

The BelRed Corridor Plan

Streetscape Character, Guidelines, and Standards

MARCH 2015



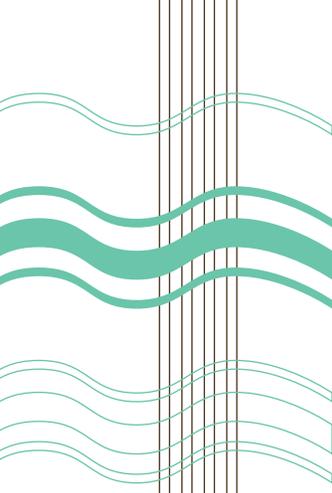


Table of Contents

1	Introduction	2
1.1	How to Use This Document	3
2	Character of the Corridor	7
2.1	Context	7
2.2	Character	9
3	Conceptual Plans and Development Standards	11
3.1	Street Types Overview	11
3.2	Corridor-Wide Design Principles	12
3.3	Arterial Streets	14
	<i>Street Organization</i>	
	<i>Overlooks</i>	
	<i>120th Avenue NE – Stage 1</i>	
	<i>120th Avenue NE – Stage 2</i>	
	<i>120th Avenue NE – Stage 3 and 4</i>	
	<i>NE 4th Street</i>	
	<i>NE 6th Street Extension</i>	
	<i>124th Avenue NE</i>	
	<i>NE 15th/16th Street</i>	
3.4	Local Streets	36
3.5	Retail Streets	40
3.6	Green Streets	44
4	Streetscape Elements	73
4.1	General Overview	73
	<i>Seating: Backless and “Backed” Benches</i>	

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Pedestrian-Scale Lighting
Pedestrian Pavement
Tree Grates
Street Tree Root Zone Protection
Newspaper Boxes
Power and Signal Cabinets
Vault Lids, Manholes, and Grates
Wayfinding

5	Public Art	100
5.1	Comprehensive District Recommendations	100
6	Graphics	108
6.1	Graphic Considerations	108
	Graphic Application Examples	
7	Details Drawings	121

1

Introduction

Goal is to distill the character of BelRed and guide its expression in the streetscape.

The 2008 BelRed Subarea Plan establishes a vision for the reshaping of BelRed into a vibrant and sustainably developed area that accommodates high-technology and other forms of business, provides dense transit-oriented retail and residential development, and restores riparian corridors to provide habitat and open space recreation.

This transformation is spurred by the catalyst of Sound Transit's East Link Light rail alignment, and guided by the Bellevue Land Use Code, *Part 20.25D – BelRed*. This amendment provides guidelines, standards and code requirements for new development in BelRed, but does not illustrate planned street types nor make specific recommendations about what aspects of BelRed's character should be expressed through streetscape design.

Part 20.25D – BelRed identifies a total of five street typologies within the Corridor: Local Streets, Retail Streets, Green Streets, Arterials, and a Transit Boulevard. Transit Boulevard design will be developed under standards produced by the NE 15th/16th Street Project. This plan, the BelRed Corridor Plan/Streetscape Character and Design Guidelines, addresses Arterials, Local Streets, Retail Streets, and Green Streets. It intended to supplement *Part 20.25D – BelRed*, and accomplish four primary objectives:

- Identify qualities of BelRed's past, present and future character that can be expressed graphically in certain elements in the street matched with a complimentary palette of materials;
- Provide new development with a set of guidelines on how a palette of street elements and materials can express BelRed's overall character as well as the unique qualities of subdistricts; this expression will occur through unique public art, street furniture, plantings and the configuration of new streets and sidewalks;
- Provide new development with a set of physical design templates for Local, Retail and Green Streets, at a block scale, to guide the arrangement of all elements in the district's rights-of-way; new development will be responsible for construction of much of the district's new street system as projects are implemented.
- Provide City staff and their design teams with a set of physical design templates for use in BelRed's arterials.

1.1 How To Use This Document

This document addresses four major topics: the establishment of BelRed’s character and the design language that conveys that character, a discussion of the role public art will play in creating identifiable, vital places within BelRed, the development of prototypes for the different street typologies, and specific street furnishing recommendations that are consistent with the district. Specifically:

Part 2: Character of BelRed

An assessment of the aspects of the BelRed’s character that should be expressed as a basis for design in the district’s transformation. Topics include history, culture, arts, land use, natural features and technology.

Part 3: Conceptual Plans and Development Standards

Section includes physical design templates for Local, Retail, and Green Streets (as identified in Bellevue Land Use Code, Part 20.25D.140). Each typology provides a statement of design intent, a character illustration, a typical section, a block plan, and precedent photos of similar streets to give the developer a sense of the desired character of that street. These templates are a starting point and may be adapted by developers, with City approval, to fit existing conditions and capitalize on opportunities unique to each development. Part 4 also provides physical design templates for City staff and their design teams to implement in the development of arterials and includes street-by-street recommendations for the incorporation of specific design treatments.

Part 4: Streetscape Elements

Section provides a palette of streetscape elements for each street typology that expresses BelRed’s character as described in Part 2. The development of BelRed will take place over a number of years, and during that time specific products recommended in this document may go out of production, while other suitable products may be developed. This is intended to be a “living/working” design manual to which specific products may be removed or added over time, in both hard copy and web-based versions.

Part 5: Public Art

Section examines the role public art can play in expressing BelRed’s evolving character. Along with the expansion of light rail through the Corridor and catalyst projects called for in code, public art and the development of an arts district is seen as a way to jump start the transformation of the Corridor by creating a new degree of vibrancy and community. A study of public art opportunities is presented to identify ways the Corridor’s character may be interpreted and where these interpretations may occur to best initiate transformation of the Corridor and compliment anticipated development.

Part 6: Graphics

Graphics addresses the development and application of the graphic elements that convey the character of BelRed. Material from a series of charrettes is presented and interpreted into a graphic theme that forms the basis for design elements to be incorporated into new development in BelRed's public realm.

Part 7: Detailed Drawings

Section includes a collection of documents showing how the prescribed graphic character has been interpreted by a range of projects under development in BelRed. This collection of material is intended to serve as a record of urban design in the Corridor as well as an inspiration to future developments on how to interpret and express BelRed's unique character.

GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS

This document makes design-based recommendations that are indicated as either Guidelines or Standards, and also relies on standards already in place, such as the City of Bellevue Transportation Design Manual, federal accessibility standards, etc.

When a design treatment is identified as a Guideline, it is meant to be a suggestion that serves as a point of departure for the Developer's design team. Guidelines are flexible in nature, and are intended to provide design latitude so that a variety of treatments, each unique but also cohesive as a whole, are developed by different teams working in BelRed.

Design treatments identified as standards must be adhered to. Departures from standards may be permitted but will require approval from the City. The standards identified in this document are intended to compliment, not supersede, standards already in place.

Throughout this document recommendations that are guidelines will be marked with this **Guidelines** symbol: 

Recommendations that are Standards will be marked with the "**Standards**" symbol: 

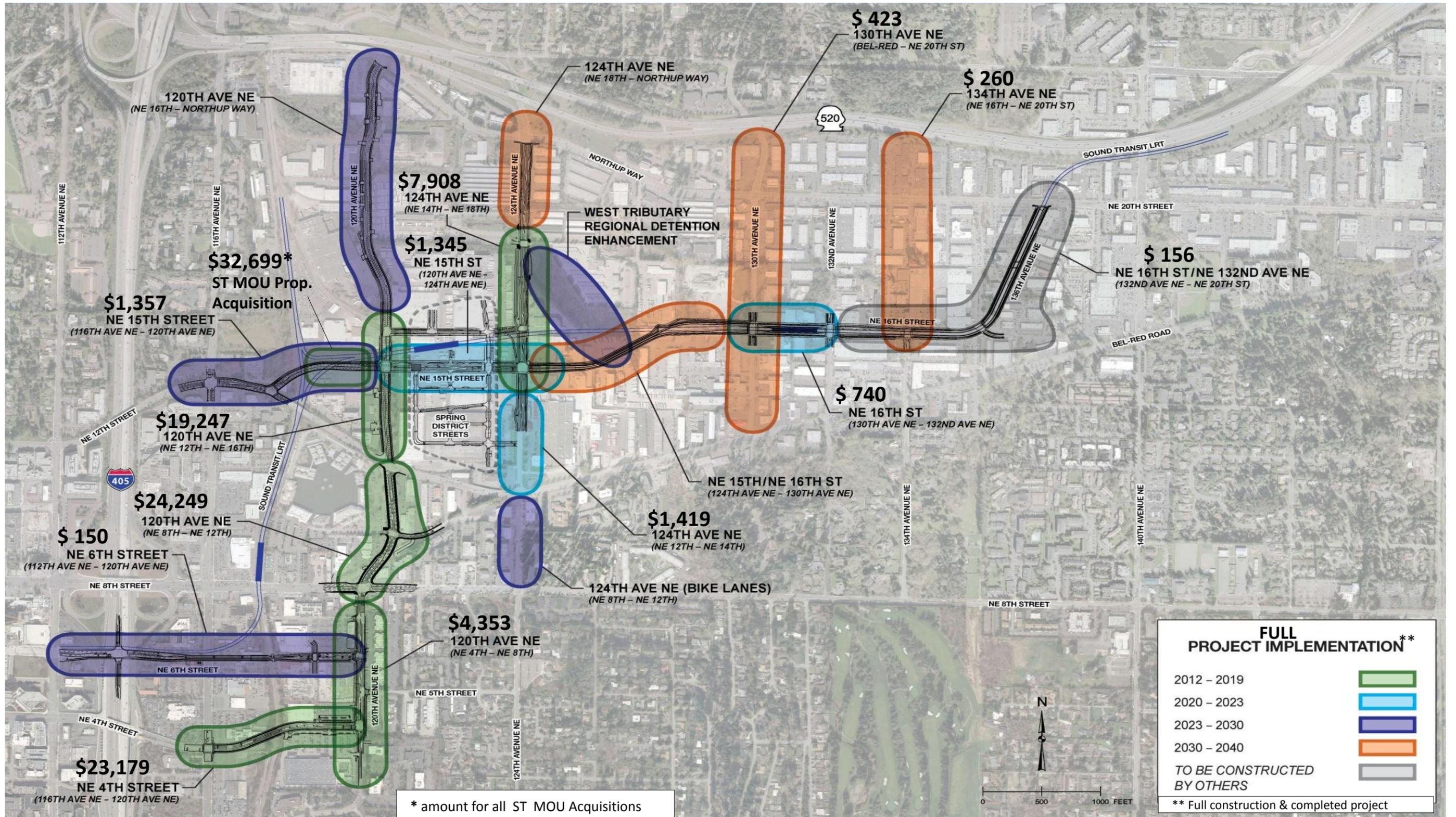


FIGURE 1.1.1

Character of Belred

2.1 Context

The process of identifying the character of the BelRed Corridor began with an investigation of its context. Three broad themes were identified as particularly relevant to the Corridor's character:

Industrial

As it exists today, BelRed is the largest industrial/light industrial area in the City of Bellevue. The west portion has large industrial sites such as the Safeway distribution facility, the Coca-Cola bottling plant, the Metro yard, and the Cadman plant. To the east of these large industrial sites are smaller light industrial uses, many of which have a retail component to them.

BelRed Character Workshop

These "mood" boards, above, were created to stimulate discussion about the character of BelRed. This started the development of a BelRed design language that can be applied to physical features, and printed and digital media.



FIGURE 2.1.1

Natural

BelRed has significant natural underpinnings. It is transected by six water courses. Some already have significant green belts around portions of their course (West Tributary and Valley Creek), while the others are mostly channelized and underground. The BelRed Sub-Area Plan calls for the daylighting of these important natural features, and will reestablish important habitat corridors for fish, fowl, and other wildlife. It is envisioned that these greenbelts will provide a sense of boundary to each of the development nodes. They will be conspicuous as one moves through the corridor, particularly by foot or bicycle as one crosses these areas at-grade, and by rail, as one looks into them from elevated rail structures.



FIGURE 2.1.2

Modern

The major catalyst for the redevelopment of BelRed will be the expansion of the Link Light Rail system across the Eastside and through BelRed. Stations at the Spring District development and at approximately 130th Avenue Northeast will transform these areas to high-density employment and residential centers with connections to established communities such as downtown Bellevue and Redmond, Overlake, regional centers such as Seattle, and the airport. This vital linkage across the Eastside connects a number of high-technology employers, and it is anticipated that this will make BelRed an attractive location for these companies to expand to, for smaller start-ups looking for proximity to the larger companies, and for employees of these companies, who come from all corners of the globe, to live.

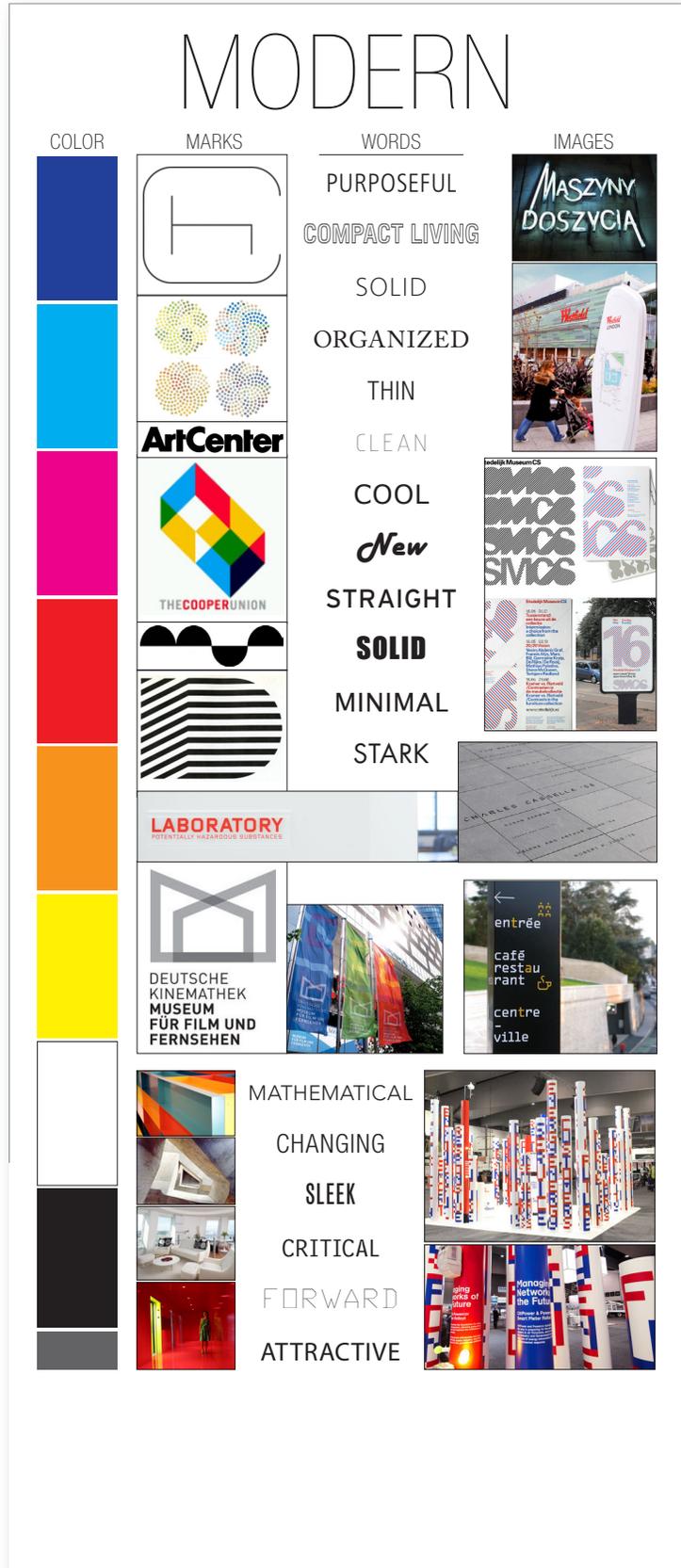


FIGURE 2.1.2

2.2 Character

With this understanding of the context in the BelRed Corridor, a series of workshops were performed as part of the work for this Plan to distill the relevant themes at play in the Corridor into a character statement and discuss how this character might be expressed in the streetscape. It was agreed upon that the Corridor's industrial setting, unique to the Eastside, and the imminent restoration and transformation of the natural systems in the Corridor are strong identifying characteristics that should be emphasized.

Equally important is the fact that BelRed will reinvent itself as one of the newest neighborhoods in the Puget Sound region. With its connectivity to established high technology businesses, it is expected to entice additional high-tech employers looking for space, and a workforce looking for residence. Increasingly, this workforce is being drawn from around the world. All of this suggests that the BelRed story should be forward-looking, and that the design language used to tell that story be contemporary and cosmopolitan.

Great consideration was given during the development of this plan to the nature of contemporary design and what it means in the context of the Corridor. Contemporary design is a reflection of its time and place. Because of the potential for the Corridor to become a very cosmopolitan neighborhood, approaches to design from around the world were considered. With society's increased awareness of sustainability and natural, renewable, and recyclable materials, Asian design motifs, with their emphasis on material and clarity of form seemed particularly appropriate. This approach to motif also draws from the historical context of the Corridor, which was settled by Japanese-American families who practiced agriculture in the area.

Given this context, the Corridor's character might best be expressed through design that references its industrial tradition and natural systems, with clear expression of materials and simple form.

“BelRed is intended to be a vibrant community defined by its creativity, connectivity, and innovation, inspired by its industrial roots, and expressing its underlying natural context through sustainable design.”

Conceptual Plans and Development Standards



G 3.1 District-Wide Design Principles

A common set of principles underlies the design recommendations made for each of the street types in BelRed. These principles promote BelRed’s character while creating streets that are safe and functional for their users. These guiding principles are listed below and manifest themselves in the specific design recommendations that follow.

Reinforce Identity While Enhancing Legibility

Design elements integrated by new development and City projects should not only reinforce the character of the Corridor as a whole, but also distinguish sub-areas within or adjacent to BelRed (e.g. Spring District, Wilburton, etc.). This can be achieved through the use of “elements of continuity” and “elements of distinction”. Elements of continuity can include design gestures such as the bar pattern common to both the BelRed and Wilburton graphics, common color schemes, and street trees to establish a sense of cohesiveness across BelRed.

Reinforce Bellevue’s Identity as a “City in a Park”

Bellevue is fortunate to have significant tree cover, and the areas immediately north and south of the BelRed Corridor are particularly lush. Effort should be made to weave this lushness into the Corridor along its streets and riparian corridors. Wherever possible, existing trees should be retained; where existing trees cannot be retained ample root zone should be provided for the health of new trees. Street trees should be used as an element of continuity that spans transition zones between sub-areas of the Corridor while using variety in the shrub and groundcover palette as elements of distinction. Shrub and groundcover beds can be used to define spaces within the right-of-way and direct pedestrian and bicycle flow. Shrubs and vines can be planted along the base of retaining walls to help reduce their perceived scale. Consider terracing taller walls and abutments to provide planting shelves. Plants in medians and planter strips can be used to help detain and treat stormwater. Plantings in, or adjacent to greenbelts and riparian corridors should be of a native palette appropriate to that ecology. In locations where these features come in contact with or cross a street, they should represent an easily identifiable change in plant material.

Reduce Clutter in the Streetscape

Design solutions should favor simplicity and the reduction of clutter on or around sidewalks, particularly at intersections. To the extent possible, make poles at intersections multi-task so that multiple mast-arms, buttons, signs, etc. are affixed to a single pole.

Create Gateways at Transitions

Transitions from surrounding neighborhoods into BelRed (points of arrival, key intersections, etc.) can be marked with major gateway elements that convey character (see Section 7 for major gateway element). Minor gateway elements may be placed at transitions between sub-areas within the Corridor. Each of these can be unique and relate to adjacent development. These treatments may include vertical markers, enhanced pavement, landscape features, etc.

Allow Riparian Corridors to Inform the Character of the Streets that Cross Them

The system of creeks that traverse BelRed are one of its defining features, and visual cues and interpretive elements in the streetscape can be provided at crossings, or where these areas are adjacent to streets, to inform passers-by of BelRed's natural systems.

Accommodate a Wide Range of Users in the Right of Way

BelRed's density, transit infrastructure, and location on a proposed major bicycle thoroughfare will encourage the use of bicycles as transportation. Streets in BelRed are intended to feed the regional bicycle network by making connections to NE Spring Boulevard. Bicycle infrastructure suitable to a wide range of abilities should be provided.

BelRed's sidewalks and paths should allow for people to pass through, or linger within, the streetscape comfortably and safely. Pedestrian movement should not be impeded by poles, bicycle traffic, etc., and open sightlines should be maintained to provide a sense of security. "Pull-outs" or overlooks should be provided at elevated structures where pedestrians and bicyclists can stop to enjoy the view, meet a friend, or even have lunch. The character graphics (see Section 6) developed in this document can be applied to sidewalks and crosswalks in a manner that gives pedestrians and bicyclists cues as they approach or enter vehicular traffic, gathering places, etc.

Provide Opportunities for Rotating Public Art

Opportunities for sculpture, installations, performance, etc., can be created by providing open spaces along the sidewalk, on walls, in the landscape, etc.

Elements of Continuity and Elements of Distinction

Elements of Continuity are elements that are intended to provide consistency across a larger area. They should follow standard details that are specific to the three distinct nodes planned in The BelRed Corridor Plan but this can be up for discussion. BelRed Streetscape Standards give direction on some Elements of Continuity, while others need refinement. Currently, we are solidifying design details and committing to locations.

Elements of Distinction help note a key place in BelRed. They are intended to be a noticeable diversion from the larger system where Elements of Continuity dominate. Locations are derived from the BelRed Streetscape Standards and policies in the Comprehensive Plan.

Elements of Continuity:

- Scoring pattern
- Asphalt intersections
- Concrete intersections
- Railings
- Lighting
- Walls
- Guard rail
- Planter strip
- Courtesy strip
- Sidewalk inlay
- Wayfinding

Elements of Distinction:

All elements listed above with the addition of Public Art, located or adjacent to:

- Key gateways into BelRed or a node in BelRed
- Riparian areas
- EastLink Rail Stations
- Key intersections of major arterials and other street types (Green Street, Shopping Street, Local Street)

3.2 Street Types Overview

This plan makes design recommendations for five prototypical street types: Arterial Streets, Local Streets, Retail Streets, East Link Streets, and Green Streets. These prototypes assume a generic block length of 300 feet, which is driven by a code stipulated maximum block frontage of 1200 feet. As station area planning evolves at the district's nodes and development occurs, real conditions will dictate layout and design of the streetscape.

The prototypical plans make recommendations for types of street elements to be provided for each street type, general layout of the various zones of the sidewalk, and street parking configuration. These plans, sections and illustrations are meant to be used in conjunction with the City of Bellevue Transportation Department Design Manual.

This document also makes design recommendations for proposed and existing arterials in, and adjacent to BelRed. These recommendations were developed in a workshop attended by several project teams working on arterial design in the BelRed and Wilburton neighborhoods and included both City staff and their respective design consultant teams. The following projects had representatives in the workshop:

- **120TH Avenue NE – Stage 1** NE 4th Street to NE 8th Street
- **120TH Avenue NE – Stage 2** NE 8th Street to NE 15th/16th Street
- **120TH Avenue NE – Stages 3 and 4** NE 15th/16th Street to Northup Way
- **NE 4TH Street Extension**
- **124TH Avenue NE**
- **NE Spring Boulevard**, Segments 1 and 2

The ideas generated by the teams may be applied not only to the arterial streets listed above, but to other arterials in the corridor, including:

- BelRed Road
- Northup Way/NE 20th Street
- 136th Place NE
- 140th Avenue NE

Arterial Streets

Along with the East Link light rail alignment, BelRed's arterials will serve as the primary means of entrance to, and movement through BelRed. Accordingly, these streets should convey the character of the neighborhood and provide a strong "threshold experience" as one enters BelRed.

Local Streets

The majority of new streets to be built in BelRed will be Local Streets. These streets are intended to support residential development through their intimate scale, generous landscape and pedestrian furnishings.

Retail Streets

Retail Streets are intended to be active corridors that support retail by providing wider sidewalks for dining and window shopping, grated trees for extra pedestrian maneuverability, and low furnishings for unobstructed sightlines to store fronts and on-street parking and loading.

Green Streets

Green Streets are seen as a specific type of local street that supports intensive residential uses, has a traffic-calmed character that is attractive to pedestrians and bicyclists and because of their east-west alignment, act as green connective corridors between subdistricts and riparian open spaces.

East Link Streets

East Link Streets provide a level of continuity throughout the East Link system while responding to the character of local areas. These streets support the light rail system, and the character of Bellevue, BelRed, and each of its nodes.

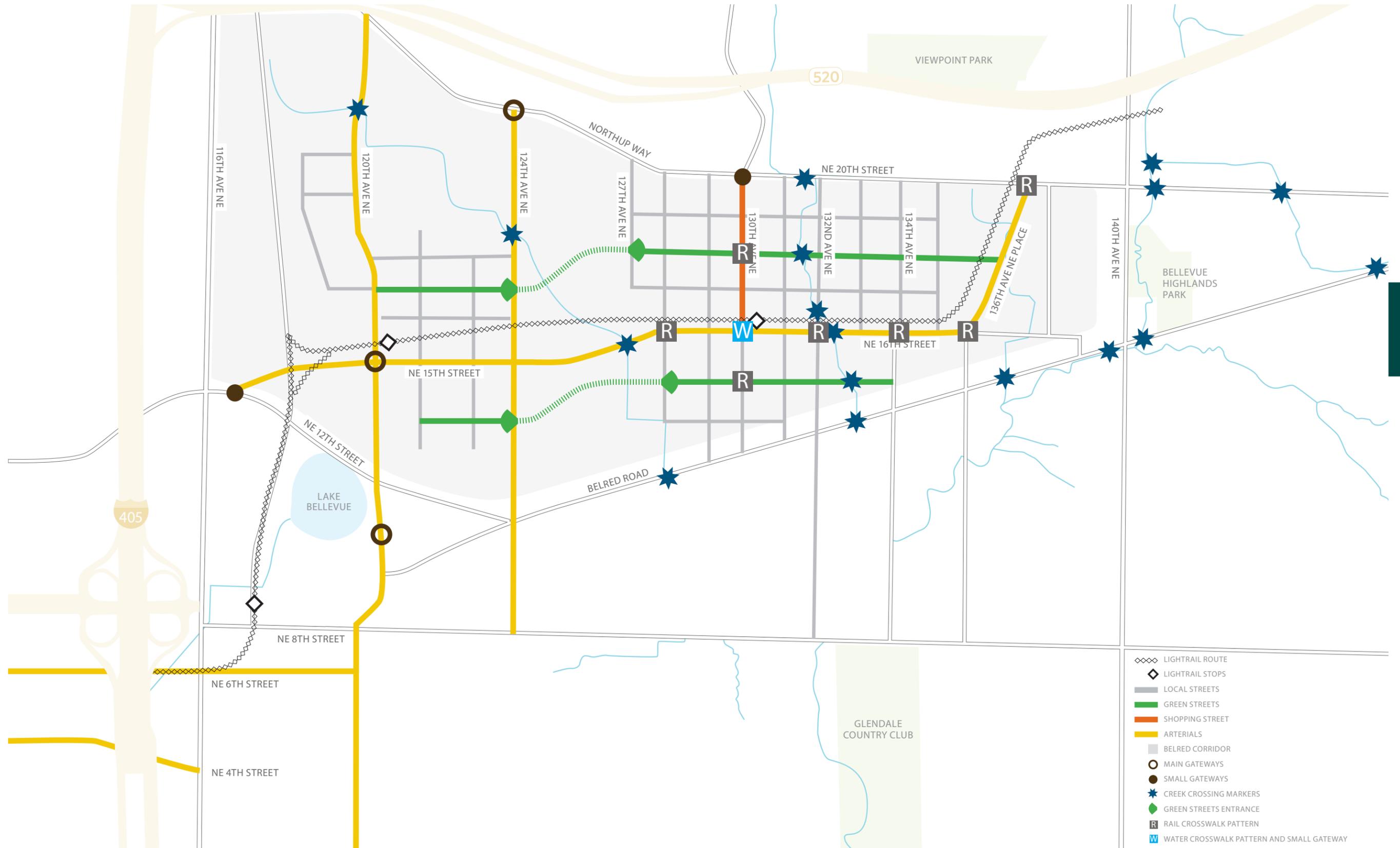


FIGURE 3.3.1

3.3 Arterial Streets

S STREET ORGANIZATION

- Develop a relatively “curbless” streetscape for bike safety through the use of rounded or stepped curbs.
- Clearly define bike lanes through color, pattern, materials and/or separation with landscape.
- Create an appropriate balance of bicycle vs. pedestrian amenity that accommodates fast moving bicycle commuters and leisurely biking/baby strolling.
- Reduce roadway cost by transferring bicycles off of expensive vehicular pavements.
- Incorporate bus stops that do not endanger or interfere with bicyclists and pedestrians.



FIGURE 3.3.1
Arterial, parking, bicycle lane, and pedestrian zones are clearly marked through materials and/or landscaping



FIGURE 3.3.2
Materials and color utilized as identifiers for pedestrian and bicycle lanes



FIGURE 3.3.3



FIGURE 3.3.4
Bus stops and bike lanes are clearly separated

S OVERLOOKS

Overlooks at Elevated Structures

- Reinforce district character through use of design elements at overlooks
- Leverage views of downtown and Mt. Rainier
- Provide furniture, public art and/or informational graphics at overlooks
- Provide spaces off walkways to enhance the pedestrian experience
- Consider integrating overlooks at bridges or significant elevation changes
- Design overlooks to create social destinations (meet-up, lunch, etc.)

Potential Overlook Amenities

- Pedestrian furniture
- Public art
- Informative graphics
- Free wi-fi
- Views to downtown and Mt. Rainier
- Night illumination of the space and the bumpout structure



FIGURE 3.3.5
Overlooks can contain greenery and pedestrian furniture



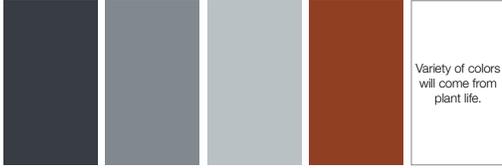
FIGURE 3.3.6
Elevation changes are opportunities for pedestrian resting points



FIGURE 3.3.7
Overlooks can incorporate art to add interest and engagement

120th Avenue NE – Stage 1 Character Application Process

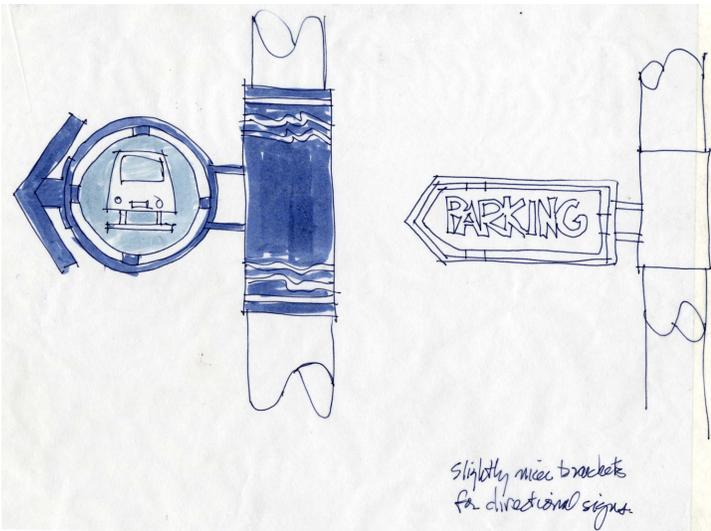
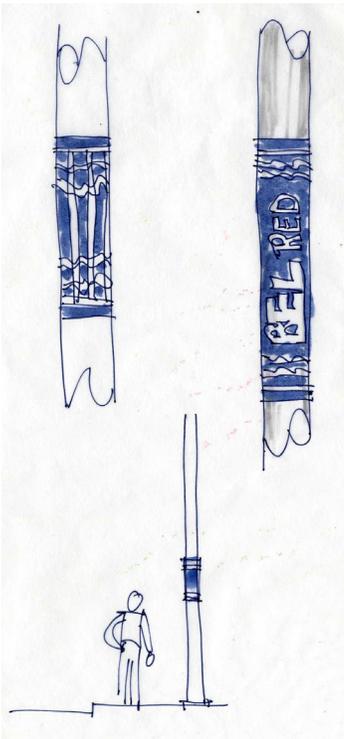
COLOR SELECTION



PATTERN INSPIRATIONS



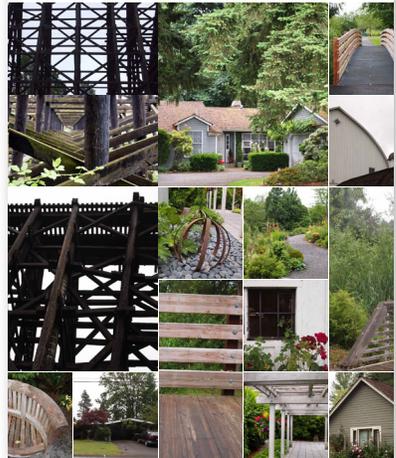
3



WILBURTON
Natural Context



WILBURTON
Built Context



G 120TH AVENUE NE — STAGE 1 (CIP NO. PW-R-161)

NE 4TH STREET TO NE 8TH STREET

- Apply Wilburton graphic treatments to sidewalks
- Provide varied finishes, trellises and climbing plants at retaining wall
- Provide decorative guardrail at west edge of proposed school bus facility
- Provide trellis screen between right-of-way and adjacent parking lots



FIGURE 3.3.13

G 120TH AVENUE NE — STAGES 2 (CIP NO. PW-R-164)

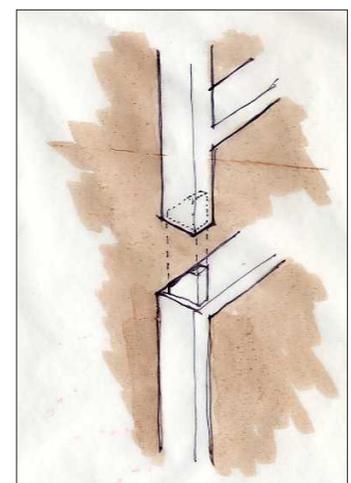
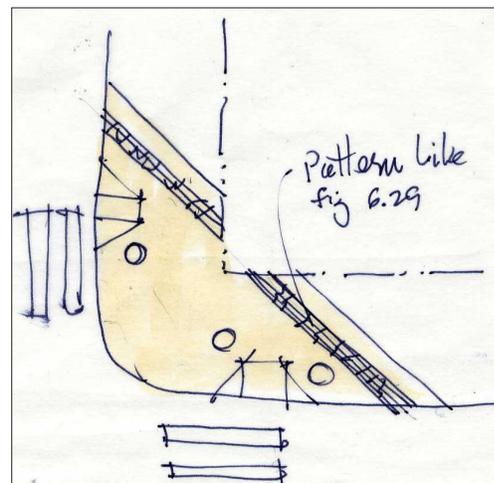
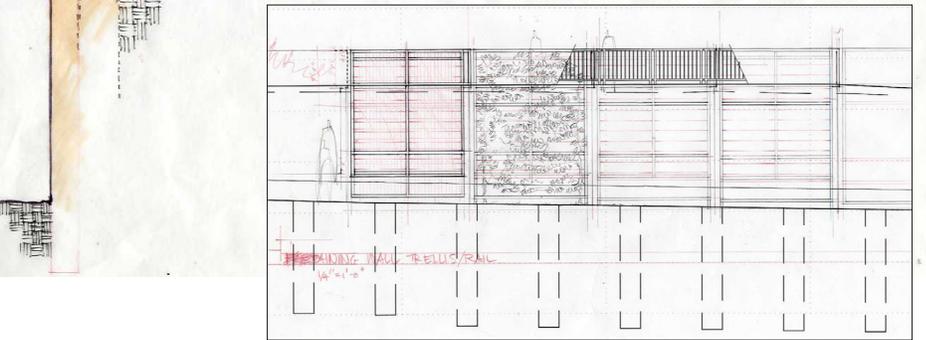
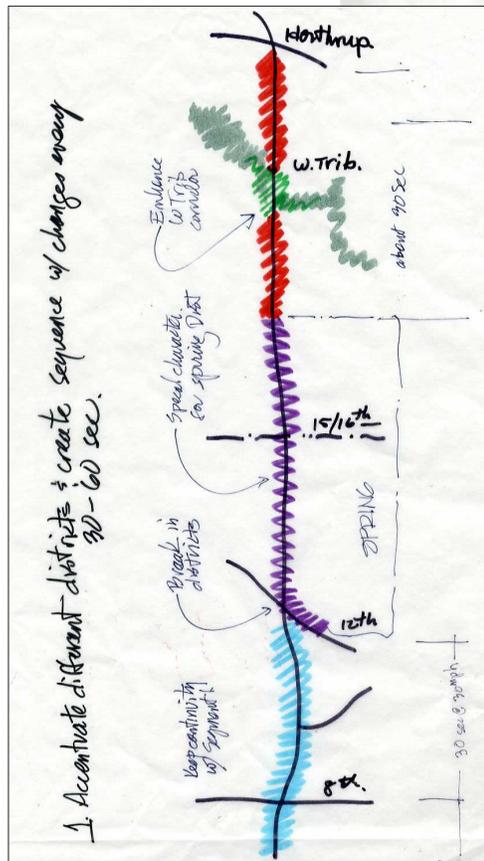
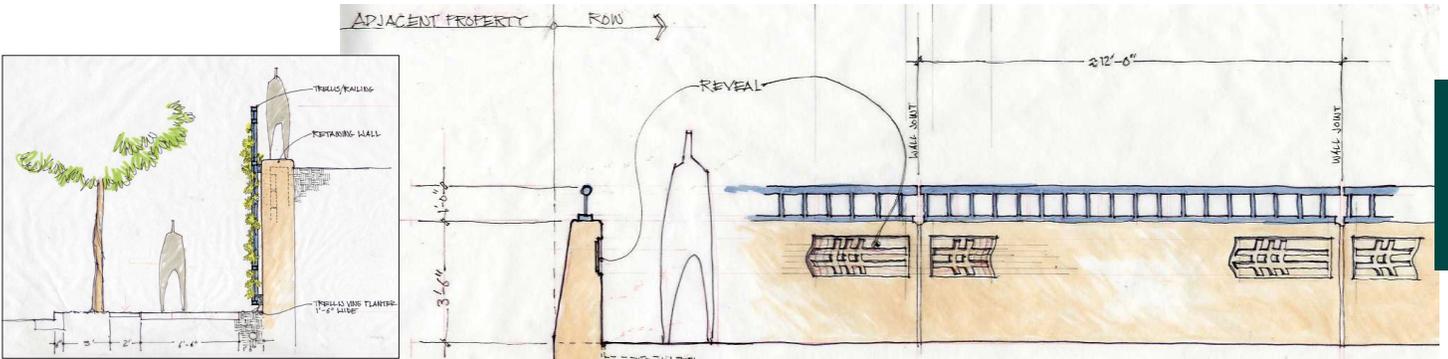
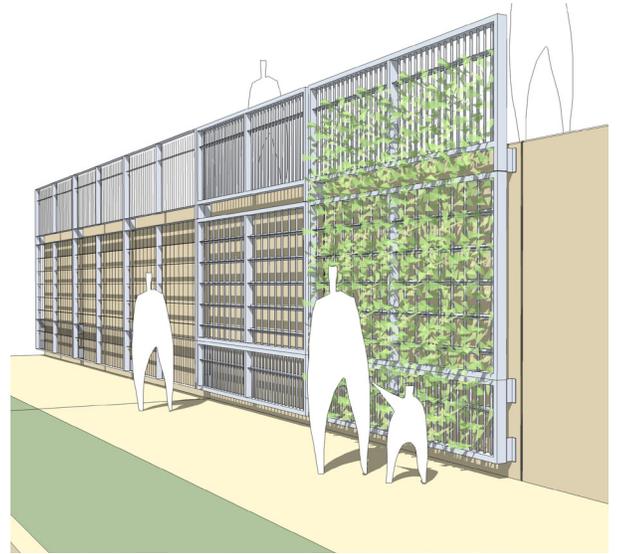
NE 7TH STREET TO NE 12TH STREET

