impacts west of 112th Avenue SE would occur because the new roadway structure covers the LRT. Remaining impacts would occur from the proximity to the at-grade rail on the west side of 112 th Ave. SE. These impacts would be mitigated with sound walls, building sound insulation and special trackwork.
	East Main Station includes pedestrian crossing bells.	East Main Station includes pedestrian crossing bells for all options
		No traffic noise impacts result from raising 112 th Ave SE over light rail.
Approximate Vibration Impacts	Impacts: 9	Option 2.b.1: Impacts: 9
	Between Bellevue Way SE and East Main Station, there would be	Option 2.b.2: Impacts: 10
	potential vibration impacts at 8	Option 2.b.3: Impacts: 10
	residences and the King County Courthouse (if it remains).	All options between Bellevue Way SE and East Main Station would
	Impacts can be mitigated with track vibration isolation such as ballast mats, resilient rail fasteners.	have potential vibration impacts at 8-9 residences and the King County Courthouse (if it remains).
		Potential impacts can be mitigated with track vibration isolation such as ballast mats, resilient rail fasteners.

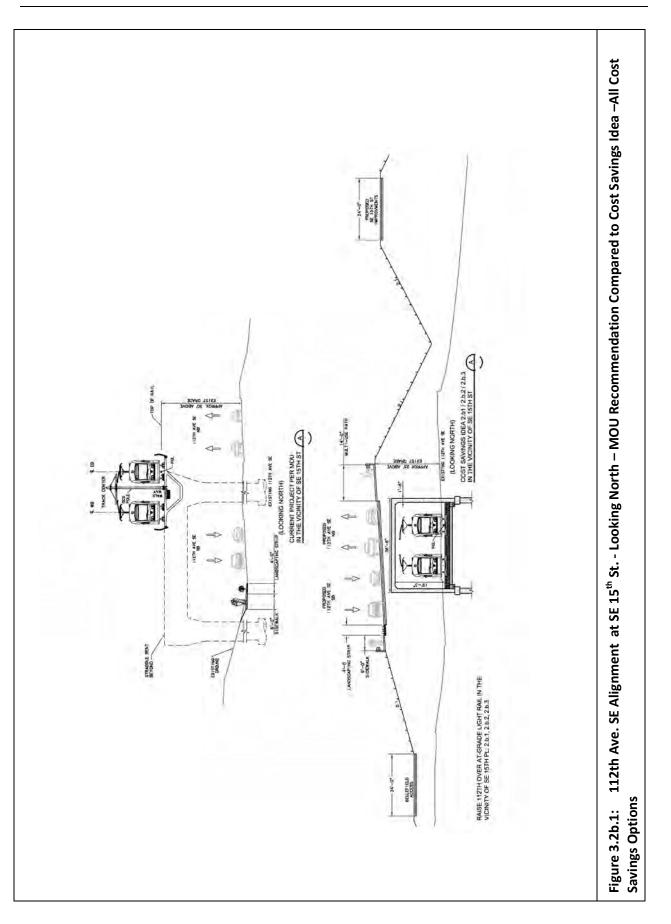
MOU Recommendation	Duran I Sl
LRT Over 112 th Ave	Proposal: 2b 112 th Ave Roadway Over LRT
Elevated section and straddle bent over 112 th Ave. SE. Retained cut with high retaining walls in Surrey Downs Park.	All options reduce the height of the transit structures adjacent to Surrey Downs neighborhood. New structures include the elevated 112 th Avenue SE flyover and associated retaining walls. Option 2.b.2 would also add a bridge and ramp structure and retaining walls for the SE 4 th Street ramps.
	Option 2.b.3 would add retained cut along Surrey Downs Park and north to Main Street, which may reduce the visual presence of the light rail. It also has the same high retaining walls as the MOU Recommendation.
Partial: 14 Full: 14 Residential Displacements: 48 Business Displacements: 6	Option 2.b.1: Partial: 12; Full: 17; Residential Displacements: 52; Business Displacements: 6 Option 2.b.2: Partial: 12; Full: 17; Residential Displacements: 52; Business Displacements: 6 Option 2.b.3: Partial: 12; Full: 16; Residential Displacements: 51; Business Displacements: 6 Option 2.b.1 would acquire one additional residence for the design option of a Surrey Downs neighborhood access road through the Bellefield Residential Park.
	Elevated section and straddle bent over 112 th Ave. SE. Retained cut with high retaining walls in Surrey Downs Park. Partial: 14 Full: 14 Residential Displacements: 48

Resource	MOU Recommendation LRT Over 112 th Ave	Proposal: 2b 112 th Ave Roadway Over LRT
Approximate Parklands Impacts	No direct access to park from 112 th Ave. SE: replaced with new access from SE 4 th St.	No direct access to park from 112 th Ave. SE For Options 2.b.1 and 2.b.2, new park access road from SE 4 th Street.
	Parkland acquisition for alignment on east side of park.	Access for Option 2.b.3 would be the same as the MOU Recommendation. All options would have similar parkland acquisition as MOU Recommendation.
Approximate Wetlands Impacts	Wetlands buffer adjacent to Mercer Slough waterway impacted.	More wetlands buffer impacted.

3.2.2 Cost Savings Ideas 2b- 112th Ave SE Alignment

The following map identifies the location of the 112th Ave. SE Alignment Cost Savings Idea and shows the location of the following graphics/figures.

