



### CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEETING EAST MAIN STATION AREA PLAN Tuesday, January 26, 2016 4:00 P.M. to 6:00 P.M. – Room 1E - 113 Bellevue City Hall – 450 110<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE

<u>Time</u>	ltem
4:00	1. Call to order, approval of agenda, approval of minutes from December
	1, 2015 meeting (Attachment 1) – Scott Lampe, Chair
4:05	2. *Public comment
4:15	3. Project update and next steps (Attachment 2)
	a. Packet materials, meeting objectives and remaining schedule
	<ul> <li>Public open house objectives and materials</li> </ul>
4:30	4. Continued discussion and approval of draft vision statements &
	strategies for public review (Attachments 3-5) – Mike Kattermann,
	PCD; Phil Harris and John Murphy, Transportation
	G. Neighborhood access – motorized and non-motorized
	H. Future land uses for redevelopment area
	I. Future look and feel of redevelopment area
5:50	5. *Public comment
6:00	6. Adjourn

#### Potential meeting dates:

- February 23<sup>rd</sup>, (room 1E-113), regular meeting date
- March 3<sup>rd</sup> (room 1E-112), public open house (optional brief meeting just prior)
- March 22<sup>nd</sup> (room 1E-113), regular meeting date
- March 29<sup>th</sup> (room 1E-113), optional final meeting to approve report and recommendation

\*To allow sufficient time for all those who want to address the Committee, speakers are asked to limit their comments to 3 minutes per individual. Thank you.

Wheelchair accessible. American Sign Language (ASL) interpretation available upon request. Please call at least 48 hours in advance. Assistance for the hearing impaired: dial 711 (TR).



#### CITY OF BELLEVUE EAST MAIN STATION AREA PLANNING CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES

December 1, 2015 4:00 p.m. Bellevue City Hall Room 1E-108

MEMBERS PRESENT: Chris Breiland, Christie Hammond, John King, Scott Lampe, Jim Long, Erin Powell, Danny Rogers, Pamela Unger, Bill Thurston

MEMBERS ABSENT:

**OTHERS PRESENT:** 

Mike Kattermann, Department of Planning and Community Development; Phil Harris, John Murphy, Department of Transportation; Dan Bertolet, VIA; Mon Wig, Leshya Wig, Wig Properties

RECORDING SECRETARY: Gerry Lindsay

1. CALL TO ORDER, APPROVAL OF AGENDA, APPROVAL OF OCTOBER 27, 2015, MINUTES

The meeting was called to order at 4:03 p.m. by Chair Lampe who presided.

A motion to approve the agenda was made by Mr. Long. The motion was seconded by Mr. Breiland and the motion carried unanimously.

A motion to approve the October 27, 2015, meeting minutes as submitted was made by Mr. Rogers. The motion was seconded by Mr. Breiland and the motion carried unanimously.

#### 2. PUBLIC COMMENT

Ms. Renay Bennett, 826 108th Avenue SE, brought to the attention of the Committee the comments made by Senior Planner Kevin McDonald at the October 27 Committee meeting about the margin of error when it comes to transportation modeling. She said the meeting minutes quote him as saying the model is based on an area geographically larger than the study area and takes into consideration land use and the transportation network citywide and regionally. He went on to say the more confined a study area, the more specific the information and the more accurate the model becomes, reducing the margin of error, but he also said the model tends to overestimate, creating some confusion. One of the things the city has done over the years to fudge the traffic numbers is change the levels of service. At first there were only the letter grades A, B, C and D. In time E was added, followed by pluses and minuses, then the city was broken up into Mobility Management Areas (MMA), and then a congestion allowance was created

allowing several intersections within an area to fail. In the downtown MMA, there are 13 intersections that can fail before the area is given a failing grade. The comments of how the city calculates traffic should be taken with a massive critical eye. At the October 27 meeting, Transportation Planner John Murphy talked about the modeling of increased traffic and said the talk about neighborhood improvements is all aimed at making sure people feel safe and comfortable in light of the increased traffic. The neighborhood has been led to believe the city is acting to keep the neighborhood safe from increased traffic, but it would appear that in fact the city wants the residents to feel safe and comfortable with more traffic. That will not be acceptable to the neighborhood and the Committee should take a strong stand against increased traffic in the neighborhood.

### 3. URBAN DESIGN FRAMEWORK

Senior Planner Mike Kattermann reminded the Committee members that the urban design framework is all about setting the context and vision for the area. The existing context for the area is the single family residential, the downtown, the hotels, clubs and offices that exist, and the freeway frontage. There are also emerging context issues to be considered, such as the light rail station, the changing nature of 112th Avenue, redevelopment interests, and potential zoning changes for the downtown. The discussions to date regarding the framework have been predicated on the principles the Committee has worked under from the start, including making sure redevelopment will complement the community and the downtown, and assuring it will draw people into the redevelopment area.

With regard to complementing the community, the principles include making sure uses will serve the adjacent neighborhoods. Additionally, noise from I-405 should be attenuated by building size and placement. Trees and green space have been identified repeatedly as being important for the redevelopment area as well as all public spaces, including the rights-of-way. Having an engaging pedestrian frontage along 112th Avenue SE is important, as is tapering density closer to the existing residential areas. Sunlight exposure and privacy are also important.

The single family residential areas, the park and the high school areas all have well-established characters that should not be changed. The existing office on the edge of the study area has its own character, and the Office/Limited Business district, which has been the focus of redevelopment, also has an existing character. The major edges that help to define the study area are Main Street, which separates the area from the downtown; 112th Avenue, particularly south of Main Street but to some extent north of Main Street; I-405 fronting the Office/Limited Business; Bellevue Way, which represents the western boundary of the study area; and SE 8th Street, which defines the southern border. The Committee has discussed the need to attenuate noise along the redevelopment area; retaining and creating opportunities for trees and green space along the two major corridors of Main Street and 112th Avenue SE; the new park that will be created on the corner by the portal; and opportunities for additional green space in association with redevelopment of the Red Lion and Hilton sites.

Mr. Kattermann said the plan being developed looks out over the next 20 years. The economic analysis suggests that during that time the only site likely to see a full redevelopment is the Red Lion site.

Mr. Kattermann said the redevelopment area includes transitional areas that are intended to buffer the residential areas. There are both multifamily and single family transition areas involved that include height and setback restrictions. He noted that the Committee had also considered shadow and privacy issues relative to various building heights and setbacks. The Committee has also discussed a mix of uses that will maintain a distinction between the downtown and the redevelopment area. The mix of uses discussed included residential, retail and office, all aimed at creating a steady amount of activity at different times of the day.

Currently, the Office/Limited Business district to the north of the redevelopment site has a height limit of 75 feet for non-residential uses, and 90 feet for residential uses. The FAR is 3.0 for either residential or non-residential. Currently, the redevelopment area is limited to an FAR of 0.5 and height ranging from 30 feet to 75 feet. The proposal made by the Downtown Livability Initiative CAC regarding the Office/Limited Business area to the north of Main Street is for an FAR of 5.0 and building heights up to 200 feet, but that will have to be considered in the context of the view corridor previously discussed by the Committee. The wedding cake approach that has been in place for the downtown for many years is designed precisely to provide a transition from the core area where the greatest intensity exists to the edges where there is existing residential. The redevelopment area is unique in that it is its own little district.

Dan Bertolet with the consulting firm VIA shared with the Committee a depiction of one possible buildout option for the redevelopment area. He stressed that it was not intended to represent a final design. As drawn, the spacing of the buildings allowed for solar access and pedestrian walkability, as well as a noise barrier created by locating office between the freeway and the residential areas, though in a way that breaks up the building massing. Mr. Kattermann said the goal was to see if an FAR of 4.0 could be achieved while keeping in mind the restrictions of the view corridor. He said the drawing depicted one way that could be achieved with a maximum height of 230 feet closer to the freeway.

Ms. Unger said she liked the way the buildings were placed on the site in the depiction but allowed that the buildings could in fact be sited in another configuration. Mr. Kattermann agreed and stressed that the Committee was not being asked to establish the final design, only to allow for enough flexibility to be able to mix and match in ways that will accomplish the things talked about in the urban design framework.