- Provide major gateway element (see Section 7) between NE 8th Street and NE 12th Street
- Accommodate pedestrians and bicyclists in separate sidewalk zones
- Use landscaping per BelRed Landscape Standards LUC.20.25D.110
- Follow BelRed design recommendations for art, street furnishings and wayfinding
- Reduce the apparent scale of retaining walls by applying BelRed graphics and planting with climbing vines and foreground landscape where possible



FIGURE 3.3.14

120th Avenue NE – Stages 2 & 3 Character Application Process



G 120TH AVENUE NE — STAGE 3 (CIP NO. PW-R-168)

NE 12TH STREET TO NE SPRING BOULEVARD

- Highlight creek crossing (location identified by star below). Use color and texture in the sidewalk to express riparian ecology at the sidewalk level
- Accommodate pedestrians and bicyclists in separate sidewalk zones
- Use landscaping per BelRed Landscape Standards LUC 20.25D.110
- Follow BelRed design recommendations for art, street furnishings and wayfinding
- 120th and Spring Blvd utilized as a gateway to lightrail station
- Substantial pedestrian and bike friendly lighting, pathways, seating and bicycle parking for easy access to lightrail and transit hub

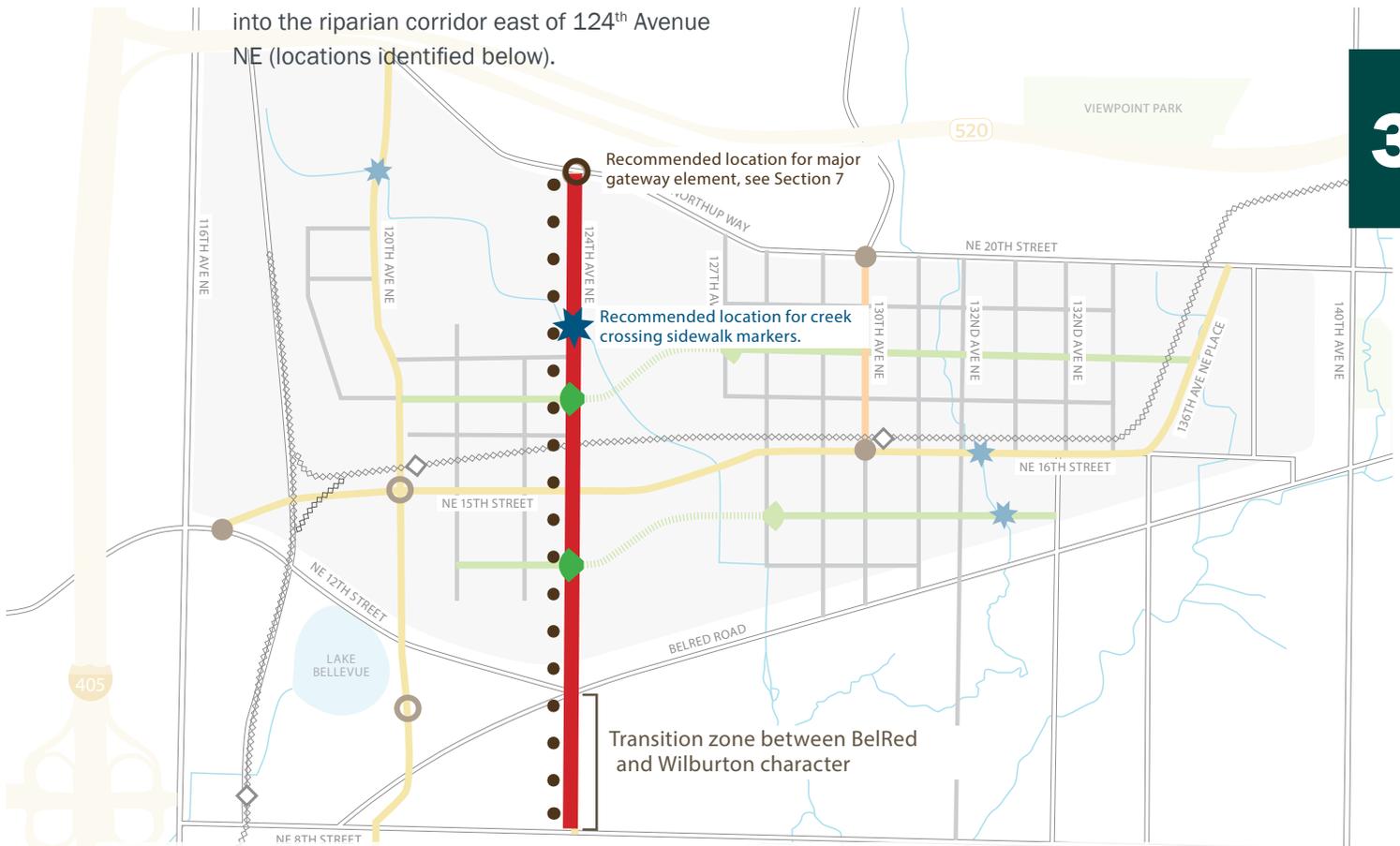


FIGURE 3.3.15

G 124TH AVENUE NE (CIP NO. PW-R-169)

NE 12TH STREET TO NE 14TH STREET

- Provide major gateway element (see Section 7) where traffic enters BelRed from Highway 520
- Highlight creek crossing (location identified by star below). Use color and texture in the sidewalk to express riparian ecology at the sidewalk level
- Anticipate heavy pedestrian traffic due to future light rail stop
- Provide for future bike and pedestrian trail crossings
- Provide distinctive built or vegetative gateways into the riparian corridor east of 124th Avenue NE (locations identified below).
- Ensure that pedestrian design solutions will be workable within interim industrial context
- Consider noise abatement strategies in the design of pedestrian amenities to mitigate heavy truck traffic
- Ensure easy access between trails, sidewalks, and light rail station
- Establish and maintain a consistent street tree theme along the length of 124th Avenue NE. Provide transition in the shrub and groundcover plantings south of BelRed Road

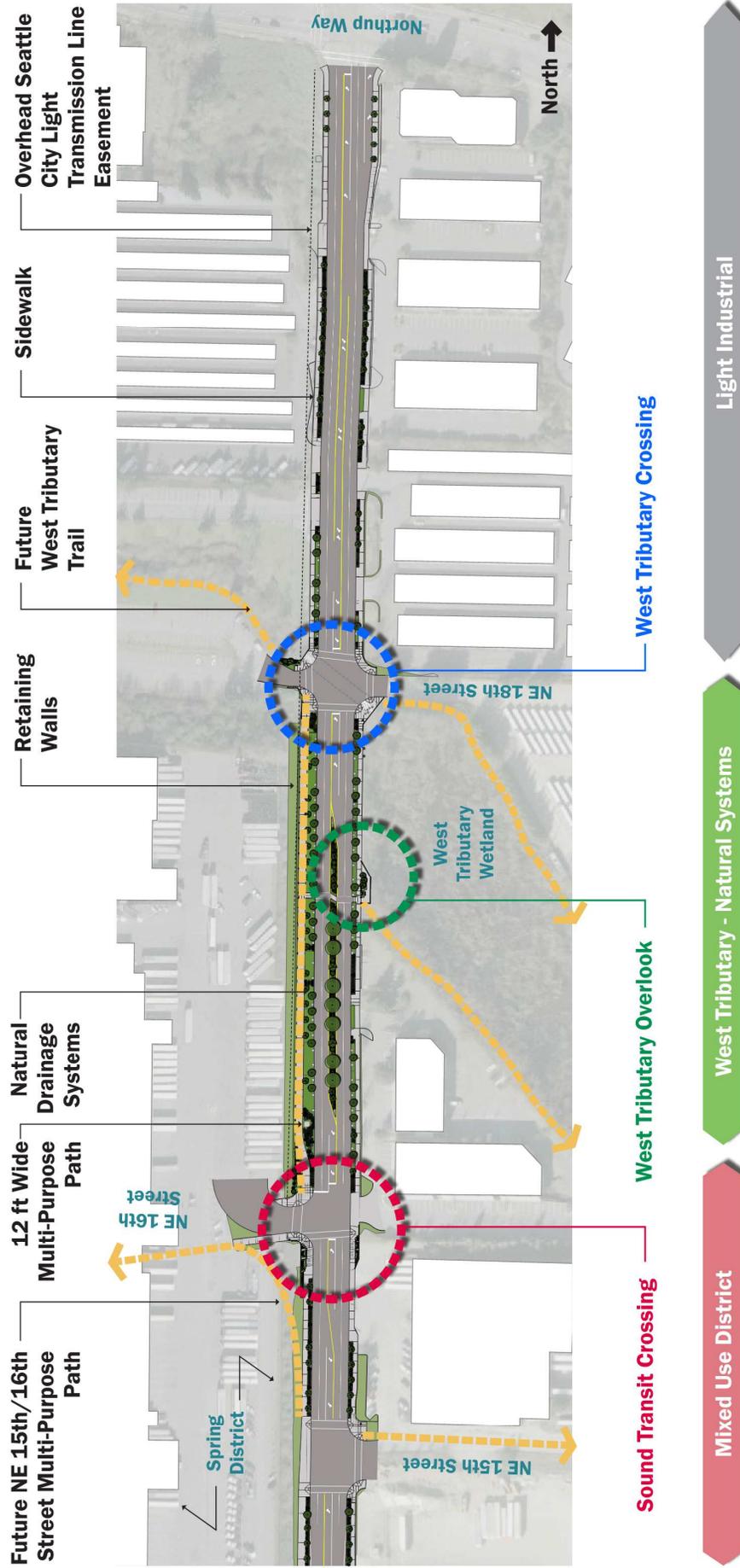


Power Transmission Lines

- Allow the power lines on 124th Avenue NE to inform, but not dominate, the pedestrian experience
- Create episodic experiences and create visual interest through the use of landscape textures to establish a human scale in the pedestrian realm
- Reduce perception of the towers by providing visual interest at eye level (art exhibits, landscaping, graphic character, etc.)
- Utilize space between transmission lines as a sound barrier (landscape, art, “glass” art elements, etc.)
- Ensure open sightlines across streetscape for safety

FIGURE 3.3.18

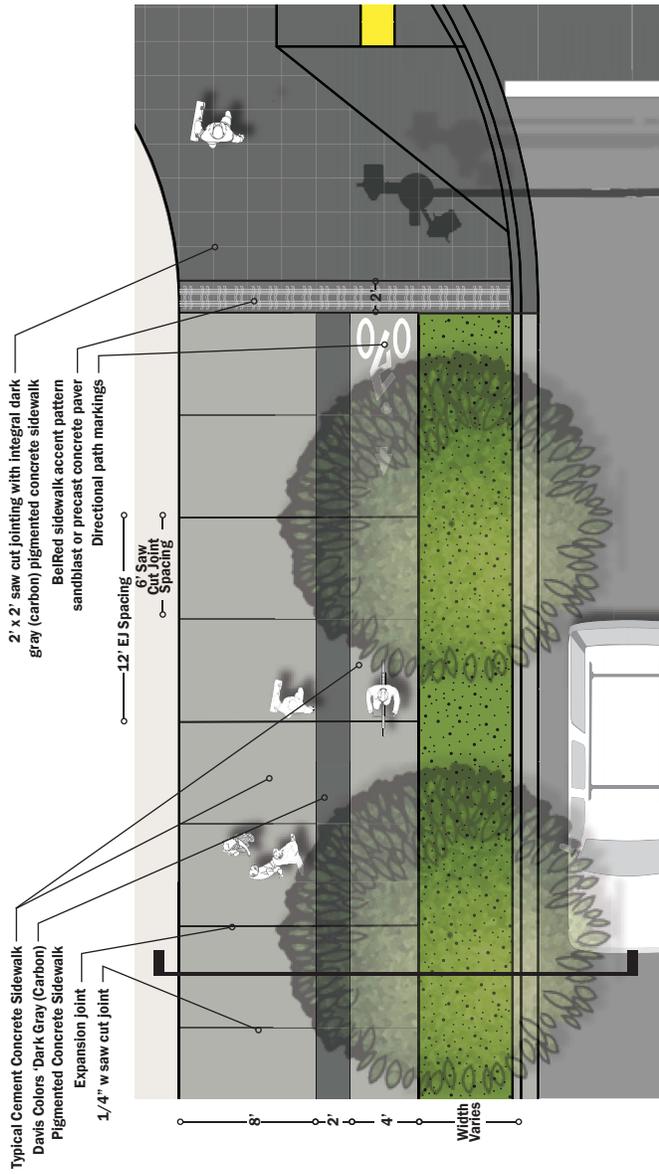
Urban Design Elements: Areas of Distinction and Elements of Continuity



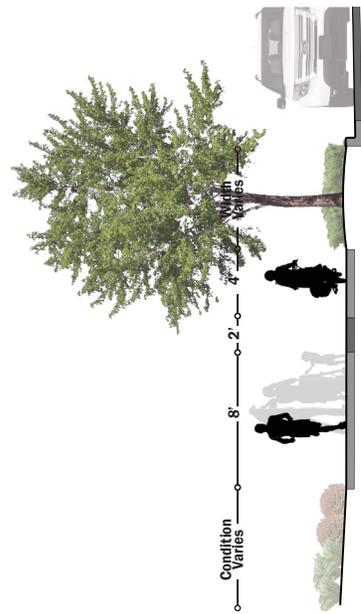


BelRed Corridor Standards

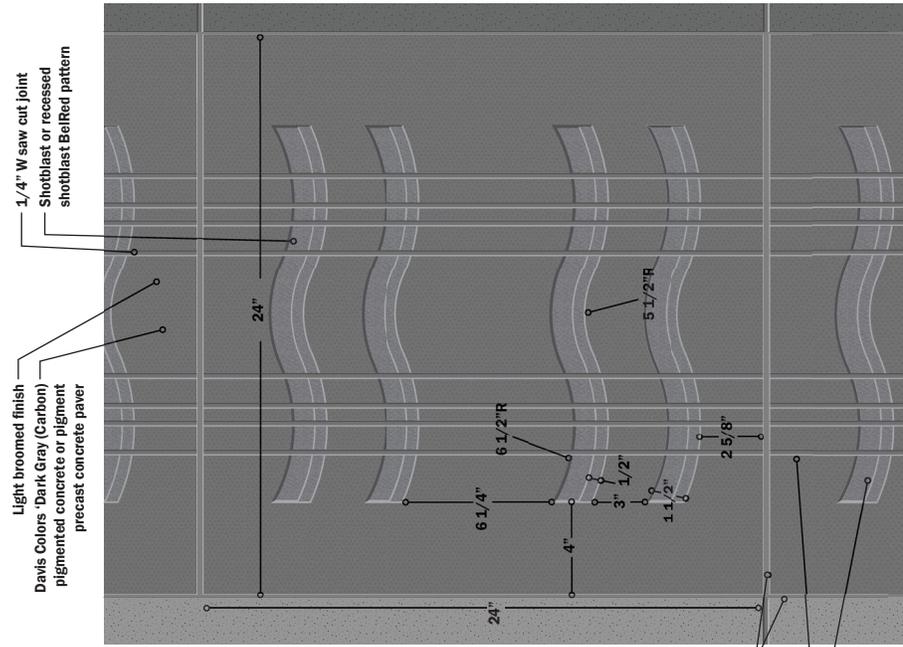
Typical Non-Motorized Paving and Scoring Standards



Typical Full Width Concrete Multi-Purpose Path



Typical Full Width Concrete Multi-Purpose Path Section



Typical BelRed Sidewalk Accent Pattern

Revised 12.16.2013



BelRed Corridor Standards



Typical Arterial Intersection Paving and Scoring Standards

Typical Intersection Paving

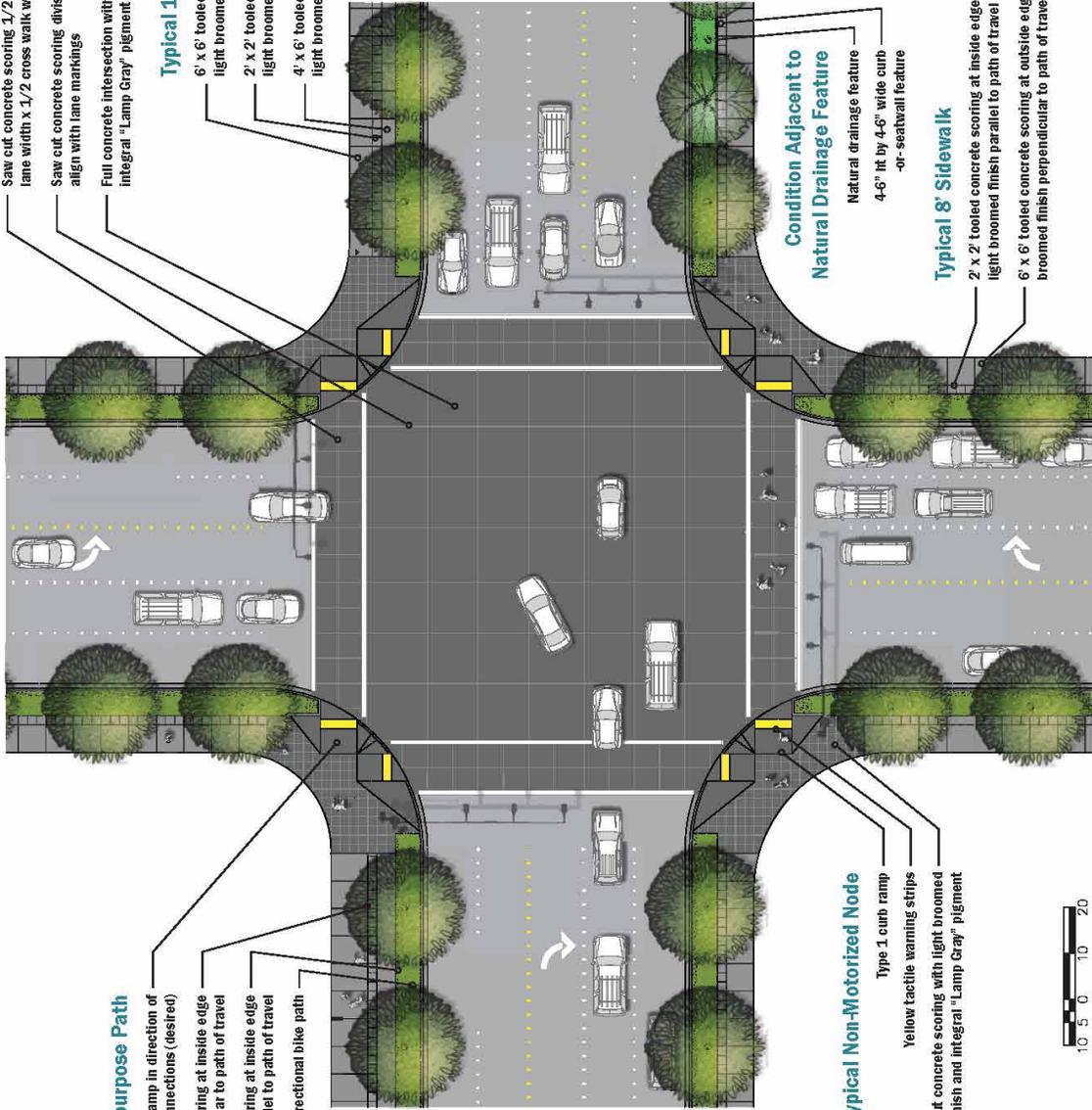
- Saw cut concrete scoring 1/2 width lane width x 1/2 cross walk width
- Saw cut concrete scoring divisions align with lane markings
- Full concrete intersection with integral "Lamp Gray" pigment

Typical 14' Wide Multipurpose Path

- Widened Type 1 curb ramp in direction of multipurpose path connections (desire)
- 6' x 8' tooled scoring at inside edge light broomed finish perpendicular to path of travel
- 2' x 2' tooled scoring at inside edge light broomed finish parallel to path of travel
- 4' wide HMA directional bike path

Typical 12' Wide Multipurpose Path

- 6' x 6' tooled concrete scoring at inside edge light broomed finish perpendicular to path of travel
- 2' x 2' tooled concrete scoring at inside edge light broomed finish parallel to path of travel
- 4' x 6' tooled concrete scoring at inside edge light broomed finish perpendicular to path of travel



Condition Adjacent to Natural Drainage Feature

- Natural drainage feature
- 4-6' int by 4-6' wide curb -or- seatwall feature

Typical 8' Sidewalk

- 2' x 2' tooled concrete scoring at inside edge light broomed finish parallel to path of travel
- 6' x 6' tooled concrete scoring at outside edge light broomed finish perpendicular to path of travel

Typical Non-Motorized Node

- Type 1 curb ramp
- Yellow tactile warning strips
- 2' x 2' saw cut concrete scoring with light broomed finish and integral "Lamp Gray" pigment

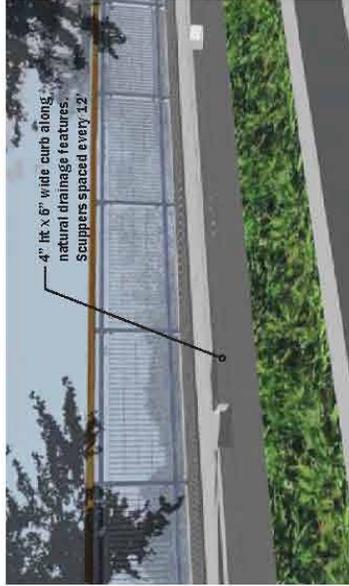




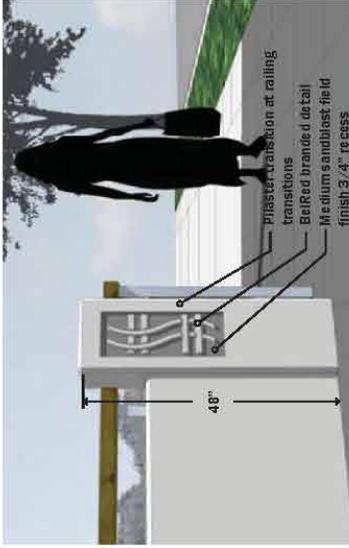
124th Avenue Corridor Improvements

Urban Design Interim Segment

Elements of Continuity: Miscellaneous Details



Natural Drainage Feature Edge Condition



Concrete Plaster Transition



Glulam Wood Bench



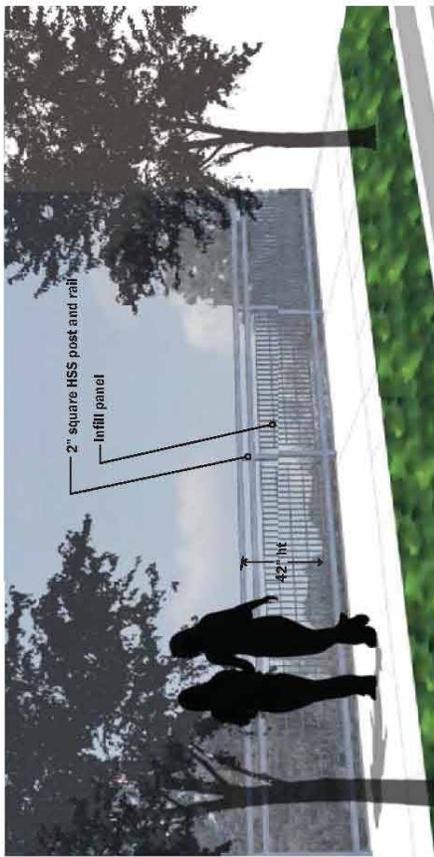
Directional Wayfinding

Released 12-16-2013

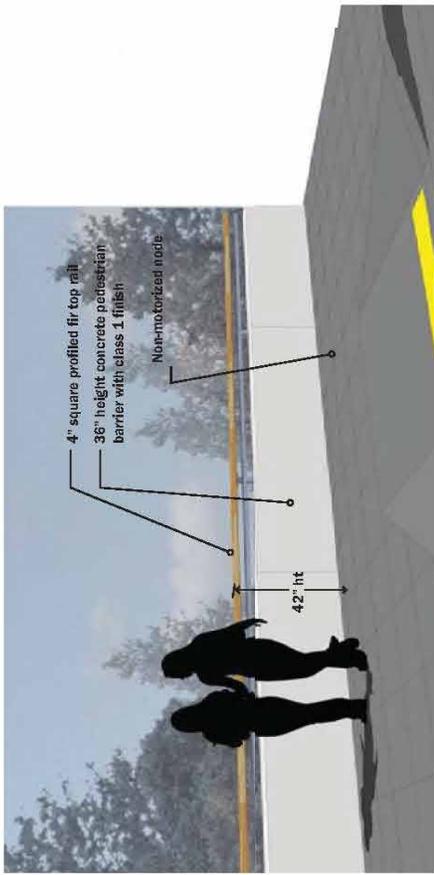




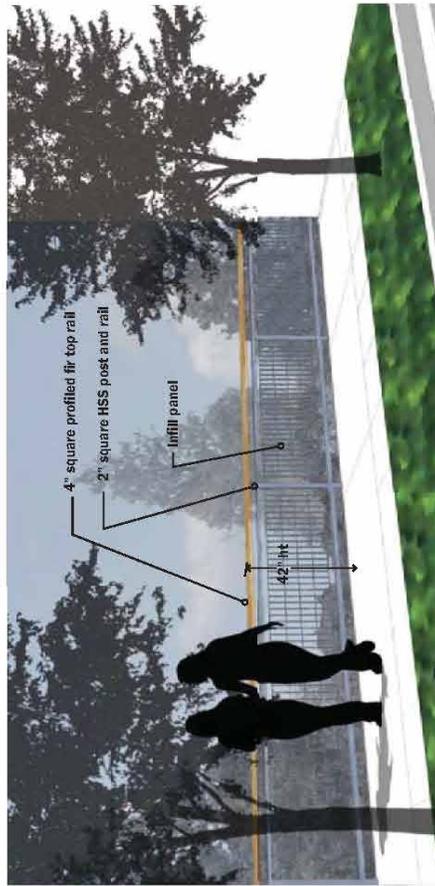
Elements of Continuity: Pedestrian Railings



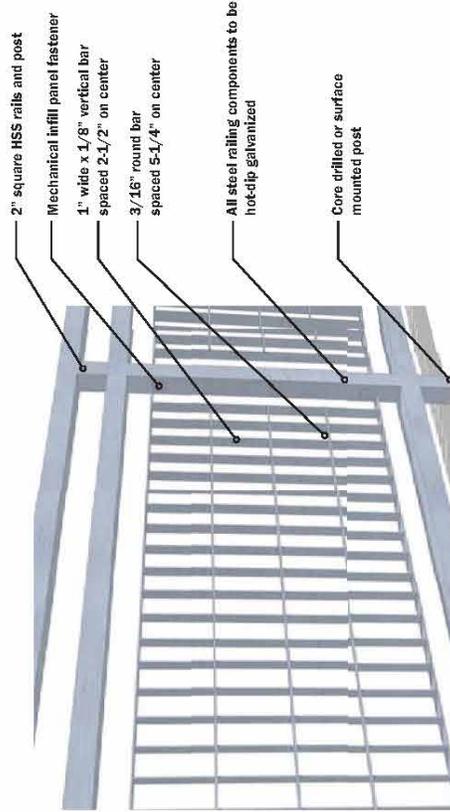
Pedestrian Railing - Type 1



Pedestrian Railing - Type 3



Pedestrian Railing - Type 2



Pedestrian Railing - With Infill Panel

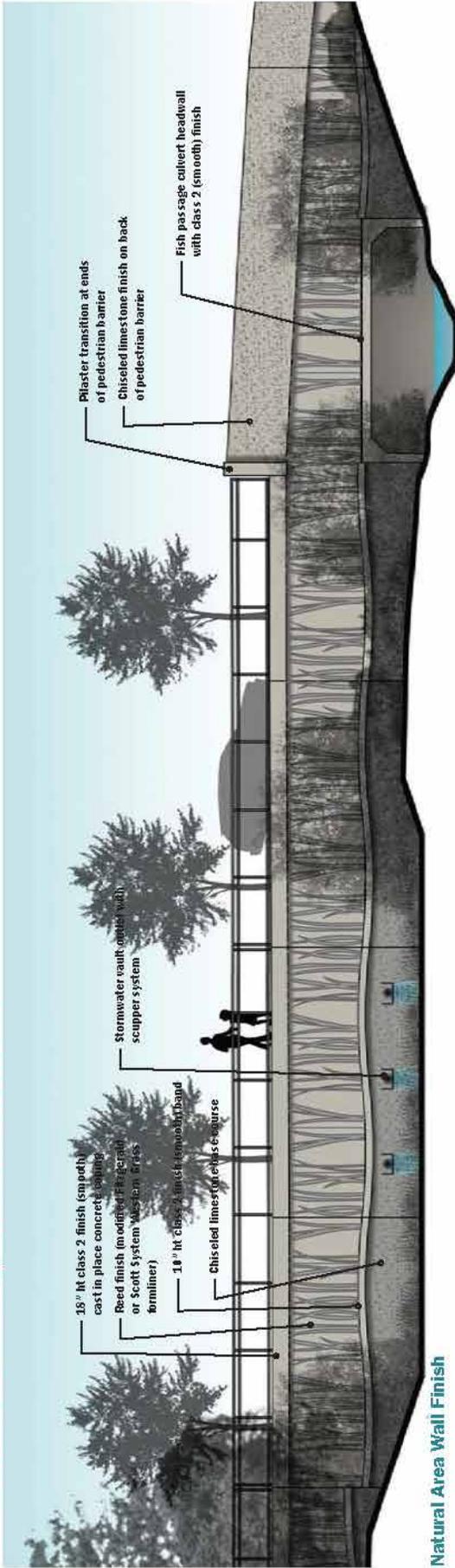
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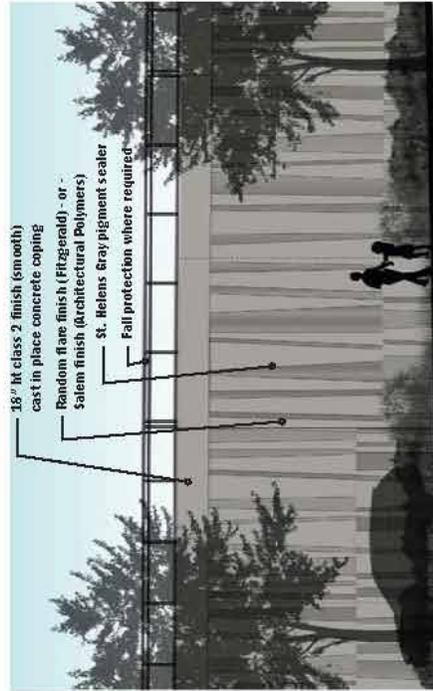


124th Avenue Corridor
Improvements Urban Design
 Interim Segment

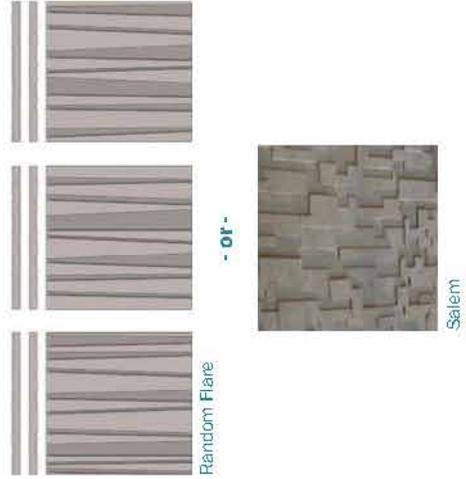
Elements of Continuity: Wall Finishes



Natural Area Wall Finish



Built Environment Wall Finish



Revised 12-16-2012

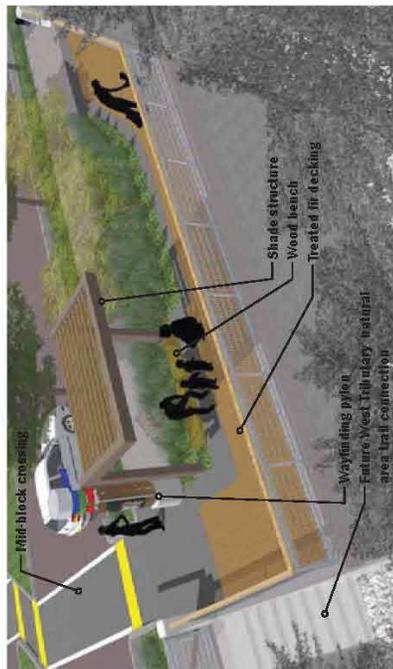


124th Avenue Corridor Improvements Urban Design
Interim Segment

Area of Distinction: West Tributary Overlook



Plan



a Bird's-eye View



b View Along Sidewalk Looking Northeast



c View of Overlook Looking Southeast



d View of Overlook Looking North

Revised 12.16.2013

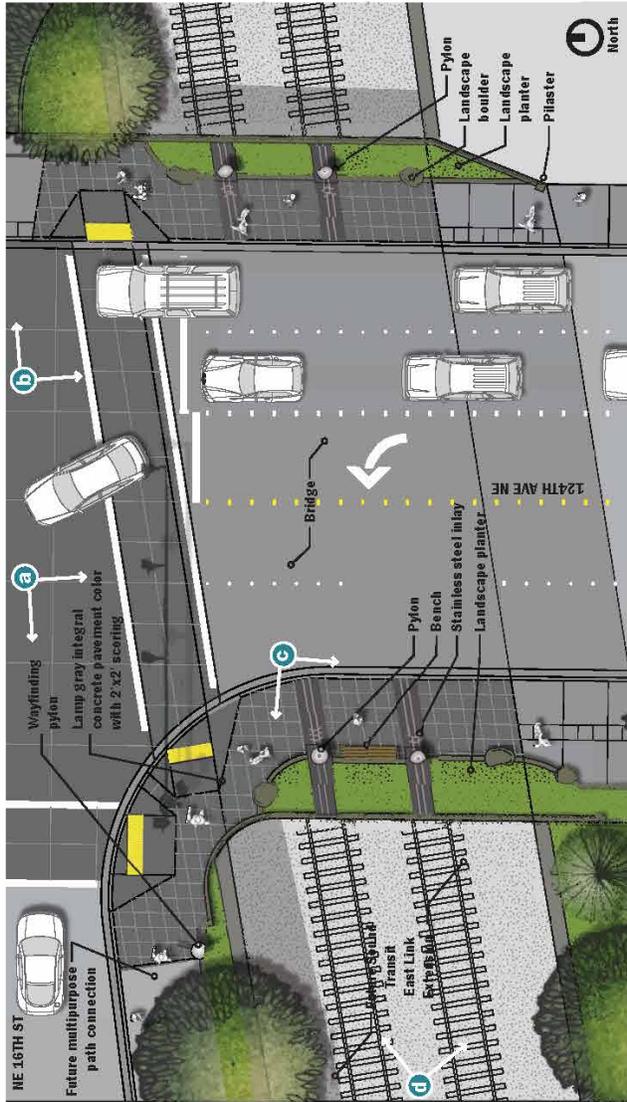




124th Avenue Corridor Improvements

Urban Design
Interim Segment

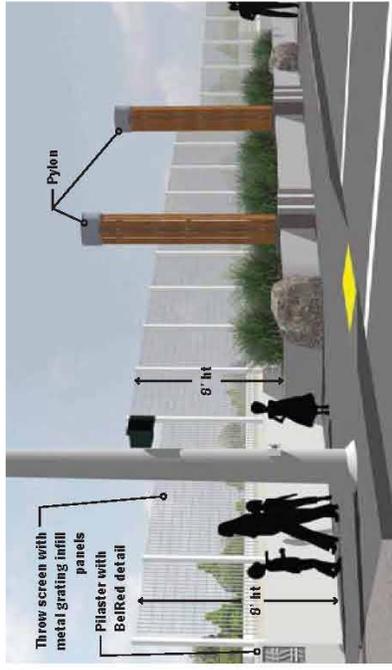
Area of Distinction: Sound Transit Crossing



Plan



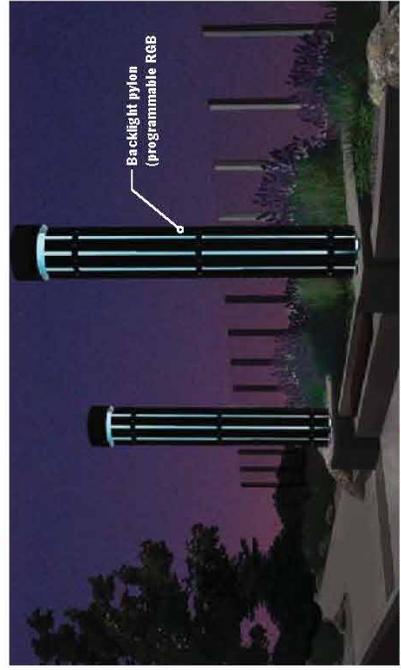
View Looking West From Across 124th Avenue NE



View Looking East From Across 124th Avenue NE



View Looking East From East Link Cut



Evening View Looking Southwest

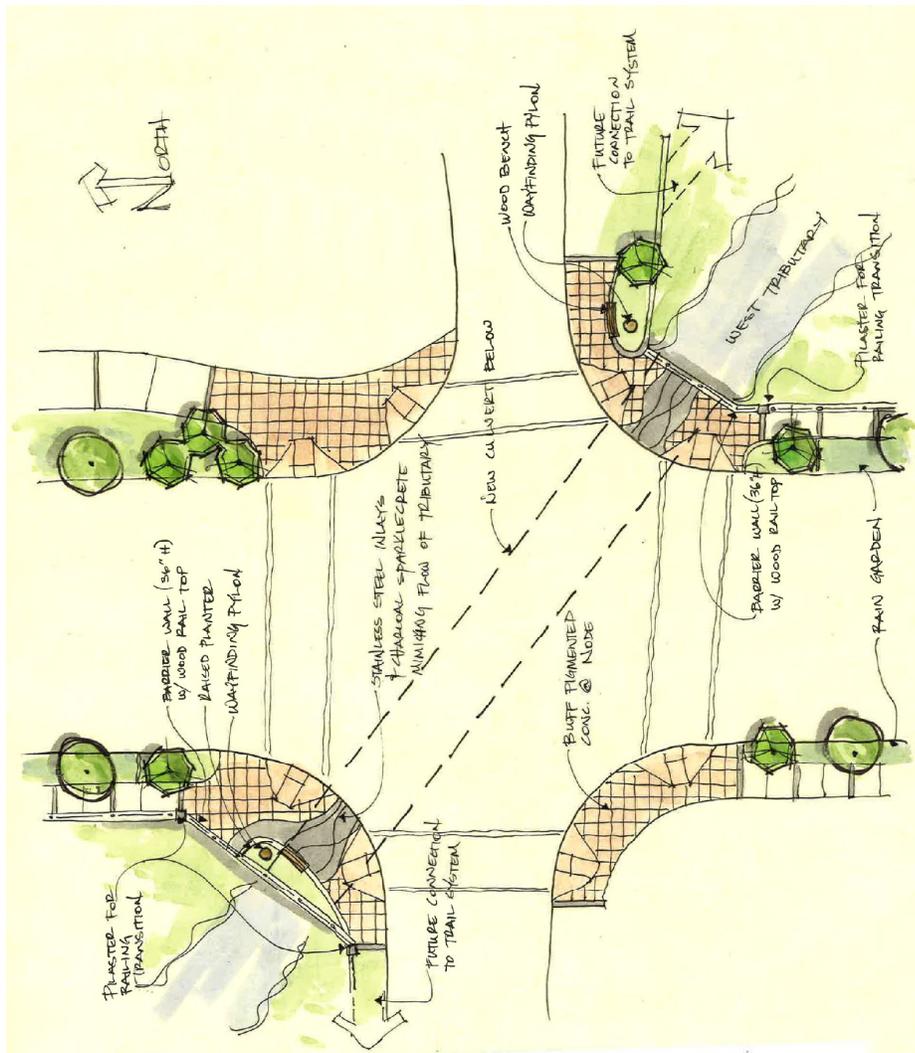
Revised 12-16-2013



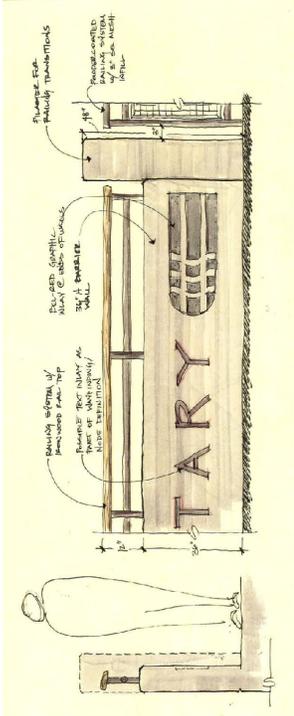
124th Avenue Corridor Improvements Urban Design
NE 15th Street - Northup Way