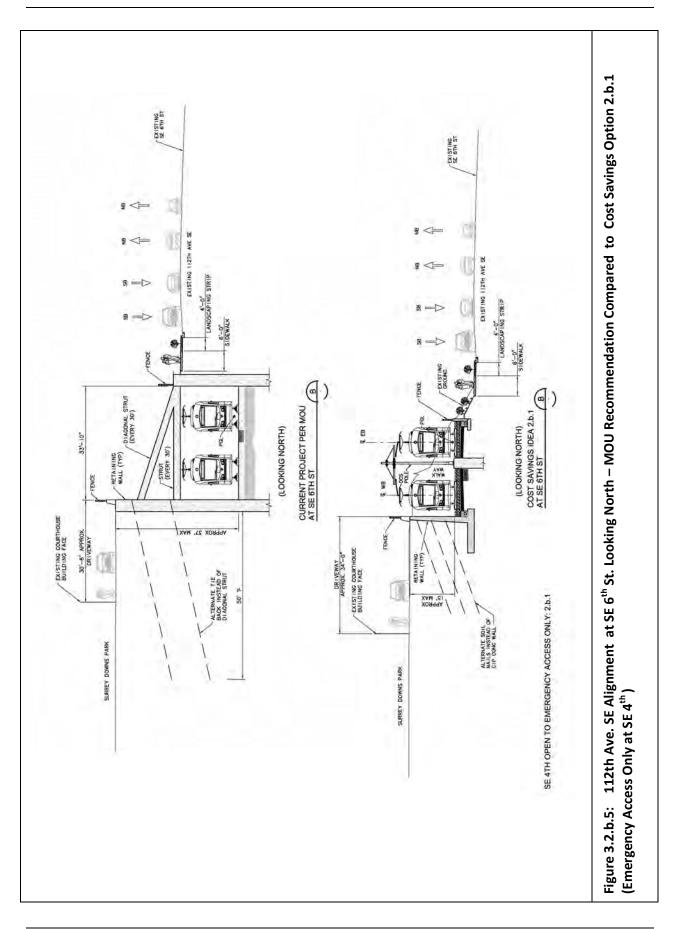


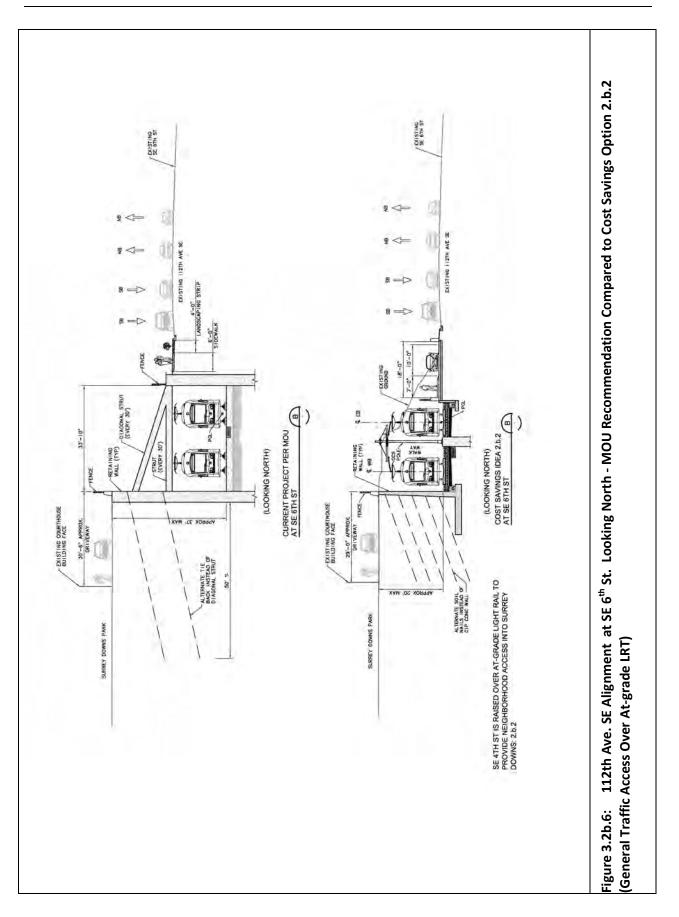






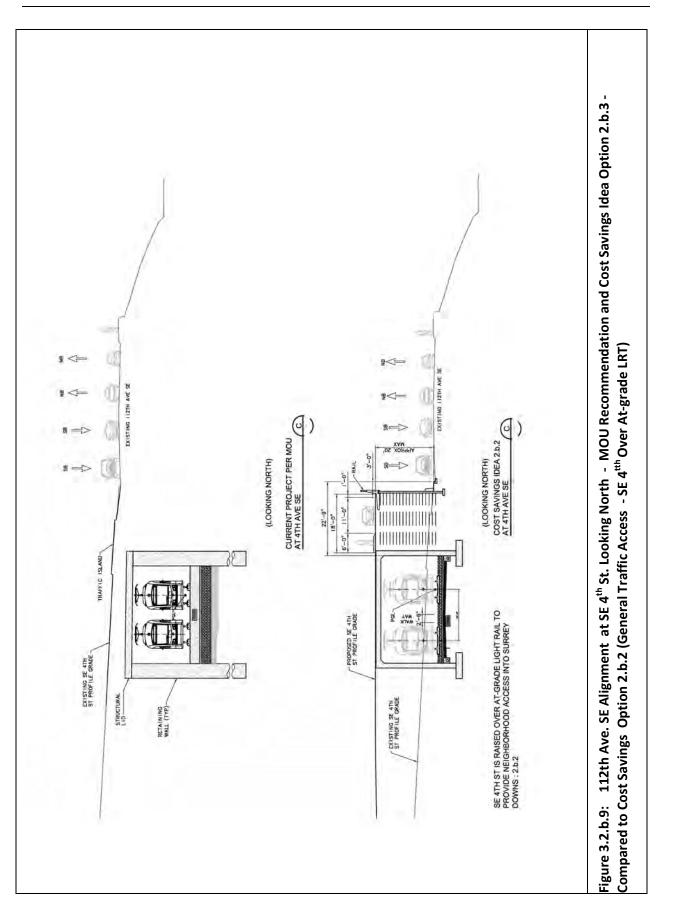


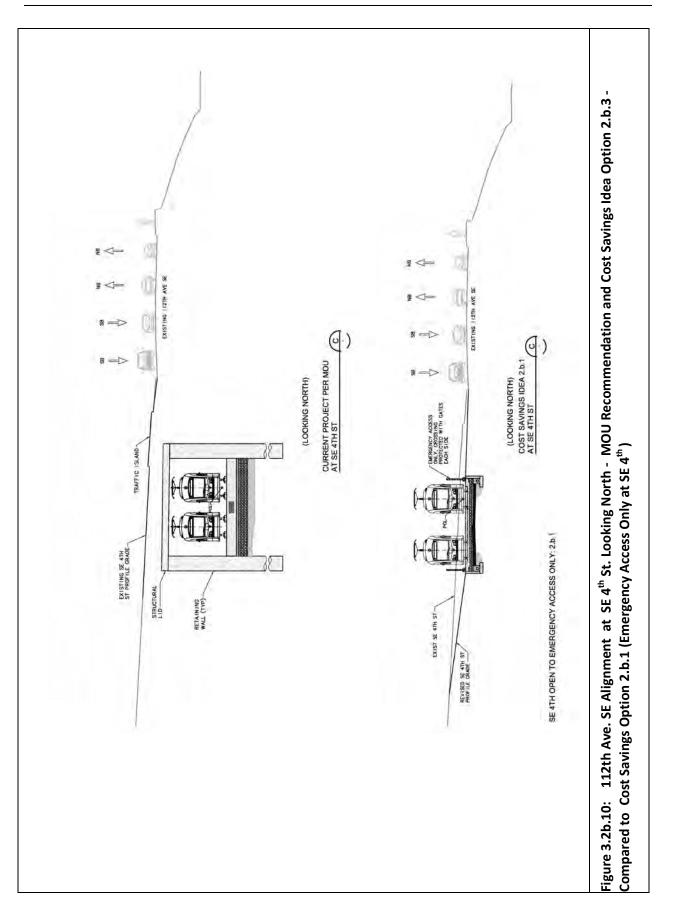




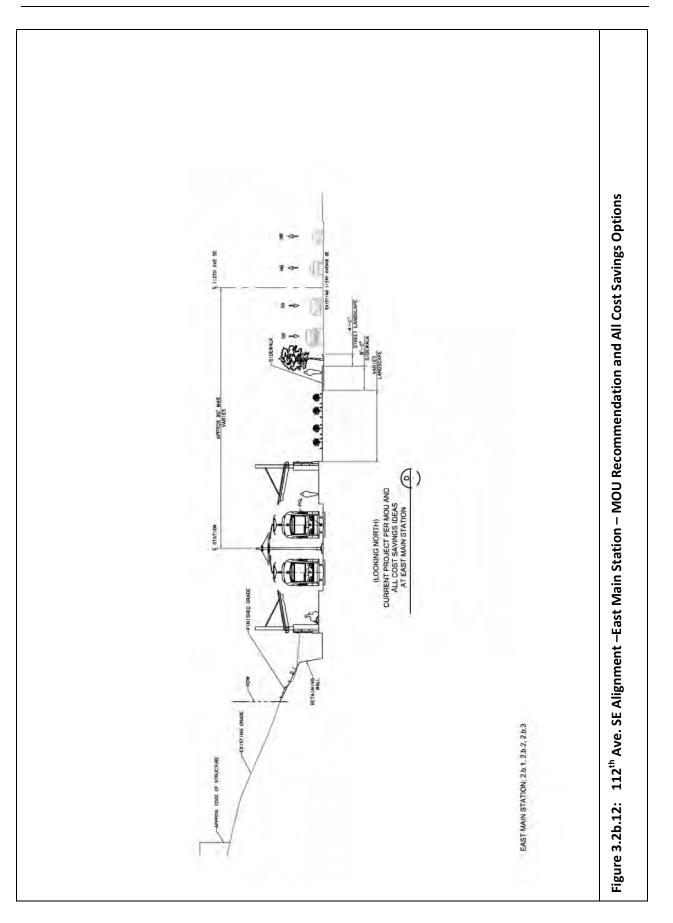














3.3 Downtown Station Design

3.3.1 Cost Savings Idea 3e – Optimize Adopted Project (PE)

Table 3-4

Cost Savings Evaluation: Downtown Station Design – Optimize Adopted Project (PE) - 3e			
Description: Downtown Station Design - Optimize Adopted Project	Proposal: 3e		

MOU Project: Provides a cut-and-cover tunnel and station with tracks side-by-side, with track spacing widening at the station to provide for a center platform and mezzanine above to transition passengers from center to side(s) of 110th Ave. NE.

Cost Savings Idea (3e): Optimize Adopted Project (Preliminary Engineering - PE) - The first phase of advancing the PE included analysis of design refinements to the station structure only, and included the removal of 50 feet of mezzanine at each end of the station. In addition, the PE design included a pair of up and down escalators plus public stairs at each end of the platform; these were changed to an up escalator and down stair at each end, reducing the number of escalators by two. It also reduced the station, platform and tunnel width by 2 feet from the current PE design. This Cost Savings Idea evaluates the relocation of the North Station Entrance from its current location in front of City Hall to the West Side of 110th Ave in front of the City Center Plaza building. This option would also locate the stair, escalator and elevator outside of the foundation wall of City Center Plaza. The current phase includes further analysis of the track alignment between the East Main Station and the north tunnel portal ("portal to portal") and a further analysis of ventilation requirements.