Mr. Thurston agreed that it should not be the Committee who decides how the redevelopment area will redevelop. He added that ultimately the city should have the flexibility needed to support a number of different options. What will come out of the redevelopment will in fact be an entirely new neighborhood and it should be very walkable. The Red Lion site will be the lynchpin as it will redevelop first.

Ms. Powell asked if the potential number of parking stalls was reduced in the depiction based on the fact that the redevelopment area is located across the street from the East Main light rail station. Mr. Bertolet said the number of stalls shown was in line with the number of residential units and the amount of commercial square footage as required by Bellevue code for the Bel-Red corridor.

Mr. Bertolet said the space along 112th Avenue SE was drawn showing a continuous and active street wall inviting to pedestrians. He noted that the setback shown was 30 feet from the property line, allowing for street trees and a wide sidewalk. The building types were varied as well with regard to building height, and they were placed to allow both visual and pedestrian access into the open space in the middle of the site, and to allow for maximum solar exposure.

Ms. Hammond said she understood the drawing was hypothetical but cautioned against saying that a particular tower will be for low-income housing. Mr. Kattermann said he could not emphasize enough that the drawings only represent possible outcomes. Redevelopment of the site as depicted will require a zoning change.

Mr. Kattermann said the principle of drawing people into the redevelopment area can be satisfied through the design of the development and the street frontage. Higher densities, either office or residential, lead to more people and more activity. People can also be drawn into the area by having it be walkable with smaller block patterns. Parking should primarily be in structures away from the pedestrian frontages. Access to the light rail station should be optimized to take full advantage of its location across the street. He stressed the need to have eyes on the development area and the station by having active uses and spaces along 112th Avenue SE. Emphasis should be given to creating a place rather than a project.

The blocks in downtown Bellevue are 600 feet long, which is about three times the norm. Portland has 200-foot blocks, which is far more typical, especially of older cities, yielding internal access that helps both in terms of traffic and pedestrian movement. The redevelopment area would benefit from having a smaller block pattern to improve access internal to the site.

Mr. Rogers noted that the drawing included parallel parking along 112th Avenue SE and he asked if another travel lane could be created there if the parallel parking was not included. Mr. Kattermann said in theory another lane could be created there, but whether it would be necessary or beneficial is unknown. The landscape strip, included to preserve the existing trees, would need to come out to have enough room for another travel lane, and that would change the pedestrian-scale nature of the street.

Senior Transportation Planner Phil Harris pointed out the off-street trail running along 112th Avenue SE and noted there is the potential for an off-street pathway along Main Street as well to get across I-405.

Mr. Kattermann pointed out that Sturtevant Creek is piped in places but will be daylighted on its run to Mercer Slough. It has a large wetland area associated with it and it is classified as a fishbearing stream requiring buffers. To the south of SE 6th Street, the area is heavily constrained by sensitive areas, wetlands and stream buffers, limiting the development potential.

Mr. Kattermann reviewed with the Committee members the view corridor and how it would impact building heights in the redevelopment area.

Chair Lampe commented that the current restriction relative to the view corridor is something the Committee could weigh in on relative to future development. Mr. Thurston said he would not want to see the restriction compromise transit-oriented development just to preserve a view of Mount Rainier.

Ms. Unger said she values views of Mount Rainier. However, unlike the Space Needle or the Eiffel Tower, Mount Rainier is not something people come to City Hall specifically to see. The view is wonderful, but it is not necessarily something that should be preserved to the detriment of the redevelopment area. Mr. Kattermann said the Committee is free to weigh in on the issue, but the policy decision to preserve view corridors was made by the City Council.

#### 4. RED LION REDEVELOPMENT

Mr. Mon Wig with Wig Properties said the work done by the city represents a great start. He said his motivation is to create and build a unique landmark neighborhood district on the Red Lion site, complementary to Surrey Downs, Bellecrest and the downtown. Density and height are needed to create the quality it will take to achieve the goal. Wig Properties purchased the property with an eye on developing it, but even as it is it yields a good return on the investment. It does not have to be redeveloped, but the company is motivated to redevelop it in order to create a unique district. Wig Properties invests in properties and retains them for the long run. What it comes down to is a balancing act between what the city needs, what the community needs, and what Wig Properties needs. In the end, all will benefit from quality and financial viability. Marginal developments do not survive the test of time.

Leshya Wig with Wig Properties said the staff recommendation represents a good start in the right direction. It involves an FAR of 4.0, building heights to 200 feet, and keeps the view corridor intact. One major thing that could be done to improve on the principles is the potential stacking of the buildings. One of the design principles focuses on being able to better provide local services, which could be interpreted to mean retail or restaurants. The ground floor retail shown in the staff presentation would not, however, be viable to lease because it does not have exposure to 112th Avenue SE. If the buildings were stacked, retail uses could be located around the edge of the central plaza and activate it at the ground floor level with shops, thus bringing in the public, not just those who work in the nearby buildings. Stacking would result in small building footprints, leaving more open space and vegetation. Where there is a central courtyard or plaza activated by retail on the ground floor, people will be more likely to come off the sidewalk into the development. Stacking could also result in an open view between the plaza and the East Main light rail station. The fact is that people in the first floors of the buildings will mostly be looking at the buildings in front of them; they will not be looking out to the station or the street. Creating an opening in the middle will put more eyes on the station.

Ms. Wig shared with the Committee an image showing the quality of open space they would like to see. She allowed that the drawing was conceptual but showed a central green courtyard and hardscape activated by surrounding retail uses and a lot of people. The fact that the plaza would be located entirely on property owned by a single owner, coordinating the overall development will be less complicated.

Turning to the line drawings of the view corridor, Ms. Wig noted that about two-thirds of the Red Lion site is impacted. If the C line were to be moved toward I-405, the taller building envisioned for the corner could be stepped back further from 112th Avenue SE. The Committee may want to consider developing two recommendations, one for if the City Council imposes the view corridor, and another for if the Council chooses not to.

Mr. Wig commented that the development hurdles relative to the Red Lion site are much greater than for the other properties in the district, primarily because of the view corridor. Additionally, it will be necessary to demolish the existing building before moving ahead with redevelopment, eliminating the existing income stream. He asked the Committee to consider increasing the FAR for the Red Lion site from 4.0 to 5.0 to accommodate for the view corridor impacts, and to increase the building heights sufficiently to achieve the density needed to provide the open space. The maximum height would depend on the extent to which the view corridor is imposed. He said he was willing to spend the money to earn the additional FAR by providing amenities desired by the community.

Mr. Long asked if under the stacking scenario, what would be done at the base, particularly if the building were pushed toward the east closer to I-405. Mr. Wig said the building could be tiered, getting slimmer on the upper floors. The first floor would house retail uses, and above that could be hotel or residential. Ms. Wig said there is a strong desire to see 112th Avenue SE activated in accord with the design principles. Having retail along the street will accomplish that goal. It would be better, however, if the taller buildings were set back from 112th Avenue SE.

Ms. Unger said it would be a good idea to have a lot of windows facing the open space. To not include windows would make it feel like a closed cement box. Mr. Wig agreed and said from an ambience point of view it would not make sense to block views toward a garden-like environment. Mr. Kattermann said the design guidelines may address that issue as well, but if they do not the Committee could make the recommendation.

Ms. Unger noted that privacy is another big concern and she asked at what height it will be possible to see into the back yards of people living along 111th Avenue SE and beyond. Mr. Kattermann said that has not been calculated, but it might be possible to do so on a very course level. The fact is what can be seen from a particular height will vary by parcel, the landscaping and trees present, and other factors. Mr. Wig added that most of the buildings will be facing south, though some will face west. Ms. Wig pointed out that the trees on the Red Lion property along 112th Avenue SE are quite tall and they are to be preserved.

Mr. Thurston spoke positively about the notion of creating a pedestrian-friendly and activated open space. He said the height tradeoffs are good. With regard to privacy concerns, most back yards in Surrey Downs will not be visible from the redevelopment area given the existing vegetation.

Ms. Unger pointed out that some residents will be losing existing landscaping to accommodate construction of the light rail line.