West Tributary Crossing Concept



West Tributary Crossing — Barrier



West Tributary Crossing...

add sketchup image

G NE SPRING BOULEVARD— SEGMENTS 1, 2, & 4 (CIP NO. PW-R-172, 173)

- Highlight creek crossing (location identified by star below). Use color and texture in the sidewalk to express riparian ecology at the sidewalk level
- Provide minor gateway element where NE Spring Boulevard meets NE 12th Street
- Accommodate pedestrians and bicyclists in separate sidewalk zones
- Establish a street tree theme. Do not carry theme tree through riparian corridors.
- Follow BelRed design recommendations for art, street furnishings and wayfinding except where superseded by Sound Transit standards in station areas
- Coordinate with Sound Transit to reduce the apparent scale of retaining walls, abutments, and guideway structures by applying BelRed graphics and planting with climbing vines and foreground landscape where possible

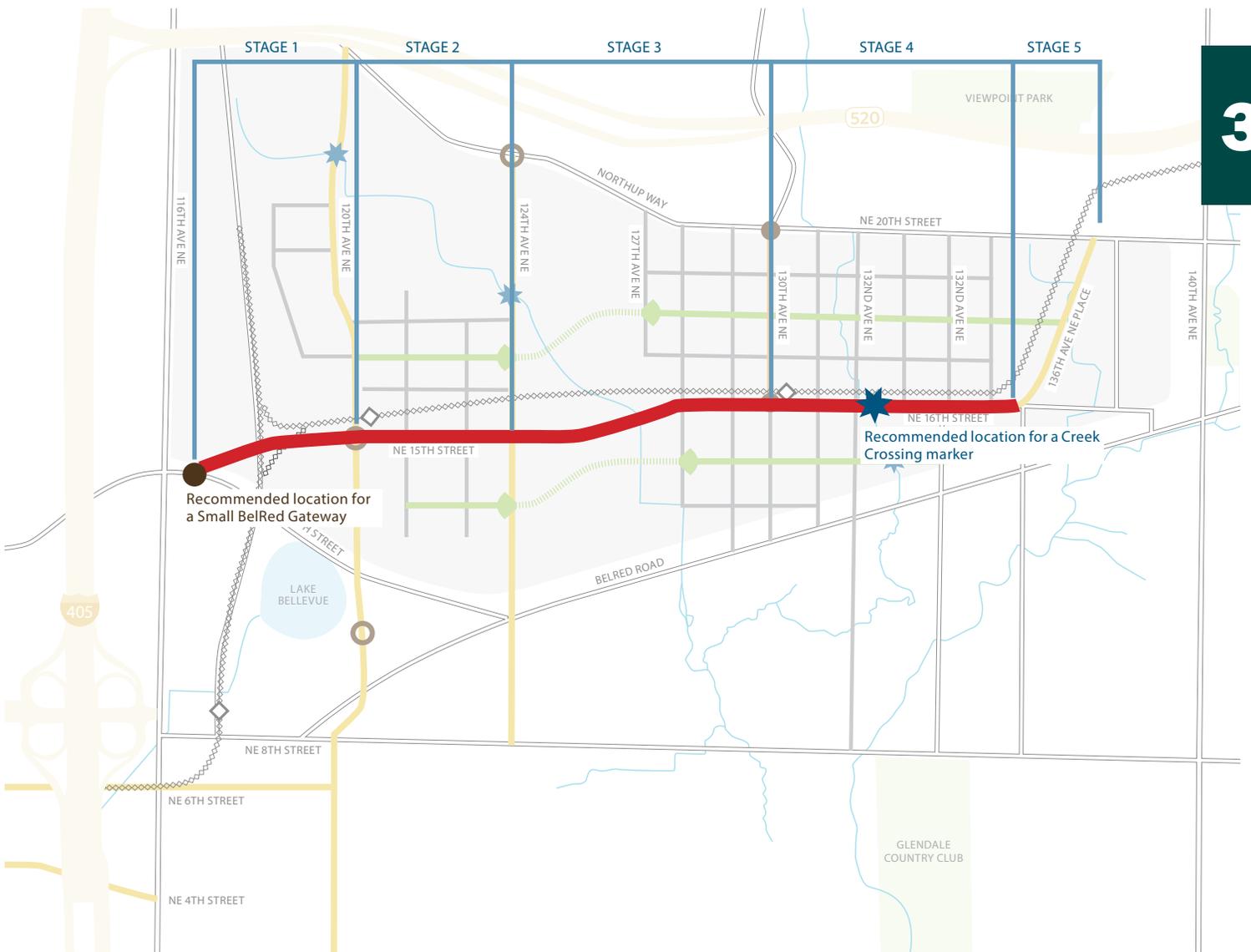
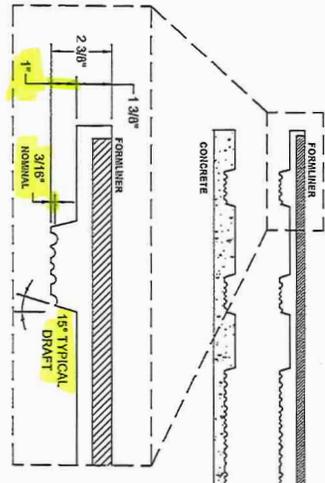
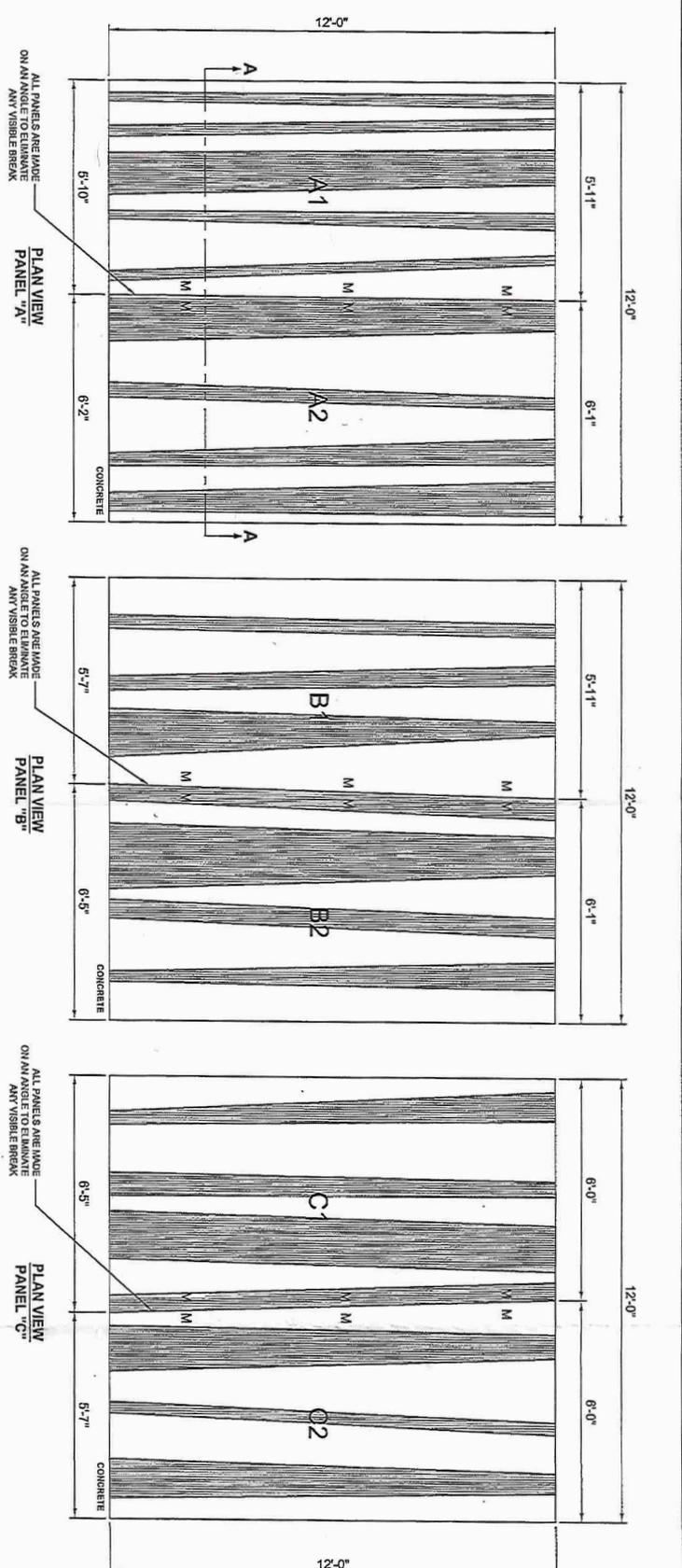


FIGURE 3.3.19



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SECTION A-A

CONCRETE VIEW

CUSTOMER APPROVAL SIGNATURE: *[Signature]*
DATE: 5/14/11

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G 130TH AVENUE NE (CIP NO. PW-R-170)
 BEL-RED ROAD TO NE 20TH STREET

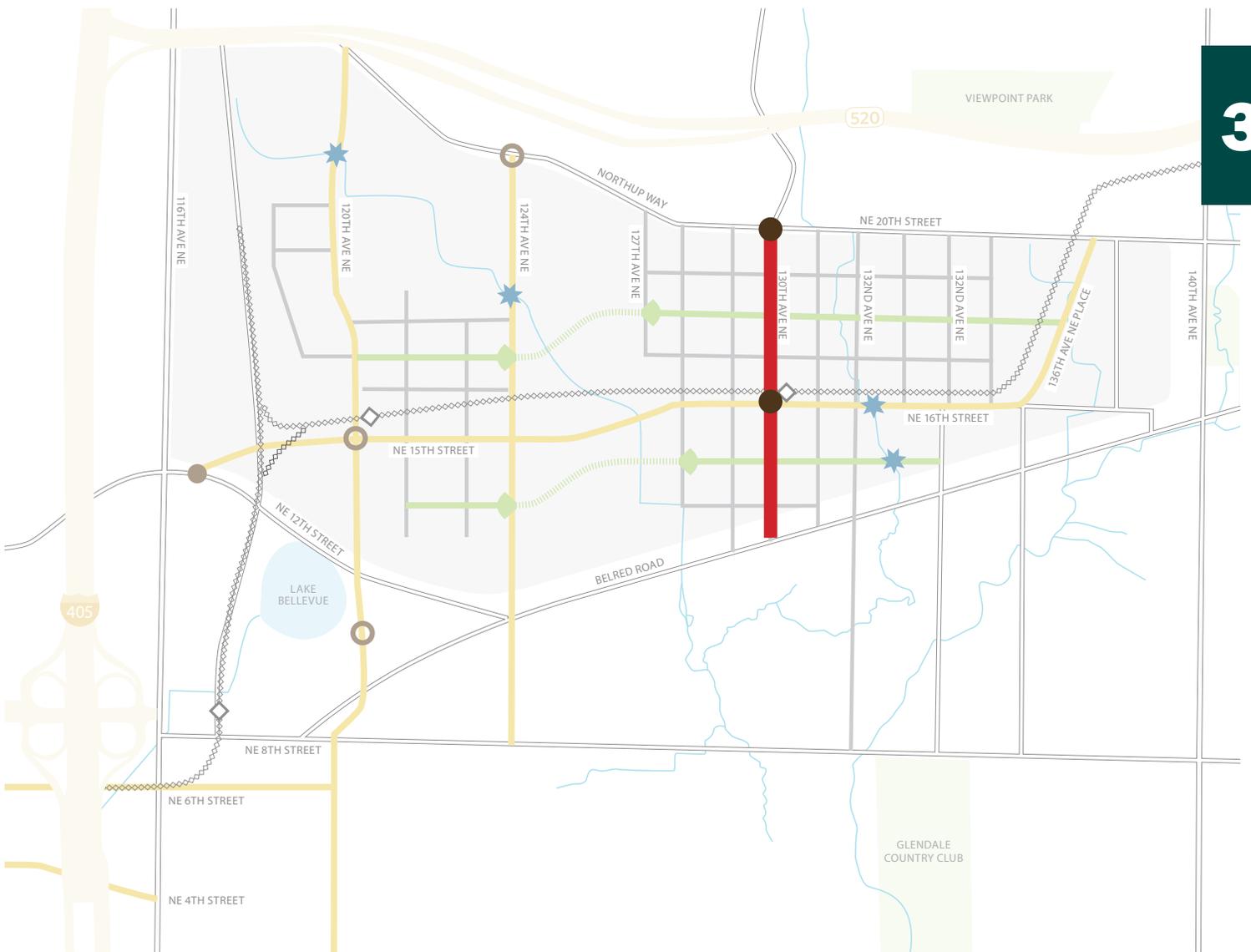


FIGURE 3.3.20

Draft Urban Design Memo

NE Spring Boulevard Project

3

November 14th, 2014



City of Bellevue
110th Avenue NE
Bellevue, WA 98009
Prepared by:



HDR Engineering, Inc.
500 108th Avenue NE
Suite 1200
Bellevue, WA 98004



Table of Contents

Draft Urban Design Memo	1
NE Spring Boulevard Project	1
List of Figures	ii
Introduction.....	3
Project Overview	3
Elements of Continuity	4
Sidewalk and Path Paving	4
Intersections	5
Walls	6
Barrier Transitions.....	6
Railings & Throw Protection.....	7
Amenity Zones	8
Areas of Distinction	11
BelRed Neighborhood Entry Node.....	11
NE Spring Blvd & 120 th Ave NE Non-Motorized Node.....	12





List of Figures

Figure 1 – Overview of Project Area	3
Figure 2 – Typical Multi-purpose Path or 14’ Wide Sidewalk.....	4
Figure 3 – BelRed Specialty Sidewalk Pattern Array	4
Figure 4 – Arterial Intersections	5
Figure 5 – 121 st Ave NE Scramble	5
Figure 6 – Spring Boulevard Bridge elevations seen from the south	6
Figure 7 – Concrete Pilaster	6
Figure 8 – Typical Pedestrian Railing or Throw Fence Components	7
Figure 9 – Typical Pedestrian Railing	7
Figure 10 – Throw Fence	7
Figure 11 – Permeable Pavers.....	8
Figure 12 – Stormwater Bioretention Cells.....	8
Figure 13 – Soil Structure Modules	8
Figure 14 - Seatwalls.....	9
Figure 15 - Bicycle Rack	9
Figure 16 - Trash and Recycling Receptacle	9



Introduction

The purpose of this memorandum is to document the design direction of urban design and landscape elements and features along City of Bellevue’s Spring Boulevard between NE 12th Street/116th Ave NE and 124th Ave NE. This memo covers the 60% design phase noting proposed Urban Design and Landscape improvements of both project zones.

Project Overview

The City of Bellevue Spring Boulevard corridor project will build out a four lane boulevard between the existing intersection at NE 12th Street and the planned 124th Ave NE. Urban design and landscape elements along the corridor play less to traditional roadway landscape planter strip widths and features, rather focus on increasing the ‘green over gray’ and defining green redevelopment identity desired of the future BelRed neighborhood. Goals of the corridor include: establishing a large treed canopy overhead, maximizing pedestrian connections and usability, and implementing sustainable features such as onsite stormwater management and LED lighting. Much of what is proposed in the following summary of corridor elements is built from the BelRed Corridor Plan Streetscape Character, Guidelines and Standards and applicable codes and standards.

3

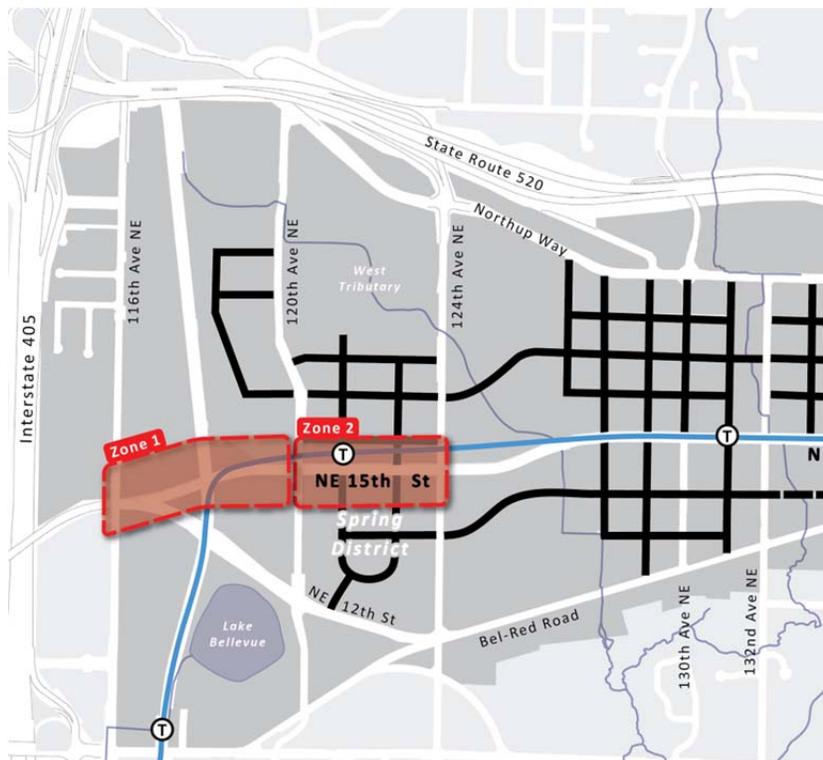


Figure 1 – Overview of Project Area



Elements of Continuity

Elements of continuity on a BelRed corridor scale begin to stitch the district together providing a clear identity and neighborhood brand. Branding is to be accomplished through the use of similar colors, patterns, detailing, furnishings and plant palettes. The following elements, commonly found within the public right of way, look to reinforce the BelRed brand.

Sidewalk and Path Paving

Sidewalk and path paving details for Spring Boulevard will match BelRed standards for arterials. The northern side of Spring Boulevard within zone 1 will be flanked by a 14' wide multi-purpose paths will carry a similar style with an accent pigmented concrete band (Davis Colors Dark Gray – Carbon) providing visual separation between pedestrians and cyclists. On both bridges this will result in two separate pours for the multi-purpose path. Directional bike markings will be

applied to the concrete to further define preferred cyclist direction and desired area of use.

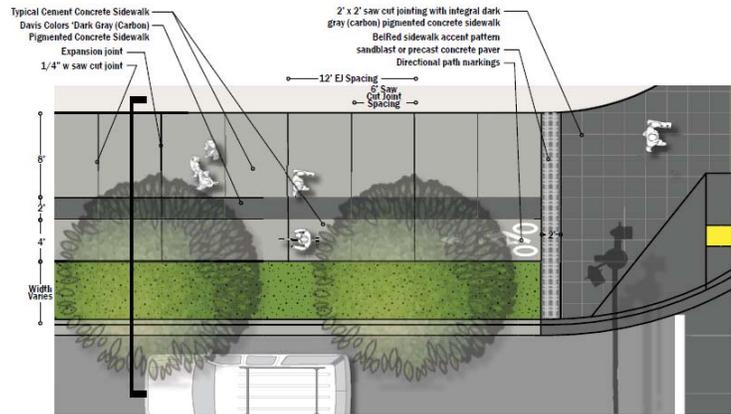


Figure 2 – Typical Multi-purpose Path or 14' Wide Sidewalk

Similarly, zone two will be flanked by 14' sidewalks on the north and south sides to provide sufficient space for higher anticipated pedestrian loads and storefront or restaurant exterior dining.

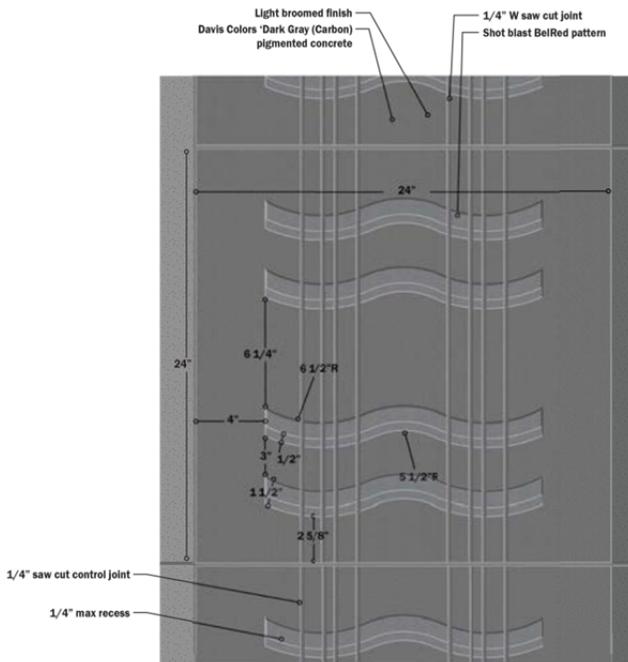


Figure 3 – BelRed Specialty Sidewalk Pattern Array

All sidewalk scoring will be achieved using saw cut joints for clean and crisp lines in keeping with the BelRed aesthetic.

Near arterial intersections or other non-motorized nodes, a specialty concrete sidewalk array within the sidewalk will be utilized to distinguish standard sidewalk scoring from two foot square sidewalk scoring near intersections. The array will include a sandblasted pattern in a field of pigmented concrete sidewalk matching the Davis Color Dark Gray (Carbon). The pattern will be sandblasted to medium to heavy sandblast finish, removing much of the cement mortar from the surface. Mimicking the intersecting lines of the BelRed branded patterns, four saw cut joints perpendicular to the sidewalk path of travel will be utilized.



Intersections

Typical arterial intersections on Spring Boulevard which are fully signalized will receive full concrete intersections with integral lamp gray (Davis Color Dark Gray – Carbon) color additive. Full concrete intersections for this project include, Spring Blvd and 120th Ave NE and Spring Blvd and 124th Ave NE. Standard arterial intersection crosswalks will contain only 5' x 5' or 5' x 6' saw cut joints.

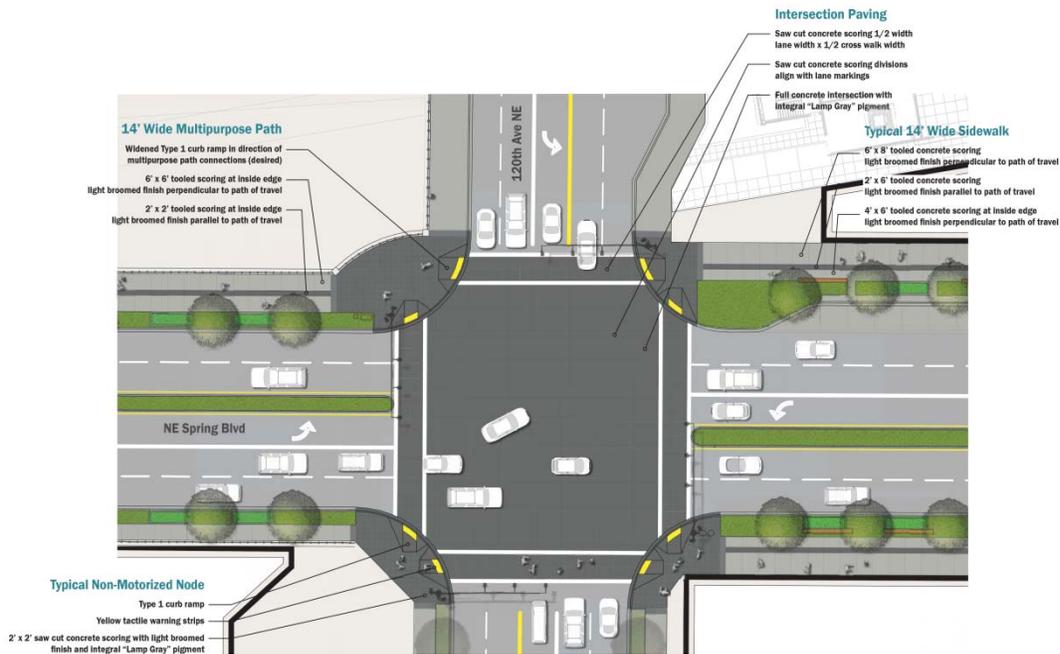


Figure 4 – Arterial Intersections

In addition significant pedestrian nodes that cross Spring Blvd such as the pedestrian scramble at 121st Ave NE will include full concrete intersections.

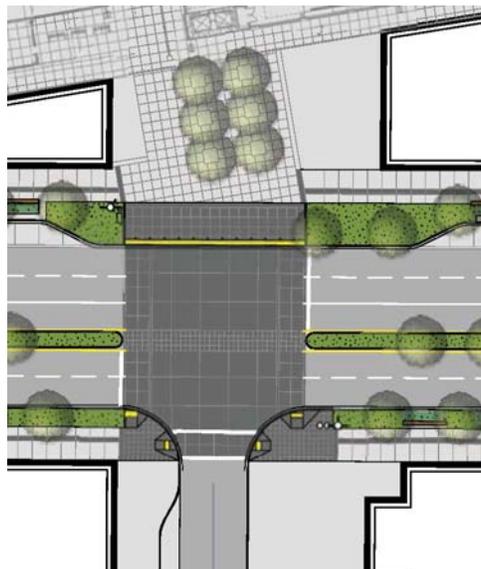


Figure 5 – 121st Ave NE Scramble

Walls

Zone 1 of NE Spring Blvd is punctuated by two bridges which required significant elevated approaches leading up to the bridge. The elevated approaches are retained by mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) or structural earth walls (SEW) walls all of which face away from the corridor towards Sound Transit facilities. As such, wall finishes and the composition of abutments will be further developed beyond the 60% design to closely match Sound Transit's Eastlink corridor wall treatments through BelRed and adjoining neighborhoods.

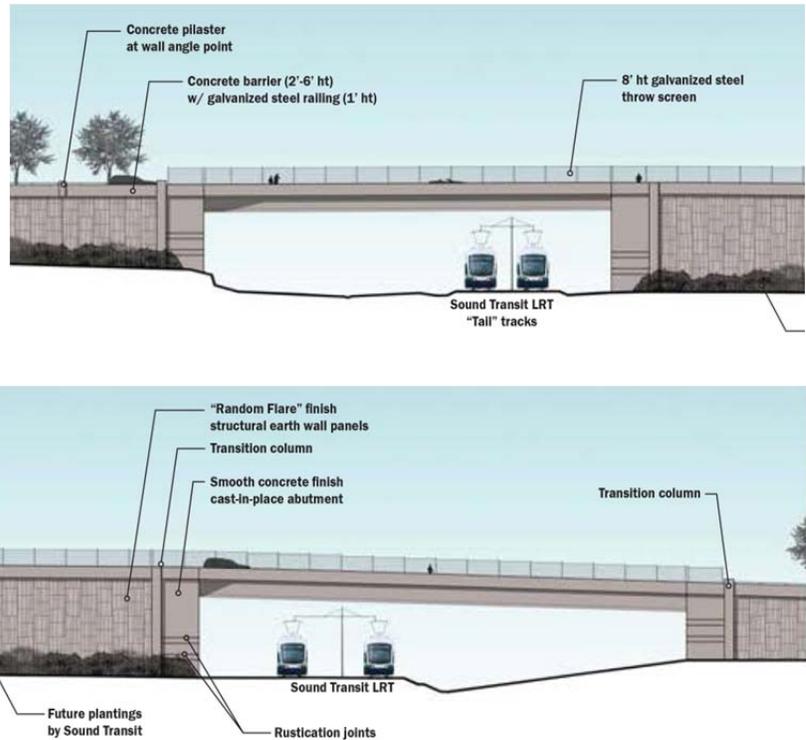


Figure 6 – Spring Boulevard Bridge elevations seen from the south

Barrier Transitions



Figure 7 – Concrete Pilaster

Where bridge pedestrian barriers terminate or pedestrian railings begin or end, concrete pilaster with a BelRed branded recessed detail are utilized to transition between barrier or railing types.

Railings & Throw Protection

Railing design selected for the 124th corridor look to blend the natural, industrial and modern aesthetics. Open grating rotated in a vertical orientation will occupy the field of the railings. Openings of the grating will allow for a transparent feel, while being rigid enough not to warp under the pressure of a foot or knee. All surfaces will be steel with durable hot dipped galvanized finish.

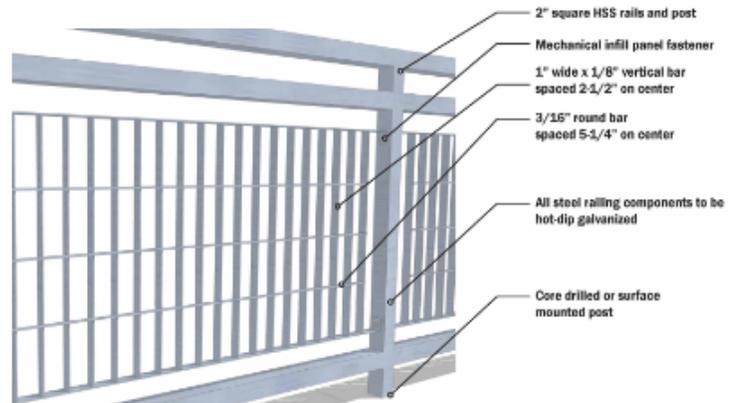


Figure 8 – Typical Pedestrian Railing or Throw Fence Components

3



Figure 9 – Typical Pedestrian Railing



Figure 10 – Throw Fence

Near Sound Transit track facilities, a throw fence surface mounted to the top of concrete pedestrian barrier has been provided to meet Sound Transit throw protection requirements, notably a 10' vertical barrier between pedestrians and trackwork. Throw fence along the bridge is composed of the same style grating panel used for pedestrian railing system. Grating will be oriented in a matter that horizontal features will not aid in climb ability of the fence.

Further coordination is required with adjacent projects to ensure continuity of throw protection styles.

Amenity Zones

Amenity zones along NE Spring Blvd must create both a rich user experience and broad vegetative landscape and canopy. Amenity zones primary function is to provide vegetative complexity both at the canopy level and at street level. In some cases portions of the area is carved out for basic features including stormwater bioretention cells, trash or recycling receptacles, bicycle racks or pedestrian access to on street parking.

Stormwater Management & Paving

Systems for stormwater management have been provided using natural drainage systems (NDS) to the extent feasible. Stormwater systems sited along zones one and two have a significant influence on the character of the amenity zone and been provided

primarily to meet the

stormwater quality functions. Stormwater is filtered through a 24" depth bioretention soil mix layer which also supports plant species which are adapted to frequent inundation. A maximum ponding depth of 6" of stormwater will be allowed to inundate the stormwater cell with 6" of additional freeboard provided. Irrigation of all cells will be provided to quickly establish the cells vegetative cover within the first year, at which time they will be fully operational. Irrigation to stormwater cells are serviced by valves independent from traditional planting areas allowing for these zones to be abandoned should they no longer be needed.



Figure 12 – Stormwater Bioretention Cells



Figure 11 – Permeable Pavers

Efforts to separate surface stormwater in non-motorized areas from vehicular areas through the use of permeable pavements and soil structure modules in an effort to minimize the quantity of stormwater cells required in both zones. Where feasible, areas of permeable concrete pavers have been utilized to manage non-motorized stormwater onsite per City of Bellevue municipal land use code Section 20.25d.150. allowing for both pedestrian access across amenity zones and water to infiltrate to the tree rootzones. Within amenity zones with paved areas accessing on-street parking, soil root modules are provided to protect the long term soil structure, and enhance water permeability and air access to root masses.

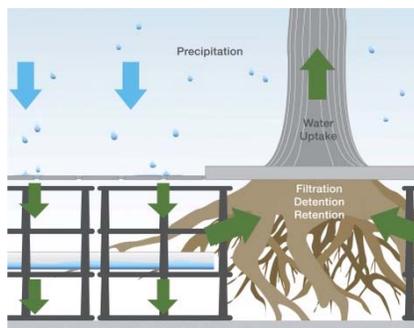


Figure 13 – Soil Structure Modules

Further coordination with utilities will occur post 60% design to incorporate utility crossings and/or utility trenches alongside the soil structure modules. Additional coordination during the 90% design phase will be provided outlining anticipated level of service required for these NDS features in support of city departmental roles and responsibilities to maintain effective stormwater treatment and visually pleasing features.

Seatwalls

A series of seatwalls with wood tops are provided throughout zone two bordering the edge of stormwater cells. Seatwalls look to increase the opportunity for informal areas of gathering and relaxation.



Figure 14 - Seatwalls

Bicycle Amenities



Figure 15 - Bicycle Rack

Bicycle racks have been provided at key north south pedestrian crossings to ensure secure parking for all modes. Finish for bicycle racks shall be uncoated stainless steel.

Trash and Recycling Receptacles

Trash and recycling receptacles have been provided at key north south pedestrian crossings to ensure limited refuse finds its way into amenity zone landscape or stormwater features. Trash and recycling receptacles have been selected in keeping with the BelRed Corridor Plan. Finish for trash receptacles shall be a dark bronze powdercoated steel.



Figure 16 - Trash and Recycling Receptacle

Bollards

Bollards, both removable and fixed, are provided to limit vehicular access to large non-motorized nodes. Bollards have been selected in keeping with the BelRed Corridor Plan. Finish for bollards shall be a dark bronze powdercoat over galvanized steel.



Figure 17 - Bollard

Wayfinding

Wayfinding was considered for required locations, however wayfinding detailing and design has not been provided on a standalone project basis. Community Planning and Development under a yet to be determined effort will develop a BelRed neighborhood wide wayfinding system in an effort to develop clear messaging and routing as development as private and public development occurs.

Areas of Distinction

Areas of distinction throughout the BelRed area will provide unique character and memorable places. Along NE Spring Blvd several nodes may aid in further developing the BelRed brand and sense of place through the use of signing, art, or non-motorized plaza's. Pending further development alongside Planning and Community Development staff, two nodes have been identified as opportunity areas to implement some sort of memorable features. Further refinement of these nodes with internal and external stakeholders will inform their function, layout and aesthetic character.

BelRed Neighborhood Entry Node

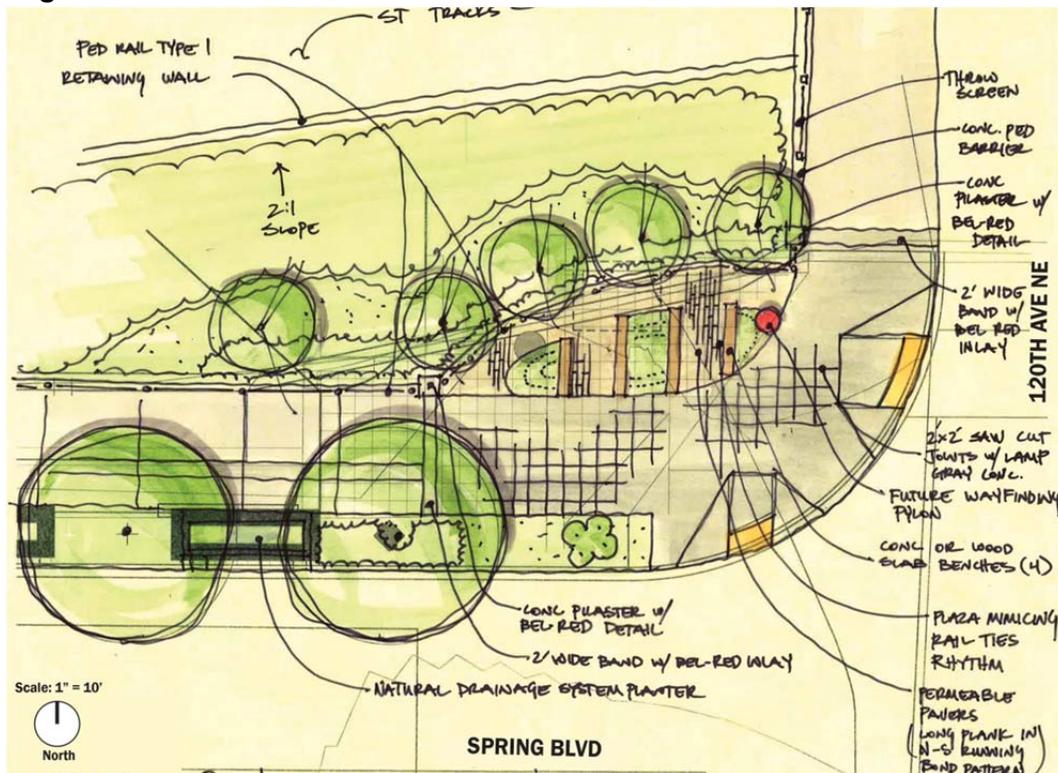


Figure 18 – BelRed Neighborhood Entry Node – Concept Plan



Figure 19 – BelRed Neighborhood Entry Node – Concept Visual

NE Spring Blvd & 120th Ave NE Non-Motorized Node



3

Figure 20 – NE Spring Blvd & 120th Ave NE – Concept Plan



Figure 21 – NE Spring Blvd & 120th Ave NE – Concept Visual

3.4 Local Streets

The majority of new streets to be built in BelRed will be Local Streets. These streets are intended to support residential development through their intimate scale, generous landscape and pedestrian furnishings. Their design intends to encourage a sense of neighborhood “ownership” and participation through the relationship of entrances, lobbies and courtyards with social spaces for seating and conversation in the street. Mid-block curb extensions will provide an amenity space for seating, additional landscaping, bike parking as well as a more frequent interval of crossing in the 300 foot blocks. Texture and detail are prioritized in design. These block types are meant to provide quiet juxtaposition to the busier retail streets or transit boulevards that they intersect. The intent is that when you turn the corner from these busier streets, you enter a quieter environment where you are able to “hear the birds sing”.



FIGURE 3.4.1
Residential building edges can meet the sidewalk.



FIGURE 3.4.2
A green edge can exist between residential buildings and the sidewalk.



FIGURE 3.4.3

FIGURE 3.4.6
Connecting streets and residential buildings through large pedestrian-only corridors between buildings.

Mid-Block Crossing



FIGURE 3.4.4
Courtyards for residential buildings can be open to the sidewalk.



