Wilburton TOD Access Concepts Design Guide

Overview Presentation July 26, 2024

Note: Some content in this presentation will continue to be updated to reflect changes to the draft LUCA and further work on the Design Guide.



Policy Implementation

- Local access and smaller blocks: create system of small blocks, low-speed/volume corridors, and active transportation connections to serve neighborhood and site-specific access
- Multimodal connections to and through the Wilburton TOD area: support multimodal facilities that provide connections within Wilburton
- Eastrail as defining trail and park corridor: implement Eastrail Framework Plan for the 1.2-mile Wilburton portion of the Eastrail corridor within Wilburton



WILBURTON/N.E. 8TH STREET

GOAL

WHAT YOU WILL FIND IN THIS PLAN

The community Overview, Goals, and Policies for Wilburton/N.E. 8th Street including the 2024 update adding the Vision, Goals, and Policies for the Wilburton Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) area.

The Subarea Plan was recently updated to address policies pertaining to the Wilburton TOD area. Updates to the full Subarea Plan will be addressed as part of the neighborhood area planning process.

- To distinguish residential, recreational, open space, commercial, and mixed-use areas from one another
- To protect and enhance natural systems and open spaces.
- To improve active transportation connections, transit accessibility, and attractiveness of commercial and mixed-use areas for community members.
- To support higher-density mixed use development in the Wilburton Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) area that complements Downtown, provides new housing and job opportunities, and provides convenient access to transit, amenities, and services for the adjacent neighborhoods.
- To provide for a transition in scale and use between the Wilburton TOD area and adjacent residential areas.

CITY OF BELLEVUE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN · WILBURTON/N.E. 8TH STREET · PAGE 281

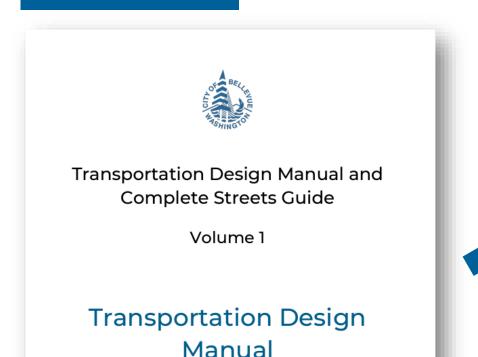


Implementation Tools

Access Concepts Design Guide
Design standards, required design components, and guidelines for access types
 Required design components, layout, and dimensions Intersection design standards References primarily to Transportation Design Manual Representative images
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Reference Standards



- American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets (Green Book, current version)
- AASHTO, Load and Resistance Factor Design [AASHTO LRFD] Bridge Design Specifications
- 3. AASHTO, Guide for Design of Pavement Structures
- 4. AASHTO, Guide to the Development of Bicycle Facilities
- 5. AASHTO, Guide for Planning, Design and Operation of Pedestrian Facilities
- 6. AASHTO, Roadside Design Guide
- 7. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
- 8. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- 9. Public Right of Way Accessibility Guidelines (PROWAG)
- Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD)
- 11. National Association of City Transportation Officials (NACTO) Urban Street Design Guideline
- 12. NACTO, Urban Bikeway Design Guide
- 13. Transit Street Design Guide
- 14. Transportation Research Board (TRB), Highway Capacity Manual
- 15. WSDOT Design Manual
- 16. WSDOT Bridge Design Manual Load and Resistance Factor Design (LRFD)
- 17. WSDOT Geotechnical Design Manual

PRELIMINARY – content under development



For alternate formats, interpreters, or reasonable modification requests please phone at least 48 hours in advance 425-452-4236 (voice) or email TransportationDevRev@bellevuewa.gov. For complaints regarding modifications, contact the City of Bellevue ADA, Title VI, and Equal Opportunity Officer at ADATItleVi@bellevuewa.gov.

Access Components

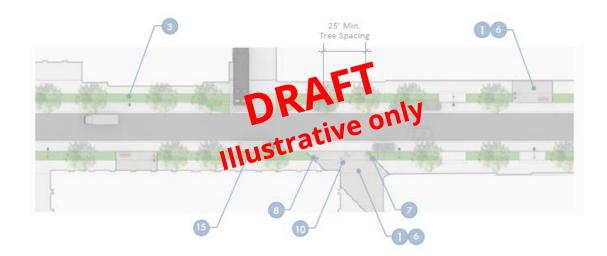
Motorized Zone

- Travel Lanes
- Parking (including on-street parking, load zones)
- Bicycle Facilities
- Curb

Non-Motorized Zone

- Bulbout (within parking lane)
- Amenity Zone (including landscape, street trees, bike racks, furnishings)
- Through Zone







Access Types

- Access types on map are representative
- Access types defined by function
- Final locations determined during development review process based on LUC requirements and individual parcel conditions

Public Access Types

Flexible Access Active transportation and essential vehicular access (i.e. garage, pick-up/drop-off) to support future development

Local Street Public street for vehicular and active transportation access

Active Transportation Access Pedestrian and bicycle access

Multi-Purpose Paths Planned Existina

Arterial Streetscape Improvements Enhanced active transportation experience, landscape, and traffic safety