Ms. Powell voiced concern about the activity area. She said she is very familiar with downtown Seattle and those who hang out in the park in front of the courthouse. It is a beautiful park with big trees and benches, and there is a definite hang-out dynamic there. She said she would like to have more information about light rail stations and what steps are taken to prevent criminal activity from occurring at them. Mr. Kattermann said those are exactly the kinds of things the Light Rail Best Practices CAC looked at and covered in its final report.

Ms. Powell said she appreciates having the open space and activating the street and the area. However, open spaces are not always active in the right vein or with the wholesomeness anticipated. They can become something difficult to police given other people's sense of freedom of expression. Ms. Wig agreed that issue can be difficult to address. She pointed out that the open space will not be dedicated to the city; it will remain private property that can be addressed with private security. The likelihood that the office uses will have their own security is fairly high; the same is probably true of the retail uses. Mr. Wig added that tenants are not prone to simply tolerating vagrancy and illegal activities, which makes it all the more important to provide security.

Mr. Thurston said the concerns are valid. However, having an active neighborhood across the street will help to create a more secure environment for the station. Mr. Kattermann said it is the isolated stations that have the most problems. Where there are people around, it is far less likely for crime to occur, a fact that has been borne out by the research. Typically the crime around light rail stations mirrors the crime that exists in their neighborhoods already; they do not necessarily bring crime to the area.

Mr. Long noted his support for the preliminary work done by Wig Properties to design a development that includes an open space. He agreed that tenants will not be willing to pay top dollar rent for space adjacent to an area that is not secure and well policed.

Ms. Hammond asked Mr. Wig to explain how greater density translates into greater quality of development. He explained that with more density there is more square footage to rent, making it possible to borrow more money against the property for use in quality construction and creating amenities.

### 5. CONTINUED DISCUSSION AND APPROVAL OF DRAFT VISION STATEMENTS

Mr. Kattermann called attention to the draft vision statements included in the packet. He noted that everything builds off the principles. The vision statements represent a mixture of visionary and strategic statements. He said staff would incorporate the Committee's comments and then bring to the next meeting actual draft vision statements and strategies to be shared with the public early in 2016.

Transportation Planner John Murphy stressed that the task was not to necessarily fully populate all of the strategies. Staff will pull out things that could be strategies and present them at the next meeting.

With regard to pedestrian/bicycle connectivity to the station, Mr. Harris noted that the Committee had previously discussed connecting the station area to destinations both local and regional, so that was included as a vision statement. The Committee had also discussed providing weather protection where pedestrians wait, and the need for signage to destinations beyond the immediate station area for both pedestrians and bicyclists, both of which were also captured as vision statements.

Ms. Unger suggested that while which destinations should be signed could be fodder for discussion, the topic is probably not one for the Committee to address.

Ms. Hammond commented that there is a difference between signage for pedestrians and signage for drivers, and the placement of each type must be done thoughtfully. One place where something better could be done is at 108th Avenue SE and Main Street heading south; the sign for drivers is very small and is located right at the intersection. Mr. Murphy explained that every sign put up in the city is thoroughly reviewed to ensure that a dangerous situation will not be created as a result. Signs are movable and they do in fact get moved where it can be shown they should be moved.

There was consensus in favor of the draft vision statements.

Mr. Harris said the principles related to neighborhood access led to the creation of three draft vision statements: evaluating potential modifications to neighborhood entrances; identifying and monitoring key routes through the neighborhood before and after the closer of SE 4th Street and SE 1st Place; and updating the city's traffic calming guidelines to incorporate criteria and measures for high-pedestrian traffic areas around light rail stations.

Ms. Powell suggested that "discourage cut-through traffic" in the first statement should be changed to read "eliminate cut-through traffic." Persons who do not live in the neighborhoods have no valid reason for cutting through on 108th Avenue SE other than to avoid Bellevue Way and 112th Avenue SE. The development being proposed all around the neighborhood will only make things worse than they already are.

Ms. Unger commented that once access from 112th Avenue SE into Surrey Downs is eliminated it will be appropriate to emphasize identifying and monitoring key routes. It is anyone's guess what the result will really be; the only way to know for sure will be to watch closely. She asked if consideration has been given to installing a green light camera on 108th Avenue SE to identify and ticket those who drive straight through. Mr. Murphy said that possibility has been looked into. However, red light cameras and the like are driven by state law which is explicit about how they can be used, and currently they can only be used to monitor red light violations.

Ms. Hammond pointed out that the restriction against driving straight through the Main Street and 108th Avenue intersection has not stopped people from driving through.

Mr. Breiland said he generally supported the draft vision statements, but added that the devil is in the details. In terms of identifying and monitoring key routes it would be good to include "such

as" and an outline of the city's thoughts as to particular routes. The statement regarding updating the city's traffic calming guidelines could also use some "such as" considerations.

Ms. Hammond said she was not ready to give a thumbs up or thumbs down. The access issue will be key to overall success, both for the redevelopment area and the neighborhoods.

Ms. Powell said the access issue is also tied to neighborhood livability. Traffic calming is one element, but really it is the volume and frequency of cars on 108th Avenue SE that is disconcerting. The increased traffic resulting from new development will deteriorate the livability of the neighborhood along 108th Avenue SE. Traffic on that street will need to be managed and curtailed, not just addressed.

There was agreement to continue the discussion of the vision statements at the next Committee meeting. Mr. Kattermann said the next meeting would occur on January 26.

6. PUBLIC COMMENT – None

### 7. ADJOURN

Chair Lampe adjourned the meeting at 6:02 p.m.



**DATE:** January 26, 2016

TO: East Main CAC Members

FROM:Mike Kattermann, Senior Planner, 452-2042Planning & Community Development DepartmentPhil Harris, Senior Transportation Planner, 452-7680Transportation Department

SUBJECT: Project Update and Next Steps

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide an overview of the materials in this meeting packet and describe the remaining schedule and tasks to prepare the CAC Final Report and Recommendations to City Council.

### CAC Draft Vision and Draft Strategies (Attachments 3, 4 and 5)

The focus of the January meeting is discussion and direction from the CAC on the remaining *Draft Vision and Draft Strategies* for topics G, H and I – these discussion topics and drafts are located in the two right-hand columns on pages 9-16 of Attachment 3. The CAC previously reviewed and confirmed the draft vision and strategies for topics A through F – those are included in the packet for reference only. The track changes for topics A through F indicate edits and clarifications in response to CAC discussion at previous meetings. Staff is seeking direction from the CAC on only the 3 remaining topics at the January meeting:

- G. Neighborhood access (motorized and non-motorized): What changes, if any, should be made to remaining neighborhood access points?
- H. Future land uses for redevelopment area: What mix and scale of uses could best serve and complement the existing and future community?
- I. Future look and feel of redevelopment area: What design characteristics are important to include in the "new neighborhood?"

Neighborhood access (Topic G) addresses the closure of direct access to the residential neighborhoods from 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE and the overall growth in traffic. The draft vision statements are intended to express the concerns and aspirations of the CAC regarding neighborhood traffic issues. The draft strategies are intended to address those traffic issues. This topic complements the CAC's previous discussion and direction on Topics A through F. Staff will provide additional context information to facilitate CAC discussion.

Vision and strategies to guide future redevelopment of the Office/Limited Business (OLB) district from Main Street to SE 8<sup>th</sup> Street are described in topics H and I. These two topics are interrelated and address the mix and scale of uses and the design characteristics that are important to creating a quality, walkable and livable transit-oriented neighborhood east of 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE. Staff is offering, for CAC discussion and direction, a recommendation on FAR and building height based on previous discussion by the CAC, relationship to adjoining uses and

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citywide context. Additional information will be presented at the meeting to facilitate CAC discussion. For additional background and context, please review the presentation on urban design framework from the December 1, 2015 meeting (available on the project website, <u>http://www.bellevuewa.gov/east-main-station.htm</u>).