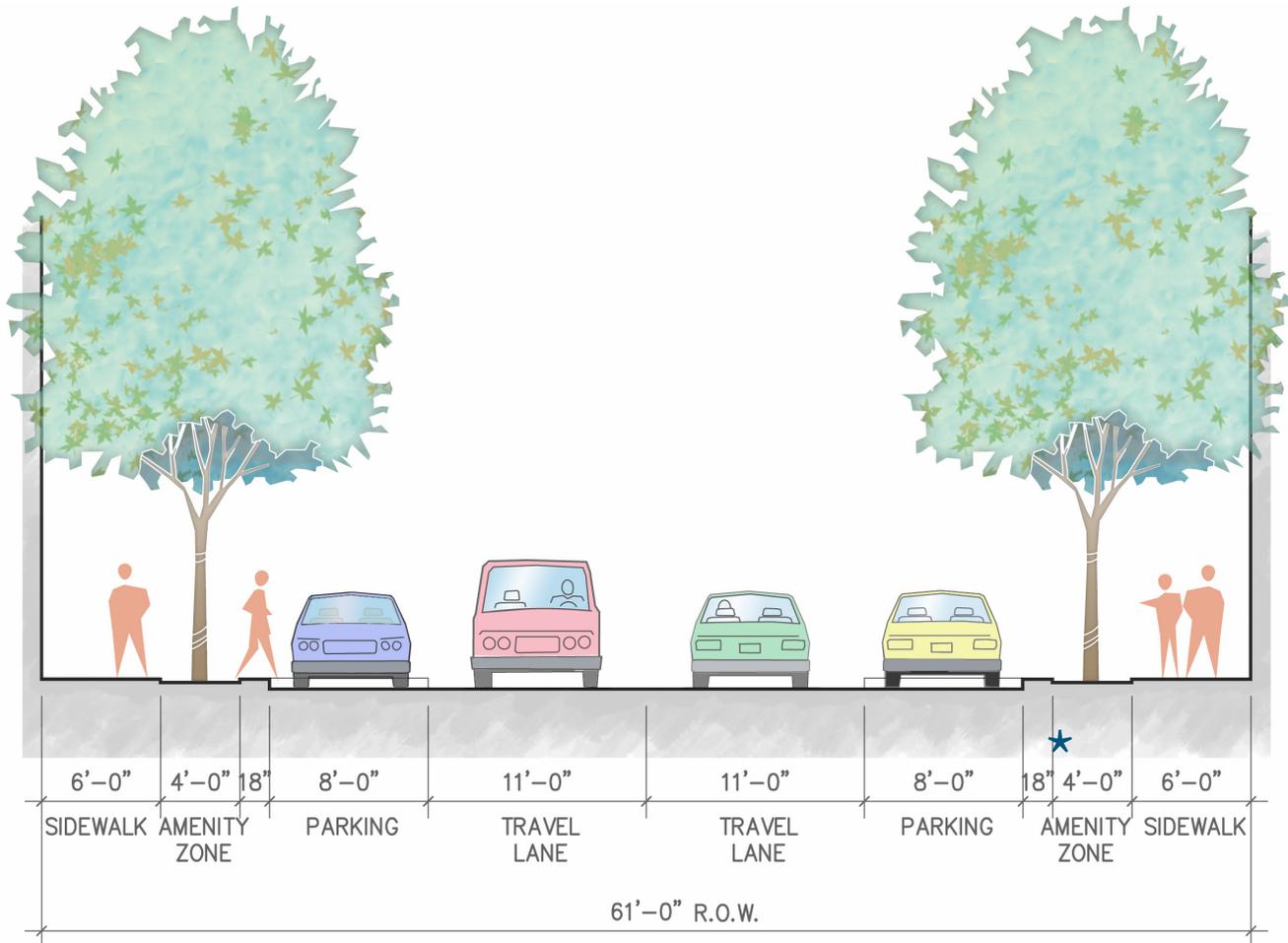
FIGURE 3.4.5
A courtyard with residential entrance that is gated to the sidewalk.



FIGURE 3.4.7
Buildings could include interior plazas connected to their lobby/public space.

S Local Streets Section

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NOTE
6" curb zone with 5'-0" amenity zone where no parking permitted

FIGURE 3.4.8

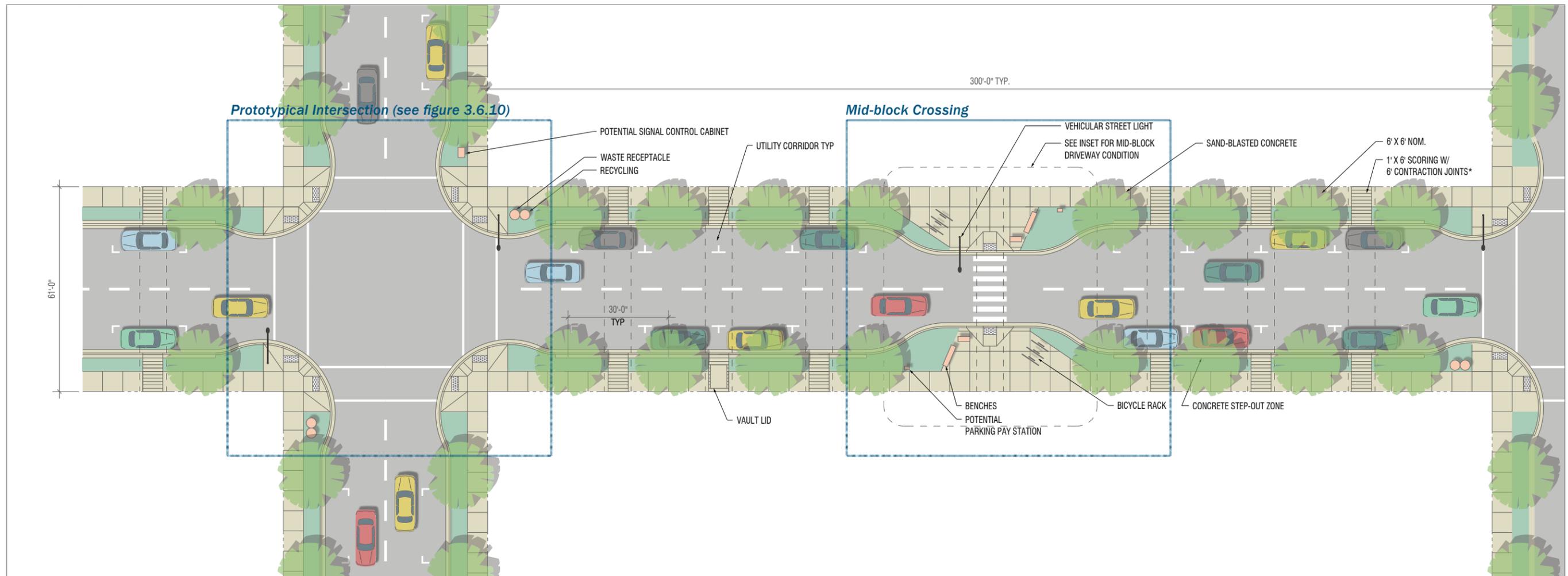


FIGURE 3.4.9

Street Zone Guidelines

- 6' pedestrian thru-zone.
- 18" (6" curb + 12" pervious pavement curbside step-out zone where parking provided.
- 6' (max) pedestrian pass-throughs (potential location of future utility corridors)
- 8' +/- curb bulbs at mid-block crossings
- 3' +/- curb bulbs at block corners with 21' radius. Final radias part of design and engineering for each intersection.

Paving & Scoring

- Concrete Joints: Saw-cut or trowel at developer's option.
- Pedestrian pass-throughs: 1' x 6' scored joint pattern over 6' x 6' full-depth contraction joints.

Lighting

- Vehicular street lights at middle and corners of blocks, one side of block only, or as required to meet design standards.

Landscape & Furnishings

- Trees spaced at 30' on-center in planting strip.
- 4'-0" planting strip where on-street parking exists.
- 5'-0" planting strip where no on-street parking provided.
- Waste receptacles on pads within planting strip, on opposing corners.
- One (potential) parking pay station at every mid-block crossing as shown at edge of sidewalk.
- Benches and bicycle racks located at mid-block crossings.

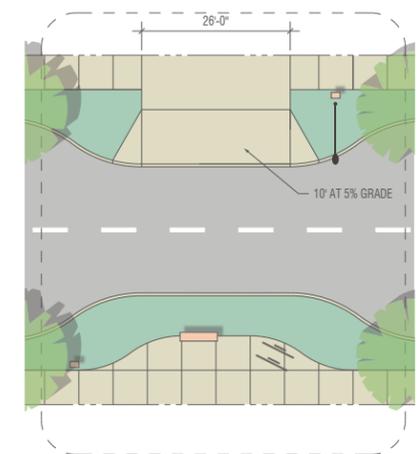


FIGURE 3.4.10

3.5 Retail Street

Retail Streets are intended to be active corridors that support retail by providing wider sidewalks for dining and window shopping, grated trees for extra pedestrian maneuverability, and low furnishings for unobstructed sightlines to store fronts and on-street parking and loading. 130th Avenue NE is designated as a Retail Street in the BelRed Plan. Retail uses here are seen as the type that will serve the emerging high density residential neighborhood and not compete with regional retail in Downtown Bellevue. Smaller scale retail that is pedestrian-friendly will line both sides of 130th Avenue NE. To provide space adequate to serve all needs, a wider right-of-way is proposed. 130th Avenue NE is also a local bicycle corridor that will connect into the larger city-wide bicycle corridor proposed for the NE 15th/16th Street light rail corridor. As such it will include generous bicycle parking in front of businesses.

Because the street trees on Retail Streets will be grated instead of located in large open planters, provisions will need to be made for adequate root and soil volume. A root space protection zone is proposed from the face of adjacent development to the edge of the vehicular travel lane, in which a structural matrix such as Silva Cell will be used to support pavement over a high-quality growing medium.

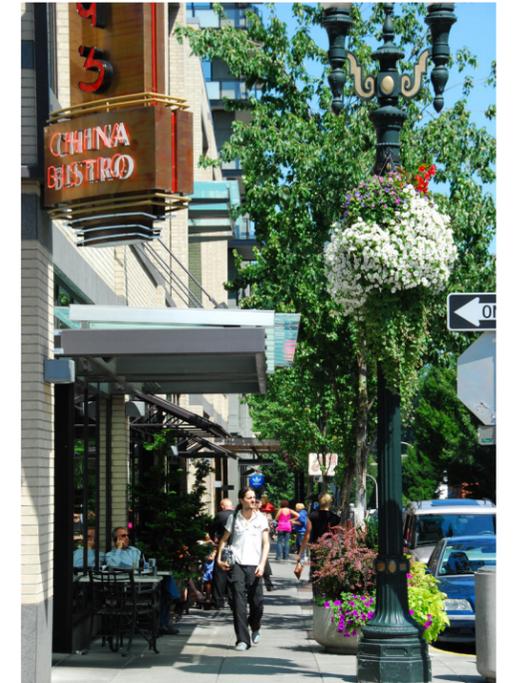


FIGURE 3.5.1
Diversity and vibrancy can be found within signage, potted plants, and retail uses spilling onto sidewalk.



FIGURE 3.5.2



FIGURE 3.5.3

3



FIGURE 3.5.4
Retail edges can open to sidewalks without spilling into the pedestrian zone.



FIGURE 3.5.6



FIGURE 3.5.7



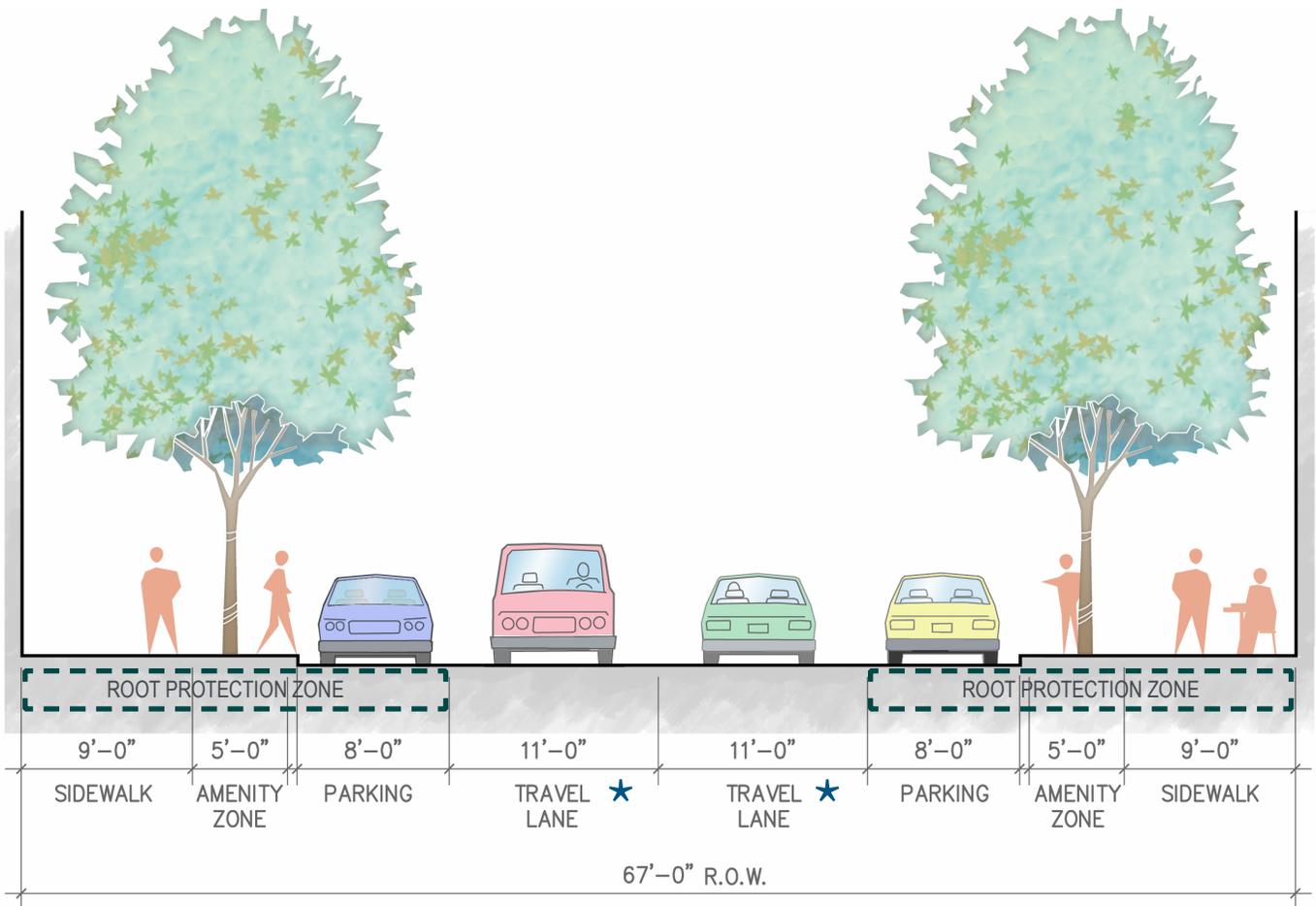
FIGURE 3.5.5



FIGURE 3.5.8
Create an active edge with room for tables, strollers, and merchandise.

S Retail Streets Section

3



NOTE
Retail Streets shall accommodate bicycle traffic, typical section to be determined.

Add 5'0" for on-street bicycle facility

FIGURE 3.5.9

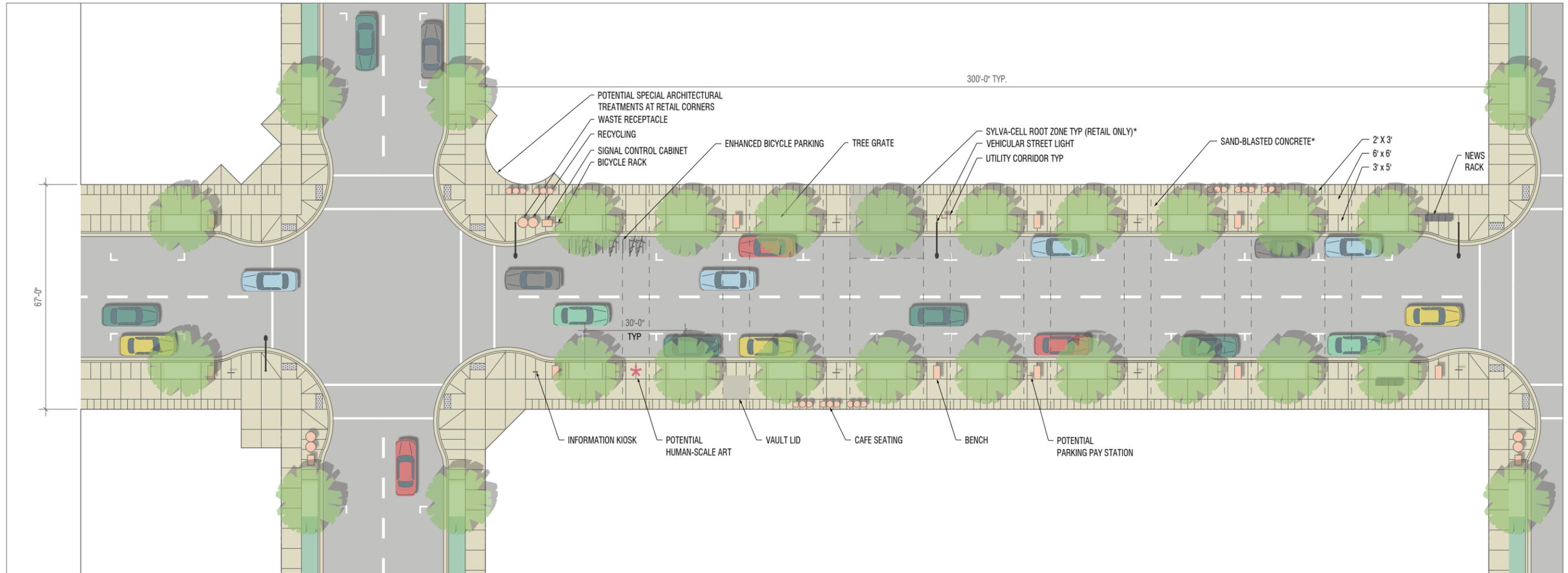


FIGURE 3.5.10

Street Zone Guidelines

- 3' cafe seating zone.
- 6' pedestrian thru-zone.
- 18" concrete curbside step-out zone.
- 3' curb bulbs at block corners with 21' radius.
- Final radius part of design and engineering for each intersection.

Paving & Scoring

- Concrete Joints: Saw-cut or trowel at developer's option.
- 2' x 3' concrete joints at cafe seating zone.
- 3' x 5' concrete joints at planter strip zone.

Lighting

- Vehicular street lights at middle and corners of blocks, one side of block only, or as required to meet design standards.
- Building lighting by developer.

Landscape & Furnishings

- Trees spaced at 30' on center in planting strip.
- 5' x 10' planters with tree grates or rain gardens where feasible.
- Waste receptacles within amenity zone, on opposite corners.
- One (potential) parking pay station at every mid-block as shown at edge of sidewalk.
- Benches and bicycle racks distributed through street at random interval as shown. Minimum 3 benches and 6 bike racks per block face.
- Root protection zone helps maintain healthy street trees.

3.6 Green Streets

Green Streets are seen as a specific type of local street that supports intensive residential uses, has a traffic-calmed character that is attractive to pedestrians and bicyclists and because of their east-west alignment, act as green connective corridors between subdistricts and riparian open spaces. At intersections on the edge of subdistricts, Green Streets transition to trails as they cross the riparian corridors. The emphasis of the Green Street typology is to put pedestrians and bicycles on equal or greater priority with minor, local automotive traffic, and to employ natural systems to assist with storm water management.

The Green Streets are curbless environments with paving enhancements that feel plaza-like and could allow temporary closure for a pedestrian-oriented day festival or event. The street is punctuated by asymmetrically placed rain gardens in line with the parking bays. Trees are clumped into irregular groves within rain gardens, reinforcing a more natural extension of landscape from the riparian areas into the neighborhood street grid.

Storm water is conveyed to the rain garden planters along a crease in the pavement which feeds small cascades into the basins. The rain gardens will remove pollutants and suspended solids before returning water to the aquifer. In heavy rainfall overflow structures convey water to the storm sewer system to avoid flooding.



FIGURE 3.6.1
A curbless rich pedestrian environment attracting babies, birds, bikes, and bees



FIGURE 3.6.2

SIDEWALK POCKETS
 Areas between rain gardens offer additional sidewalk width.

PARK INTERSECTIONS
 Where Green Streets intersect green open spaces; materials are extended through the intersection and into adjacent open space to create an integrated and seamless park entrance.

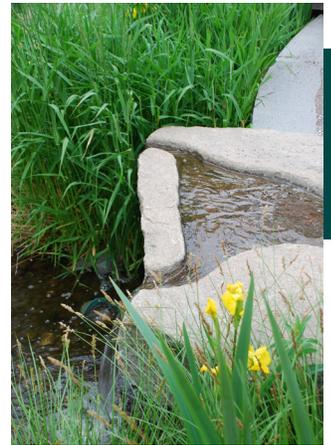


FIGURE 3.6.6
 Embracing stormwater as a street amenity provides opportunities for fountains and artistic channelization to bring people closer to the water.



FIGURE 3.6.5
 An environment for bikes.



FIGURE 3.6.3
 Rain gardens provide unique color and texture to the streetscape.



FIGURE 3.6.4
 Interconnected infiltration planters for water retention, infiltration, evaporation and transpiration.



FIGURE 3.6.7
 Water is cleaned of suspended solids, heavy metals, nitrogen and phosphorous before entering the sewer system.

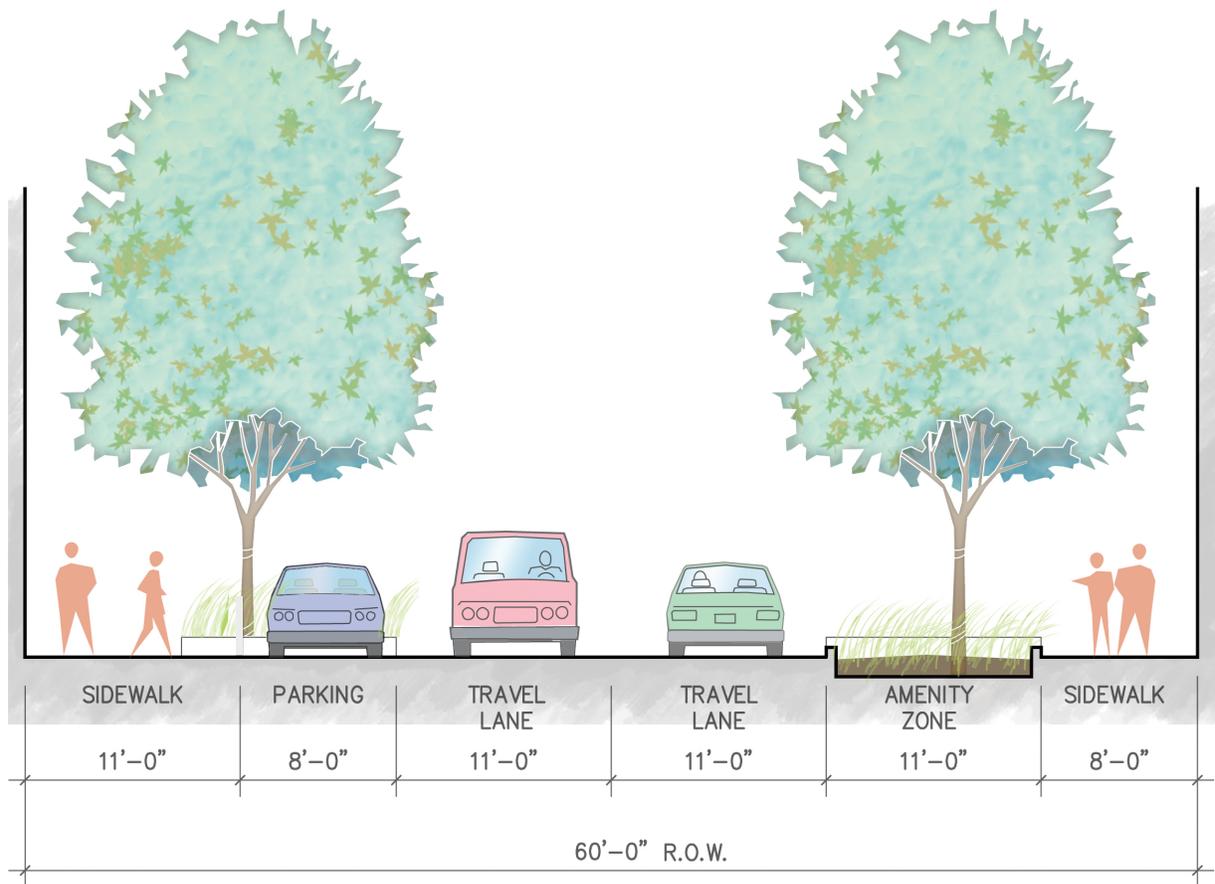


FIGURE 3.6.8

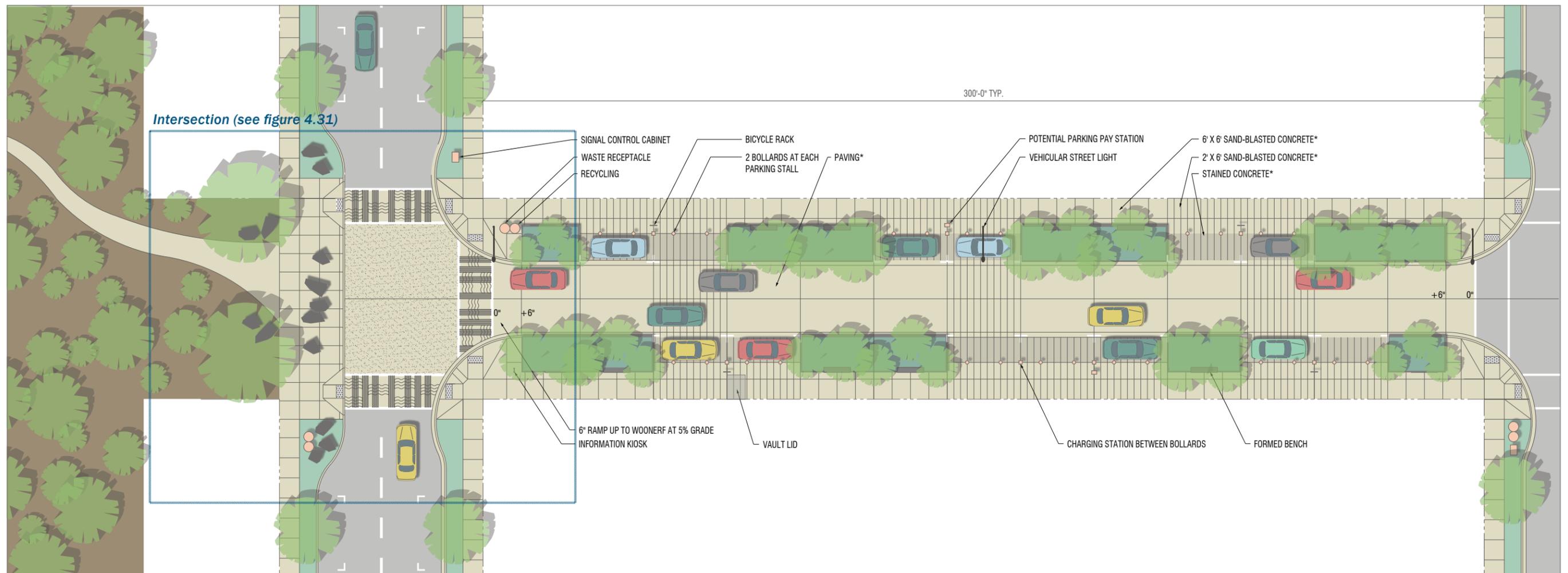


FIGURE 3.6.9

Street Zone Guidelines

Street, planting zone, and sidewalk are all coplanar. 6" ramp up from perpendicular streets into woonerf environment.

3' curb bulbs at block corners with 21' radius, Final radias part of design and engineering for each intersection.

Paving & Scoring

Concrete Joints: Saw-cut or trowel at developer's option.

2' x 6' scored joint pattern over 6' x 6' full-depth contraction joints.

Travel lanes and sidewalk are concrete.

Parking bays to be charcoal gray concrete.

Lighting

Vehicular street lights at center and corners of blocks, one side of block only, or as required to meet design standards.

Landscape & Furnishings

Trees planted within raingarden planters at random spacing and number.

Waste receptacles on opposite corners of intersections.

One (potential) parking pay station at mid-block as shown at edge of pedestrian thru zone.

Bicycle racks and potential vehicle charging stations shown at intersection of two parking spaces, typical.

Two bollards placed at each parking stall to delineate parking zones from sidewalk.

Found seating integral with raingarden planters (see detail in Section 7).

Special Intersection at Green Streets

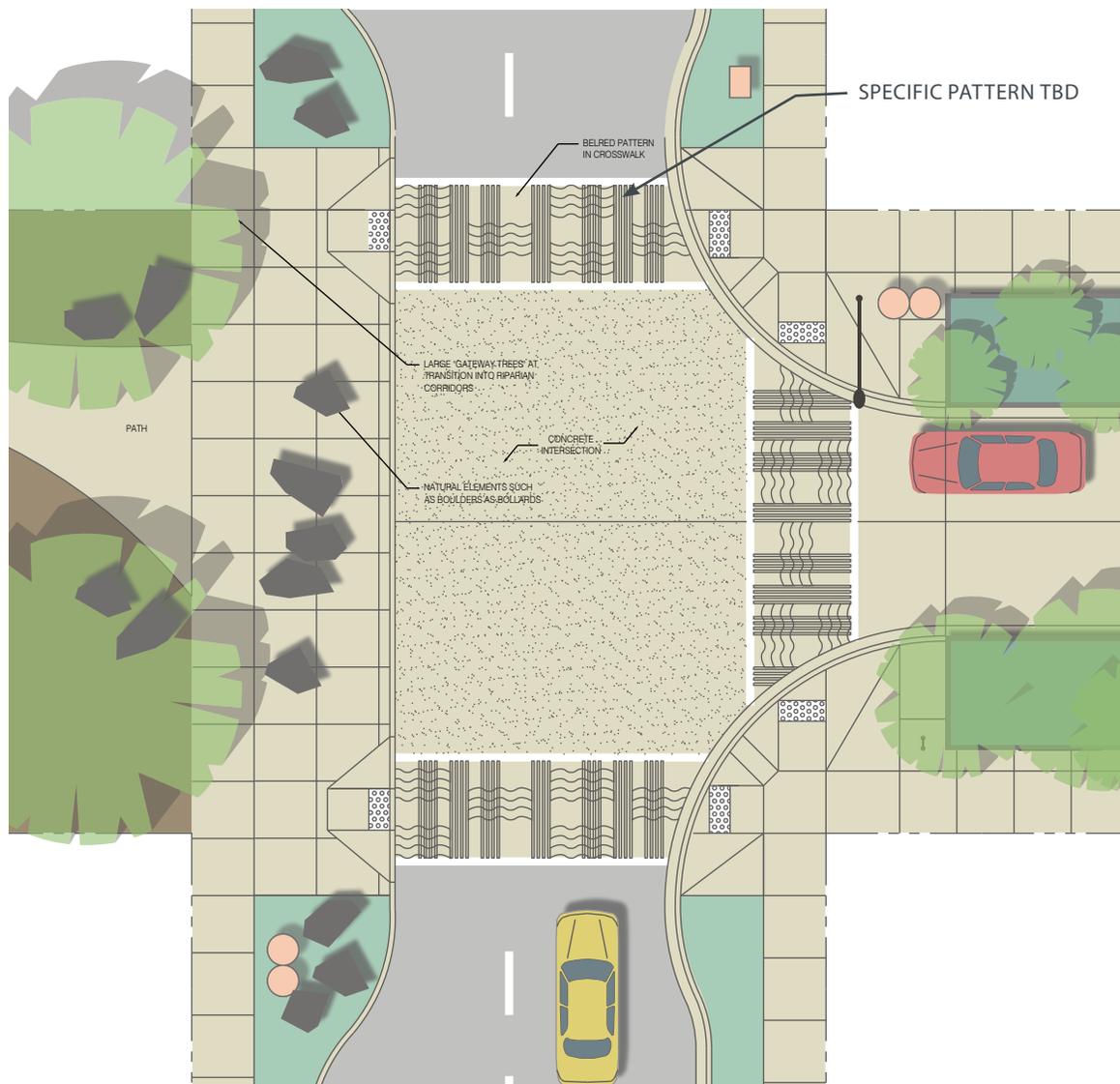


FIGURE 3.6.11

Streetscape Elements



General

In the selection of elements for use in the right-of-way, preference should be given to furnishings that express a mix of industrial and natural character, have simple clean, simple lines, and express the character of their materials. When possible, fasteners, welds, and flanges should be visible.

Materials: drawing from natural or industrial motifs:

- steel
- wood
- concrete
- stone

Finishes: preference should be given to natural or industrial finishes and conditions:

- Corten steel
- galvanized steel
- natural/clear stains or unfinished

S Installation: All streetscape elements are to be embed-mounted.

In This Section

Seating: Backless and “Backed” Benches

Waste Receptacles

Bollards

Bicycle Racks

Vehicular-Scale Lighting

Pedestrian-Scale Lighting

Pedestrian Pavement

Tree Grates

Street Tree Root Zone Protection

Newspaper Boxes

Power and Signal Cabinets

Vault Lids, Manholes, and Grates

Wayfinding

S Seating

Seating may be either in the form of benches or “found seating”.

Benches on Local Streets and Green Streets shall have backs.

Benches on retail streets shall be backless.

Found seating is encouraged along development frontages. A cast in place concrete seating block is recommended at rain garden cells on Green Streets (see detail in Section 7).

Backless Benches

Company: **Nu by Landscape Forms**
Dimensions: 26” x 32” x 102”
Materials: Jarrah seat, galvanized steel frame

Contact: tim@landscapeforms.com





Company: **Broadmoor Bench by Urban Hardwoods**

Dimensions: 176" x 30" x 19"

Materials: Salvaged timber

Contact: bryan@urbanhardwoods.com

Green Street Park Entrance



S “Backed” Benches

Nu by Landscape Forms

26” x 32” x 102”

Jarrah seat, galvanized steel frame

ting@landscapeforms.com



4



Company: **Trapecio by Landscape Forms**

Dimensions: 212" x 32" x 27"

Materials: Unfinished Alaskan Yellow Cedar on hot-dip galvanized frame

Contact: timg@landscapeforms.com

Green Street Park Areas



S Waste Receptacles

Containers for trash and mixed recycling are to be provided.

Receptacles should have lids, or be otherwise closed to the sky to prevent accumulation of rainwater.

Side-opening or tilting receptacles are preferred for easier removal of waste bags.

Company: **ROUND Bin by Factory Furniture**
Dimensions: 19 gallons
Materials: aluminium top, stainless steel body

Contact: mail@obrienandsons.com



S Bollards

Company: **R-8410 by Reliance Foundry**

Dimensions: 36"

Materials: stainless and black or silver painted steel

Contact: 1.888.735.5680



S **Bicycle Racks**

Bicycle racks may be vinyl coated.

Racks should have two points of contact with bikes.

For use on sidewalks and in enhanced bicycle parking on Retail Streets.

Company: **Ring by Landscape Forms**

Dimensions: 2 bikes each

Materials: Stainless steel

Contact: tim@landscapeforms.com



S Tree Grates

Tree grates are not to be used on Local Streets or Green Streets.
Tree grates are required on Retail Streets.

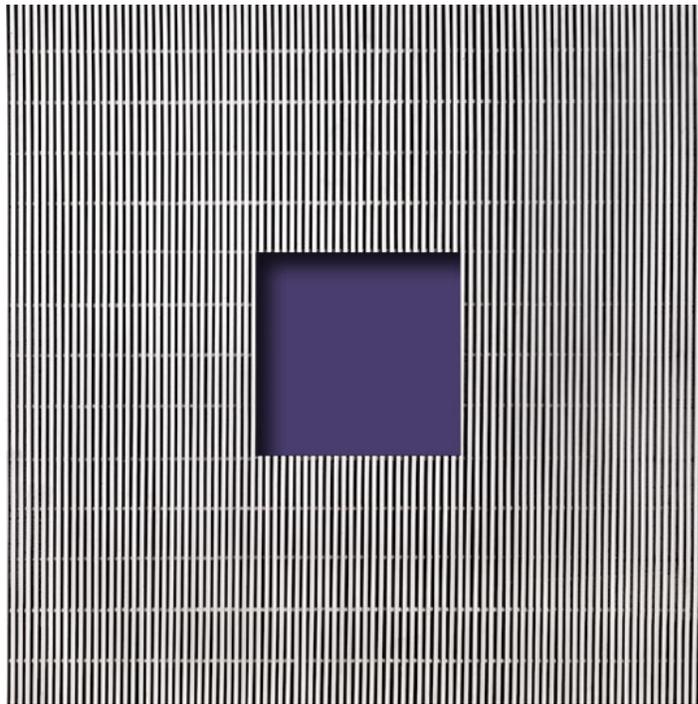
Grates shall be ADA compliant walkable surfaces

Company: **Jamison by Urban Accessories**

Dimensions: 5' x 10'

Materials: Aluminum

Contact: Architecreation / 206.932.4730



S **Street Tree Root Zone Protection**

Street trees on Retail Streets (i.e. street trees in grates) shall have their root zones protected by a three dimensional structural matrix product such as Silva Cell.

Minimum depth of the system shall be 32". Width and length of installation per prototypical plans in this document.

S **Newspaper Boxes**

Newspaper boxes are to be provided on Retail Streets.

Boxes are to consolidate newspapers from various vendors to reduce clutter on the sidewalk.

Boxes should accommodate a minimum of four newspapers.

S **Power and Signal Cabinets**

Utility-related cabinets that occur in the right-of-way are opportunities to add points of interest to the streetscape, and can be decorated with art or other colorful applications. Images or artwork that are evocative of the character of BelRed are highly preferred. Utility boxes should be wrapped using an anti-graffiti vinyl.

G Vault Lids, Manholes, and Grates

An opportunity exists to apply a BelRed graphic to lids and grates in the right-of-way. This can be implemented after Corridor graphics are formalized.



4

S Wayfinding

Unique wayfinding elements that feature a BelRed graphic and typeface may be provided. These can be in the form of signage and kiosks, and/or through embedded information and patterns in the sidewalk. Signage and wayfinding standards should be developed after Corridor graphics are formalized.



4



S Vehicular-Scale Lighting

Vehicular-scale lighting shall be LED.

Approved fixtures:

GE Evolve Scalable Cobra head

Cree XSP

Leotek Green Cobra

Pole: Round concrete. Spacing and height depended on conditions specific to development.

Color: All elements to be black.

Other fixtures may be approved on a case-by-case basis. The fixture must be tested to LM-79 and LM-80 standards and shall be manufactured in the USA or as otherwise allowed by funding restrictions.

S Pedestrian-Scale Lighting

Pole mounted pedestrian lighting is not required for development in BelRed. Lighting of the pedestrian realm is to be provided by fixtures mounted to adjacent development.

Pedestrian realm lighting where adjacent development is set back from the sidewalk is to be coordinated with the City of Bellevue Transportation and Development Services Departments.

4

S Pedestrian Pavement

Pedestrian pavements are to be cast-in-place concrete in the main path of travel.

Finishes are to comply with the Transportation Design Manual, except at areas of accent pavement where concrete may have a medium sandblast finish and/or saw-cut joints.

Accent areas of concrete pavement may be colored integrally. Top-dressed color may be used in addition to integral color, but not in lieu of it.

- G** Pavers in parking walk-off area may be considered outside path of travel.