Major Capital Improvements

*Shown for reference only

- Grand Connection

Eastrail Corridor ROW & Trail

NE 6th St HOV/HOT/Transit





Local Access Street



Function: Public street for vehicular access to properties and for active transportation access

Local Access Street Dimensions								
Minimum Corridor Width: 70′								
		Motoriz	ed Zone		Non	-Motorized Z	one	
			De	sign Compoi	nents			
	Vehicle	Parking	Bicycle	Curb	Amenity	Through	Other	
					Zone	Zone		
	Required	Required	N/A	Required	Required	Required	Required	
	20′	(2) 8′		(2) 6" curb	(2) 6′	(2) 10'	Additional	
							amenity	
							and ped.	
							areas up	
							to 70'	
	1			,	1.			
		Ύ				Υ		
		-						

Dedicated as public ROW

24/7 public access easement

 Note on bicycle facilities: Dedicated bicycle lane and buffer in the uphill direction may be constructed in place of a parking lane as determined through development review.



Local Access Street: Examples



121st Ave NE between NE 14th Terrace and NE Spring Blvd Spring District, Bellevue

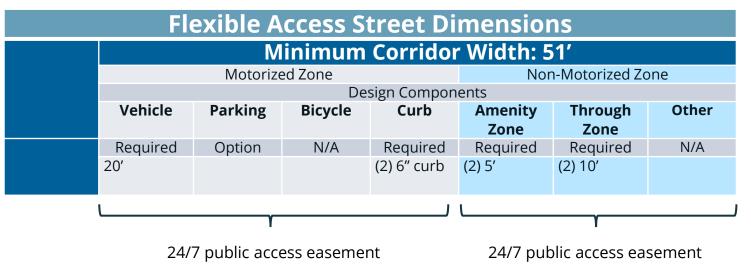
NE Shen St between 152nd Ave NE and Cedar Ave NE *Esterra Park, Redmond*

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Flexible Access Street Condition A: General vehicle access



Function: Active transportation and essential vehicular access (i.e. garage access, service vehicle access, emergency access) to support development



 Note on parking: If project provides on-street parking, the corridor must be widened beyond the minimum by an additional 8' per parking lane.



Flexible Access Street Condition B: Emergency & service access only

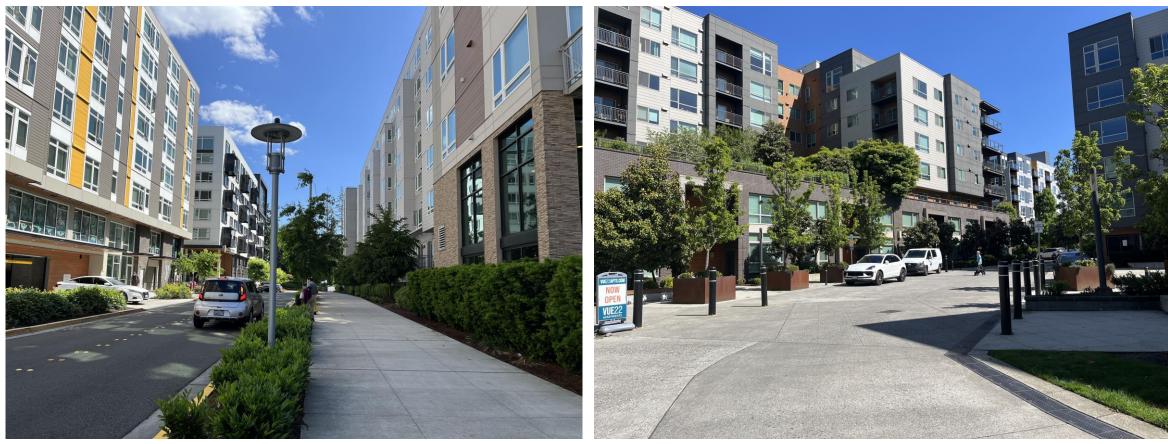


Function: Active transportation and essential vehicular access (i.e. service vehicle access, emergency access) to support development

Flexible Access Street Dimensions									
	Minimum Corridor Width: 51'								
		Motorize			Non-Motorized Zone				
	Vehicle	Parking	De Bicycle	sign Compon Curb	ents Amenity Through Other				
	venicie	raiking	Dicycle	Curb	Zone	Zone	other		
	Required 20' primary path for shared ped, bicycle and emergency and service vehicle access	N/A	N/A Shared with 20' primary path	N/A	N/A	N/A Shared with 20' primary path	Required Additional amenity and ped. areas up to 51'		
	24/7	7 public acc	ess easemei	24/7 put	olic access ea	sement			



Flexible Access Street: Examples



Tagore Ave NE between NE Turing St and NE Hopper St *Esterra Park, Redmond*

NE 22nd Pl between Bel-Red Rd and 156th Ave NE *Vue 22, Bellevue*

BELLE NUE NO

Active Transportation Access Condition A: Active transportation access only



Function: Pedestrian and bicycle access

Active Transportation Access Dimensions									
Minimum Corridor Width: 30′									
		Motorize			n-Motorized Zo	one			
		Dealling		sign Compor		T heorem 1			
	Vehicle	Parking	Bicycle	Curb	Amenity Zone	Through Zone	Other		
	No mo	otorized zone	in this access	N/A	Required 14' for active transportati on access	Required Additional landscape and active transport areas up to 30'			
			L	γ	J				
				24/7 put	olic access ea	sement			