Attachments 4 and 5 are a compilation and consolidation of the draft vision and strategies from the two right-hand columns of Attachment 3 for all of the topics (A – I). The track changes indicate edits to simplify or consolidate language from combining related statements. Duplicate statements and strategies were also removed from these drafts. Attachment 3 was prepared to facilitate discussion of the CAC. Attachments 4 and 5 are intended to present the CAC's draft recommendations, which will be the primary focus of the upcoming open houses (in-person and online) to solicit public review and comment. The draft vision statement and strategies for the open houses will reflect changes from the CAC discussion at the January meeting.

If the CAC completes its discussion and direction on the remaining 3 topics at the January meeting, staff will proceed with preparing and scheduling for live and online open houses. The purpose of the open houses will be to solicit public feedback on the overall CAC draft recommendations for the vision statement and strategies. A proposed schedule for completing the CAC's tasks is as follows:

DATE	DESCRIPTION		
January 26	CAC meeting – complete discussion of draft vision statements and		
	strategies		
February	Online open house goes live, send out notices for in-person open house		
February 23	CAC meeting – review select sections of draft report and open house		
	materials ahead of in-person open house		
March	In-person open house held in first or 2 <sup>nd</sup> week (March 3?), online open		
	house closes following week		
March 29	CAC meeting – approval of draft report and recommendations for		
	transmittal to City Council (regular meeting date would be March 22).		

The draft CAC vision statements and recommendations that are the subject of the in-person and online open houses will form the basis for the final report and recommendations from the CAC to the City Council. Following is a draft outline of the basic components of the report. The report includes the additional background, context and technical analysis to support the vision and strategies. The report outline will be modified and expanded as the document is prepared and reviewed by the CAC.

#### East Main CAC Transmittal Letter

The CAC Transmittal Letter functions as an Executive Summary and the CAC recommendation.

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#### Section 1 Bellevue's Program for Station Area Planning

Include Guiding Principles for Land Use Redevelopment and Transportation

**Section 2 Community Process (***summary, more detail in appendix***)** 

Overview, Scoping & Visioning, Community Events

Section 3 Recommended 2035 Vision for East Main Station Area

Traffic, Pedestrian/Bicycle Access, Character and Land Use/Redevelopment

Section 4 Study Area Character (summary, more detail in appendix)

Existing neighborhoods, commercial areas, public facilities and transportation system

#### Section 5 Station Area Plan Implementation Strategies

Capital Investments, Code and Policy Amendments, Other Plans and Programs,

#### Appendices

**Existing Conditions** - Demographics, land use, character, transportation, natural environment, parks and public facilities

Land Use/Urban Design Analysis - Market analysis, land use scenarios, urban design analysis Transportation/Station Access - Traffic modeling, access alternatives, traffic calming, potential projects

Environmental Review - Traffic, noise, aesthetics, visual and critical areas Community Engagement – Public comments

#### Follow-up on Mount Rainier View Corridor

At the previous two meetings there was substantial discussion about the view corridor of Mount Rainier and its implications for the redevelopment area. As previously noted, the view corridor is based on Council policy within a citywide context and it is not within the charge of the CAC to make changes or recommend specific changes to the corridor. Information about the view corridor was presented to City Council on January 11 as part of the update on station area planning for East Main. Staff explained the issue and its potential implications for the CAC's recommendations regarding the redevelopment area. City Council requested that staff return with additional information and schedule time for the City Council to discuss the view corridor in more detail before they forward the CAC recommendation to the Planning Commission.

Council discussion of this issue does not affect the CAC's ability to complete the discussion and recommendations on redevelopment. There is a strategy in Topic I to "*Recommend that City Council review the Mount Rainier view corridor in the context of redevelopment goals and the CAC desire to locate taller buildings farther from 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE." This strategy, along with the other recommendations of the CAC, will be part of the transmittal to City Council and will provide the context of the CAC's discussion as the City Council decides what direction to provide the Planning Commission for developing the code for this area.* 

Please contact me or Phil if you have any questions about these materials prior to the meeting. Thank you for your time and commitment to this project.

January 26, 2016

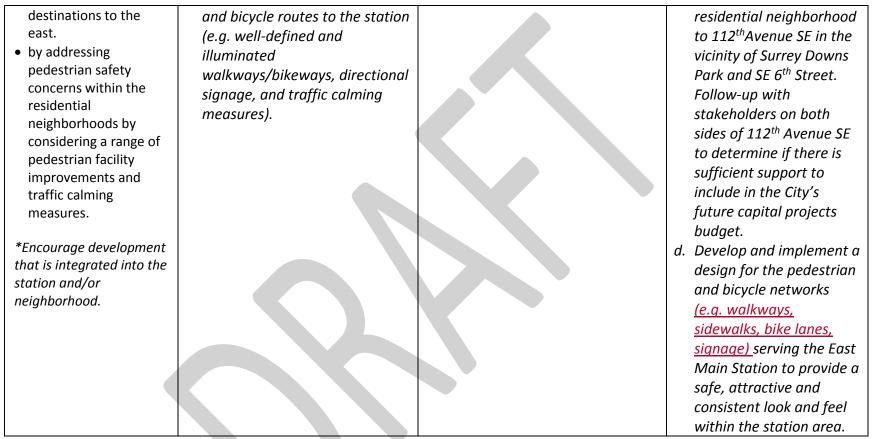
	ct to residential parking zone (RPZ) permi		
PRINCIPLES	DISCUSSION DRAFT VISION STATEMENTS	CAC DRAFT VISION	CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES
Balance vehicular access needs with traffic issues by addressing potential "hide-and-ride" parking concerns in residential areas.	<ol> <li>Review parking to determine potential for extending existing (or creating new) Residential Parking Zone (RPZ) restriction south to cover a larger portion of the residential neighborhood to discourage "hide and ride" parking and increased traffic.</li> <li>Monitor pick-up/drop-off patterns at SE 1<sup>st</sup> PI near 111<sup>th</sup> Ave SE to evaluate for possible enhanced enforcement of parking infractions related to light rail operation.</li> </ol>	Concerns about additional traffic and safety are addressed by ensuring residential streets serve access and parking needs of residents. Non-residents (e.g. transit riders, downtown employees) are effectively discouraged-prohibited from using neighborhood streets for parking, pick-up and drop-off for the light rail station.	<ul> <li>a. Evaluate whether existing residential parking zone (RPZ) areas should be expanded or if a new RPZ should be created to cover more of the neighborhoods to the south.</li> <li>b. Evaluate day and hour restrictions of all RPZ areas in the neighborhood to determine if they should be expanded.</li> <li>c. Monitor pick-up/drop-off activity in the residential area once light rail is operational and implement restrictions as needed/supported by the neighborhood.</li> <li>d. Enforce RPZ and other restrictions to ensure they are effective.</li> </ul>

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PRINCIPLES	DISCUSSION DRAFT VISION STATEMENTS	CAC DRAFT VISION	CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES	
<ul> <li>Connect the station area to adjacent neighborhoods.</li> <li>Optimize access to the station by people who live and work in the area: <ul> <li>and apply the principles of universal design to street and sidewalks providing access to the station.</li> <li>by filling gaps in the pedestrian and bicycle network (including gaps in sidewalk routes or where new crosswalks might be needed).</li> <li>by addressing the lack of access between residential neighborhoods and 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Improve pedestrian and bicycle facilities within the station area, including:         <ul> <li>a new crosswalk on east side of Main St and 110<sup>th</sup> Ave NE intersection;</li> <li>a new sidewalk on west side of 110<sup>th</sup> Ave NE between Main St and NE 2<sup>nd</sup> Ave; and c. at neighborhood entrances.</li> <li>Construct a pedestrian bridge over light rail in the area of Surrey Downs Park and SE 6<sup>th</sup> St.</li> <li>Implement recommendations of Downtown Transportation Plan and Main Street Corridor Study.</li> <li>Design facilities within walk area for ease of access by all ages and abilities.</li> <li>Enhance safety with</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	Pedestrian and bicycle access to the East Main Station is a safe and pleasant experience for all ages and abilities. Gaps in the network have been filled and the pedestrian environment in the neighborhood reflects the same level of planning and quality of design and materials described in the Downtown Transportation Plan. An accessible and attractive grade- separated crossing of the light rail tracks provides a way for pedestrians and bicyclists to move safely and easily between Surrey Downs Park and 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE near the intersection with SE 6 <sup>th</sup> Street.	<ul> <li>a. Install sidewalks to fill gaps and improve safety on:</li> <li>110<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE from Main Street to NE 2<sup>nd</sup> Street</li> <li>110<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE from Main Street to SE 1<sup>st</sup> Street</li> <li>SE 10<sup>th</sup> Street from 108<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to Bellevue High School.</li> <li>b. Install a crosswalk on Main Street for the east side of the intersection with 110<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE.</li> <li>c. Conduct a planning level engineering study and cost estimate for constructing a pedestria overpass or underpass or game and the set of the se</li></ul>	