Public Art Considerations

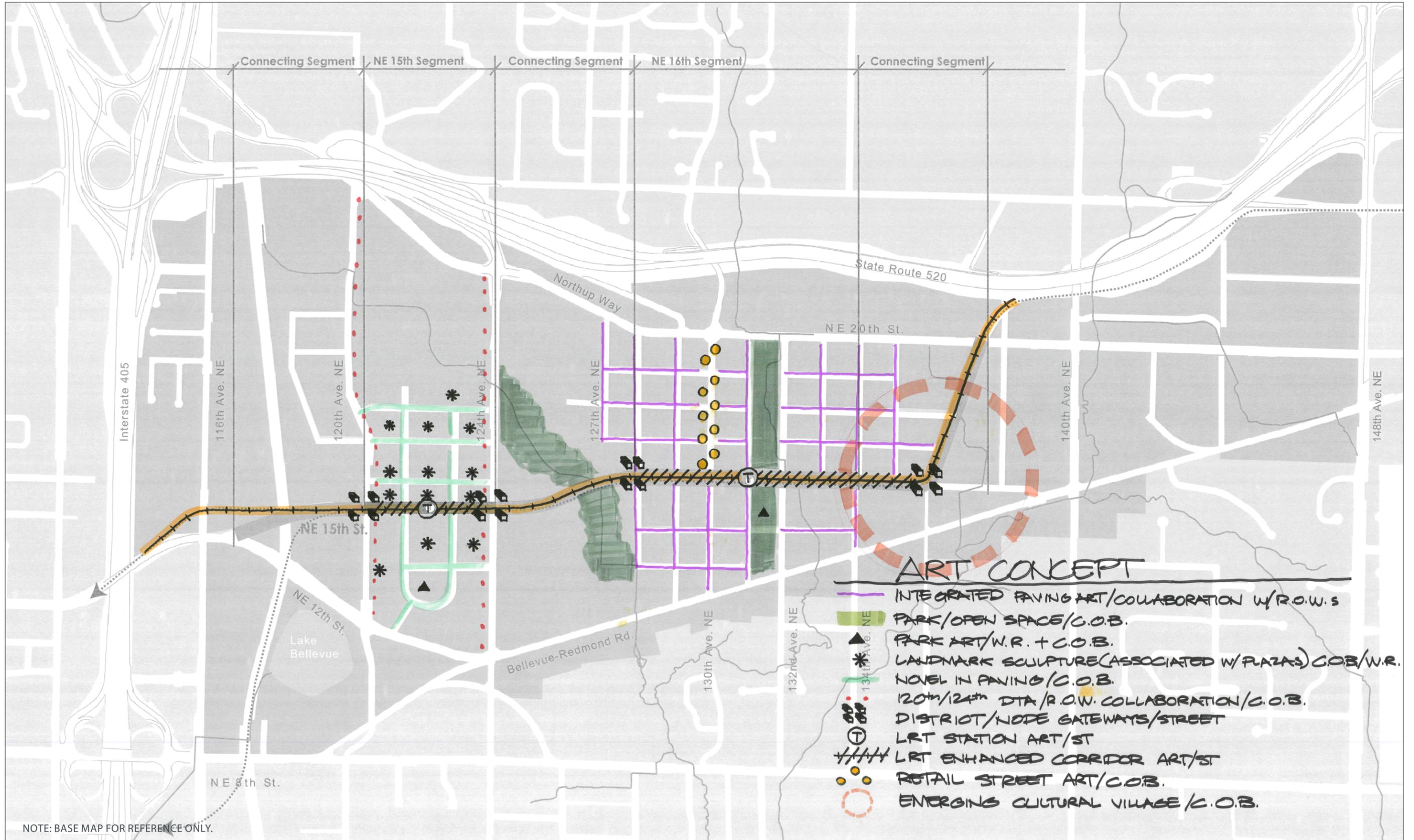
This plan identifies broad opportunities for the incorporation of art into the public realm. Public art will play a role in establishing human scale and creating unique identities at significant sites. BelRed has the potential to become quite cosmopolitan, and as such, will become both a cultural and intellectual melting pot. This development will occur over generations in a spontaneous manner, and may be spurred by the catalysts of East Link Light Rail and the development of the Spring District.

This plan lays out a number of opportunities for private, public and community stakeholder partnerships and recommends the development of a Public Art Master Plan which will facilitate the development of memorable neighborhoods within BelRed. These types of partnerships maximize opportunities for extraordinary improvements and places. This document presents a menu of options which illustrate the types, sizes and locations of public art that could enhance the human experience of not only these places, but also the identity of the unique neighborhoods within BelRed. This plan does not make recommendations pertaining to artistic style. Site specific recommendations can only be undertaken within the context of a Public Art Master Plan which is developed through extensive historical research, community and Arts Commission involvement, and interface with Stakeholders.

5.1 Comprehensive Corridor Recommendations

The following comprehensive actions should be taken in the consideration of public art in the Corridor:

- A Public Art Master Plan should be developed that will address logical and significant art opportunities in both private and public lands, and identifies funding and implementation strategies for those projects. These opportunities should encourage the identification of the Spring District, retail and arts districts, and the light rail alignment as unique places defined by their public art.
- A series of meetings should be convened between the artistic community and property owners within BelRed to discuss developing building stock inventories that will support the creation of an arts district.
- These planning exercises should be undertaken with distinct consultant teams so as to infuse each exercise with a specific set of solutions focused on the unique opportunities and identities of each condition and each district-specific team.



NOTE: BASE MAP FOR REFERENCE ONLY.

FIGURE 5.1.1

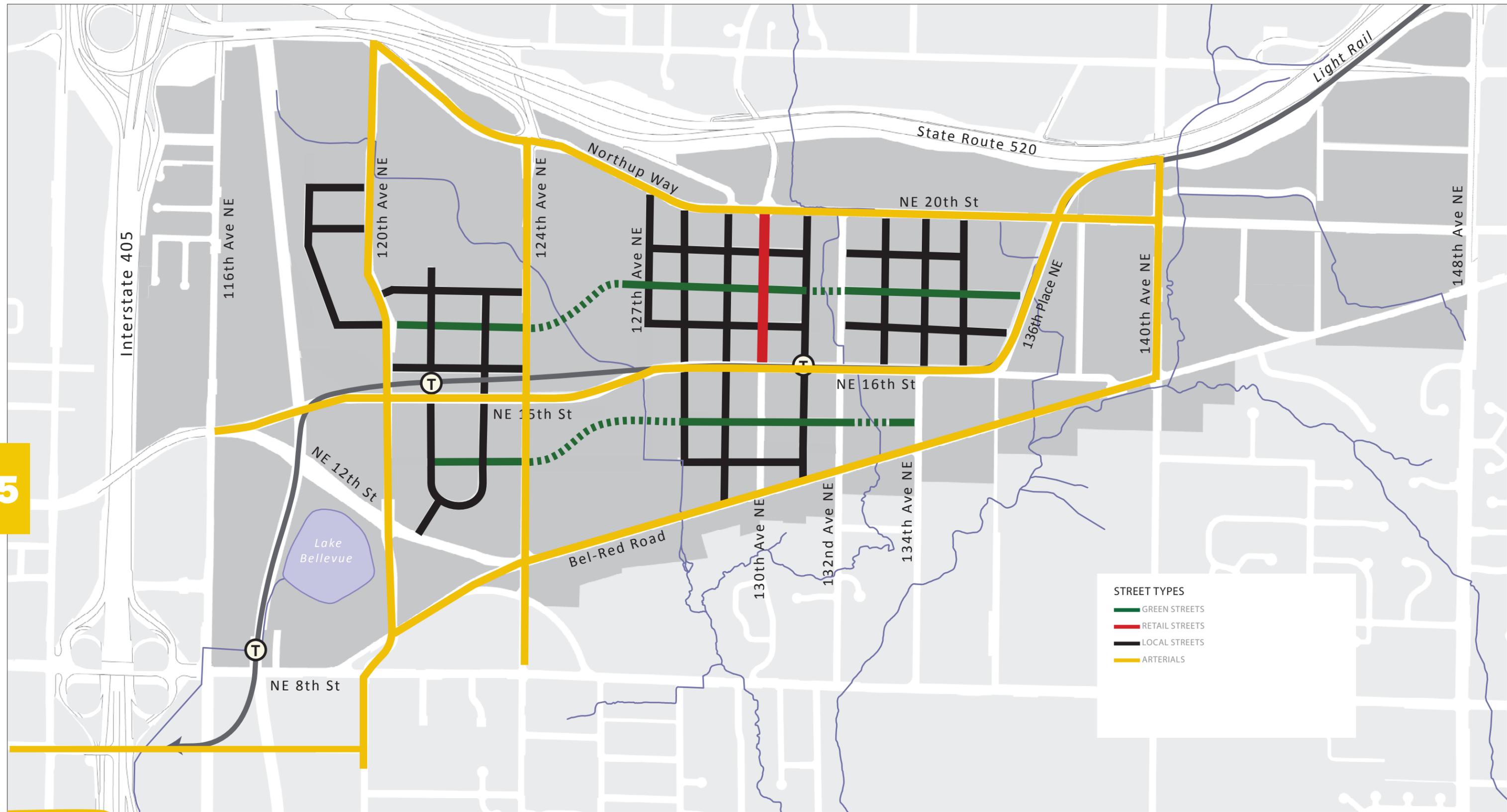


FIGURE 5.1.2

5.2 Public Art Detailed Actions and Recommendations

Several nodes, or districts, will develop along the Corridor – the Spring District, a residential and retail district at 130th Avenue Northeast, and an Arts District east of Goff Creek. Public art will play a role in creating unique identities for each district, as well as for the Corridor as a whole.

Spring District: Parks, Open Spaces and Places to Gather

The recommendations made below pertain to a series of open spaces and public right-of-ways envisioned in the Spring District Concept Plan. These recommendations, and their underlying concepts, should be carried forward and adjusted to the Spring District design as it evolves.



FIGURE 5.2.1
A rich heritage of the region offers opportunities to celebrate our earliest and diverse cultures.

PARK ADJACENT TO RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

This generous open space has opportunities to provide intimate as well as larger gathering spaces. Appropriately scaled sculptural works can provide a sense of scale, identity, place making and wonderment.

Recommendation: A diversity of works should be commissioned for the Half-Round Park - works that utilize light, a formal sculpture garden complete with figurative works, that spring forth from native cultures, etc should be considered. Conceptual drivers for the work should be focused on content.

ENTRY TO SPORTS FIELD

The potential exists for this entry to be one of the most widely used pedestrian accesses in and out of the development.

Recommendation: An appropriately scaled cultural amenity should be commissioned at this location. Consideration should be given to collaborations between landscape architects and artists, native historians and horticulturists, etc. The focus for this work should be the experience one has in the movement through it rather than drive-by art.



FIGURE 5.2.2
Public art works of significant size provide an intermediate scale between humans and buildings, and create landmarks.

ENTRY PLAZAS

The Spring District envisions opportunity scaled, open plazas that create a welcome mat at each building's front door, clearly defining the transition from public to private and from outside to inside. These entry plazas have the opportunity to become a discernible and diverse collection of urban scaled "front yards". A public art program can more fully define place and assist with wayfinding. Each front yard can define a unique experience, and significant works of public art will reinforce the identities of these places.

Recommendation: The proposed Spring District Public Art Master Plan should identify scope, process, budget, design criteria and conceptual intent for each plaza project, and if desired, an overarching theme for the district. Each project should be fully integrated in its setting and engineering, and appropriate for the site in which it resides. These works will only be successful within the district if they are of a scale to create a significant presence within the development.



FIGURE 5.2.3
Conceptual artworks encourage us to think of our past, our lives, our futures and the relationship of cities.



FIGURE 5.2.4
Not all public art need be permanent. Many artists working today seek out opportunities to engage the public in a real-time setting.

TEMPORAL PROJECTS

Art need not be a permanent thing, nor is it always visually based. Poetry slams, string quartets, film exhibitions and dance performances can do much to build a special quality within communities.

Recommendation: The Spring District Public Art Master Plan should discuss the potential to create specific locations within the development where these events might take place, and then develop an ongoing structure of programming and funding to facilitate their development and occurrence. Opportunities for interior as well as exterior spaces should be explored.

Spring District: Rights of Ways

120TH AND 124TH AVENUES

The treatment of the Spring District will dictate to what degree it is integrated to the Corridor as a whole.

Recommendation: To ensure that these edges remain permeable, inviting and linked to the extended community, a Design Team Artist should be hired to collaborate with the Spring District design team to develop the landscaping and right-of-way treatments.

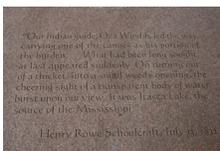


FIGURE 5.2.5
Text and language art can bring a sense of narrative to the public realm.

SIDEWALKS INTERNAL TO THE SPRING DISTRICT

The Spring District may be developed in phases, but public art can help create a cohesive sense of place over the course of its development. Such art elements, located on or in the sidewalks, may be fine-grained and ever-evolving, permeating the entire district.

Recommendation: A regional author may be commissioned to write a novel, portions of which may be etched in granite panels and pavers set into the sidewalks of the Spring District. The panels may convey a sentence, or sometimes a series of pages, to add a sense of narrative discovery and wonder to the District. In conjunction with text in the sidewalks a web site may be created which includes the entire novel for download onto personal electronic devices such as phones or pads, allowing the novel to include illustrations, new chapters, etc. This text may find its way into the entry plazas and other open spaces in the District as well.

Transitions Between Districts: Light Rail Corridor and Stations

TRANSITIONS BETWEEN DISTRICTS

Sound Transit has successfully incorporated public art at its existing rail stations and alignments. There will be similar opportunities within the BelRed Corridor for public art that announces significant transitions between districts within the Corridor. Transitions between the Spring District, 130th District, and the arts district may be announced through elements such as arches, gates, and lighting.

Recommendation: Meet with the Sound Transit Art Program Director to develop a cooperative plan that leads to the creation of these transitional elements.



FIGURE 5.2.6
Works of scale within the transit alignment announce the station and create wayfinding elements within the district.

LIGHT RAIL STATIONS

Art can be a wayfinding device for locating light rail stations. Additionally, art can be integrated directly into the station architecture and system elements so that the station reflects the character of the neighborhood it serves. The Spring District station, with its associated “cut”, will present an entirely different station condition than its sister at 130th Avenue Northeast, and accordingly should present a different station character.

Recommendation: Meet with the Sound Transit Art Program Director to develop a cooperative set of Public Art Design Criteria that addresses the particular opportunities at each station in the Corridor. Input from Spring District development team should inform the discussion around the Spring District station.

The Residential / Retail District at 130th Avenue Northeast

130TH AVENUE NORTHEAST

It is anticipated that the retail activity along 130th Avenue Northeast will spill out of eateries and stores onto the sidewalk to create a diverse, colorful and lively environment. The street experience will be intimate like a table for two, well crafted like a fine pair of Italian shoes and fun like a children’s bookstore. Every 100 feet is different and provides an ever-unfolding experience. Art has a role to play in this environment in adding a layer of non-commercial content and continuity.

Recommendation: Multiple highly crafted/detailed human-scaled works of art should be commissioned to be set into the sidewalk furnishing zones along 130th Avenue Northeast. Sometimes on pedestals, sometimes at-grade, sometimes in conjunction with plantings or benches - these works will help to enrich this street’s activity and help define its unique identity.



FIGURE 5.2.7
Artwork within the shopping environment provides a scale and richness to the retail experience.

The Arts District: An Evolving Arts Village

ARTS DISTRICT



FIGURE 5.2.8
The intimate character of Goff Creek can create unique surprises that support the development of an arts village.

One of the goals for the BelRed Corridor is the development and growth of an arts district. This is envisioned as happening in the area immediately east of Goff Creek in the proximity of the Pacific Northwest Ballet School. The growth of a cultural district generally evolves over generations and is driven by tangibles, such as availability of cheap space, but also by intangibles such as places for socialization, the personalities of its residents, and their ability to attract like-minded people to the area. The physical characteristics of this area of the Corridor, with its low-rise structures and tall evergreen trees, suggest that the district character be intimate and village-like. A number of activities, such as weekend open studios, craft festivals, and jazz performances may be employed to increase not only the use of the district by artists but also visitation by citizens and tourists over time.



FIGURE 5.2.9
Existing buildings within the district can be easily re-vitalized to create studio space.

DEVELOPMENT AND PROGRAMMING

Recommendations: Convene a group of local artists who might wish to locate in this new neighborhood and facilitate their organization into a working group.

Develop a name for the district.

The development of a modest artist residency program should be considered. Examine other such programs - Pilchuck, Caldera and Playa - Oregon, Ucross -Wyoming, Anderson Ranch - Colorado, etc.



FIGURE 5.2.10
An arts district should embrace all who create - the glass artists, the poet, the painter, etc.

A study group should be convened to visit other such artistic communities of this implied scale - Cannon Beach Oregon, Emeryville, California, Roosevelt District in Phoenix, etc., to glean an understanding of the possibilities for such a community.

Map and inventory properties which are underutilized within the district and then develop some logical, targeted nodes where critical mass cultural uses might be achieved.

Explore the development of a fund which would provide low interest loans or grants to artists who purchase property in the district (*the City of Phoenix program is an example*).

Explore the development of a fund which would provide grants to subsidize rental fees for artists who locate within the district.



FIGURE 5.2.11
The existing landscape provides a wonderful stage for an emerging arts district - giving it an identity which is unique to the region.

LANDSCAPE

Inventory and protect all significant trees.

Established landscape standards for the arts district which emphasis native plants and casual character.

PUBLIC ART

Public art in the art district should favor temporary projects over permanent projects to facilitate the growth of the district. When improvements are made to right-of-ways in the arts district, locations should be identified for temporary display of district-curated art works.

Identify sites in the district for event-driven culture.

Review all existing and anticipated open spaces to determine ownership and potential to include public art work.

Identify opportunities for public art on Green Streets and at intersections.

6

Graphic Considerations

As the identity of the Corridor continues to evolve, a graphic may be developed to further enhance and make identifiable the character of the Corridor. A typeface may also be selected so that Corridor's character can be expressed in print. The simplicity and clarity of Asian graphic motifs are a logical fit, particularly in their ability to be arranged in repeatable patterns. This repeatability is desirable in its ability to be applied across a number of surfaces of varying scale. These graphics may be applied in the streetscape to wayfinding components, vault and manhole covers, pavement at intersections, and electronic media to reinforce the sense of place.

Color Selection

Colors are pulled from the inspirational photos below, showcasing the beautiful side of Industry. These colors represent an industrial mood with the undertones of modern vibrance.

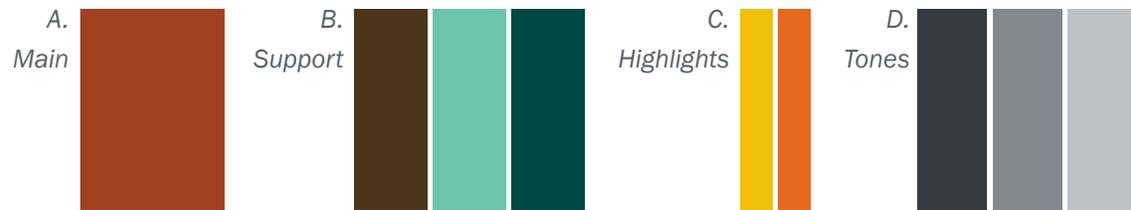


FIGURE 6.1

Color Inspiration Images



FIGURE 6.2

Font Selection and Preferred Typographic Applications

A number of fonts were discussed during the workshop process for this plan. Preference was expressed for a very clean, modern-looking typography. This font would be utilized alongside the graphic, in signage, and any other media representing BelRed.

Font Selected: Franklin Gothic

Typographic Application:

BelRed

FIGURE 6.3

BelRed

FIGURE 6.4

Graphic Inspiration

Easy modification and repetition were seen as desirable qualities for the graphic. The graphic may be applied to printed and digital media and to physical forms in the streetscape. In the example below, a single fish can take on many forms of logo or pattern.



FIGURE 6.5

Graphic inspirations that incorporates modern, industrial and natural themes in visually unique ways.

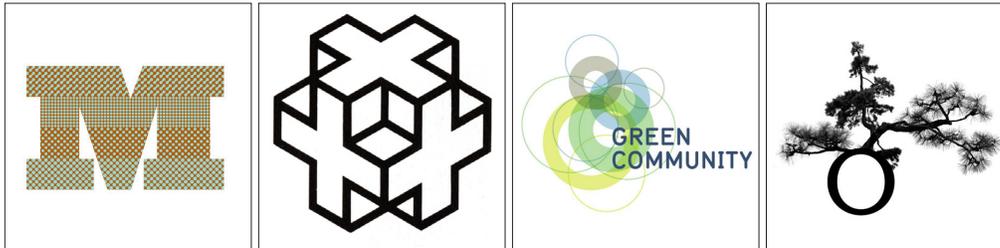


FIGURE 6.6

FIGURE 6.7

FIGURE 6.8

FIGURE 6.9

Pattern Inspiration

Pattern is an important element of the BelRed graphic, expressing BelRed's identity when appropriate and creating a BelRed "pattern language".

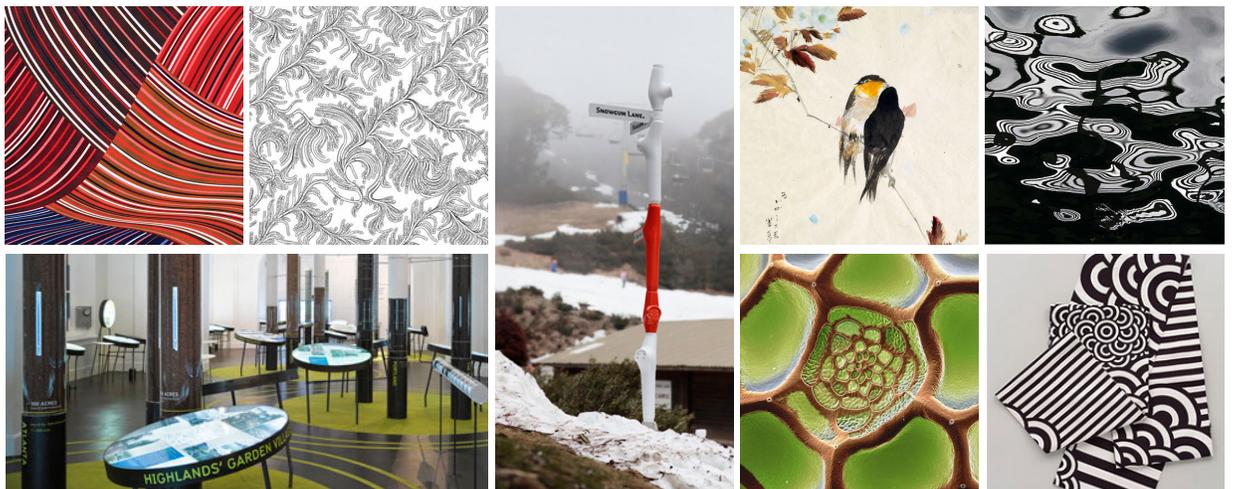
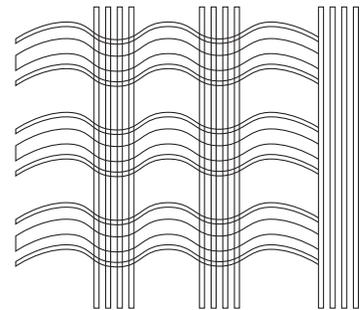
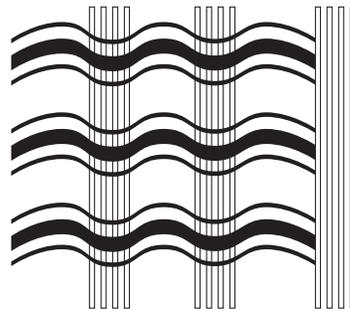


FIGURE 6.10

Pattern and Graphic Explorations

Most of the options explored in the workshops represent all three of BelRed's contexts: Industrial, Modern, and Natural. Modern is shown through the typographic application of font style and weight. The graphic expresses the Natural and/or Industrial context of the Corridor.



Industrial and Natural

This pattern merges the repetition and regularity of industry to the sinuous forms of BelRed's riparian corridors.

FIGURE 6.11

6



Industrial and Natural

Branches represent the interconnected nodes of BelRed in a form appropriate to the Corridor's system of creeks, parks, and wetlands.

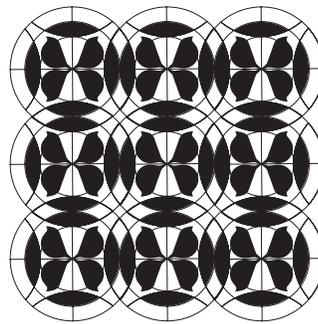
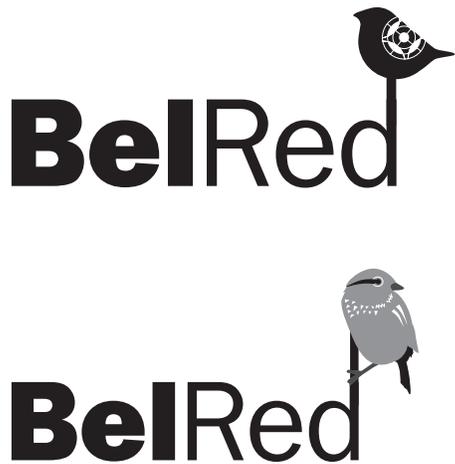
FIGURE 6.12

Natural

The leaf represents the natural context of the corridor as well as its growth as a place.



FIGURE 6.13



Natural and Industrial

The bird is a representation of the corridor's Japanese history and its restored future as habitat for the Song Sparrow. The pattern is industrial in character but also evocative of ripples in water.

FIGURE 6.14

Natural

The plant represents new growth. The growth of BelRed through development, transit, and creation of green spaces.

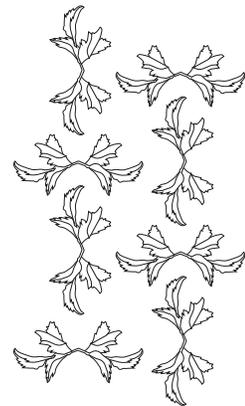
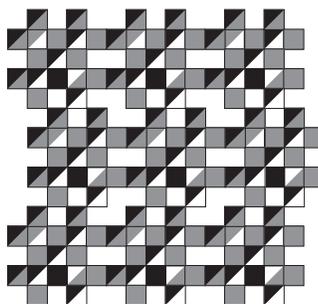


FIGURE 6.15



Industrial

The triangles, squares, and hard angles represent the industrial and modern aspects of the Corridor to the extreme.

FIGURE 6.16



Graphic Application

Examples of Wayfinding

Wayfinding should be inclusive to all ages with preferably some sort of interaction. Application should be identifiable but not dominating or “Disneyland-ish”, keeping to the context of each street type.



FIGURE 6.1



FIGURE 6.2



FIGURE 6.3

Examples of Pattern Applications



FIGURE 6.4



FIGURE 6.5



FIGURE 6.6



FIGURE 6.7

Graphic Application Possibilities

Manhole Cover

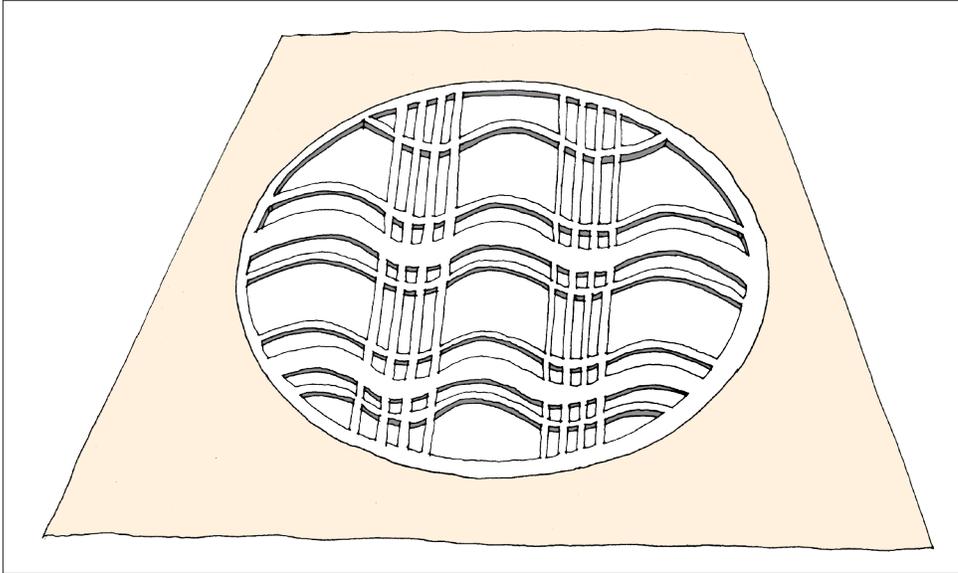


FIGURE 6.8

Wayfinding Kiosk

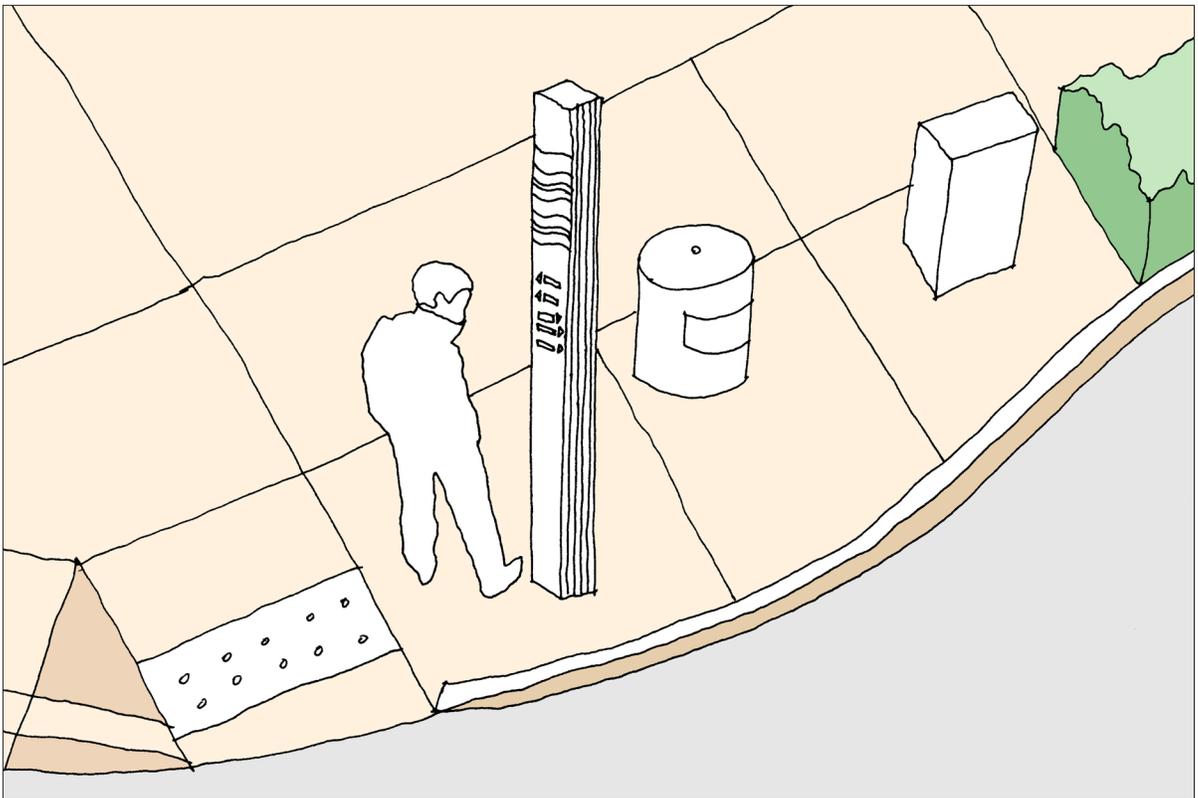


FIGURE 6.9

Sidewalk Inlay

The example shown below is just one way a BelRed graphic inlay could be applied to pavement in the Corridor. The diagrams below show other placement possibilities.

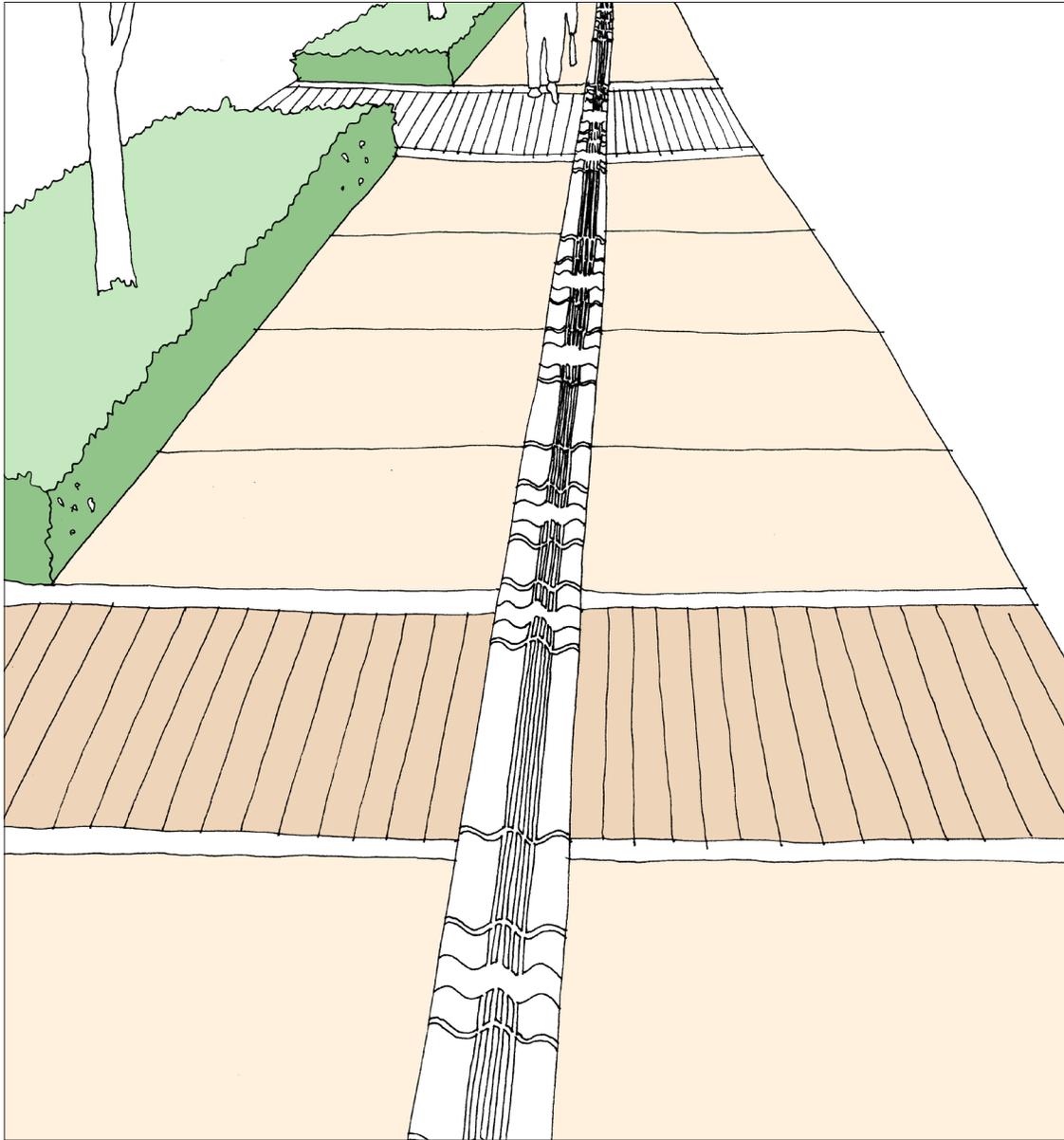


FIGURE 6.10

Green Streets

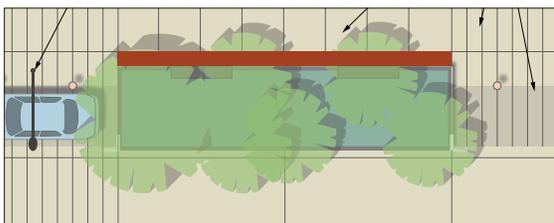


FIGURE 6.11

Retail Streets

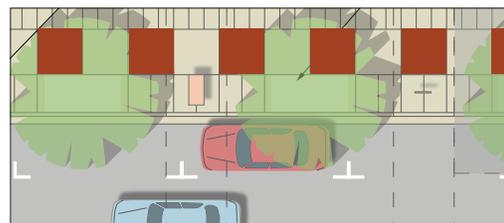


FIGURE 6.12

Walkway Wayfinding

These graphics could be a permanent inlay or a temporary application.