Why Consider this Configuration:

- It would provide a west side entrance closer to the Bellevue Transit Center to facilitate bus transfers and access into downtown Bellevue.
- This Cost Savings Idea reduced the station, platform, and tunnel width from current adopted project (PE design) and raised the tunnel alignment.
- This Cost Savings Idea optimizes LRT operations through the tunnel. It maintains operational speed and trip time at both NE 6th St. and crossing I-405.
- This option maintains four travel lanes on 110th Ave NE between NE 4th and NE 6th St. Although the option removes the dedicated northbound left-turn into the Bellevue Transit Center, a left turn only movement for buses into the Bellevue Transit Center may be considered.

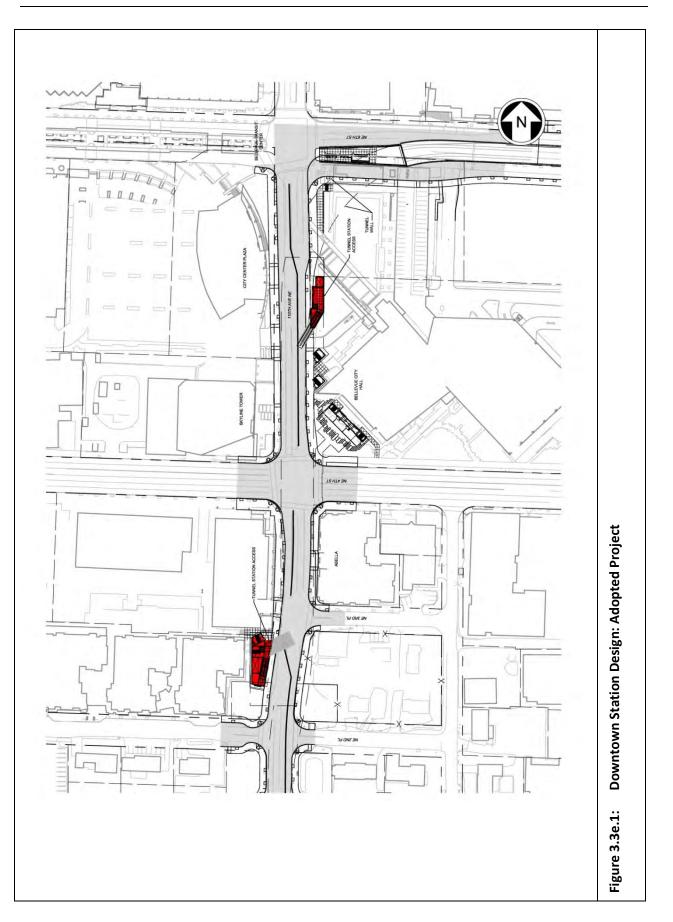
Design Considerations Addressed (From Sound Transit and City of Bellevue Cost Savings Work Plan - Motion M2012 -41 dated June 28, 2012):

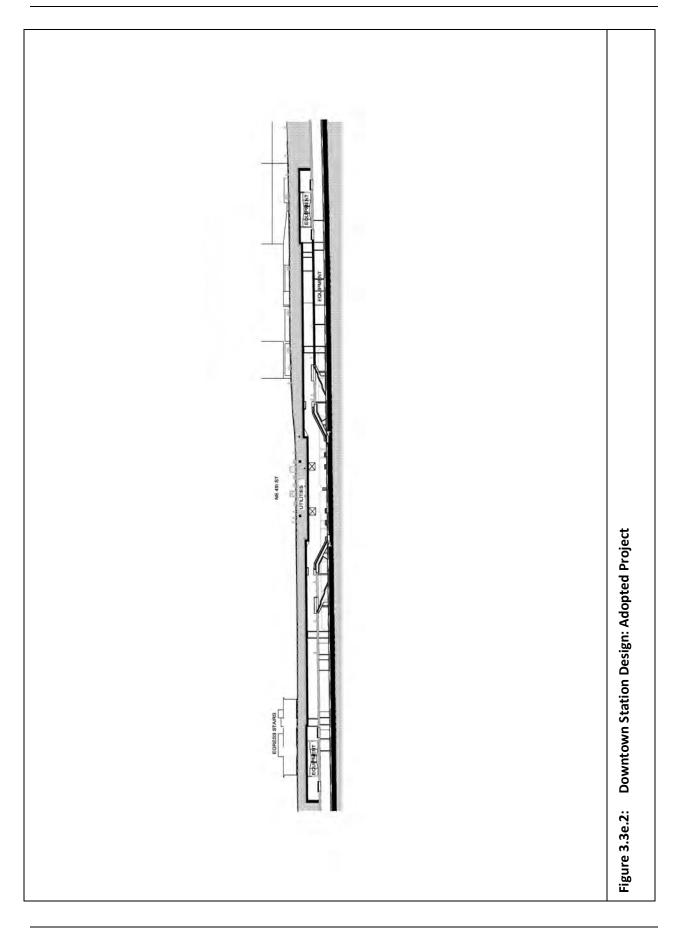
• Optimize configuration to minimize impacts to surface traffic while retaining entrances north and south of NE 4th. The PE design was optimized to look for cost savings. Option maintains four lanes on NE 110th Ave. and four lanes on NE 6th St. This Cost Savings Idea removes the dedicated northbound left-turn into the Bellevue Transit Center. However, a left turn only movement for buses, only, into the Bellevue Transit Center may be considered.

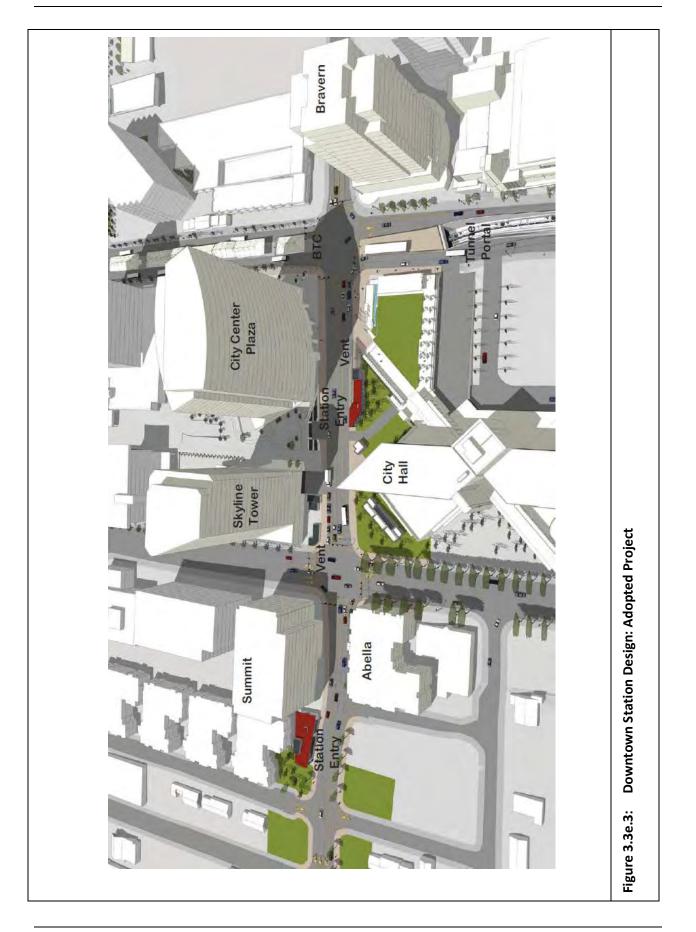
3.3.2 Cost Savings Ideas 3e– Optimize PE Design

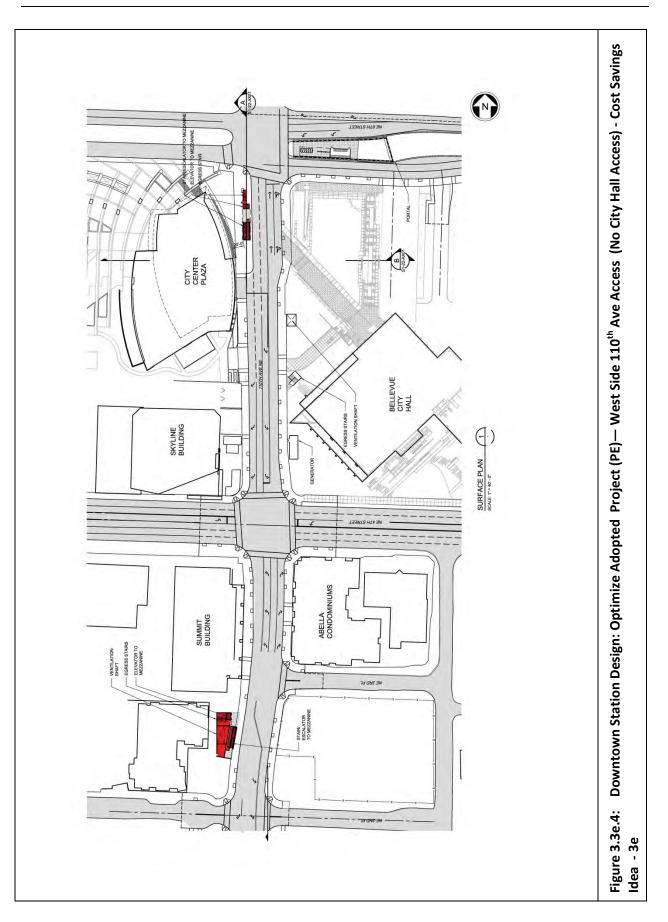
The following map identifies the location of the Cost Savings Idea and shows the location of the following graphics/figures.