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\*From Light Rail Permit CAC Design Advisory Statement

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	ore pedestrian-oriented? DISCUSSION DRAFT		
PRINCIPLES	VISION STATEMENTS	CAC DRAFT VISION	CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES
Be complementary to	1. Create a distinctive look and feel	The Main Street corridor is	a. Develop and implement a
the Downtown by	for Main Street that helps to	designed to be a safe and inviting	design for Main Street tha
continuing to reflect	delineate the differences	east-west connection allowing	emphasizes safety and
the distinction between	between the north and south	pedestrians and bicyclists of all	incorporates aspects of the
Downtown and	sides of Main Street.	ages and abilities access to the	look and feel of Old
adjoining areas.	2. Make Main Street a key	East Main Station.	Bellevue along with wider
	pedestrian and bicycle corridor		sidewalks, planting strips,
	for people living, working or	The newly updated street has	shade trees and lighting
	visiting the area linking the	wider sidewalks, a landscape strip	that reinforce the distinct
	station, Downtown, and Old	between the sidewalk and street	land use context on each
	Bellevue.	with mature shade street trees	side of the street <del>from Ola</del>
	3. Include wide sidewalks, a	and pedestrian-scale lighting. It	<u>between</u> Bellevue <u>Way <del>to</del></u>
	landscape strip, street trees, and	emulates the feel of Old Bellevue	and 116 <sup>th</sup> Avenue <del>SE</del> .
	pedestrian lighting.	to a degree, but it places a	<u>b.</u> Develop and implement
		priority on safety improvements	pedestrian and bicycle
		for pedestrians and bicyclists.	safety improvements alon
			the entire corridor <del>from</del>
		<u>The Main Street right-of-way</u>	<del>Old <u>between</u> Bellevue <u>Wa</u></del>
		<u>accommodates people walking,</u>	<del>to <u>and</u> 116<sup>th</sup> Avenue <mark>SE</mark>.</del>
		biking, riding transit and driving	<del>b.<u>c.</u> Incorporate the</del>
		and balances the needs of each	recommendations of the
		mode in terms of safety and	East Main Station Area
		<u>mobility.</u>	<u>Plan into subsequent</u>

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The north and south sides of the street <u>provide continuity of</u> <u>function and</u> reflect the different character and function of the adjoining land uses with the south	<u>studies and programs (e.g.</u> <u>multi modal level-of-</u> <u>service, corridor studies) to</u> <u>achieve the vision for Main</u> <u>Street.</u>
side being sensitive to its residential neighborhood context.	

PRINCIPLES Be complementary to the community by creating an engaging, pedestrian-oriented street frontage along the east side of 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.	VISION STATEMENTS1. Make 112th a key pedestrian corridor for people living, working or visiting the area linking the station, downtown, and redevelopment area.2. Include wide sidewalks, a landscape strip, street trees, and pedestrian lighting.	CAC DRAFT VISION 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE is characterized by a wide landscape buffer between the street and sidewalk. The corridor retains its green, vegetated feel and it is safe and inviting for pedestrians and bicyclists of all ages and abilities to access the East Main Station.	CAC DRAFT STRATEGIESa. Develop and implement a design for 112th Avenue SE from Main Street to SE 8th Street that preserves the current "green boulevard" look and feel and creates a safe and inviting environment for
*Encourage development that is pedestrian-oriented.			pedestrians and bicyclists. This should be done in conjunction with strategy E.a.

\*From Light Rail Permit CAC Design Advisory Statement

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	DISCUSSION DRAFT		
PRINCIPLES	VISION STATEMENTS	CAC DRAFT VISION	CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES
Be complementary to the community by creating an engaging, pedestrian-oriented street frontage along the east side of 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE. <i>*Encourage</i>	<ol> <li>Place storefronts at back of sidewalk</li> <li>Add landscaped setbacks for street-level residential.</li> <li>Reduce height of buildings closest to 112<sup>th</sup> to create a more pedestrian scale (e.g. stepped back on upper floors like buildings along south side of</li> </ol>	New commercial development along the east side of 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE is set at the back of a wide sidewalk to create space for a landscape strip with large shade trees and businesses that cater to pedestrians. There are sidewalk cafes that generate pedestrian activity and allow ample room for	<ul> <li>a. Develop and implement design guidelines for street frontage along 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE that allow and encourage an active pedestrian environment including:</li> <li>Wide sidewalks</li> <li>Landscape strips</li> </ul>
development that is pedestrian-oriented. Retaining to the extent practicable sunlight exposure and privacy of residential neighborhoods on the west side of 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE. *Encourage development with	<ul> <li>Main Street).</li> <li>4. Reduce height of buildings closest to 112<sup>th</sup> to minimize shadows, reduce privacy concerns.</li> </ul>	circulation. New residential development is especially welcoming with similar landscape strips along the street and front stoops or building entryways that extend the setback of the building façade from the sidewalk and possibly create additional pockets of landscaping.	separating traffic from sidewalks • Large shade trees • Pedestrian-oriented storefronts and activities b. Develop and implement development regulations for new development with frontage along 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE that: • Establishes building setbacks at back of

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down to adjacent lower	while shorter, pedestrian-scale	• Encourages front stoops
density communities.	buildings front the east side of	for individual residential
	112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE. There are no	units fronting on the
	massive, blocky buildings fronting	sidewalk
	on 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.	• Creates attractive, well-
		defined entrances serving
		multiple residential units
		<ul> <li>Requires additional</li> </ul>
		setbacks for upper floors
		above three stories
		<ul> <li>Requires taller buildings</li> </ul>
		be located closer to I-405
		and/or a minimum
		distance from 112 <sup>th</sup>
		Avenue SE.
		These should be done in
		conjunction with strategy
		D.a.

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PRINCIPLES	DISCUSSION DRAFT VISION STATEMENTS	CAC DRAFT VISION		CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES
Optimize access to the	1. Provide weather protection	The East Main station and	a	
	·		u.	Complete projects
station by people who	where pedestrians need to wait	adjacent neighborhoods are		identified as high priority in
live and work in the	(e.g. 112 <sup>th</sup> and Main, crosswalk	connected to other parts of the		Pedestrian and Bicycle Plan
area and apply the	to station).	city and to the regional trail		in and near the station
principles of universal	2. Connect the station area to	system by a clear, continuous and		area, including:
design to street and	surrounding neighborhoods	complete network of pedestrian		1) 114 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE bike
sidewalks providing	outside the immediate station	and bicycle facilities, including		lanes (B-127 E&W)
access to the station.	area and to the regional trail	wayfinding, that accommodate		2) SE $8^{th}$ Street (114 <sup>th</sup> Ave
	system by providing links to the	users of all abilities.		SE to east of I-405)
Facilitate bicycle access	city's pedestrian and bicycle			bike lanes (B-135 N)
to the station by	network.			3) Main Street off-street
connecting to the city's	3. Provide signage to destinations			path on south side,
network of bicycle	beyond the immediate station			Bellevue Way to 116 <sup>th</sup>
routes.	area for pedestrians and			Avenue (O-121 S)
	bicyclists.			4) Lake Hills Connector
Connect the station				off-street path (O-123
area to adjacent				N)
neighborhoods.				5) SE 8 <sup>th</sup> Street (112 <sup>th</sup> to
				114 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE) off-
*Encourage				street path on south
development that is				side (O-130 S)
integrated into the			b.	Install wayfinding—with
				travel times and