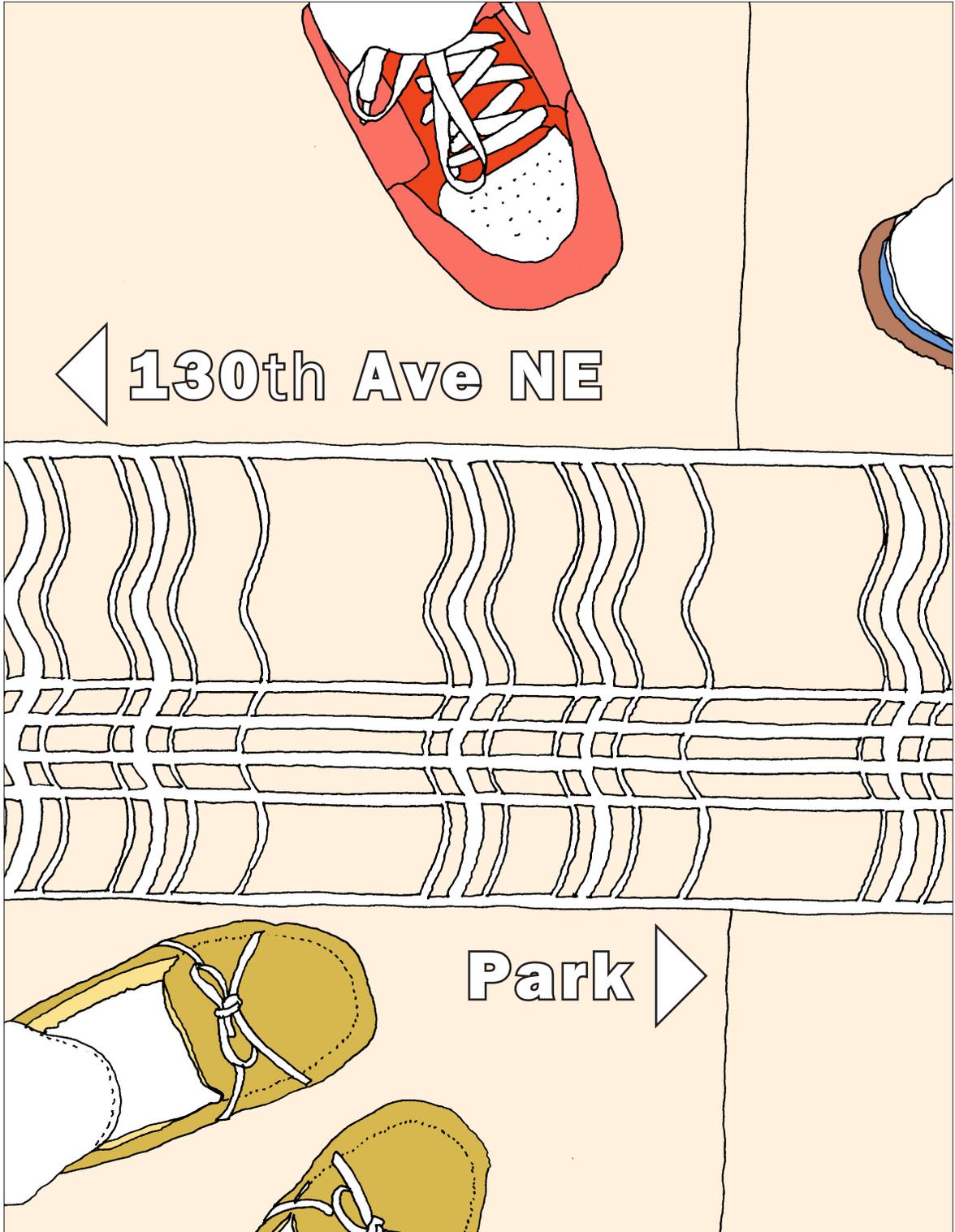
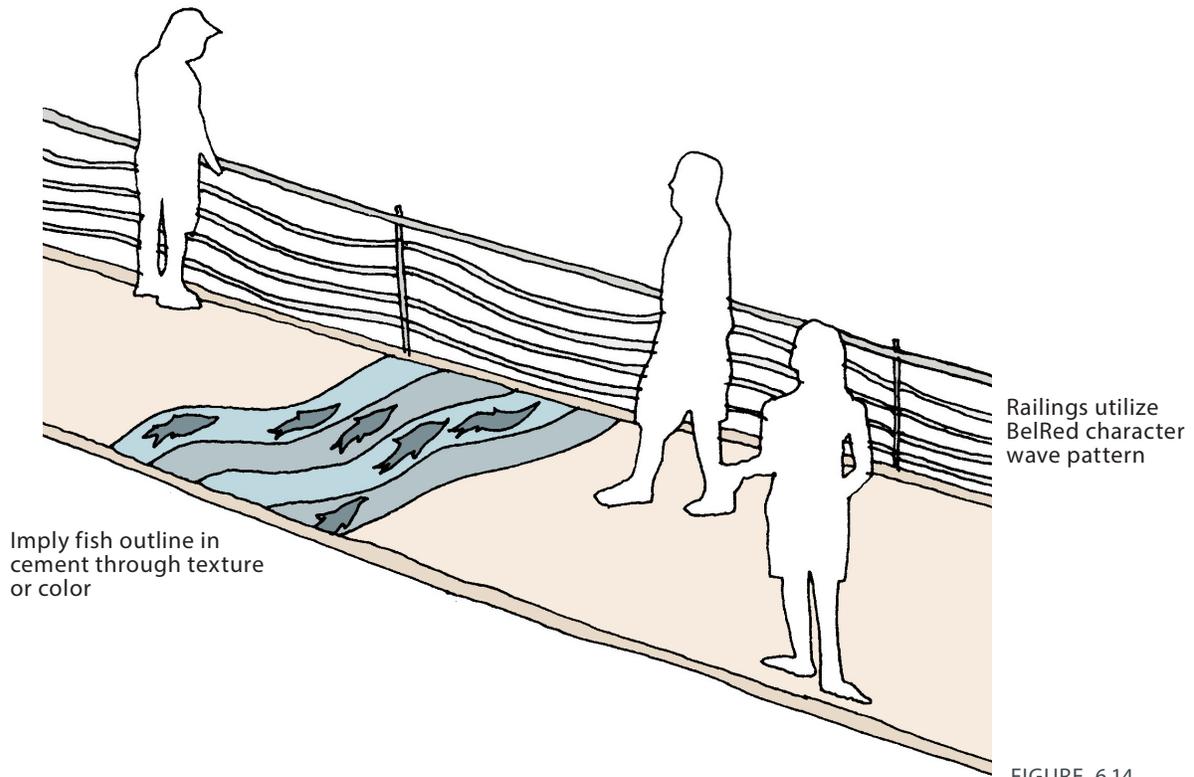


FIGURE 6.13

Stream Crossing and Guard Rails

Utilize BelRed wave pattern and add color to sidewalk cement



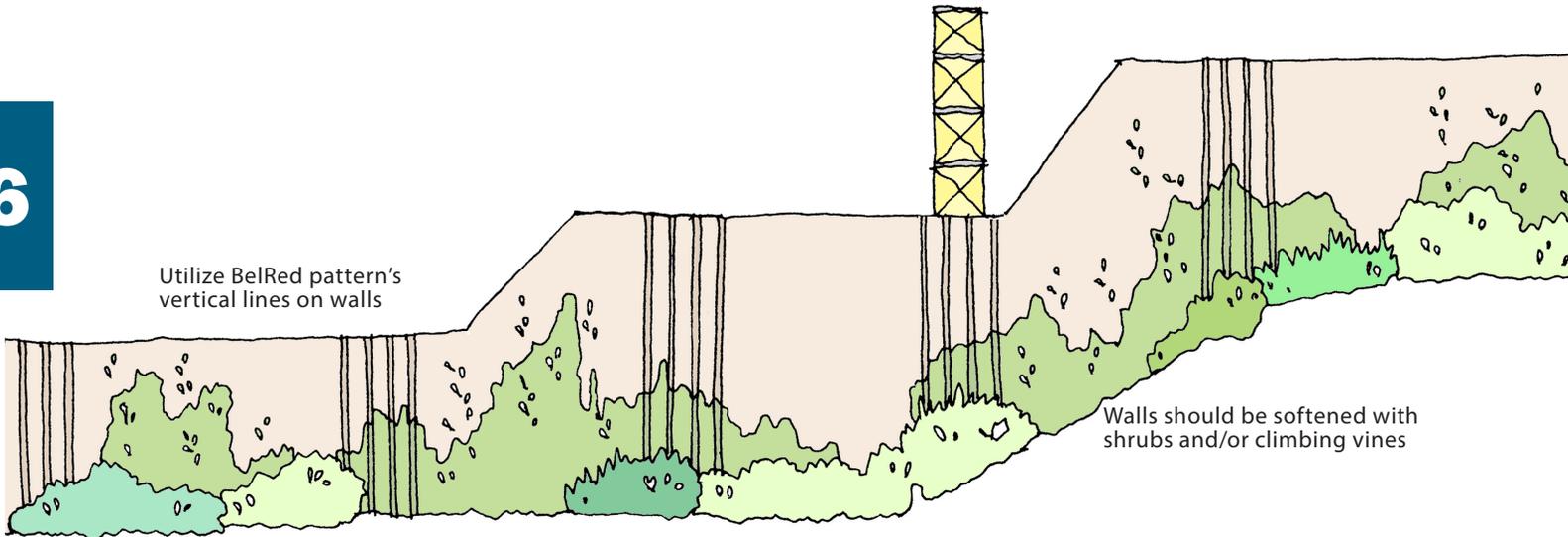
Imply fish outline in cement through texture or color

Railings utilize BelRed character wave pattern

FIGURE 6.14

Walls

Light elements can be used at gateways.



Utilize BelRed pattern's vertical lines on walls

Walls should be softened with shrubs and/or climbing vines

FIGURE 6.15

Sidewalks and Crosswalks

As pedestrians approach a crosswalk, patterns become more condensed to convey transition

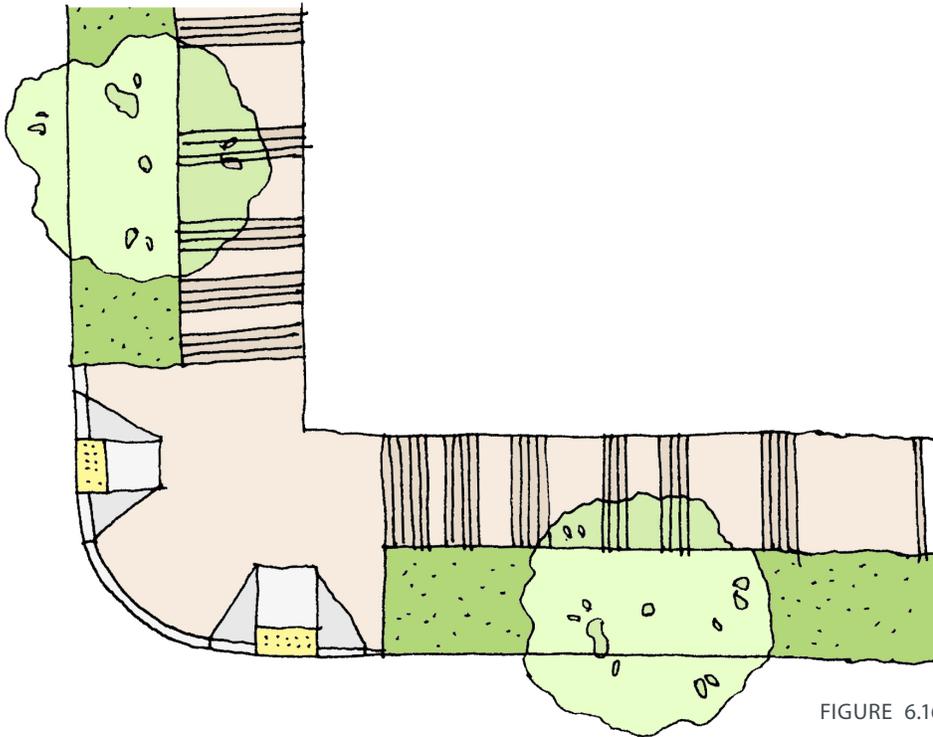
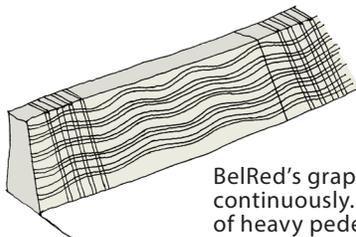


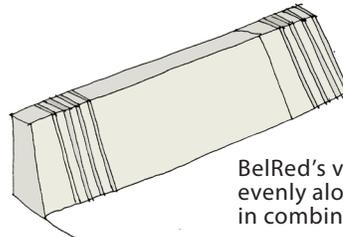
FIGURE 6.16

Barriers



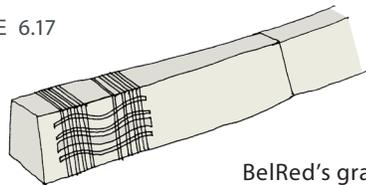
BelRed's graphic pattern continuously. Recommended for areas of heavy pedestrian traffic.

FIGURE 6.17



BelRed's vertical graphic spaced evenly along barrier. Recommended in combination with screening.

FIGURE 6.19



BelRed's graphic pattern occurring only at barrier ends. Recommended as an overarching option for multiple scenarios.

FIGURE 6.18

Screening

Screening above barriers may have a translucent graphic or color.

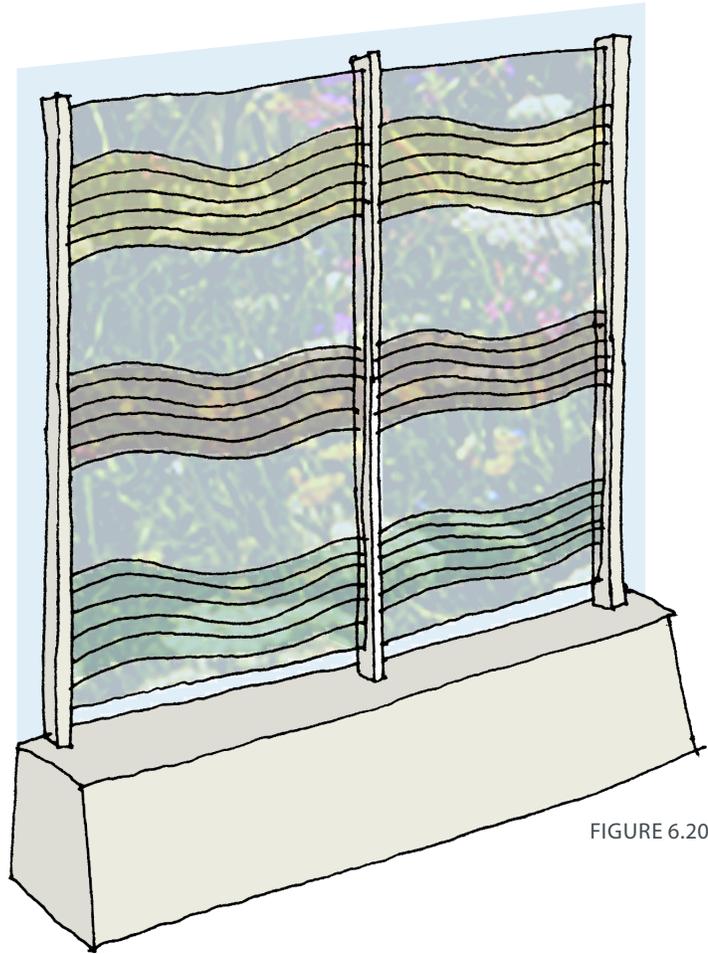


FIGURE 6.20

Bike Lanes Coloring

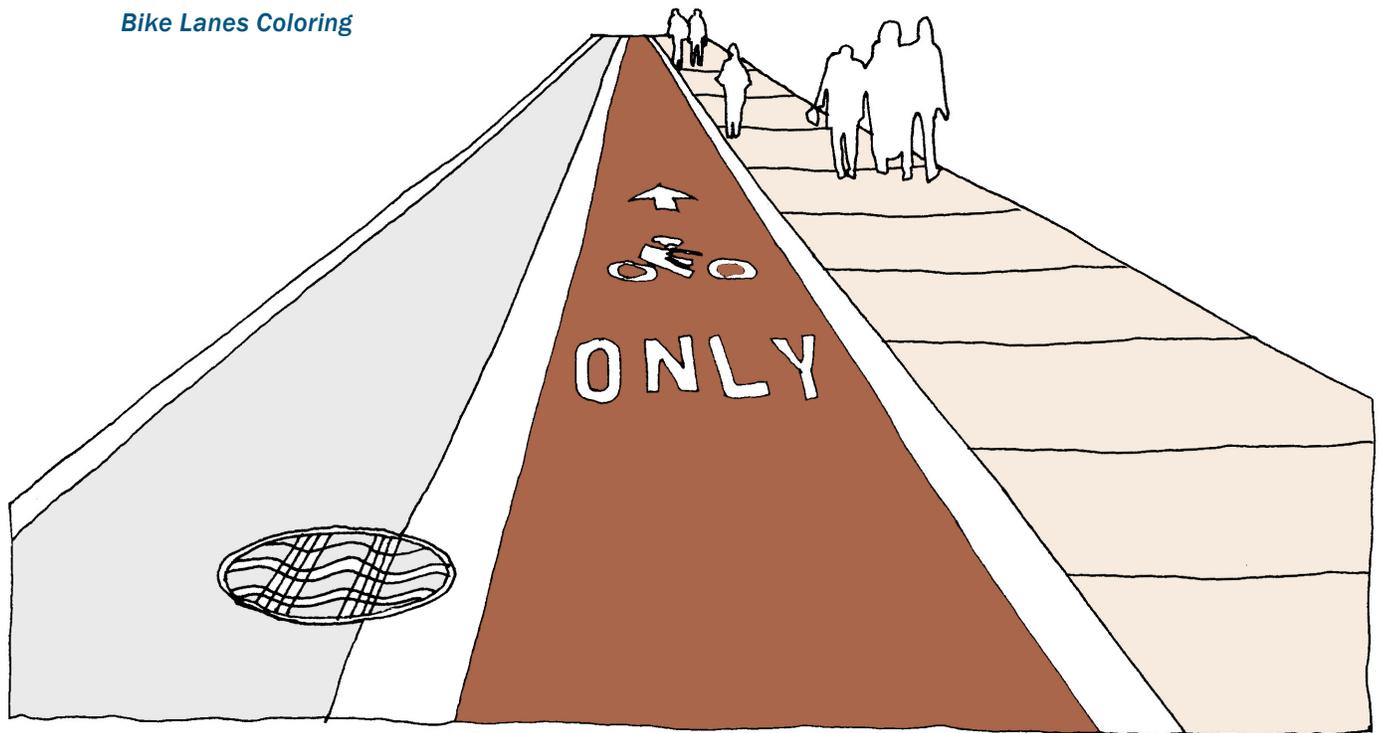


FIGURE 6.21

Bridges

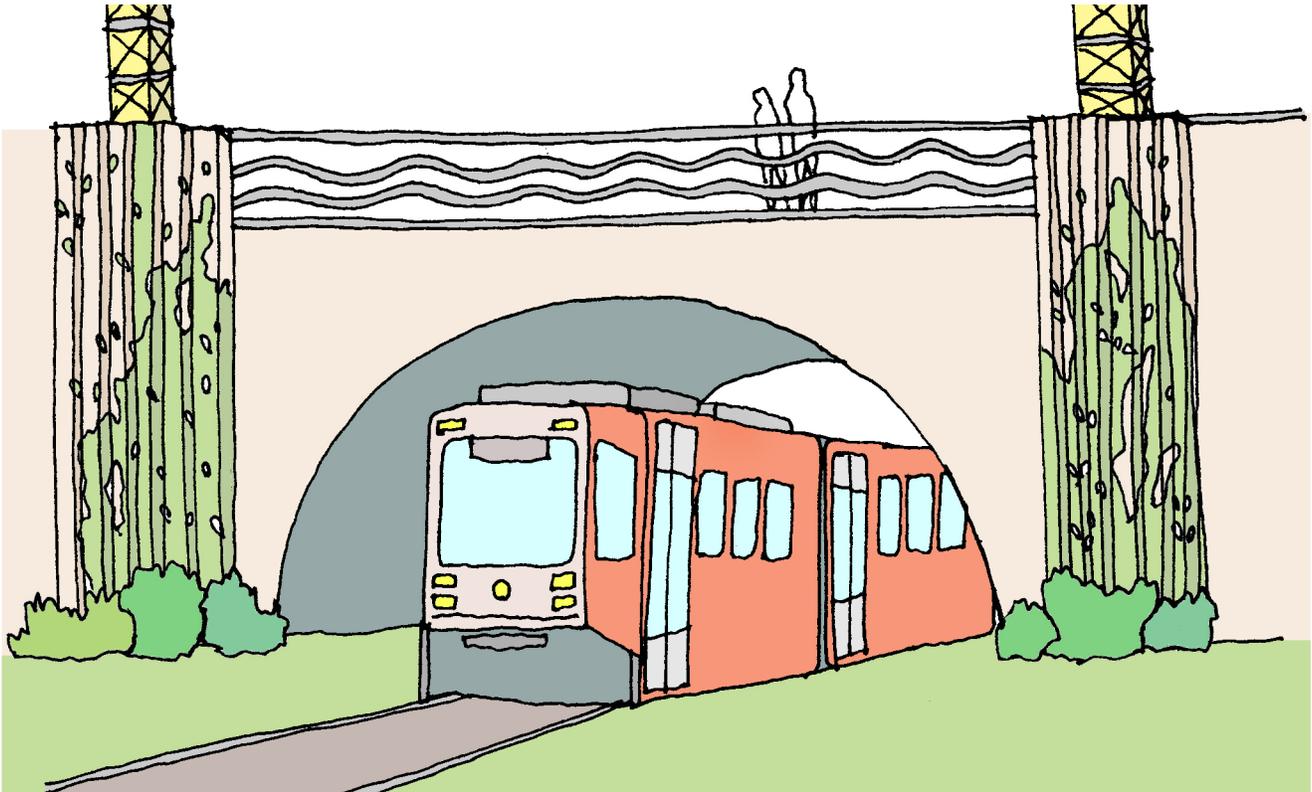


FIGURE 6.22

Landscape / Medians

Plant life should be considered over paved or cement elements. Plant life should be prominent in all elements of the streetscape from trees, to shrubs, to crawling vines for any type of wall. Also, plant life should be NW region based with low maintenance needs and seasonal colors.

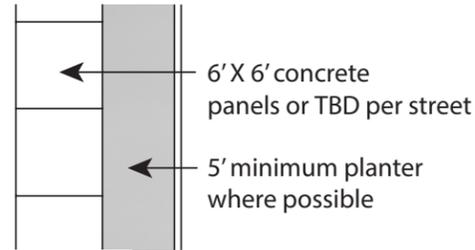
S Colors

Colors: in Corridor-related graphics, or on materials that need to be painted or otherwise coated, colors should come from a traditional industrial range of color tones:

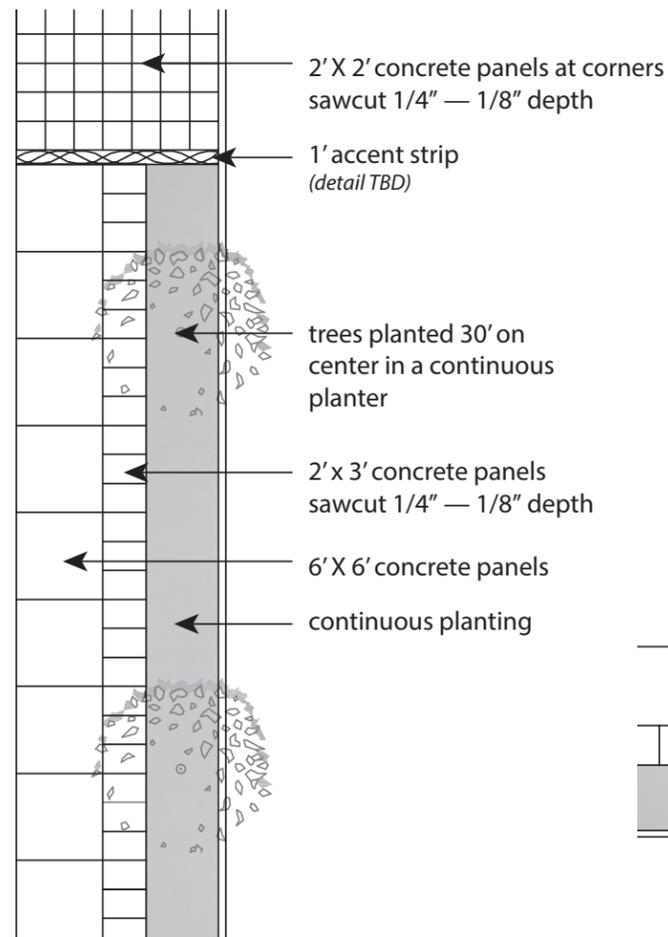
A	MAIN			
	<p>CMYK 25/85/100/18 RGB 163/63/31 PANTONE 1675 C HTML A33F1F</p>			
B	SUPPORT			
	<p>CMYK 28/48/71/72 RGB 88/69/40 PANTONE 462 C HTML 584528</p>	<p>CMYK 56/0/42/0 RGB 114/206/155 PANTONE 346 C HTML 72CE9B</p>	<p>CMYK 94/16/48/65 RGB 0/77/70 PANTONE 3302 C HTML 004D46</p>	
C	TONES			
	<p>CMYK 10/0/0/90 RGB 77/79/83 PANTONE COOL GREY 11 C HTML 4D4F53</p>	<p>CMYK 23/17/13/41 RGB 139/141/142 PANTONE COOL GREY 8 C HTML 8B8D8E</p>	<p>CMYK 12/7/6/17 RGB 188/189/188 PANTONE COOL GREY 4 C HTML BCBDBC</p>	
D	HIGHLIGHTS			
	<p>CMYK 0/70/100/6 RGB 225/109/34 PANTONE 1585 C HTML FF6D22</p>	<p>CMYK 0/15/100/6 RGB 242/175/0 PANTONE 7408 C HTML F2AF00</p>	<p>CMYK 100/19/8/46 RGB 0/91/130 PANTONE 308 C HTML 005B82</p>	
		<p>CMYK 0/0/0/0 RGB 255/255/255 PANTONE WHITE</p>	<p>CMYK 0/0/0/100 RGB 37/44/38 PANTONE BLACK 3 C HTML 252C26</p>	

BelRed Sidewalk Standards (interim/permanent conditions as indicated)

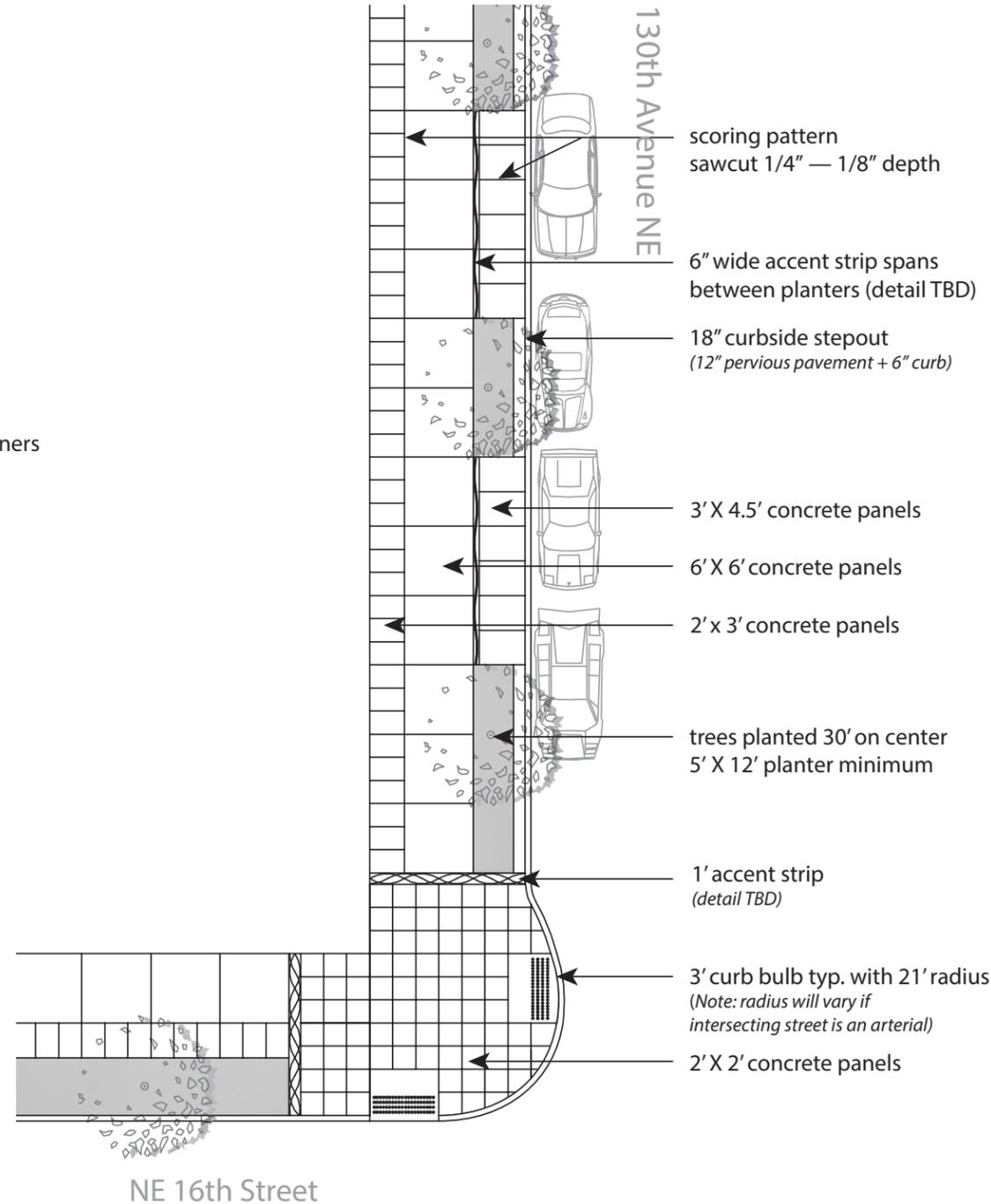
136th Place NE & NE 16th
East of 132nd Ave NE



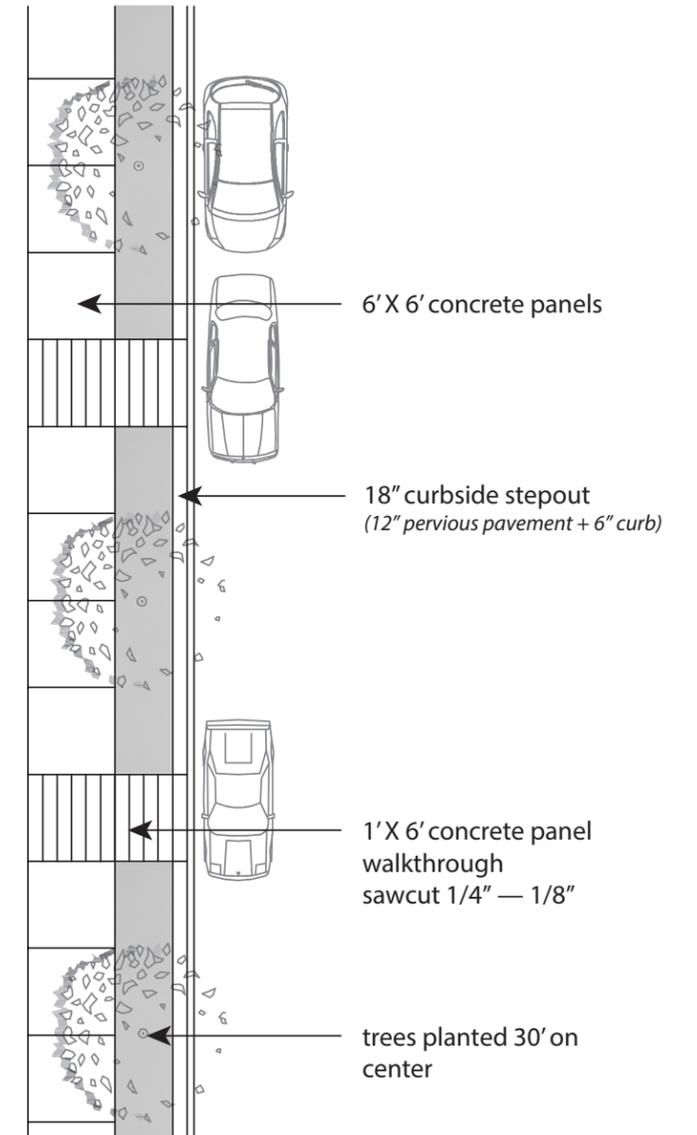
Arterial Street (permanent)



130th Ave NE (permanent)



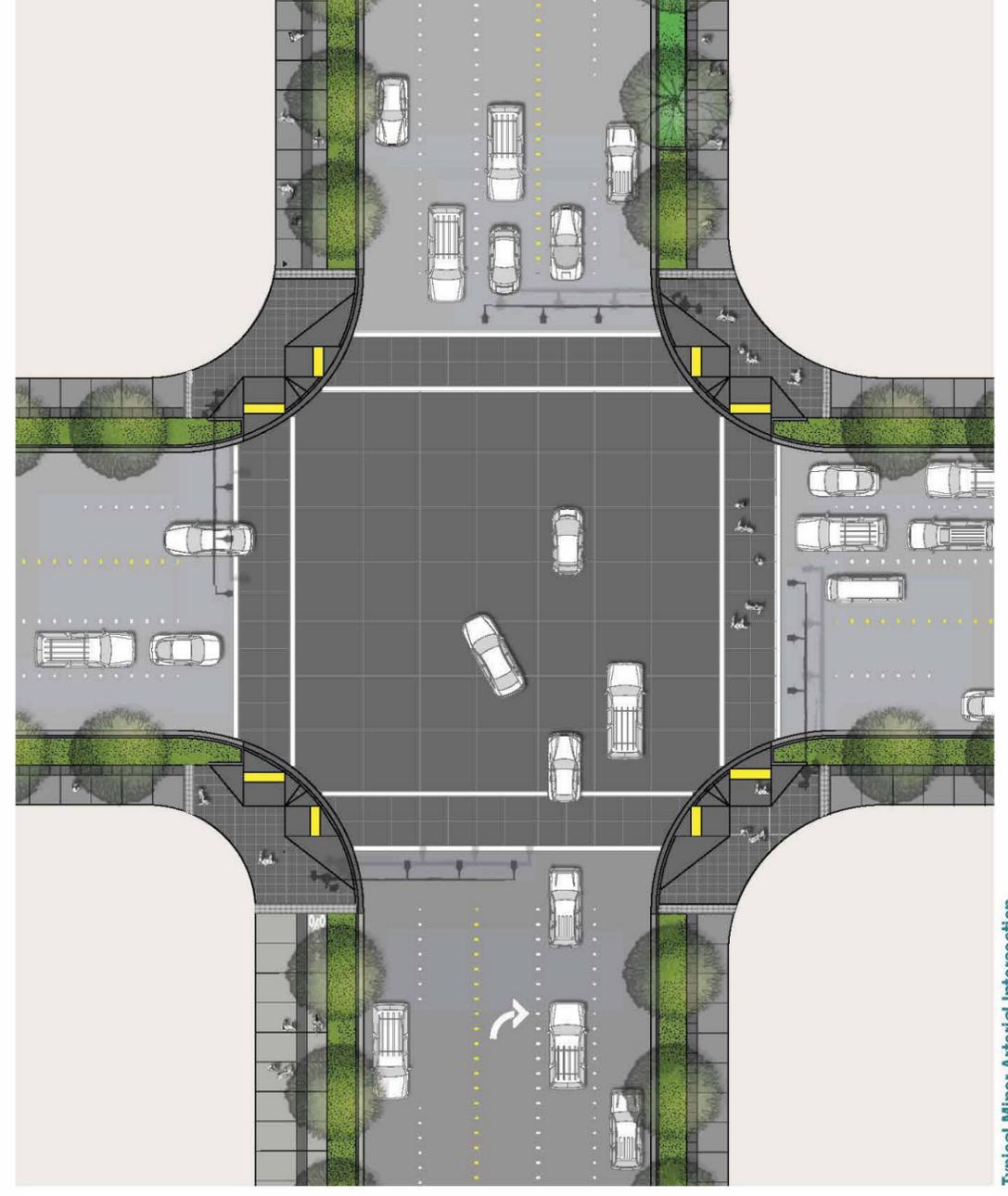
Local Street (permanent--detail not including mid-block crossing bumpouts)