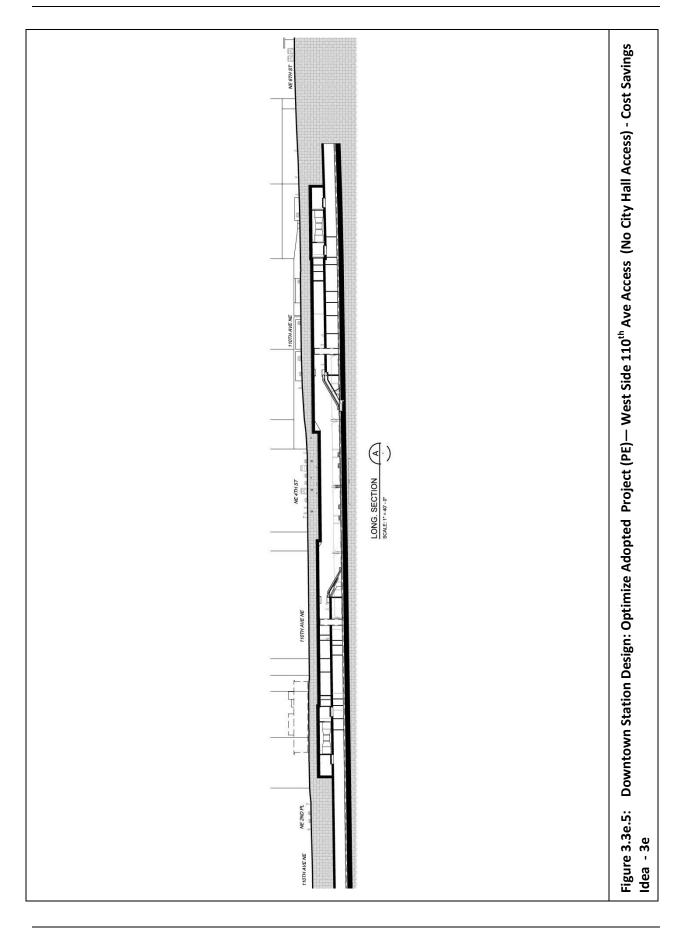
NE 6TH ST **10TH AVE NE** Adopted Project Plan View FIG - 3.3e.1 - Cost Savings Idea **Plan View** FIG - 3.3e.4 FIG - 3.3e.3 / 3.3e.6 NE 4TH ST FIG -3.3e.2 / 3.3e.5 VISUALIZATIONS (CAMERA DIRECTION) NE 2ND PL TH AVE N NE 2ND ST FILTER PLATE Figure 3.3e.0: Downtown Station Design: Optimize PE-3e

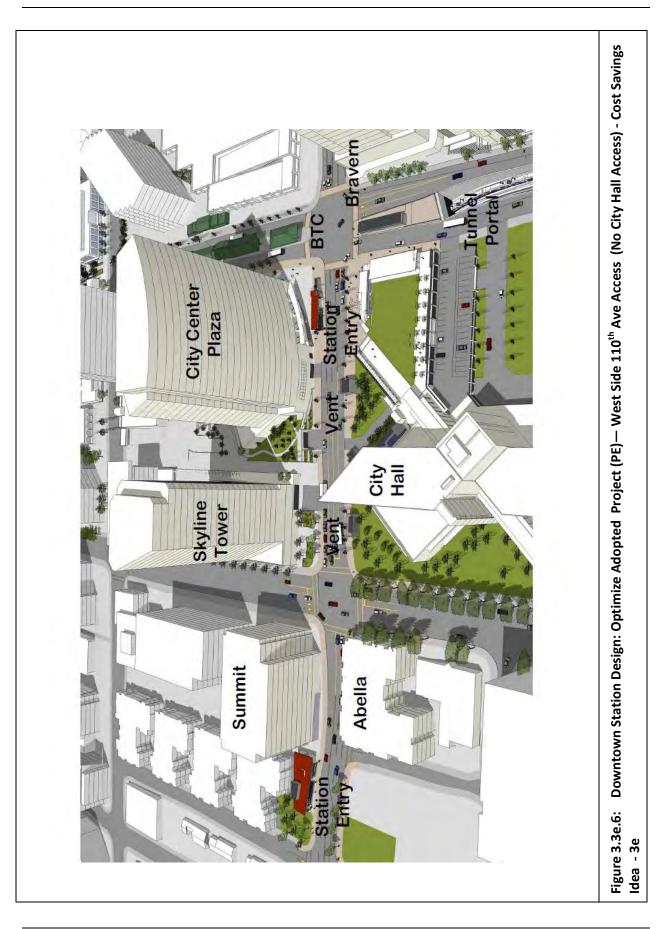












3.3.3 Cost Savings Idea 3b – Stacked Tunnel Configuration

Table 3-5

Cost Savings Evaluation: Downtown Station Design – Stacked Tunnel Configurations - 3b

	Description: Downtown Station Design		Proposal: 3b
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MOU Project: Provides a cut-and-cover tunnel and station with tracks side-by-side, with track spacing widening at the station to provide for a center platform and mezzanine above to transition passengers from center to side(s) of 110th Ave. NE.

Cost Savings Idea (3b): Stacked Tunnel - This idea would provide a stacked tunnel concept –stacking the northbound and southbound trackways of the station and requiring vertical access within the 110th Ave NE right-of-way. This results in a deeper but narrower excavation, with fewer elevators and less floor area within the station. This Cost Savings Idea would provide the southernmost entrance and exit facilities South of NE 4th St. while providing a pedestrian passageway to allow the northernmost entrance to be placed on the west side of 110th Ave NE across from the Bellevue Transit Center. This option maintains four travel lanes on 110th Ave NE between NE 4th St. and NE 6th St. and two travel lanes between NE 2nd St. and NE 4th St.

Why Consider this Configuration:

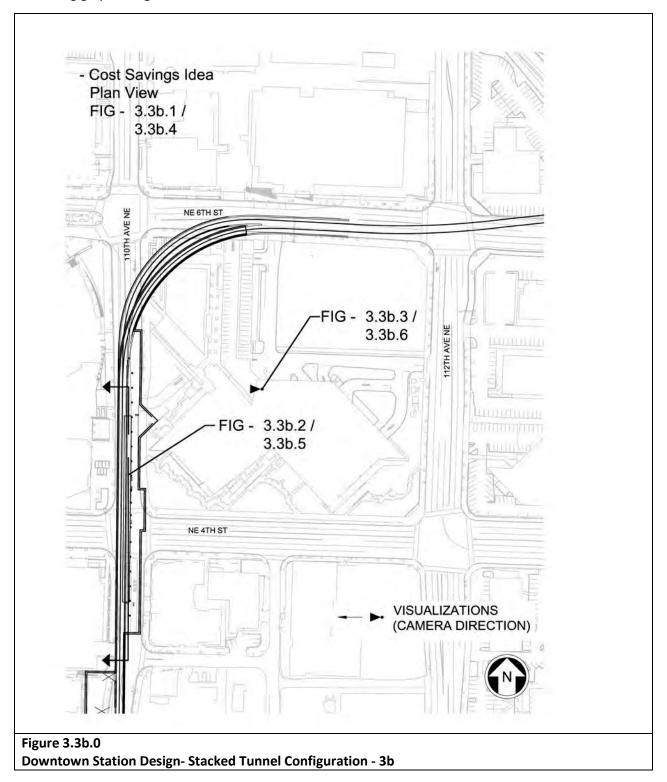
- It would eliminate the mezzanine and reduce width of station and width of tunnel excavation, resulting in a more compact station.
- It would provide one west side entrance close to Bellevue Transit Center facilitating bus transfers and better access into downtown Bellevue.
- It maintains operational speeds and trip time at both NE 6th St. and crossing I-405.
- This option maintains four travel lanes on 110th Ave NE at NE 6th St. Although the option removes the dedicated northbound left-turn into the Bellevue Transit Center, a left turn only movement for buses into the Bellevue Transit Center may be considered.