Active Transportation Access Condition B: Active transportation and emergency vehicle access to Eastrail



Function: Pedestrian and bicycle access

Active Transportation Access Dimensions								
		Ν	30'					
		Motorize			n-Motorized Zo	one		
				sign Compor				
	Vehicle	Parking	Bicycle	Curb	Amenity	Through	Other	
					Zone N/A	Zone		
						Required	Required	
						20' for	Additional	
						shared	landscape	
						active	and active	
	No mo	otorized zone	in this access	s type		transportati	transport.	
						on and	areas up to	
						emergency	30′	
						vehicle		
					access			
						γ		

24/7 public access easement

 Note on emergency access: Only a few specific locations where this is required; primarily from east due to topography



Active Transportation Access: Examples



Between NE 14th Terrace & NE Spring Blvd Spring District, Bellevue

Between 24th Ave NE and Burke-Gilman Trail *University Village, Seattle*



Through-Block Access

 Through-block access cannot be used to meet project's block perimeter requirement *Function: Active transportation access through and between larger blocks or development sites*

Through-Block Access Dimensions											
	Minimum Corridor Width: 14′										
		Motorize	ed Zone	Nor	Non-Motorized Zone						
			De	sign Compor	hents						
	Vehicle	Parking	Bicycle	Curb	Amenity Zone	Through Zone	Other				
	No mo	otorized zone	in this access	N/A	Required 14' for active transportati on access	Optional Additional width to provide for landscape, active uses, access to light and air					
				L	ŕ	J					
					24/7 pul	olic accoss oa	somont				

24/7 public access easement



Through-Block Access: Examples



Washington Square *Downtown, Bellevue*

West Main *Downtown, Bellevue*



Multi-Purpose Paths







Multi-Purpose Path Dimensions Minimum Width: 19'

	Motorize	ed Zone	Non-Motorized Zone			
		De	hents			
Vehicle	Parking	Bicycle	Curb	Amenity	Through	Other
				Zone	Zone	
				Required	Required	N/A
Vari	ies per roadw	/ay / access ty	5'	14' for active transportati on access	N/A	
			L	Y	J	

24/7 public access easement



Arterial Steetscape Enhancements



- General design guidance for arterials + location-specific design guidance for 116th Ave NE, NE 8th St, and 120th Ave NE to inform frontage improvements and capital projects
- Existing # of travel lanes to remain
- Streetscape enhancements within motorized zone may include median landscaping, signalized mid-block crossings, and bicycle facilities
- Streetscape enhancements within non-motorized zone include landscaping, street trees, sidewalk, and other streetscape elements



Intersection Types

	Examples of Intersections								
1	Arterial Street	Х	Midblock Crossing						
2	Arterial Street	Х	Local Access						
3	Arterial Street	Х	Flexible Access						
4	Flexible Access	Х	Flexible Access						
5	Flexible Access	Х	Local Access						
6	Flexible Access	Х	Street End						

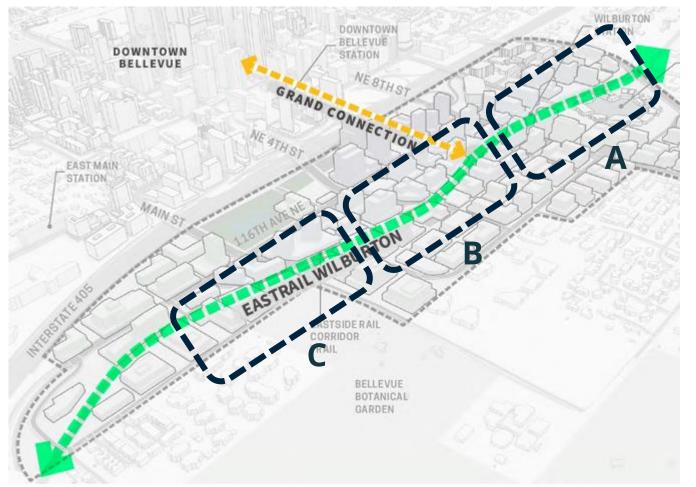
- Design concepts and standards for various intersection types
- Includes guidance on corner design (curb radii, curb ramps, bulb-outs), crosswalks, traffic control







Connections to Eastrail



- Techniques to provide accessible east-west active transportation connections to Eastrail, accounting for elevation change
- Techniques that recognize context differences between the following segments:
 - A. Between NE 8th St and NE 12th St
 - B. Between NE 4th St and NE 8th St
 - C. Between SE 1st St and NE 4th St





 City working with consultant team on a full draft Design Guide document

 Stakeholder engagement to inform stakeholders of content and recommendations prior to final document

 Completion and approval of final document as appendix to Transportation Design Manual by the Transportation director anticipated to coincide with LUCA adoption



Wilburton TOD Access Concepts Design Guide

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