BelRed Corridor Standards

Typical Arterial Intersection Paving and Scoring Standards



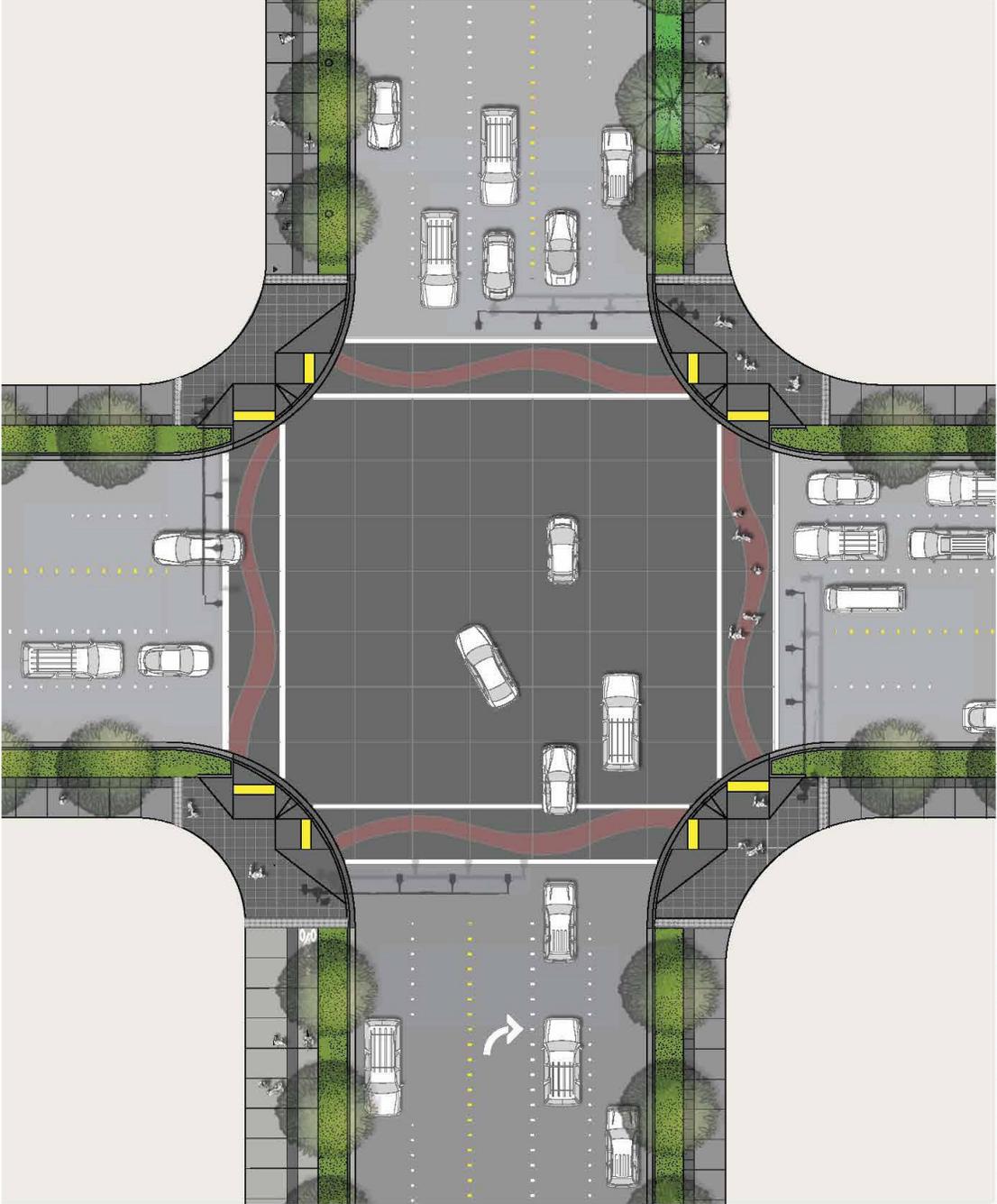
Typical Minor Arterial Intersection





BelRed Corridor Standards

Typical Arterial Intersection Paving and Scoring Standards



Typical Arterial Intersection Near Natural Area

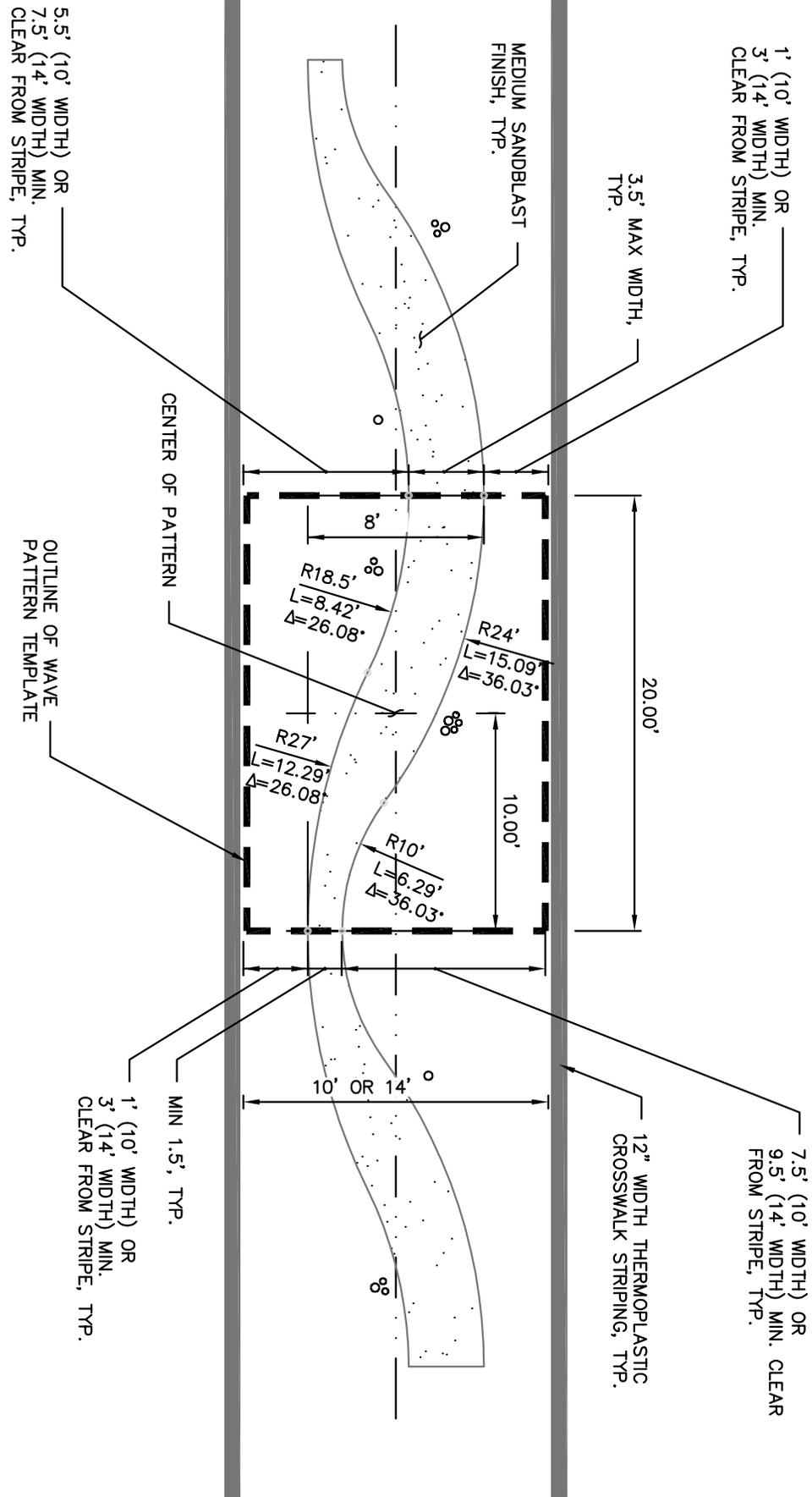
Revised 01-21-2014



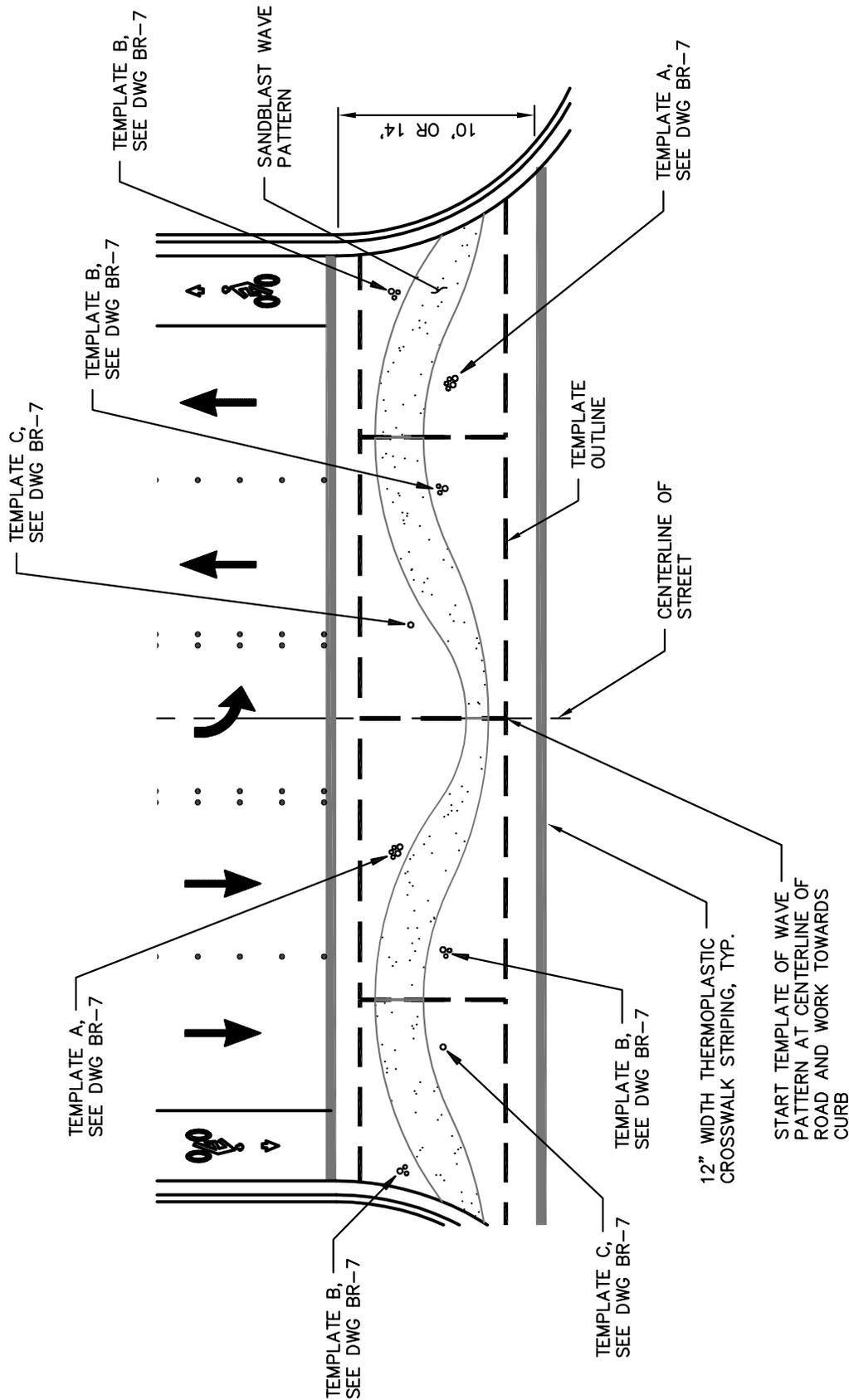


City of
Bellevue

CROSSWALK WAVE PATTERN DETAIL



DRAWING NUMBER	BR-4
SCALE	NONE
REVISION DATE	01/15
DEPARTMENT	TRANS



5 LANE SECTION

DRAWING NUMBER	BR-5
SCALE	NONE
REVISION DATE	01/15
DEPARTMENT	TRANS

CROSSWALK WAVE TEMPLATE PLACEMENT DETAIL



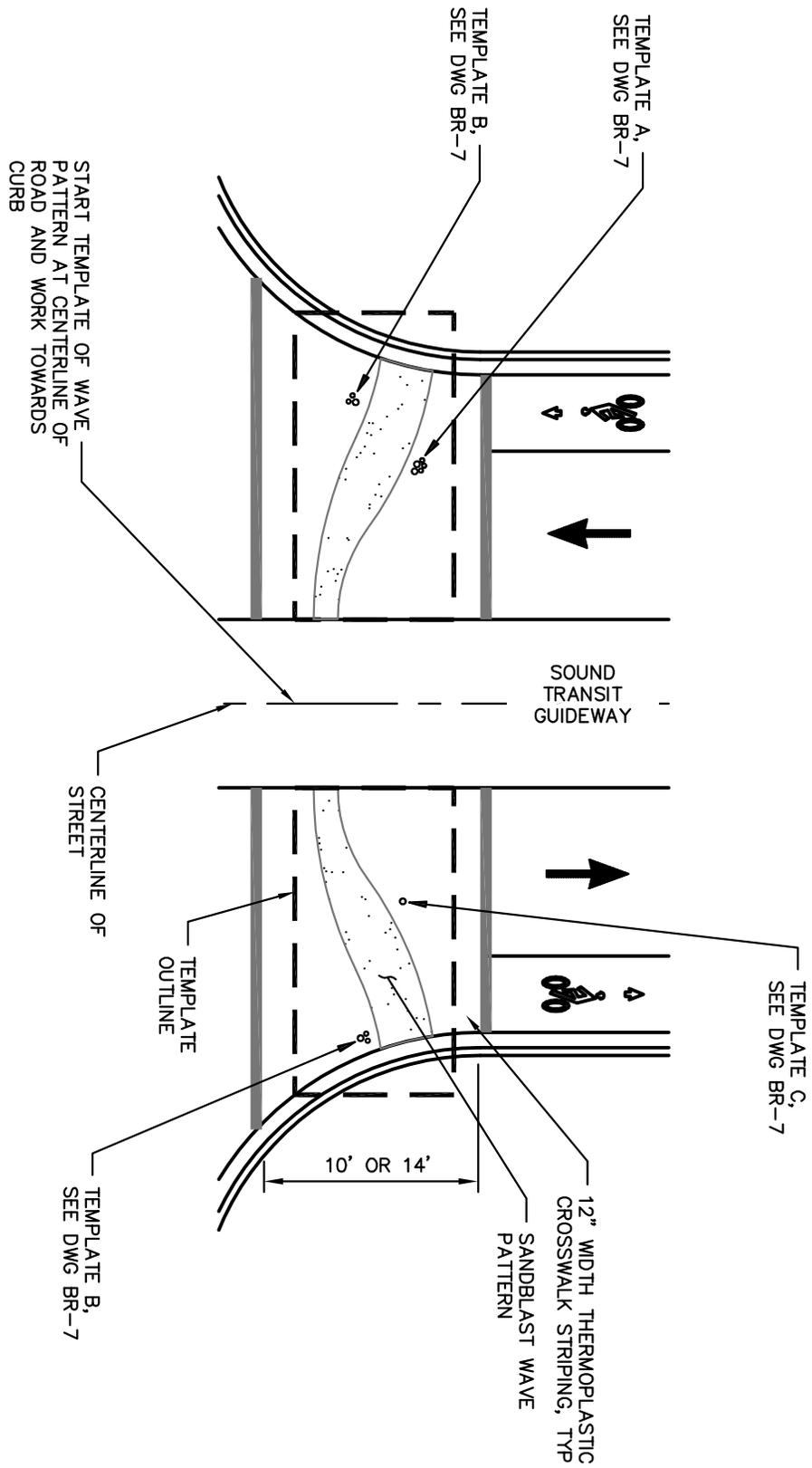


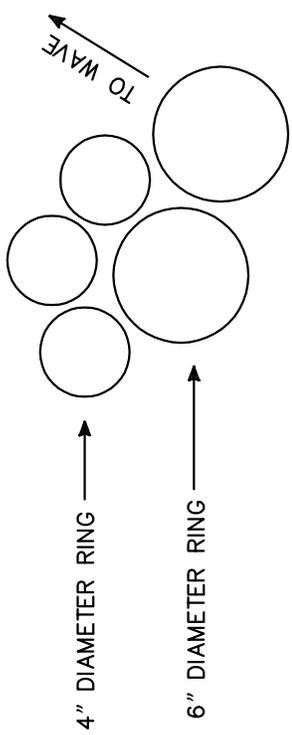
City of
Bellevue

CROSSWALK WAVE TEMPLATE PLACEMENT DETAIL

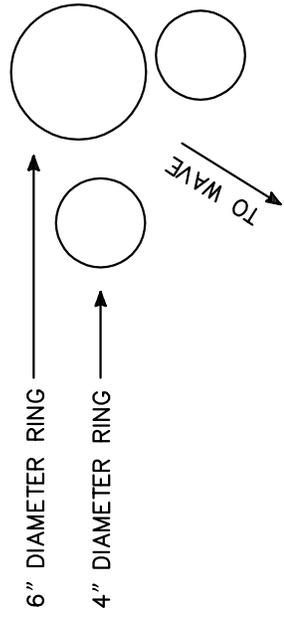
DRAWING NUMBER	BR-6
SCALE	NONE
REVISION DATE	01/15
DEPARTMENT	TRANS

3 LANE SECTION

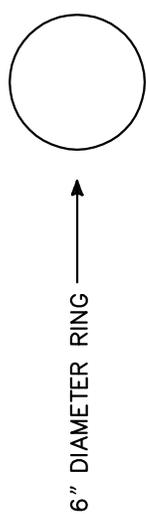




STAMPED RING TEMPLATE A



STAMPED RING TEMPLATE B



STAMPED RING TEMPLATE C

NOTES:

1. STAMPED TEMPLATE BETWEEN ONE AND TWO FEET FROM WAVE. FOR APPROXIMATE LOCATION SEE DRAWING 5 AND 6. LOCATION OF STAMP SHOULD BE OUTSIDE OF THE WHEEL PATH.
2. THICKNESS OF STAMPED RING NOT TO EXCEED 1/4". DEPTH OF STAMPED RING NOT TO EXCEED 1/4" INTO CONCRETE.
3. RING LOCATION TO BE DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER.

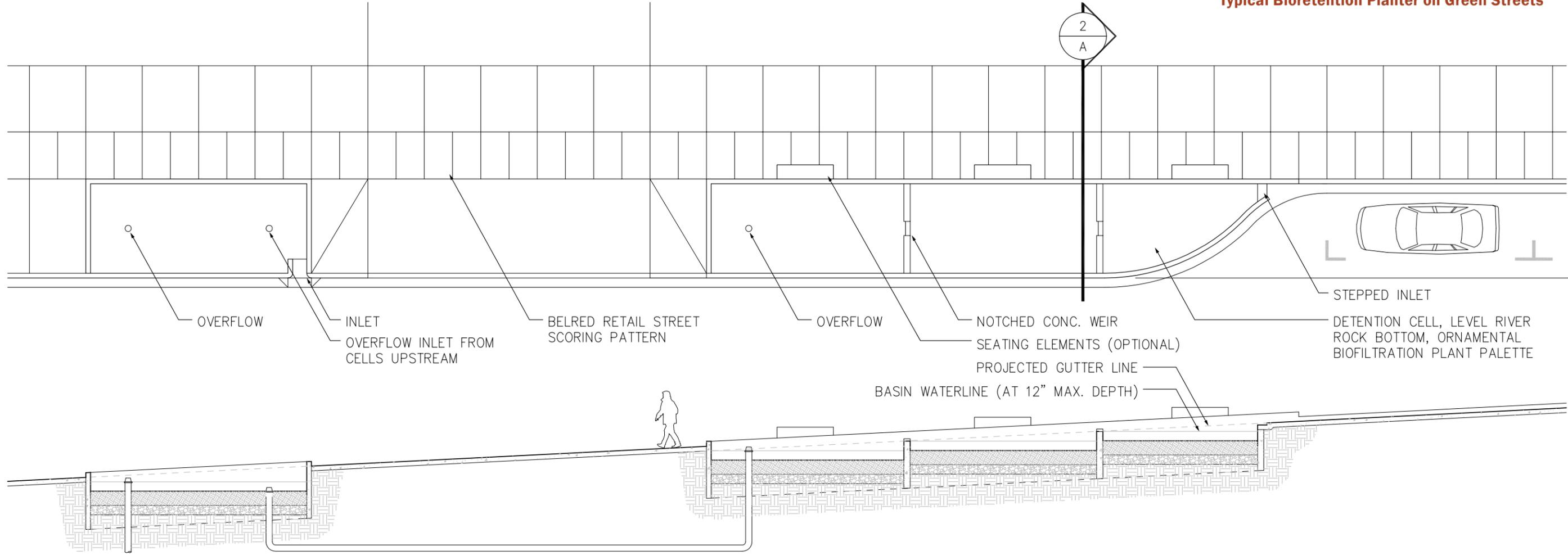


City of Bellevue

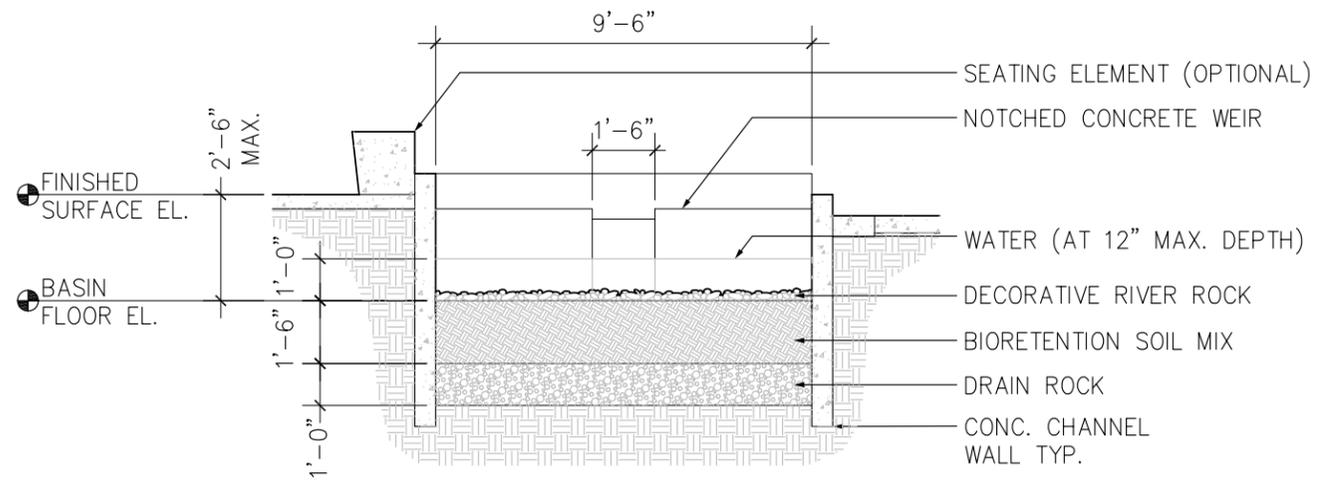
CROSSWALK WAVE – STAMPED RING TEMPLATE

DRAWING NUMBER	BR-7
SCALE	NONE
REVISION DATE	01/15
DEPARTMENT	TRANS

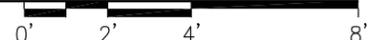
7

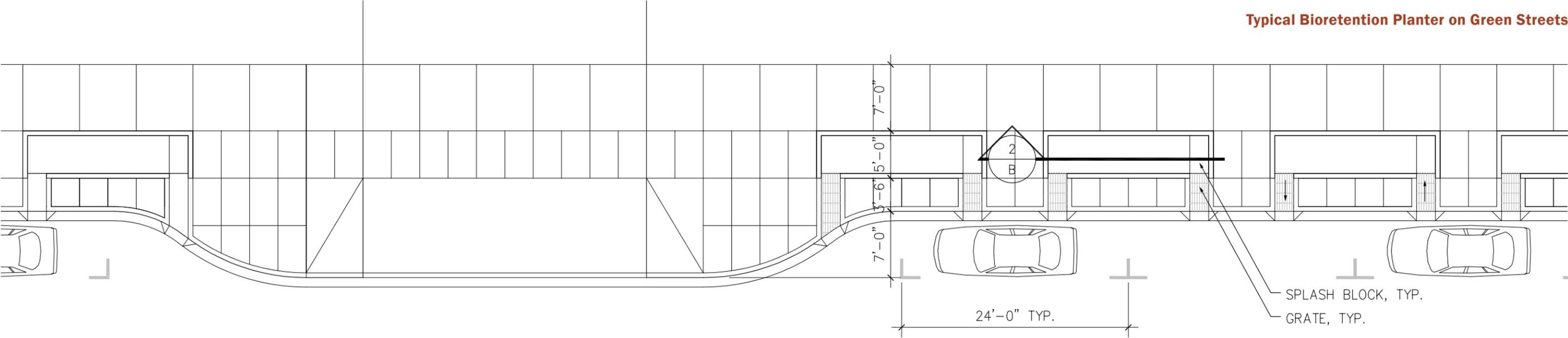


1 PLAN/LONGITUDINAL SECTION, BIORETENTION PLANTERS, ALTERNATIVE 'A'
 A SCALE: 1" = 10'-0"

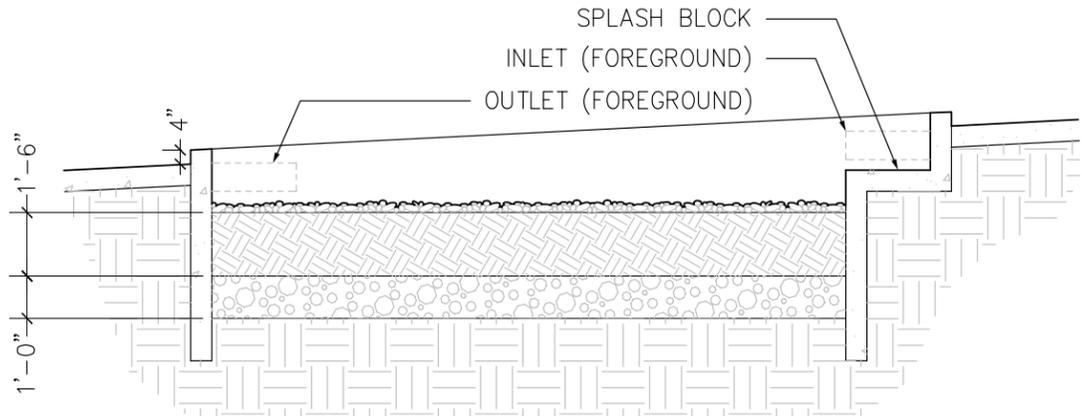


2 TRANSVERSE SECTION, BIORETENTION PLANTERS, ALTERNATIVE 'A'
 A SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



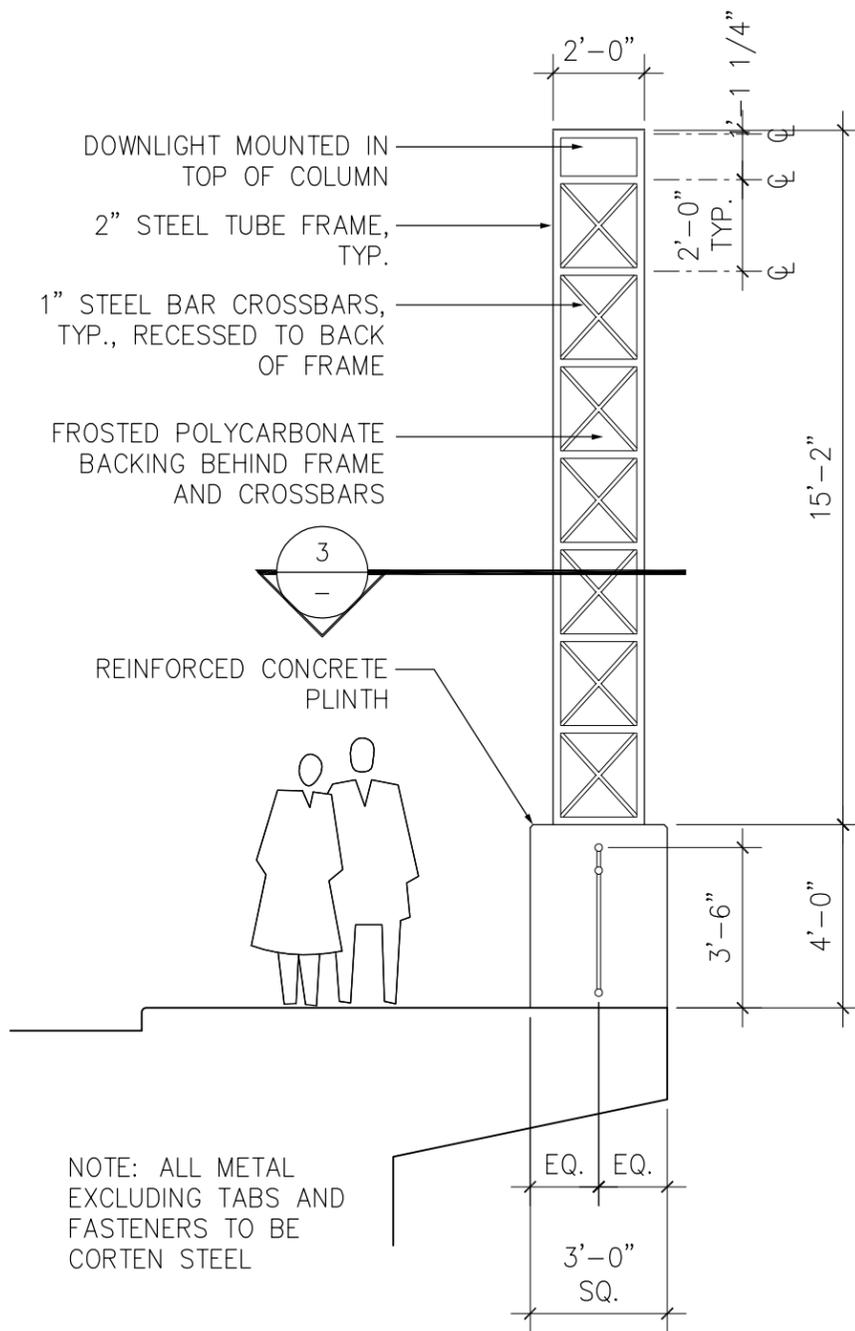


1 PLAN, BIORETENTION PLANTERS, ALTERNATIVE 'B'
 B SCALE: 1" = 10'-0"

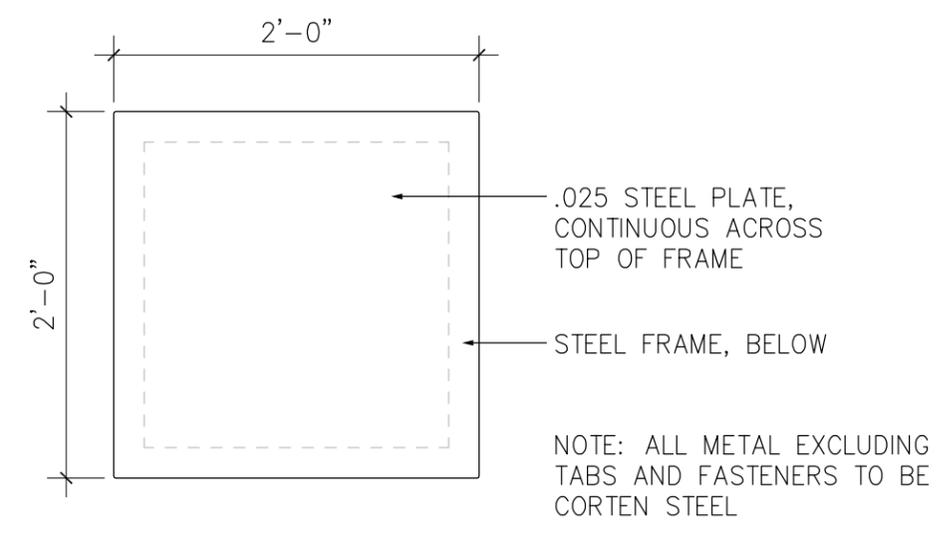


2 LONGITUDINAL SECTION, BIORETENTION PLANTERS, ALTERNATIVE 'B'
 B SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

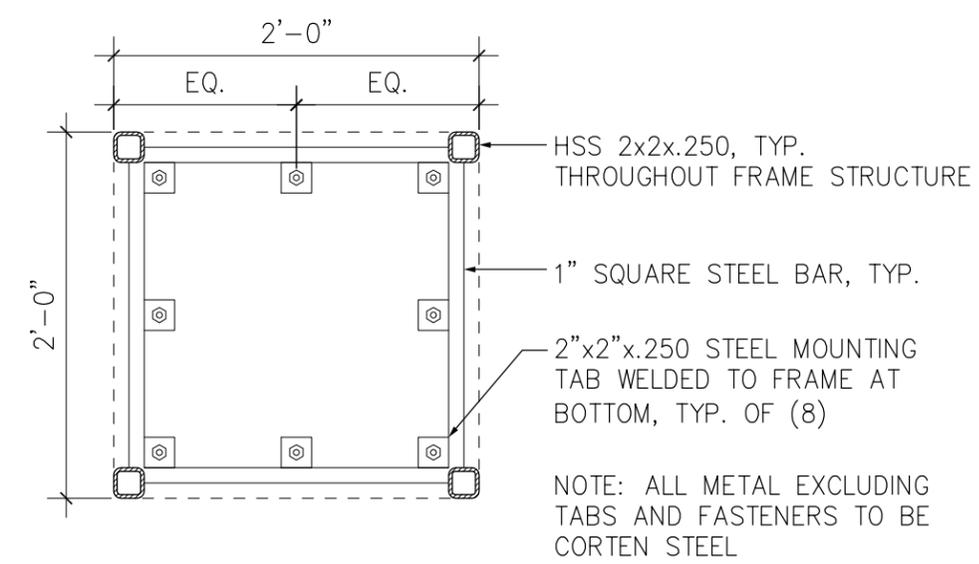




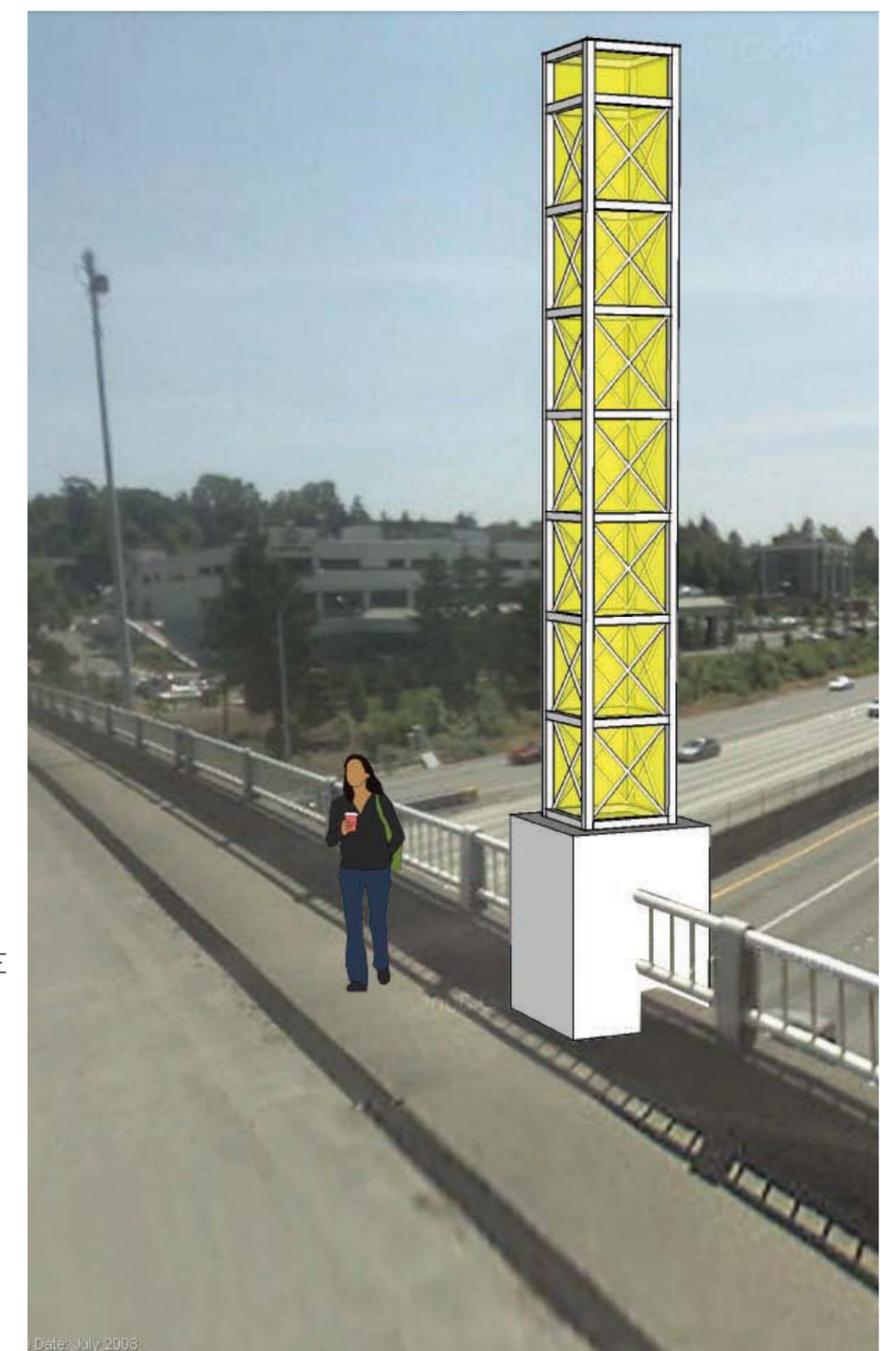
1 ELEVATION - GATEWAY ELEMENT
SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



2 PLAN - GATEWAY MARKER
SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

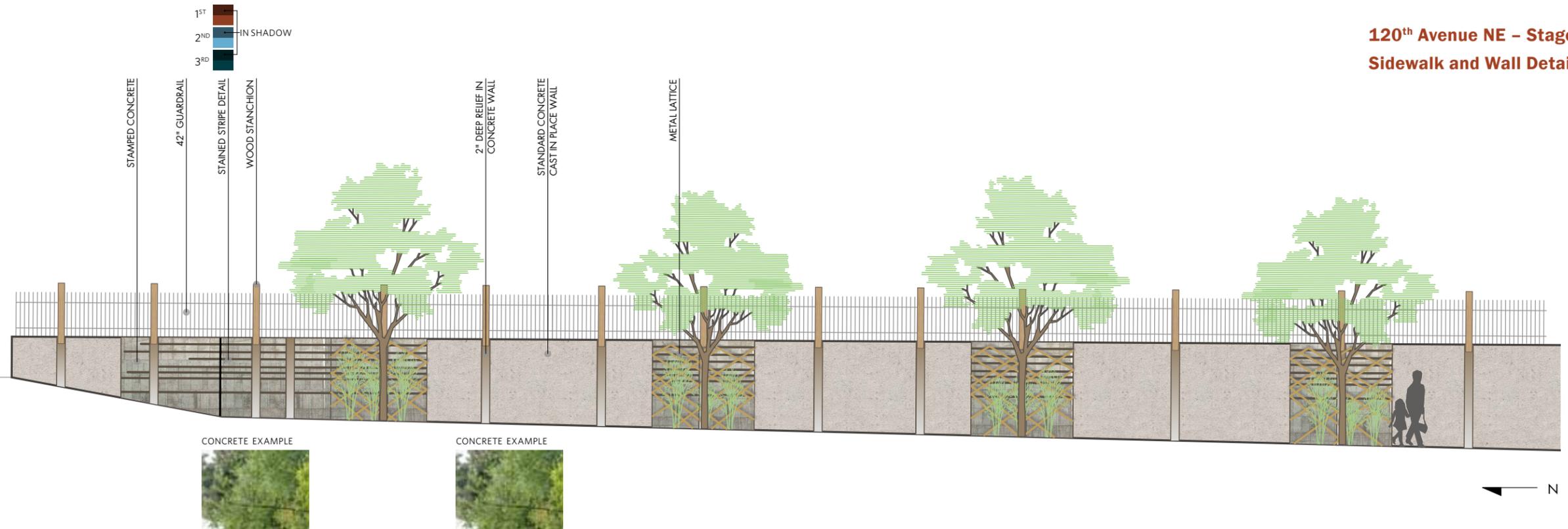


3 SECTION - GATEWAY MARKER
SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

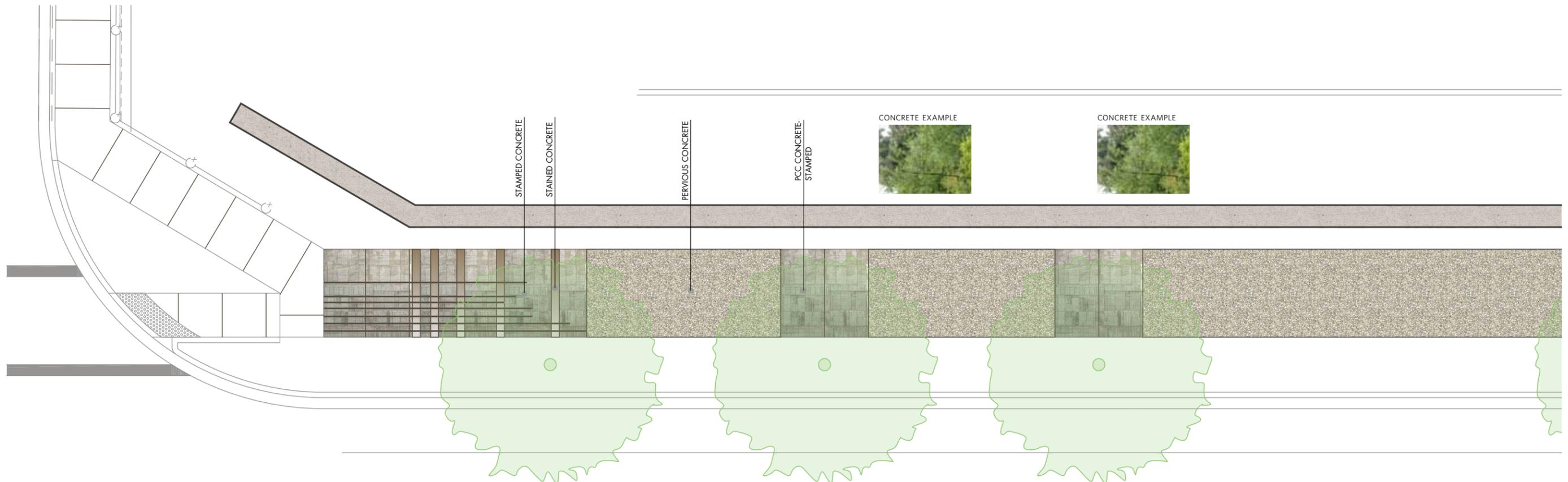


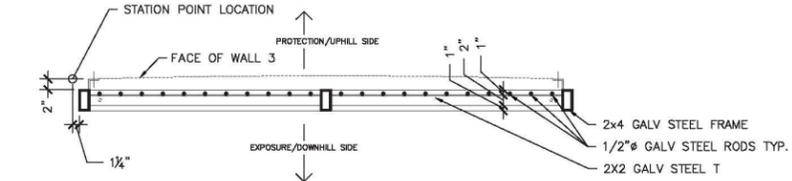
4 PERSPECTIVE - GATEWAY MARKER
SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"

ELEVATION 1/8" SCALE

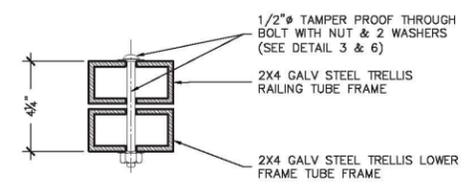


PLAN 1/8" SCALE



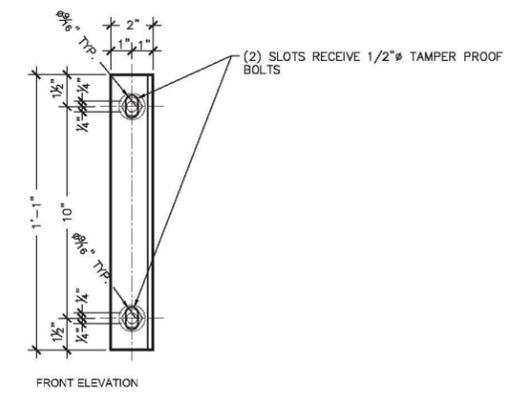


1 PLAN
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

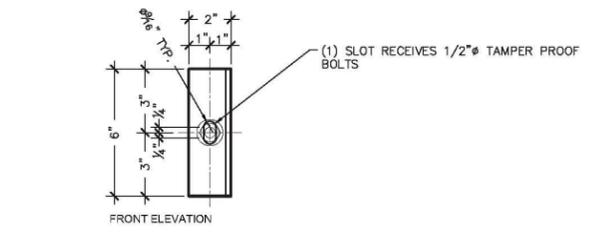
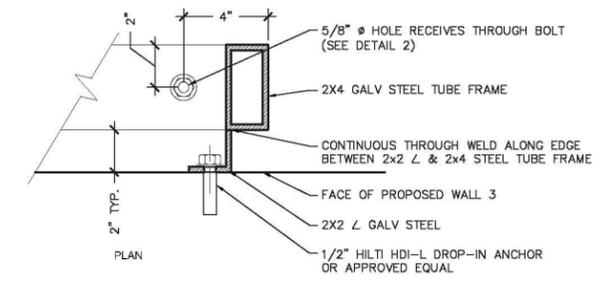


2 RAILING TO LOWER FRAME CONNECTION
SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"

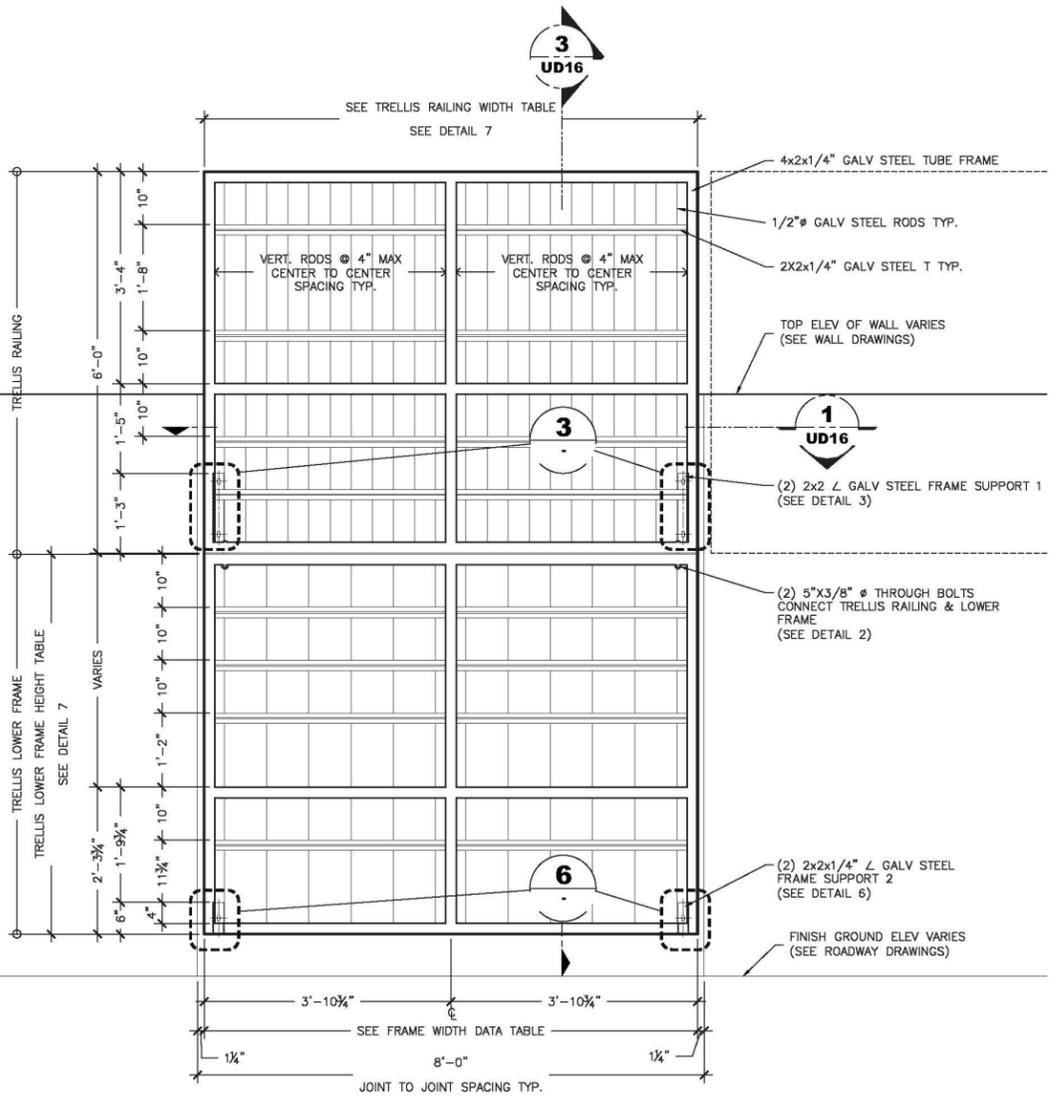
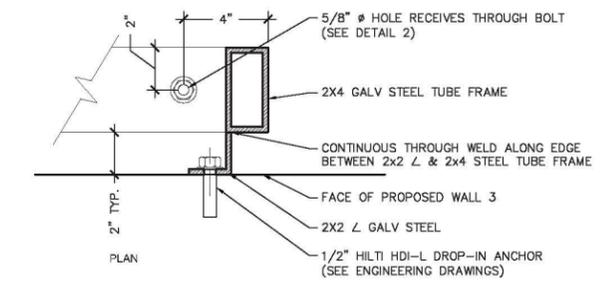
- GENERAL NOTES:**
- SEE WALL DRAWINGS FOR WALL LOCATION WITHIN PROJECT.
 - ALL RAILING ELEMENTS AND ASSEMBLIES TO BE GALV STEEL FINISH UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. SEE SPECIFICATION.
 - ALL VERTICAL ROD ARRAYS TO BE CENTERED BETWEEN 2X4 STEEL TUBE FRAME VERTICALS
 - FOR WALL DETAILS SEE WALL DRAWINGS (SEE SHEET W00-W17)



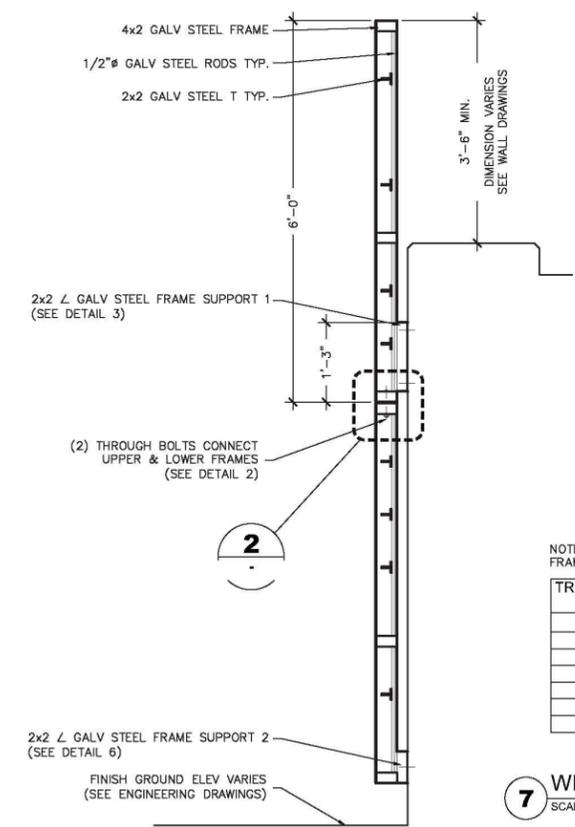
3 FRAME SUPPORT 1
SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"



6 FRAME SUPPORT 2
SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"



4 FRONT ELEVATION (EXPOSURE SIDE)
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



5 TRELLIS RAIL SECTION
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

NOTE: SEE SHEET UD11 FOR TRELLIS/RAILING & LOWER FRAME LOCATIONS.