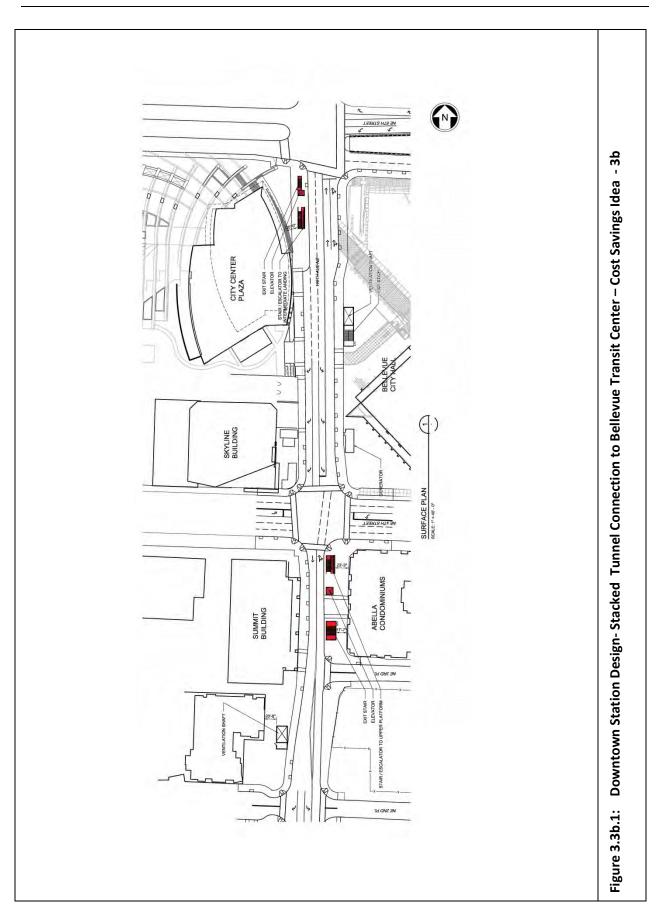
Design Considerations Addressed (From Sound Transit and City of Bellevue Cost Savings Work Plan - Motion M2012-41 dated June 28, 2012):

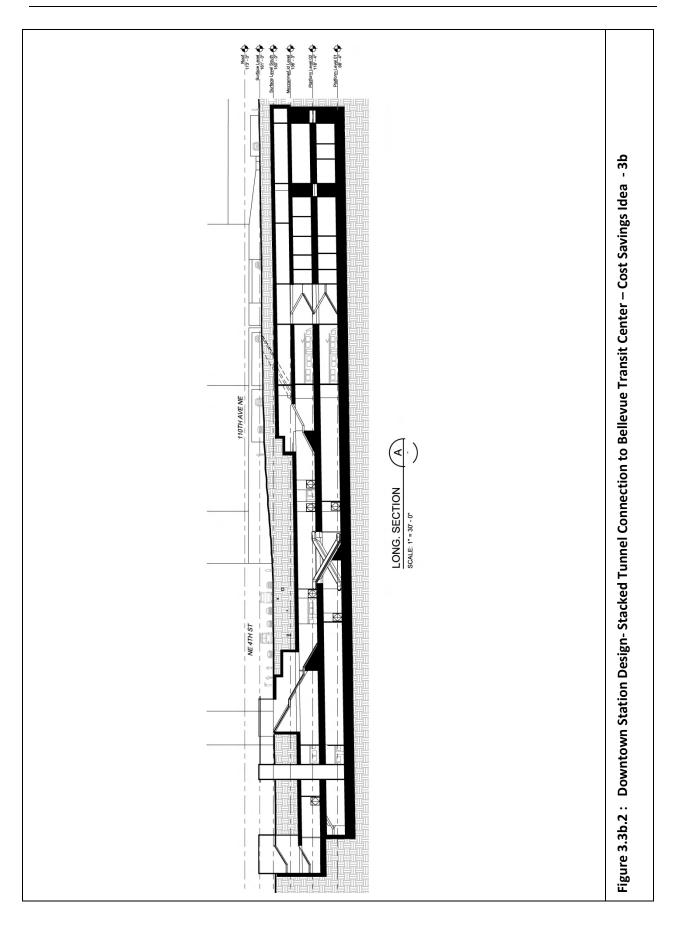
<u>May involve stacked tunnel with one entrance setback from street and mitigation for loss of turn pocket south of NE 4th: The stacked tunnel station option north entrance was changed from the June 2012 stacked tunnel to accommodate an additional lane on 110th Ave. NE between NE 4th St. and NE 6th St. Preliminary traffic and vehicle access impacts are described in Table 3.7.
</u>

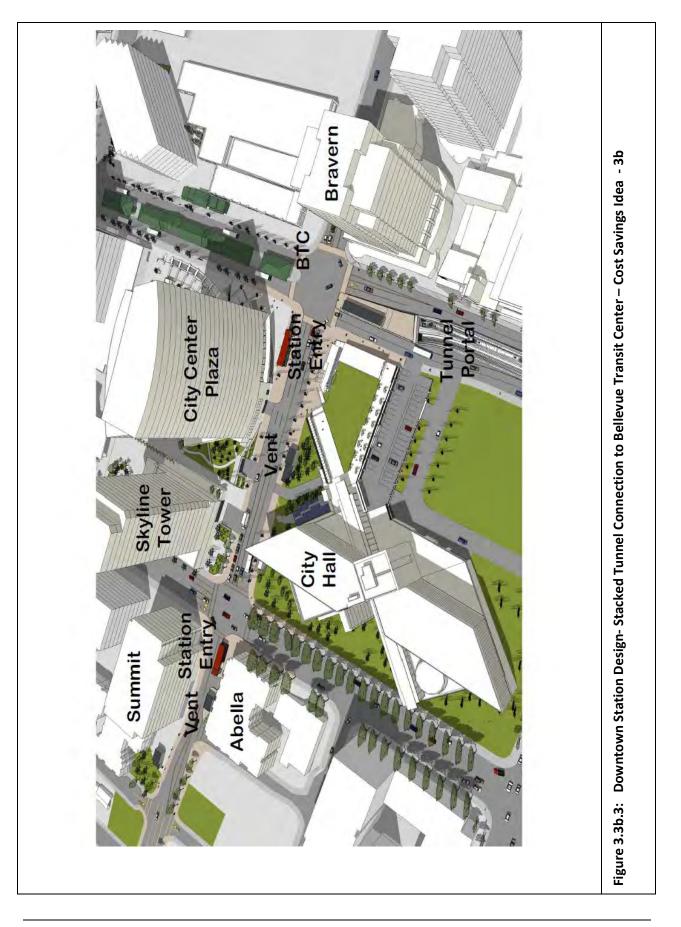
3.3.4 Cost Savings Idea 3b – Stacked Tunnel Configuration

The following map identifies the location of the Cost Savings Idea and shows the location of the following graphics/figures.









3.3.5 Cost Savings Idea – Relocate Station to NE 6th St. – 3c

Table 3-6

Cost Savings Evaluation: Downtown Station Design – Relocate Station to NE 6th St - 3c

Description: Downtown Station Design Proposal: 3c

MOU Project: Provides a cut-and-cover tunnel and station with tracks side-by-side, with track spacing widening at the station to provide for a center platform and mezzanine above to transition passengers from center to side(s) of 110th Ave. NE.

Cost Savings Idea (3c): Relocate Station to NE 6^{th} **St** – This idea would move the station to the south edge of the NE 6^{th} St. corridor, the station is "daylighted", and the side platforms become partly ongrade and partly elevated as it approaches 112^{th} Ave. NE. This configuration features surface access from the City Hall plaza. The platform has public access only from the west end.