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station and/or neighborhood.		distance—for people walking and biking to the stations and other major destinations.
	С.	Coordinate with Sound
		Transit to ensure multi-
		use path that connects the
		South Bellevue station to
		the East Main station
		includes wayfinding

\*From Light Rail Permit CAC Design Advisory Statement

G. ISSUE/TOPIC: Neighborhood access (motorized and non-motorized). What changes, if any, should be made to remaining neighborhood access points?					
PRINCIPLES	DISCUSSION DRAFT VISION STATEMENTS	CAC DRAFT VISION	CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES		
<ul> <li>Balance vehicular</li> <li>access needs with</li> <li>traffic issues by:</li> <li>discouraging cut- through traffic.</li> <li>identifying residential streets that may support traffic calming measures.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Evaluate potential modifications to neighborhood entrances in order to:         <ul> <li>Continue to discourage cut- through traffic;</li> <li>Improve safety for pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists; and</li> <li>Facilitate vehicular access for residents.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	Neighborhood access points have been modified to facilitate vehicular access for residents, improve safety for pedestrians and bicyclists, and effectively eliminate non-residential traffic from cutting through on local streets.	<ul> <li>a. Update the city's traffic calming guidelines to lower the speed threshold for the implementation of traffic calming measures around light rail stations.</li> <li>b. Continue to monitor and enforce access restrictions from downtown to 108<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.</li> </ul>		

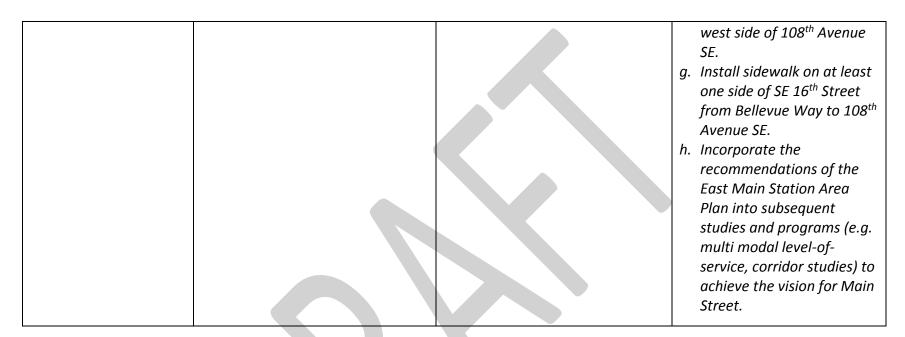
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<ul> <li>recognizing that</li> </ul>	2. Identify and monitor key routes	The city continues to monitor and	с.	Coordinate additional
vehicular access will	through the neighborhood	manage traffic on arterials and		traffic calming measures
be reduced by	before and after the closures of	collector arterials.		for 108 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE with
closure of direct	SE 4th Street and SE 1st Place			measures for 109 <sup>th</sup> Avenue
access to 112 <sup>th</sup>	to determine where additional	Sidewalks have been installed at		SE to discourage cut-
Avenue SE.	traffic calming measures may	all neighborhood access routes to		through traffic and
	be needed.	improve pedestrian safety.		maintain safety on local
	3. Update the city's traffic calming			streets.
	guidelines to incorporate		d.	Maintain the existing
	criteria and measures for high-			access restrictions at Main
	pedestrian traffic areas around			Street and 110 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.
	light rail stations.		е.	Add a protected left turn
				signal phase for westbound
				Main Street to southbound
				108 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to
				facilitate residential
				neighborhood access.
			f.	Evaluate the potential for
				marked crosswalks or
				other treatments to better
				highlight pedestrian
				crossings at SE 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street
				and SE 11 <sup>th</sup> Street from
				existing sidewalk that leads
				out of these streets to the
				existing sidewalk on the

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H. ISSUE/TOPIC: Future land uses for redevelopment area.			
What mix and scale of uses could best serve and complement the existing and future community?			
	DISCUSSION DRAFT		
PRINCIPLES	VISION STATEMENTS	CAC DRAFT VISION	CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES
Be complementary to	1. Allow for flexibility that will	There is a standard for quality	a. Continue to require new
the community by	provide a variety and mix of	redevelopment on the east side of	development to analyze
providing services that	uses that predominantly serve	112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE that is scaled to	and mitigate for project-
are desired by/meet	the walk area:	be compatible with the	related traffic impacts,
		surrounding area, uses good site	

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the needs of the		a. Encourage retail and	and building design to create a		including pedestrian and
community.		service uses;	pedestrian-oriented environment,		bicycle access and safety.
		b. Allow for limited office uses	provides ample public spaces and	b.	Incorporate
Be complementary to		that desire space close to	landscaping, and takes advantage		recommendations of the
the Downtown by:		but less expensive than	of the nearby light rail station to		East Main Station Area
<ul> <li>continuing to reflect</li> </ul>		Downtown; and	create a new, unique, high-quality		Plan into subsequent
the distinction		c. Allow multi-family	neighborhood next to downtown.		studies and programs (e.g.
between Downtown		residential uses in a variety	Taller buildings are strategically		multi modal level-of-
and adjoining areas;		of types and levels of	located to provide more ground-		service, corridor studies) to
• focusing on land use,		affordability.	level open space, a noise buffer		achieve the vision for Mair
economic	2.	Create an active area during	along I-405, eyes on the station		Street.
development and		daytime and evening hours,	and other public areas, and	с.	Apply a new "East Main
urban form on a		including a community center	maintain compatibility with		TOD" zone to replace the
niche or niches not		and recreational uses.	nearby single-family residences.		existing OLB zone betweer
being met	3.	Allow redevelopment of OLB			Main Street, 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue
Downtown.		north of SE 6 <sup>th</sup> Street at a scale	The Red Lion Hotel site has been		SE, SE 6 <sup>th</sup> Street and 114 <sup>th</sup>
		between current zoning and	transformed into a transit-		Avenue SE that includes, a
Draw people who live		proposed DTN-OLB north of	oriented development with a mix		a minimum, the following
and work in the area to		Main St:	of residential, office, retail and		standards:
the redevelopment by		a. Allow building heights of up	hotel uses that create an active		<ul> <li>A mix of uses within a</li> </ul>
including a mix of uses		to 200 feet with taller	area during daytime and evening		project and/or individua
and activities rather		buildings generally located	hours. Retail and service uses		building
than big-box retail or a		closer to Main Street or I-	cater primarily to the people who		• Housing for a variety of
single-use corporate		405.	live and work in the new		family sizes and income
campus.		b. Allow sites to achieve a	development and in the		levels
		floor area ratio (FAR) of up	immediately surrounding		<ul> <li>Maximum square</li> </ul>
			community. Future TOD on sites		footage for building

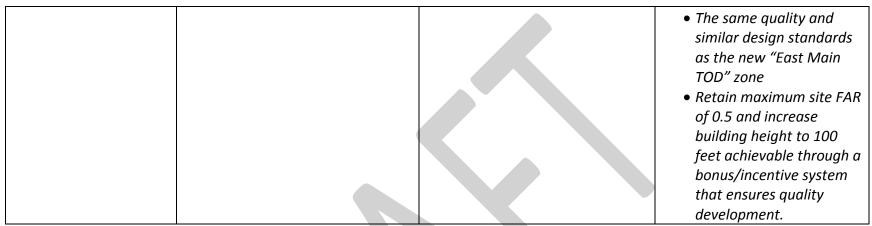
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Ontimize use of the	to 10 using a	north of CE Cth Streat are	footprints floor platos
Optimize use of the	to 4.0 using a	north of SE 6 <sup>th</sup> Street are	footprints, floor plates
station with land uses	bonus/incentive system.	anticipated to accommodate	and retail space
that increase potential	4. Allow redevelopment of OLB	similar redevelopment and	<ul> <li>Retail and service uses</li> </ul>
ridership.	south of SE 6 <sup>th</sup> Street at a scale	include more community and	scaled to primarily serve
	greater than current zoning but	recreational uses as well.	the immediate
*Encourage	less than new zoning in OLB		community and located
development that is	between SE 6 <sup>th</sup> and Main St:	New residential buildings are	within pedestrian areas
integrated into the	a. Allow building heights of up	located along 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE	to generate street-level
station and/or	to 150 feet.	and provide housing for a variety	activity
neighborhood and	b. Allow sites to achieve a FAR	of family sizes and income levels	• Maximum site FAR of 4.0
includes housing as well	of up to 2.0 using a	located. Residential towers are	and building height of
as other uses and	bonus/incentive system.	located adjacent or close to Main	200 feet – both of which
higher urban scale	5. Design mixed-use development	Street. The upper floors of taller	can only be achieved
densities.	that emphasizes walking,	residential and non-residential	through a bonus/
	bicycling and transit use as	buildings farther south of Main	incentive system that
	ways to maximize investment	Street are stepped back from	ensures quality
	in light rail and reduce the	112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to maintain a	development.
	number of automobile trips.	more pedestrian scale.	d. Revise the standards for
	6. Analyze critical intersections		the "OLB" zone between
	near the redevelopment area	New mixed use development and	112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE, SE 6 <sup>th</sup>
	for potential traffic impacts	adjacent street enhancements	Street, SE 8 <sup>th</sup> Street and
	and design options to maximize	encourage walking, bicycling and	114 <sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to allow
	safety and balance mobility of	transit use to reduce the need for	for a broader mix of uses
	pedestrians, bicyclists, transit	single-occupant vehicle trips in	and taller buildings to
	riders and motorists.	and around the redevelopment	enhance the limited
		area.	redevelopment potential,
			including:

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\*From Light Rail Permit CAC Design Advisory Statement

I. ISSUE/TOPIC: Future look and feel of redevelopment area.					
What design characteristics are important to include in the "new neighborhood?"					
PRINCIPLES	DISCUSSION DRAFT VISION STATEMENTS	CAC DRAFT VISION	CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES		
Be complementary to	1. Employ site and building design	Mid- and high-rise office buildings	a. Include the following		
the community by:	and other techniques to reduce	are sited closest to I-405 to	minimum design standards		
providing noise	noise from I-405.	provide a visual and noise buffer	in the new "East Main		
attenuation to the	2. Create an enhanced pedestrian	of the freeway.	TOD" zone:		
west from I-405.	experience within the		• Site taller buildings closer		
<ul> <li>incorporating a</li> </ul>	redevelopment area using a	Redevelopment areas emphasize	to I-405 or adjacent to		
significant amount of	variety of methods and facilities	the pedestrian environment.	Main Street		
trees and green	such as short, walkable blocks;	Block lengths are much shorter	<ul> <li>Use landscaping and</li> </ul>		
space into the	storefronts and sidewalk cafes;	than downtown and sidewalks	architectural design to		
development.	landscaping, lighting and street	and storefronts are active areas	minimize the appearance		

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	furniture; play areas; water	with cafes, outdoor seating, good	of the "wall effect" (i.e. a
Draw people who live	features; and plazas.	lighting and visibility for safety	solid line of building
and work in the area to	3. Place parking predominantly in	and security. Internal streets	facades) along 114 <sup>th</sup>
the redevelopment by:	structures underground or	have wide sidewalks, on-street	Avenue SE.
<ul> <li>creating an active,</li> </ul>	internal to development and	parking and narrow travel lanes,	b. Recommend that City
people-oriented	behind buildings with	all of which help to lower traffic	Council review the Mount
environment with	storefronts or building lobbies.	speeds.	Rainier view corridor in the
trees and green	4. Evaluate current and TOD		context of redevelopment
spaces and smaller	parking requirements to	Public spaces are located	goals and the CAC desire to
walkable blocks.	determine appropriate ratios	throughout the redevelopment	locate taller buildings
<ul> <li>locating parking</li> </ul>	for redevelopment.	area to provide trees and green	farther from 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue
structures away from	5. Apply principles of safe	space, passive (e.g. seating) and	SE.
the edges of 112 <sup>th</sup>	environmental design that	active (e.g. play equipment) areas	c. Re-evaluate parking ratios
Avenue SE and Main	incorporate high visibility and	that are visually interesting and	for TOD and encourage
Street.	appropriate lighting of public	appealing (e.g. fountains, art	parking to be structured
	spaces.	work) for people to gather and	underground or located
Put "eyes on the	6. Use trees and green space to	interact in a community setting.	internal to other
, station" for better	"soften" the visual dominance		structures.
security.	of building facades and paved		d. Incorporate design
	areas.		standards that create safe
Create a network of			and secure environments
streets in the			(e.g. visibility, lighting) in
redevelopment area			and around the new
with smaller blocks that			development.
support pedestrian and			
bicycle use and are well			

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connected to the non- motorized network.	
*Encourage development that is pedestrian-oriented and places an emphasis on being "a place, not a project."	

\*From Light Rail Permit CAC Design Advisory Statement

EAST MAIN CAC DRAFT VISION STATEMENT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT

#### TRAFFIC

Concerns about additional traffic and safety are addressed by ensuring residential streets serve access and parking needs of residents. The city continues to monitor and manage traffic on arterials and collector arterials. Non-residents (e.g. transit riders, downtown employees) are effectively prohibited from using neighborhood streets for parking, pick-up and drop-off for the light rail station. Neighborhood access points have been modified to facilitate vehicular access for residents, improve safety for pedestrians and bicyclists, and effectively prohibit non-residents (e.g. transit riders, downtown employees) from using neighborhood streets for parking, pick-up and drop-off for the light rail station and from cutting through on-the neighborhood-streets.

#### **PEDESTRIAN/BICYCLE ACCESS**

Pedestrian and bicycle access to the East Main Station is a safe and pleasant experience for all ages and abilities. Gaps in the network have been filled and the pedestrian environment in the neighborhood reflects the same level of planning and quality of design and materials described in the Downtown Transportation Plan. Sidewalks have been installed at all neighborhood access routes to improve pedestrian safety. New mixed use development and adjacent street enhancements encourage walking, bicycling and transit use to reduce the need for automobile trips in and around the redevelopment area. An accessible and attractive grade-separated crossing of the light rail tracks provides a way for pedestrians and bicyclists to move safely and easily between Surrey Downs Park and 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE near the intersection with SE 6<sup>th</sup> Street.

The-Main Street corridor between Bellevue Way and 116<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE is designed to be a safe and inviting east-west connection allowing pedestrians and bicyclists of all ages and abilities access to the East Main Station. The Main Street right-of-way accommodates people walking, biking, riding transit and driving and balances the needs of each mode in terms of safety and mobility.

#### CHARACTER

The newlyMain Street between Bellevue Way and 116<sup>th</sup> Avenue has been updated street has with wider sidewalks, a landscape strip between the sidewalk and street with mature shade street trees and pedestrian-scale lighting. It emulates the feel of Old Bellevue to a degree, but it places a priority on safety improvements for pedestrians and bicyclists. The north and south sides of the street provide continuity of function and reflect the different character and function of the adjoining land uses with the south side being sensitive to its residential neighborhood context.

112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE is characterized by a wide landscape buffer between the street and sidewalk. The corridor retains its green, vegetated feel and it is safe and inviting for pedestrians and bicyclists of all ages and abilities to access the East Main Station.

# EAST MAIN CAC DRAFT VISION STATEMENT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT

#### LAND USE/REDEVELOPMENT

There is a standard for quality redevelopment on the east side of 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE that is scaled to be compatible with the surrounding area, uses good site and building design to create a pedestrian-oriented environment, provides ample public spaces and landscaping, and takes advantage of the nearby light rail station to create a new, unique, high-quality neighborhood next to downtown. Taller buildings are strategically located to provide more ground-level open space, a noise buffer along I-405, eyes on the station and other public areas, and maintain compatibility with nearby single-family residences.

The Red Lion Hotel site has been transformed into a transit-oriented development with a mix of residential, office, retail and hotel uses that create an active area during daytime and evening hours. Retail and service uses cater primarily to the people who live and work in the new development and in the immediately surrounding community. Future TOD on sites north of SE 6<sup>th</sup> Street are anticipated to accommodate similar redevelopment and include more community and recreational uses as well.