(X)	WIDTH
A	6'-7 3/16"
B	7'-7 1/2"
C	7'-3/8"
D	0'-9 1/2"
E	3'-0 1/2"
F	6'-9 1/8"

(Y)	HEIGHT
A	4'-6"
B	5'-6"
C	5'-6"
D	6'-0"
E	5'-0"
F	4'-6"
G	1'-11 1/4"

7 WIDTH & HEIGHT DIMENSION TABLES
SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"

S:\jobs\101024 Bellevue 120th Ave NE\Graphics\CAD\from Project\Solve Site\CADD\SHEETS\MAKERS\B12052-UD16.dwg Jun 06, 2012 1:41pm

NO.	DATE	BY	APPR.	REVISIONS
70% SUBMITTAL PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION				

Approved By

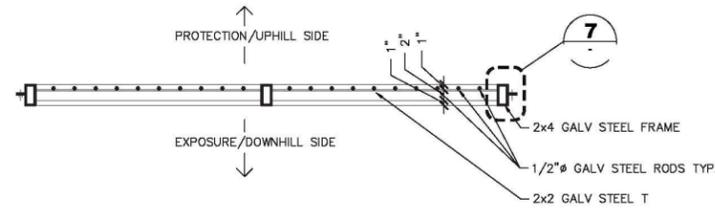
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING MANAGER	DATE	SPM/JO 12/12/2011
PROJECT MANAGER	DATE	DESIGNED BY SPM 06/05/2012
	DATE	DRAWN BY JO 06/05/2012
	DATE	CHECKED BY

City of Bellevue
TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

MAKERS
ARCHITECTURE - PLANNING - URBAN DESIGN

NE 4TH ST / 120TH AVE NE CORRIDOR PROJECT
NE 7TH ST TO NE 12TH ST

URBAN DESIGN
WALL 3 VINE TRELLIS/RAILING DETAILS
UD16 SHT ____ OF ____

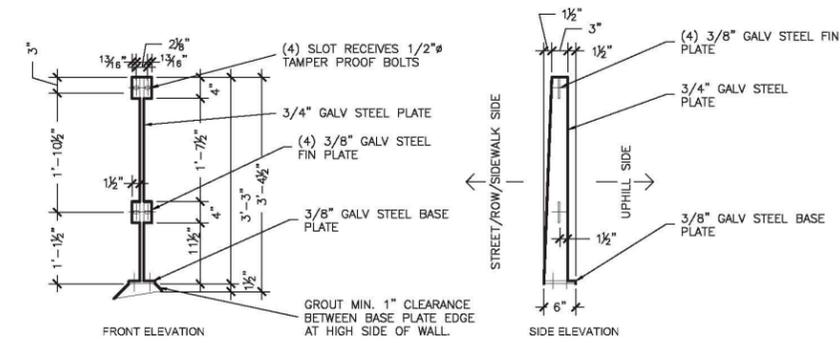


1 RAILING PLAN
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

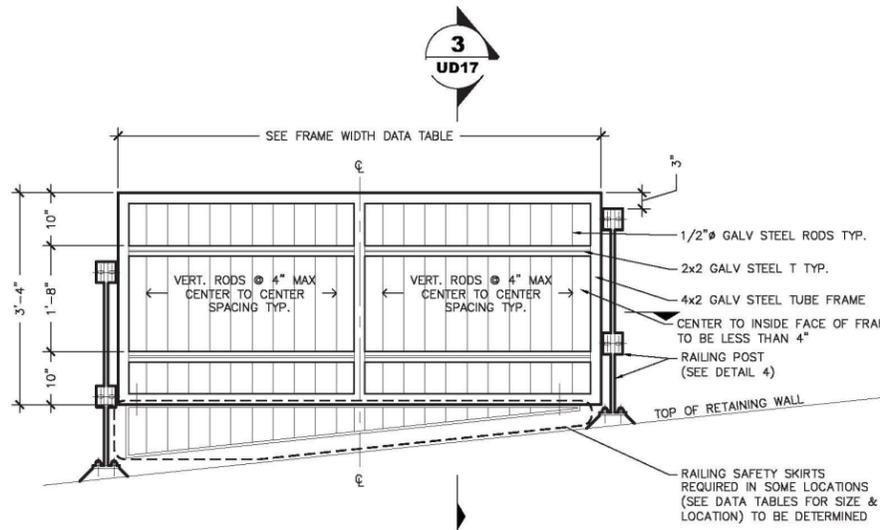
GENERAL NOTES:

1. SEE WALL DRAWINGS FOR WALL LOCATION WITHIN PROJECT
2. ALL RAILING ELEMENTS AND ASSEMBLIES TO BE GALV STEEL FINISH UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. SEE SPECIFICATION
3. ALL VERTICAL ROD ARRAYS TO BE CENTERED BETWEEN 2X4 STEEL TUBE FRAME VERTICALS
4. FOR WALL DETAILS SEE WALL DRAWINGS (SEE SHEET W00-W17)

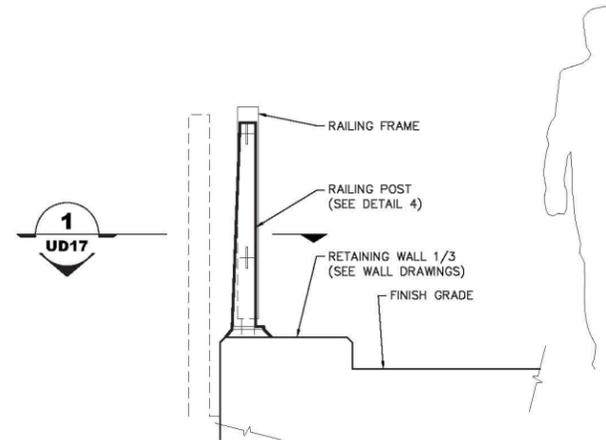
WIDTH	WIDTH
A	6'-7 3/16"
B	7'-7 1/2"
C	7'-3 3/8"
D	0'-9 1/2"
E	3'-0 1/2"
F	6'-9 1/8"



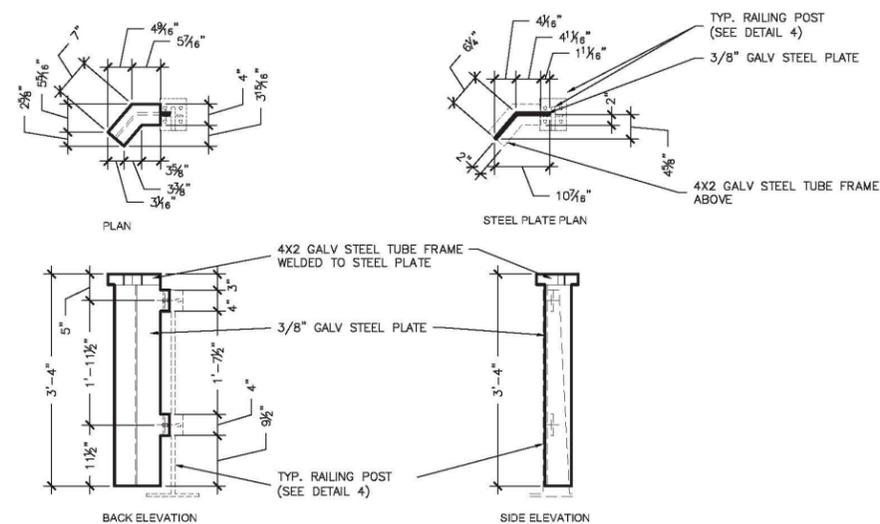
4 RAILING POST
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



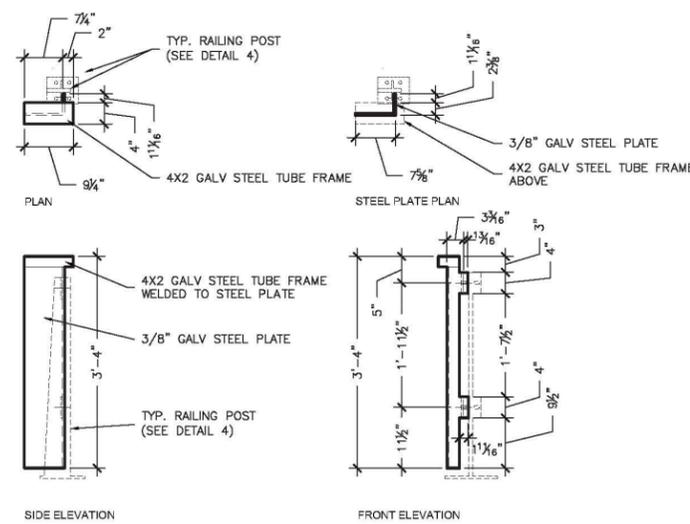
2 TYPICAL RAILING FRONT ELEVATION
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



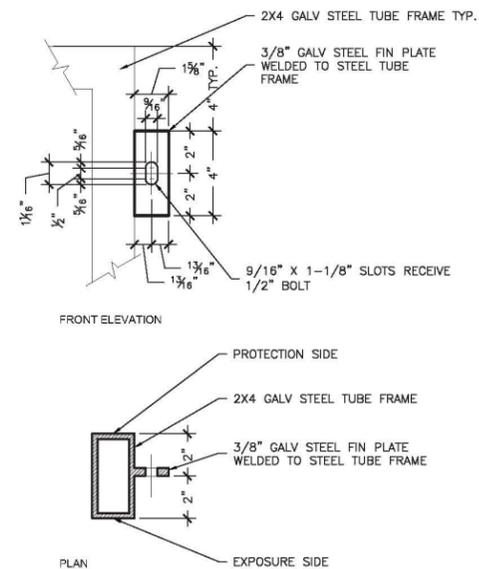
3 TYPICAL RAILING SECTION
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



5 RAILING CORNER FRAME 01
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



6 RAILING CORNER FRAME 02
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



7 STEEL TUBE FRAME FIN PLATE
SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"

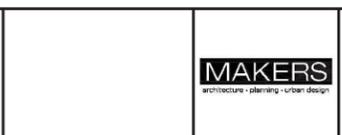
S:\jobs\101024 Bellevue 120th Ave NE\Graphics\CAD\from Project\Solve Site\CADD\SHEETS\MAKERS\B12052-UD17.dwg Jun 06, 2012 4:01pm

NO.	DATE	BY	APPR.	REVISIONS

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PRELIMINARY
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Approved By

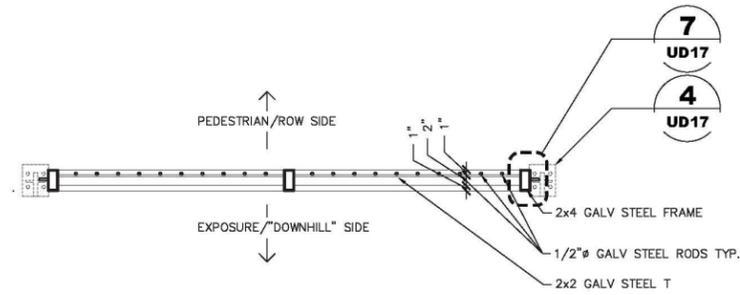
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING MANAGER	DATE	SPM/JO 12/12/2011
PROJECT MANAGER	DATE	SPM 06/05/2012
	DATE	DRAWN BY JO 06/05/2012
	DATE	CHECKED BY



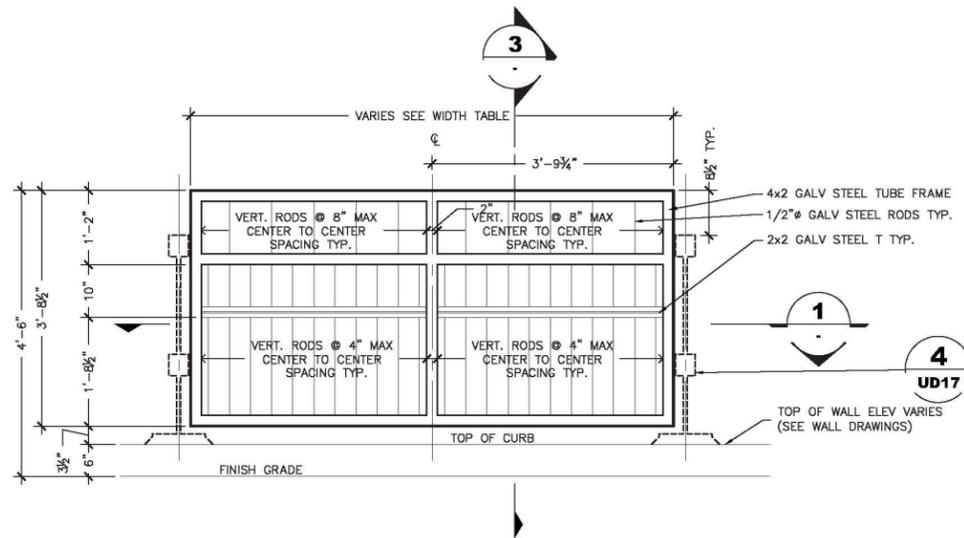
NE 4TH ST / 120TH AVE NE CORRIDOR PROJECT
NE 7TH ST TO NE 12TH ST

URBAN DESIGN 3'-6" HIGH RAILING DETAILS	
UD17	SHT ____ OF ____

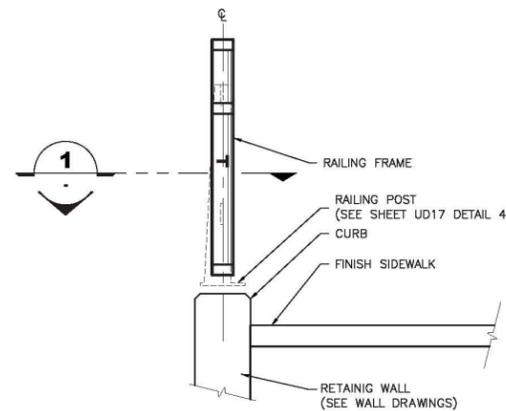




1 TYP. RAILING PLAN
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



2 TYPICAL RAILING FRONT ELEVATION
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



3 TYPICAL RAILING SECTION
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

(X)	WIDTH
A	7'-7 1/2"
B	7'-0 5/8"
C	0'-9 1/2"
D	6'-0 5/8"
E	-
F	1'-10 1/2"
G	7'-3 3/4"

4 WIDTH DIMENSION TABLE
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

GENERAL NOTES:

1. SEE WALL DRAWINGS FOR WALL LOCATION WITHIN PROJECT
2. ALL RAILING ELEMENTS AND ASSEMBLIES TO BE GALV STEEL FINISH UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. SEE SPECIFICATION
3. ALL VERTICAL ROD ARRAYS TO BE CENTERED BETWEEN 2X4 STEEL TUBE FRAME VERTICALS
4. FOR WALL DETAILS SEE WALL DRAWINGS (SEE SHEET W00-W17)
5. FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN, SEE SHEET W17.

S:\jobs\101024 Bellevue 120th Ave NE\Graphics\CAD\from Project\Save Site\CADD\SHEETS\MAKERS\B12052-UD18.dwg Jun 06, 2012 4:09pm

NO.	DATE	BY	APPR.	REVISIONS
70% SUBMITTAL				
PRELIMINARY				
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION				

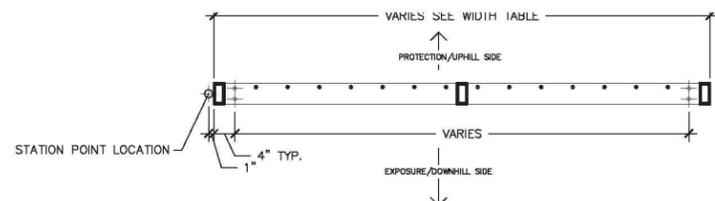
Approved By		DATE
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING MANAGER	SPM/JO	12/12/2011
PROJECT MANAGER	DESIGNED BY	DATE
	SPM	06/05/2012
	DRAWN BY	DATE
	JO	06/05/2012
	CHECKED BY	DATE



**NE 4TH ST / 120TH AVE NE
CORRIDOR PROJECT
NE 7TH ST TO NE 12TH ST**

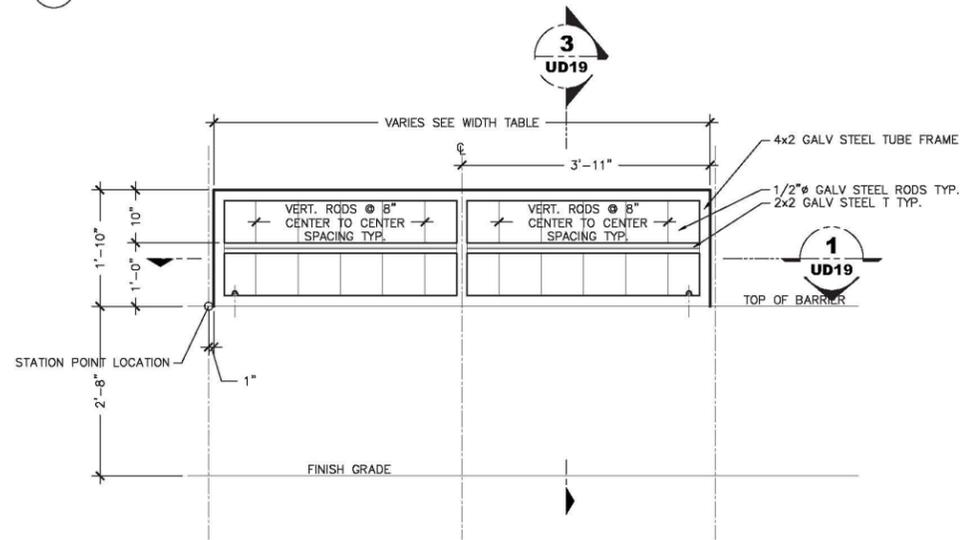
URBAN DESIGN
4'-6" HIGH RAILING DETAILS

UD18 SHT ____ OF ____



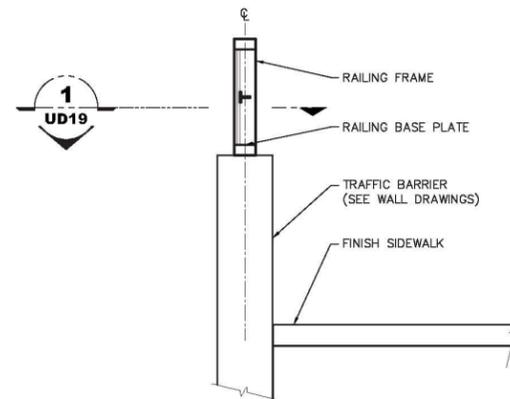
1 TYPICAL TRAFFIC BARRIER RAILING PLAN

SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



2 TYPICAL TRAFFIC BARRIER W/ RAILING FRONT ELEVATION

SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



3 TYPICAL TRAFFIC BARRIER W/ RAILING SECTION

SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

GENERAL NOTES:

1. SEE WALL DRAWINGS FOR WALL LOCATION WITHIN PROJECT
2. ALL RAILING ELEMENTS AND ASSEMBLIES TO BE GALV STEEL FINISH UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. SEE SPECIFICATION
3. ALL VERTICAL ROD ARRAYS TO BE CENTERED BETWEEN 2X4 STEEL TUBE FRAME VERTICALS
4. FOR WALL DETAILS SEE WALL DRAWINGS (SEE SHEET W00-W17)

TBARRIER W/ RAILING FRAME WIDTH TABLE	
KEYNOTE	WIDTH
A	7'-10"
B	4'-1"
C	2'-5 1/2"
D	5'-3 1/2"
E	3'-10"
F	3'-9 3/8"
G	3'-9"
H	4'-6 1/2"
I	3'-8 3/4"
J	5'-3"
K	3'-11"

4 WIDTH DIMENSION TABLE

SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

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NO.	DATE	BY	APPR.	REVISIONS
70% SUBMITTAL				
PRELIMINARY				
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION				

Approved By	
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING MANAGER	DATE
PROJECT MANAGER	DATE

SPM/JO	12/12/2011	DATE
DESIGNED BY	SPM	06/05/2012
DRAWN BY	JO	06/05/2012
CHECKED BY		DATE



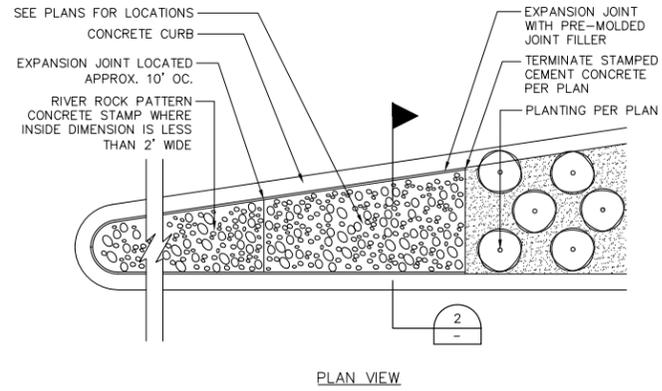
**NE 4TH ST / 120TH AVE NE
CORRIDOR PROJECT
NE 7TH ST TO NE 12TH ST**

URBAN DESIGN TRAFFIC BARRIER RAILING DETAILS	
UD19	SHT ____ OF ____

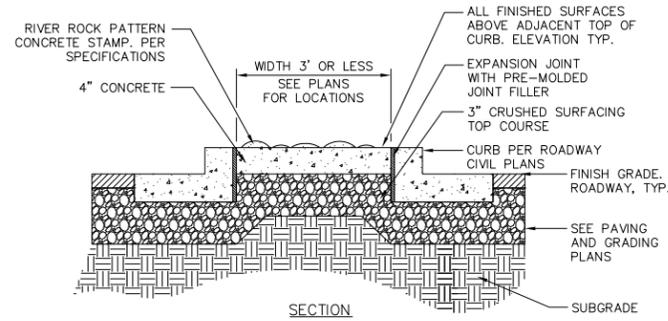
GENERAL NOTES:

1. OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN FEET AND INCHES.

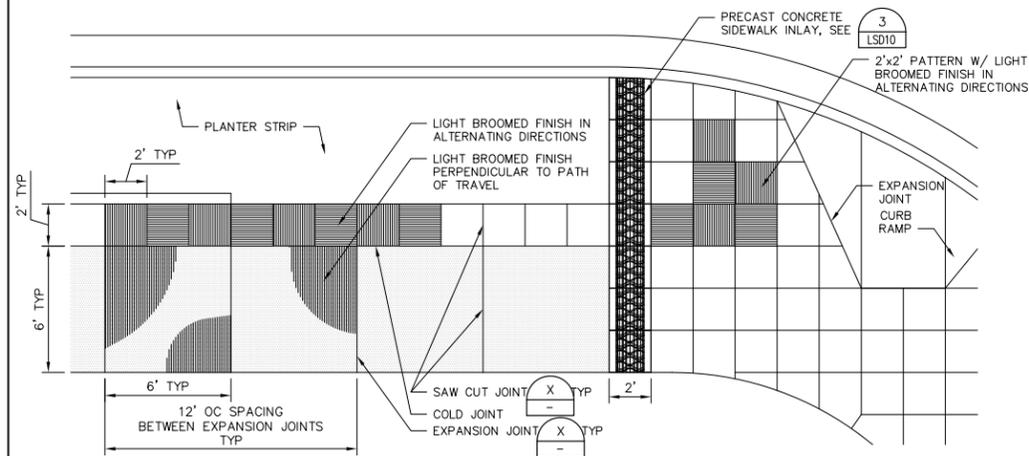
90% SUBMITTAL NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



STAMPED CONCRETE MEDIAN
SCALE: N.T.S.

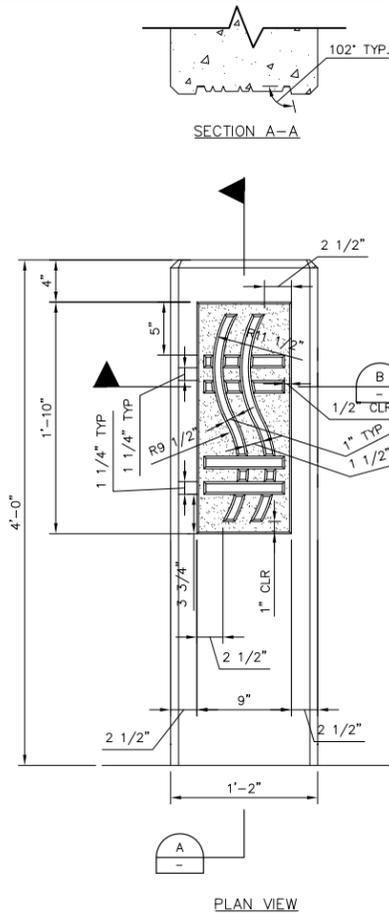


STAMPED CONCRETE MEDIAN
SCALE: N.T.S.

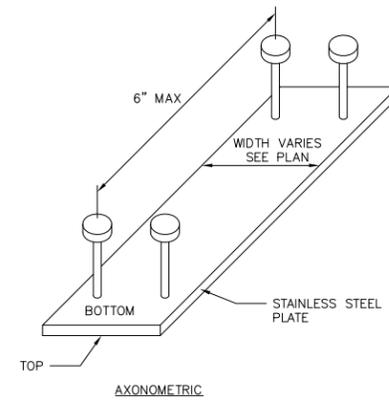
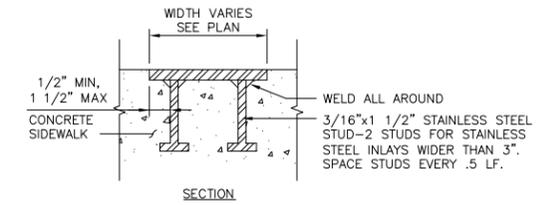


TYPICAL CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK SCORING AND COLORING DETAIL
SCALE: N.T.S.

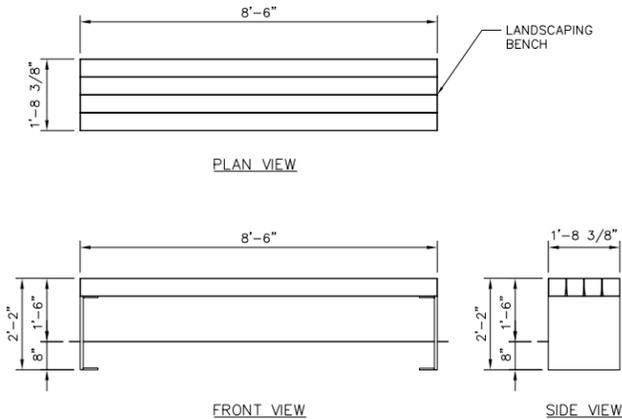
— PIGMENTED CONCRETE SIDEWALK
— CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK



PILASTER INLAY
SCALE: 3"=1'



EMBEDDED STAINLESS STEEL INLAY
SCALE: N.T.S.



LANDSCAPE BENCH
SCALE: N.T.S.



STATE OF WASHINGTON
LICENSED
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT
MATTHEW C. GURRAD
LICENSE NO. 1094
EXPIRES ON _____

NO.	DATE	BY	APPR.	REVISIONS

Approved By

TRANSPORTATION DESIGN MANAGER	DATE
M. ARAKELYAN	
PROJECT MANAGER	DATE
G. LAI	

M. GURRAD	DATE
DESIGNED BY	
S. HOEBER	DATE
DRAWN BY	
G. LAI	DATE
CHECKED BY	



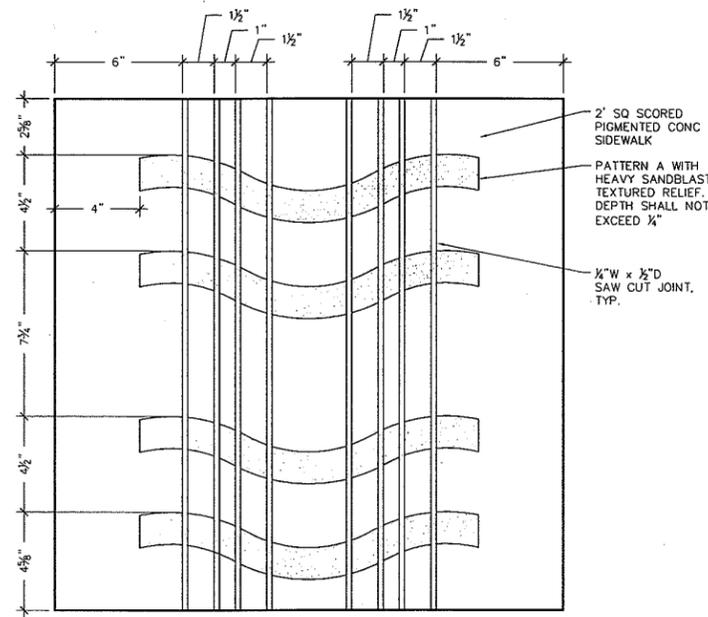
124TH AVE NE - NE 14TH ST TO 18TH ST

LANDSCAPE DETAILS	
SHEET NAME LSD4	SHT X OF X

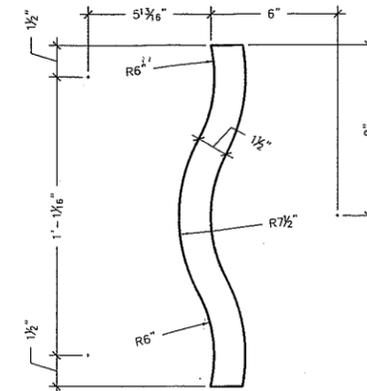
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GENERAL NOTES:

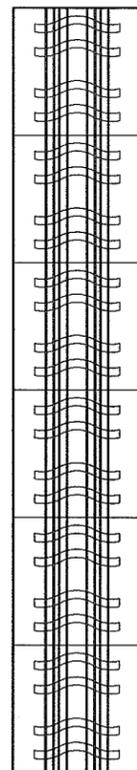
1. SEE URBAN DESIGN ROADWAY SHEETS FOR LOCATIONS
2. FINAL PLACEMENT MAY VARY DUE TO FIELD CONDITIONS OR COORDINATION WITH OTHER SIDEWALK SURFACE ITEMS. VERIFY FINAL LOCATION W/ ENGINEER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
3. ALL EDGES & EXPOSED CORNERS TO HAVE 1/4" MAX FILLET



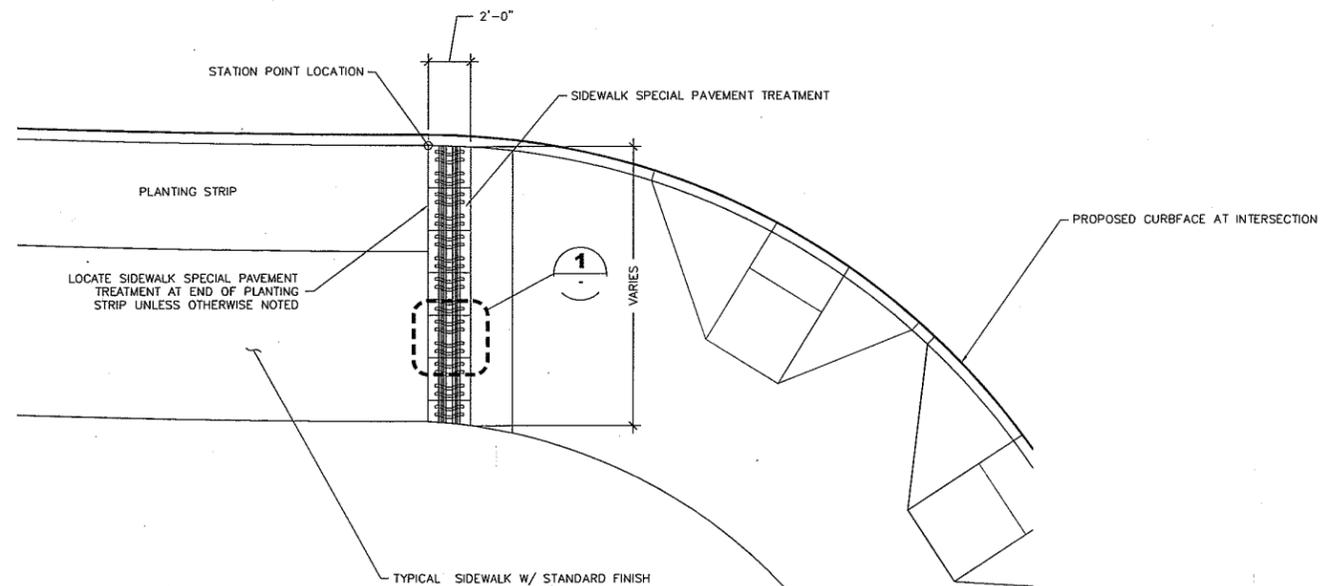
1 SIDEWALK SPECIAL PAVEMENT TREATMENT LAYOUT
SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"



2 PATTERN A
SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"



4 TYPICAL SIDEWALK SPECIAL PAVEMENT TREATMENT ARRAY
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"



5 TYPICAL SIDEWALK SPECIAL PAVEMENT TREATMENT PLACEMENT WITHIN ROW
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

I:\rain\DATA\Jobs\101024 Bellevue 120th Ave NE\Graphics\CAD\from Project\Solve Site\CADD\SHEETS\MAKERS\B120S2-UD19.dwg

NO.	DATE	BY	APPR.	REVISIONS

Approved By	
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING MANAGER	DATE
PROJECT MANAGER	DATE

DESIGNED BY S. MCCORMICK	DATE 05/07/2014
DRAWN BY J. OWEN	DATE
CHECKED BY	DATE

City of Bellevue
TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

3575 REGISTERED ARCHITECT
JOHN HOWARD OWEN, JR.
STATE OF WASHINGTON

MAKERS

120TH AVENUE NE WIDENING PROJECT
NE 7TH ST TO NE 12TH ST

URBAN DESIGN PAVEMENT DETAILS 1 SIDEWALK PATTERN
UD19 SHT 246 OF 246

2014-05-08



CITY OF BELLEVUE
TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

Carl Wilson
Senior Development Review Engineer
P 425.452.4228
F 425.452.5225



ZGF ARCHITECTS, LLP

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206.521.3516
david.grant@zgf.com

Heidi Nelson
206.521.3460
heidi.nelson@zgf.com