Vertical circulation from the west end of the side platform is by means of elevators, escalators and stairs down from the City Hall Plaza. The east end of the side platform is served by emergency egress stairs only.

By moving the station from its current PE location in 110th Ave, a vertical realignment of the tunnel is possible, resulting in a shallower tunnel.

Why Consider this Configuration:

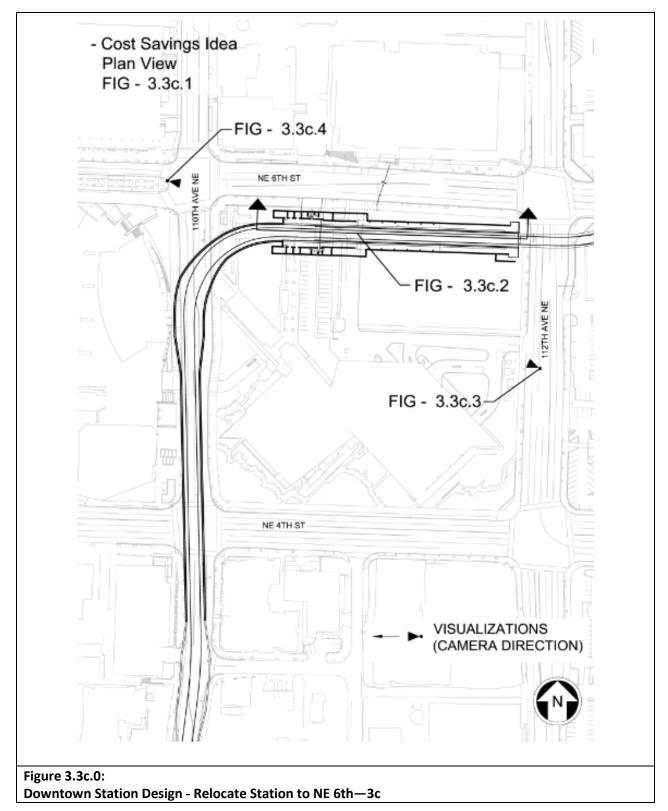
- Eliminates underground station construction costs.
- Maintains current configuration of 110th Ave. NE and NE 6th St.
- Maintains an entrance near City Hall and the Bellevue Transit Center.

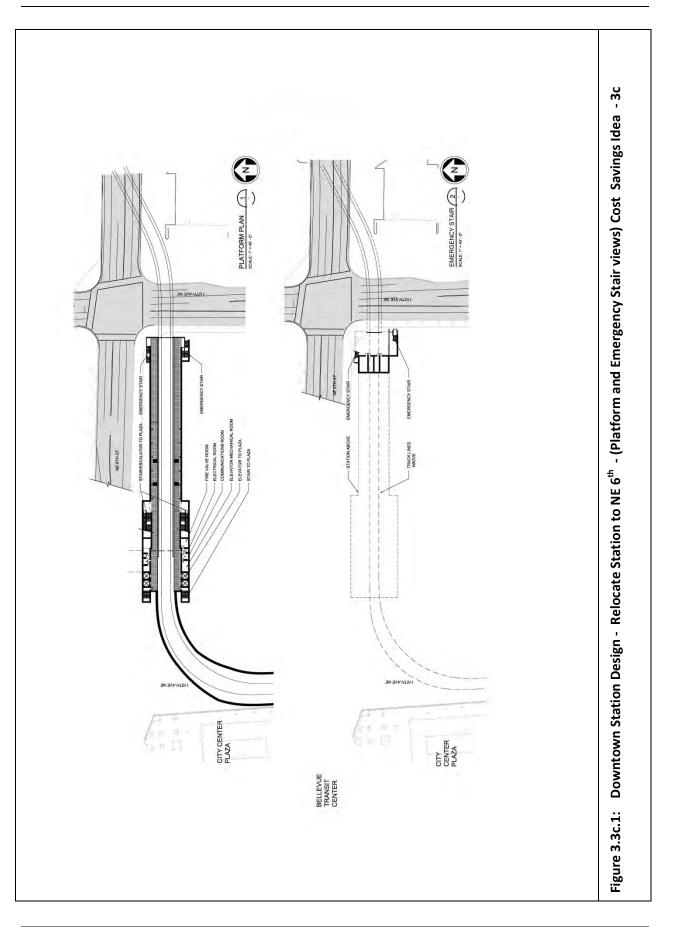
Design Considerations Addressed (From Sound Transit and City of Bellevue Cost Savings Work Plan - Motion M2012-41 dated June 28, 2012):

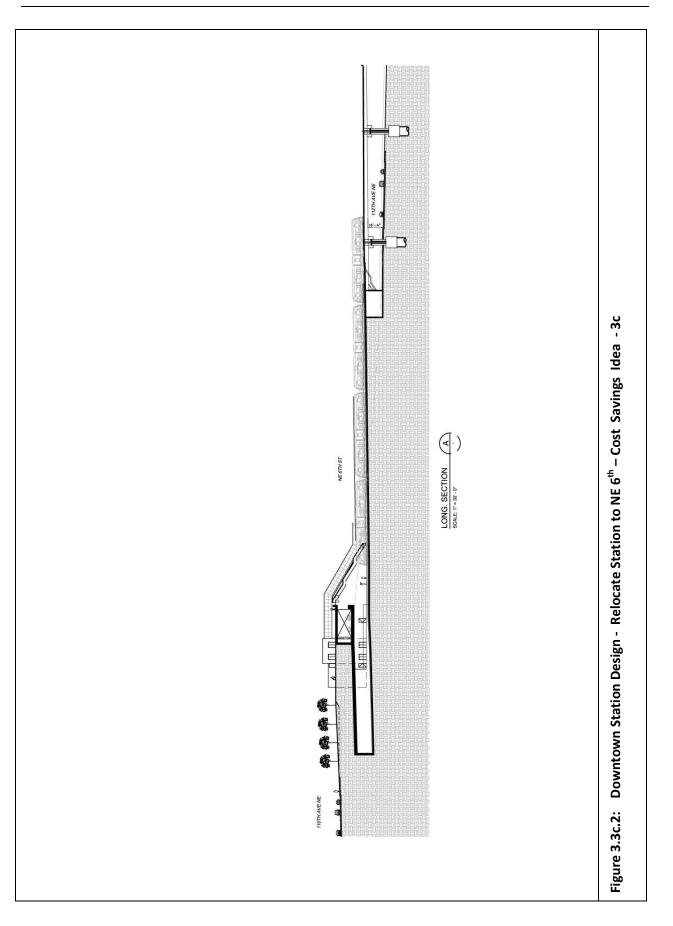
- <u>Reach agreement on impacts to City Hall and damages payment prior to further design</u> The Collaborative Design Process Team will reach agreement on the extent of impacts to City Hall and compensation for damages prior to a decision to select this Cost Savings Idea.
- <u>Determine acceptability of design deviation (curve at 110th/NE 6th)</u> Current conceptual design results in a design deviation (curve at 110th/NE 6th and curve from station to I-405) resulting in slower LRT operational speeds through the station area. Speeds are reduced from 20 mph to 10 mph west of the station and from 35 mph to 20 mph east of the station.

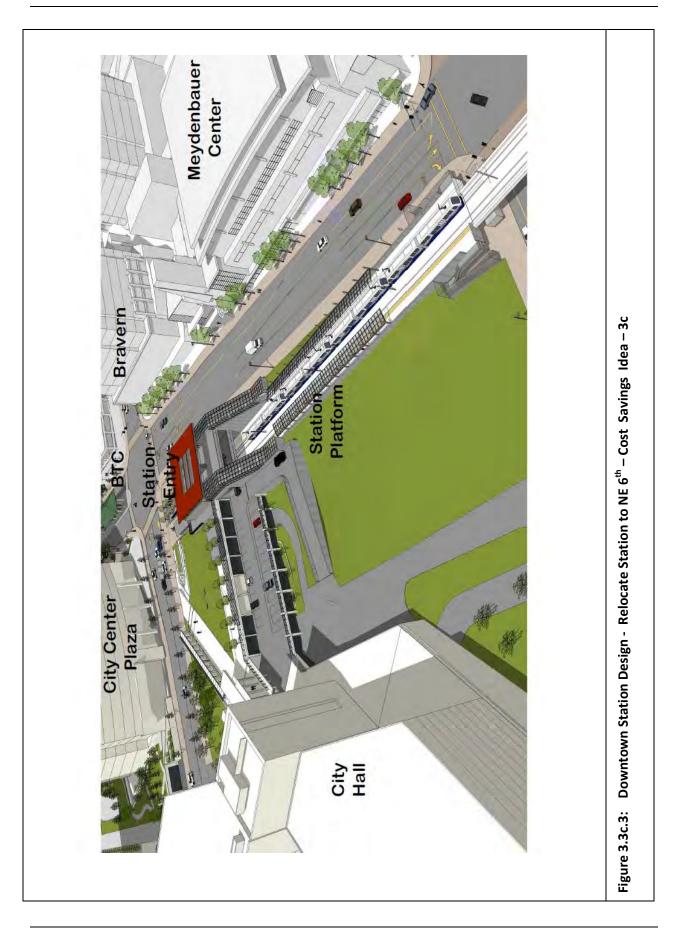
3.3.6 Cost Savings Idea 3c – Relocate Station to NE 6th

The following map identifies the location of the Cost Savings Idea and shows the location of the following graphics/figures.