Redevelopment areas emphasize the pedestrian environment. Block lengths are much shorter than downtown and sidewalks and storefronts are active areas with cafes, outdoor seating, good lighting and visibility for safety and security. Internal streets have wide sidewalks, onstreet parking and narrow travel lanes, all of which help to lower traffic speeds. Public spaces are located throughout the redevelopment area to provide trees and green space, passive (e.g. seating) and active (e.g. play equipment) areas that are visually interesting and appealing (e.g. fountains, art work) for people to gather and interact in a community setting.

New commercial development along the east side of 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE is set at the back of a wide sidewalk to create space for a landscape strip with large shade trees and businesses that cater to pedestrians. There are sidewalk cafes that generate pedestrian activity and allow ample room for circulation. New residential development is especially welcoming with similar landscape strips along the street and front stoops or building entryways that extend the setback of the building façade from the sidewalk and possibly create additional pockets of landscaping.

New residential buildings are located along 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE and provide housing for a variety of family sizes and income levels located. Residential towers are located adjacent or close to Main Street. The upper floors of taller residential and non-residential buildings farther south of Main Street are stepped back from 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to maintain a more pedestrian scale. Mid- and high-rise office buildings are sited closest to I-405 to provide a visual and noise buffer of the freeway.

# EAST MAIN CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES FOR PUBLIC COMMENT

#### **TRAFFIC**

- 1. Evaluate whether existing <u>residential parking zone (RPZ)</u> areas should be expanded or if a new RPZ should be created to cover more of the neighborhoods to the south.
- 2. Evaluate day and hour restrictions of all RPZ areas in the neighborhood to determine if they should be expanded.
- 3. Monitor pick-up/drop-off activity in the residential area once light rail is operational and implement restrictions as needed/supported by the neighborhood.
- 4. Enforce RPZ and other restrictions to ensure they are effective.
- 5. Update the city's traffic calming guidelines to lower the speed threshold for the implementation of traffic calming measures around light rail stations.
- 6. Continue to monitor and enforce access restrictions from downtown to 108<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.
- Coordinate additional traffic calming measures for 108<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE with measures for 109<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to discourage cut-through traffic and maintain safety on local streets.
- 8. Maintain the existing access restrictions at Main Street and 110<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.
- 9. Add a protected left turn signal phase for westbound Main Street to southbound 108<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to facilitate residential neighborhood access.

#### PEDESTRIAN/BICYCLE ACCESS

- 1. Complete projects identified as high priority in Pedestrian and Bicycle Plan in and near the station area, including:
  - 114<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE bike lanes (B-127 E&W)
  - SE 8<sup>th</sup> Street (114<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to east of I-405) bike lanes (B-135 N)
  - Main Street off-street path on south side, Bellevue Way to 116<sup>th</sup> Avenue (O-121 S)
  - Lake Hills Connector off-street path (O-123 N)
  - SE 8<sup>th</sup> Street (112<sup>th</sup> to 114<sup>th</sup> Avenues SE) off-street path on south side (O-130 S).
- 2. Install wayfinding—with travel times and distance—for people walking and biking to the stations and other major destinations.
- 3. Coordinate with Sound Transit to ensure multi-use path that connects the South Bellevue station to the East Main station includes wayfinding.
- 4. Evaluate the potential for marked crosswalks or other treatments to better highlight pedestrian crossings at SE 2<sup>nd</sup> Street and SE 11<sup>th</sup> Street from existing sidewalk that leads out of these streets to the existing sidewalk on the west side of 108<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.
- 5. Develop and implement pedestrian and bicycle safety improvements along the entire corridor between Bellevue Way and 116<sup>th</sup> Avenue.
- 6. Install sidewalk on at least one side of SE 16<sup>th</sup> Street from Bellevue Way to 108<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.
- 7. Install sidewalks to fill gaps and improve safety on:
  - 110<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE from Main Street to NE 2<sup>nd</sup> Street
  - 110<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE from Main Street to SE 1<sup>st</sup> Street
  - SE 10<sup>th</sup> Street from 108<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to Bellevue High School.

# EAST MAIN CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES FOR PUBLIC COMMENT

- 8. Install a crosswalk on Main Street for the east side of the intersection with 110<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE.
- 9. Conduct a planning level engineering study and cost estimate for constructing a pedestrian overpass or underpass of the light rail from the residential neighborhood to 112<sup>th</sup>Avenue SE in the vicinity of Surrey Downs Park and SE 6<sup>th</sup> Street. Follow-up with stakeholders on both sides of 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to determine if there is sufficient support to include in the City's future capital projects budget.
- 10. Develop and implement a design for the pedestrian and bicycle networks (e.g. walkways, sidewalks, bike lanes, signage) serving the East Main Station to provide a safe, attractive and consistent look and feel within the station area.

#### **CHARACTER**

- Develop and implement a design for Main Street that emphasizes safety and incorporates aspects of the look and feel of Old Bellevue along with wider sidewalks, planting strips, shade trees and lighting that reinforce the distinct land use context on each side of the street between Bellevue Way and 116<sup>th</sup> Avenue.
- 2. Incorporate the recommendations of the East Main Station Area Plan into subsequent studies and programs (e.g. multi modal level-of-service, corridor studies) to achieve the vision for Main Street.
- 3. Develop and implement a design for 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE from Main Street to SE 8<sup>th</sup> Street that preserves the current "green boulevard" look and feel and creates a safe and inviting environment for pedestrians and bicyclists.
- Develop and implement design guidelines for street frontage along that complements the desired design character for 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE that by allowing and encourage encouraging an active pedestrian environment including:
  - Wide sidewalks
  - Landscape strips separating traffic from sidewalks
  - Large shade trees
  - Pedestrian-oriented storefronts and activities
- 5. Develop and implement development regulations for new development with frontage along 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE that that complements the desired design character of the street by:
  - Establishes Establishing building setbacks at back of sidewalks
  - <u>Encourages-Encouraging</u> front stoops for individual residential units fronting on the sidewalk
  - Creates-Creating attractive, well-defined entrances serving multiple residential units
  - Requires-Requiring additional setbacks for upper floors above three stories
  - Requires <u>Requiring</u> taller buildings be located closer to I-405 and/or a minimum distance from 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.

#### LAND USE/REDEVELOPMENT

# EAST MAIN CAC DRAFT STRATEGIES FOR PUBLIC COMMENT

- 1. Continue to require new development to analyze and mitigate for project-related traffic impacts, including pedestrian and bicycle access and safety.
- Apply a new "East Main TOD" zone to replace the existing OLB zone between Main Street, 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE, SE 6<sup>th</sup> Street and 114<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE and that includes, at a minimum, the following standards:
  - A mix of uses within a project and/or individual building
  - Housing for a variety of family sizes and income levels
  - Maximum square footage for building footprints, floor plates and retail space
  - Retail and service uses scaled to primarily serve the immediate community and located within pedestrian areas to generate street-level activity
  - Maximum site FAR of 4.0 and building height of 200 feet both of which can only be achieved through a bonus/ incentive system that ensures quality development
  - Re-evaluate the Mount Rainier view corridor to allow the taller portions of buildings to be setback farther from 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.
- 3. Revise the standards for the "OLB" zone between 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE, SE 6<sup>th</sup> Street, SE 8<sup>th</sup> Street and 114<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE to allow for a broader mix of uses and taller buildings to enhance the limited redevelopment potential, including:
  - The same quality and similar design standards as the new "East Main TOD" zone
  - Retain maximum site FAR of 0.5 and increase building height to 100 feet achievable through a bonus/ incentive system that ensures quality development.
- 4. Include the following minimum design standards in the new "East Main TOD" zone:
  - Site taller buildings closer to I-405 or adjacent to Main Street
  - Use landscaping and architectural design to minimize the appearance of the "wall effect" (i.e. a solid line of building facades) along 114<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.
- Recommend that City Council review the Mount Rainier view corridor in the context of redevelopment goals and the CAC desire to locate taller buildings farther from 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue SE.
- 6. Re-evaluate parking ratios for TOD and encourage parking to be structured underground or located internal to other structures.
- 7. Incorporate design standards that create safe and secure environments (e.g. visibility, lighting) in and around the new development.