3.3.7 Downtown Station Design - Cost Savings Idea 3e, 3b, 3c– Comparison of Options

Table 3-7

Cost Savings Evaluation: Downtown Station Design – Comparison of Options 3e, 3b, 3c

Description: Downtown Station Design Options			Proposals – 3e, 3b, 3c	
	Adopted Project	Optimize Preliminary Engineering 3e	Stacked Tunnel 3b	Relocate Station to NE 6 th St 3c
Cost Analysis	(2010 \$M)		Range of Savings	
3e 3b 3c		\$ 6 to \$ 10	\$ 8 to \$ 13	\$ 23 to \$ 39
Resource	I	l		l
LRT Operations	South Portal Operating Speeds – 20mph –curve radius 250 ft.	Improves LRT operations to 25 mph at the south portal. Curve radius increases to 350 ft.	No change in speeds from adopted project at South Portal. Curve radius same as adopted.	Improves LRT operations to 25 mph at the south portal. Curve radius increases to 350 ft.
	North Portal Operating Speeds – 20 mph. –curve radius 250 ft.	No change in speeds from adopted project at North Portal. Curve radius same as adopted.	No change in speeds from adopted project at North Portal. Curve radius same as adopted.	Speeds are reduced at North Portal to 10 mph. Curve radius decreases to 150 ft.
	I-405 Operating Speeds -35 mph. - curve radius 1500 ft.	No change in speeds from adopted project at I-405. Curve radius same as adopted.	No change in speeds from adopted project at I-405. Curve radius same as adopted.	Speeds are reduced at I- 405 to 20 mph. Curve radius decreases to 300 ft.
		This option improves LRT operations within the station area.	This option maintains LRT operations within the station area, similar to the Adopted Project.	This option affects LRT operations due to reduced speeds and tighter curves, especially at I-405.
		With this option light rail travel times are similar to the adopted project.	With this option light rail travel times are similar to the adopted project.	Overall increase in light rail travel time from Seattle to Redmond of approximately 30 seconds.

Description: Downtown Station Design Options				Proposals – 3e, 3b, 3c
	Adopted Project	Optimize Preliminary Engineering 3e	Stacked Tunnel 3b	Relocate Station to NE 6 th St 3c
LRT Access and Ridership	6,000 daily boardings at Bellevue Transit Center Station in year 2030.	Same as Adopted Project.	Same as Adopted Project.	Likely lower ridership from single station entrance at NE 6 th Street. Slower LRT travel times may reduce ridership.
	Access to station provided through two entrances.	Two station entrances with improved access to Downtown and the Bellevue Transit Center with an entrance on the west side of 110 th Ave.	Two station entrances with improved access to Downtown and the Bellevue Transit Center with an entrance on the west side of 110 th Ave.	Access to station provided through one entrance across (east) from Bellevue Transit Center.
Traffic Impacts	Congestion impacts requiring mitigation at NE 4 th St. and 108 th Ave NE.	Similar downtown Bellevue average intersection traffic impacts as Adopted Project.	Similar downtown Bellevue average intersection traffic impacts as Adopted Project.	Same as Adopted Project.

Description:	Proposals – 3e, 3b, 3c			
	Adopted Project	Optimize Preliminary Engineering 3e	Stacked Tunnel 3b	Relocate Station to NE 6 th St 3c
Vehicle Access	Maintains travel lanes on 110th Ave. NE as it exists today.	Removes west side lane between NE 6 th and City Center Plaza garage due to west station entrance. Four lanes remain, two southbound and two northbound. Removes the dedicated northbound left-turn into the Bellevue Transit Center. A left turn only movement for buses into the Bellevue Transit Center may be considered.	Removes west side lane between NE 6 th and City Center Plaza garage due to west station entrance. Four lanes remain, two southbound and two northbound. Removes the dedicated northbound left-turn into the Bellevue Transit Center. A left turn only movement for buses, only, into the Bellevue Transit Center may be considered. Decreases 110 th Ave NE capacity by two traffic lanes –from four to two, south of NE 4 th St to NE 3 rd St. in order to site the southern station entrance. Northbound left turns from 110 th Ave NE to NE 4 th will no longer be permitted. Right turn pocket on 110 th Ave NE at NE 4 th is removed but right turns are permitted.	Maintains lanes on 110th Ave. NE as it exists today.
	Maintains four travel lanes on NE 6 th by widening roadway to the south.	No Change from Adopted Project on NE 6 th Street.	No Change from Adopted Project on NE 6 th Street.	Existing configuration on NE 6 th St. maintained.
	Maintains City Hall access on NE 6 th St.	No Change from Adopted Project.	No Change from Adopted Project.	The business access for City Hall from/to NE 6 th is removed in this option.
	Eastbound left turn lane at the intersection of 112^{th} Ave. SE and NE 6 th St. is removed.	No Change from Adopted Project	No Change from Adopted Project	Existing left turn lane at the intersection of 112 th Ave SE and NE 6 th St is maintained.

Description: Downtown Station Design Options				Proposals – 3e, 3b, 3		
	Adopted Project	Optimize Preliminary Engineering Tunnel				Relocate Station to NE 6 th St
		Зе	3b	Зс		
Pedestrian Access	Business and residential access maintained.	No Change from Adopted Project.	No Change from Adopted Project.	No Change from Adopted Project. The pedestrian access for City Hall from NE 6 th St. is removed.		
	Sidewalk on south side of NE 6 th .	Same as the Adopted Project.	Same as Adopted Project.	Sidewalk access on NE 6 th maintained in existing configuration.		
Approximate Noise Impacts	48 noise impacts at Bravern residences. Impacts could be mitigated with sound insulation.	Same as Adopted Project.	Same as Adopted Project.	Same as Adopted Project. Relocation of station to NE 6 th will add train bell noise at station.		
Approximate Vibration Impacts	Vibration: 0 Groundborne noise: 1	Vibration: 0 Groundborne noise: 1	Vibration: 0 Groundborne noise: 1	Vibration: 0 Groundborne noise: 0		
	There would be groundborne noise impact at the Meydenbauer Center Theatre Impacts can be mitigated with track vibration isolation such as ballast mats or resilient rail fasteners.	There would be a groundborne noise impact at the Meydenbauer Center Theatre. Impacts can be mitigated with track vibration isolation such as ballast mats or resilient rail fasteners.	A groundborne noise impact would occur at the Meydenbauer Center Theatre. Impacts can be mitigated with track vibration isolation such as ballast mats or resilient rail fasteners .			
Visual Appearance	No impacts.	Greater visibility due to west station entrance adjacent to Bellevue Transit Center.	Greater visibility due to west station entrance adjacent to Bellevue Transit Center.	Greater visibility due to station entrance across from Bellevue Transit Center.		

Description: Downtown Station Design Options			Proposals – 3e, 3b, 3c	
	Adopted Project	Optimize Preliminary Engineering 3e	Stacked Tunnel 3b	Relocate Station to NE 6 th St 3c
Approximate Property Impacts	Full: 0 Partial: 2 Two partial acquisitions needed for Station entrances. No displacements would occur.	Same as Adopted Project.	Full: 0 Partial: 2 One partial acquisition needed for Station vents and one partial acquisition needed for Station entrance. No displacements would occur.	Full: 0 Partial: 2 Two partial acquisitions would occur for at-grade station. No displacements would occur.
	Parking stalls at the City Hall Parking Garage would be reduced by approximately 96 spaces.	Same as Adopted Project.	Parking stalls at the City Hall Parking Garage would be reduced by approximately 88 spaces.	Parking stalls at the City Hall Parking Garage would be reduced by approximately 188 spaces.
Approximate Parkland Impacts	Minor acquisition of Pocket Parks for south station entrance.	Same as adopted project	No use of Pocket Parks would be required for station entrance.	No use of Pocket Parks would be required for station entrance.

Appendix A Cost Savings Ideas Advanced for Further Engineering Review

(From June 5, 2012 Cost Savings Report)

The concepts listed below are the Cost Savings Ideas that generally will not affect the configuration of the East Link light rail system or its operational impacts on the City and are within the administrative discretion of Project staff from Sound Transit and the City to implement and reduce the City's contingent commitment of \$ 60 million (2010 \$). This list represents those ideas where estimated savings have the potential to be realized with advanced engineering.

Cost Savings Ideas Advanced for Further Engineering Review that Reduce the City's Contingent Commitment

Descri	ption	Adopted Project Estimate (2010 \$ M)	Cost Savings Idea Estimate (2010 \$ M)	Potential Cost Savings (2010 \$M)
Elevate	ed Guideway Design			
1.	Change Aerial Guideway Super- Structure Type from Pre-Cast Segmental to Precast Girder or Cast-In-Place Box (project-wide, except for SR 520)	\$73	\$67	\$6
2.	Change Aerial Guideway Super- Structure Type from Pre-Cast Segmental to Precast Girder or Cast-in-Place Box (SR 520, only)	\$39	\$37	\$2
5.	Provide Geotechnical Recommendations to Optimize Structural Elements	\$60	\$52	\$8
Reduce	e Stormwater Vaults			
1.	Replace Drainage Structures with Low- Impact Development Design Elements	\$8	\$6	\$2
Expedit	e Tunnel Construction through Additional R	oad Closures		
1.	Close 110th Ave. NE to North/South Travel During Construction (Maintain Business/Pedestrian and Emergency Access, only)	\$97	\$84	\$13

Likely savings for the Cost Savings Ideas Advanced for Further Engineering totals \$ 15 million to \$ 20 million (2010 \$). This assumes about half of the total potential savings within this category will be realized, which is reasonable for the current level of design. Actual savings will be determined with additional engineering work that will occur during final design.

Appendix B Sound Transit and City of Bellevue Cost Savings Work Plan



MOTION NO. M2012-41

A motion of the Board of the Central Puget Sound Regional Transit Authority endorsing the Sound Transit and City of Bellevue Cost Savings Work Plan for the East Link Project attached as Exhibit A.

BACKGROUND:

East Link is a project to expand light rail to East King County via I-90 from downtown Seattle to downtown Bellevue and the Overlake area of Redmond, with stations serving Rainier Avenue/I-90, Mercer Island, south Bellevue, downtown Bellevue, Overlake Hospital, the Bel-Red corridor, Overlake Village and the Overlake Transit Center. Revenue service to the Overlake Transit Center is forecast for 2023.

On November 15, 2011, the City of Bellevue and Sound Transit executed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for the funding and construction of the Board-adopted downtown Bellevue tunnel alignment. Under the MOU, the City and Sound Transit are engaged in a collaborative design process to identify potential modifications for the section of East Link located within the city limits to achieve the shared goals of reducing costs and delivering a high quality project.

In early 2012, Sound Transit and the City generated ideas that could contribute to the goal of reducing project costs. These cost reduction concepts were then assessed by a Peer Review Panel. In April the concepts having the greatest potential to both save costs and meet project objectives were presented to the Sound Transit Board, the Bellevue City Council, and the public at the first of two open houses.

On June 5, 2012 Sound Transit and the City of Bellevue published a Draft Cost Savings Report and held a second public open house. Sound Transit and City staff also provided numerous stakeholder briefings throughout April, May, and June. Through the public involvement process, over 350 comments were received. As a result of public involvement, an additional cost savings concept was developed for 112th Avenue SE.

The Draft Cost Savings Report and public involvement process focused on those ideas which represent a potential change to the project description contained in the MOU between the City and Sound Transit. Sound Transit and the City also identified cost savings ideas which generally will not affect the configuration of the East Link light rail system or its operational impacts and are within the administrative discretion of project staff.

Following consideration of the Draft Cost Savings Report and public comments, the City and Sound Transit, through the MOU's Collaborative Design Process, developed a Cost Savings Work Plan attached as Exhibit A.

The joint work plan identifies cost savings ideas for further development. Advancement of the Cost Savings Work Plan does not constitute a final decision, and in no way alters the East Link Project as approved by the Sound Transit Board and reflected in the Record of Decision issued by the Federal Transit Administration and the Federal Highway Administration. The work plan identifies cost savings ideas for further development and is an indication that the ideas have sufficient merit to continue to invest resources for further review. The next phase of review, including additional engineering design and impact and mitigation analysis consistent with requirements under NEPA and SEPA, will occur in the latter half of 2012 and into 2013.



Exhibit A

Sound Transit and City of Bellevue Cost Savings Work Plan

This joint work plan identifies Cost Savings ideas for further development. It is not a final decision, and in no way alters the East Link Project as approved by the Sound Transit Board and reflected in the Record of Decision issued by the Federal Transit Administration and the Federal Highway Administration, but rather is an indication that the ideas have sufficient merit to continue to invest resources to review. The next phase of review, including additional engineering design and impact and mitigation analysis consistent with requirements under NEPA and SEPA, will occur in the latter half of 2012 and into 2013.

A final decision to incorporate any one or more of these Cost Savings Ideas into East Link would not occur until this additional review is complete; and only after the Sound Transit Board and the City Council determine, in light of the cost savings available and the impacts on the Project and surrounding neighborhoods (including ridership, system impacts, noise, traffic and visual impacts) that these Cost Savings Ideas are consistent with the shared Project goals.

Winters House

Advance for further development options that replace the retained cut by the Winters House with an at-grade light rail alignment.

Design options: If the City Council in July 2012 decides to include a Bellevue Way HOV lane in the City's Transportation Facilities Plan environmental review and continues to make progress towards implementation, then study shifting Bellevue Way west with the cost of the project addressed as set forth in Section 7.2 of the MOU (Idea 1a). If not, then study relocating the Winters House. (Idea 1b)

Other design considerations:

- · Noise and visual mitigation for increased length of above grade guideway
- Reduce the added length of elevated guideway
- Optimize the access location for the blueberry farm and Winter's House
- If alternative 1a advances, it should include an HOV lane

Advantages to this approach:

- Lower cost and risk
- Better LRT profile for operations
- Potentially overall reduction in cost and construction impacts for the City and Sound Transit if Bellevue Way HOV lane and LRT construction properly sequenced

112th

Advance for further development an at-grade alignment the length of 112^{th} with a crossing from the east to the west-side at SE 15th below a new road overpass (Idea 2b). No further development of the MOU option of an elevated fly-over at SE 15th and to the extent possible the retained cut at SE 4^{th} .

Design options: Continue to study location for optimal access to the Surrey Downs neighborhood including options from 112th which do not require a gated crossing with bells. Other Design considerations:

 Work with the community on a package of changes in park use, neighborhood traffic control, other measures to mitigate change in access

- Reduce the height of the reconstructed 112th Ave SE over light rail by depressing light rail tracks to the extent prudent given soil conditions
- Use landscaping to screen the road overpass and LRT
- Noise mitigation for at-grade LRT
- Evaluate pedestrian access to the E. Main Station from the neighborhood and kiss-and-ride access from 112th

Advantages to this approach:

- Responds to Leadership Group criteria for 112th with respect to cost, visual, noise, and avoidance of retained cut
- Lower cost and risk
- Provides grade separated LRT operations

Downtown Station

Advance for further development both a Tunnel Station and the NE 6th Station to refine and better distinguish the difference in potential cost savings.

Design issues to examine with Tunnel Station:

- Optimize configuration to minimize impacts to surface traffic while retaining entrances north and south of NE 4th
- May involve stacked tunnel with one entrance setback from street and mitigation for loss of turn pocket south of NE 4th or further optimization of PE design with mezzanine

Design issues to examine with NE 6th Station:

- Reach agreement on impacts to City Hall and damages payment prior to further design
- Determine acceptability of design deviation (curve at 110th/NE 6th)

Advantages to this approach:

 Allows limited additional time to vet actual cost differences. Relocating the Station to NE 6th should only be advanced further if it has substantially more savings as it has operational and ridership impacts.