

# **Bellevue Planning Commission**

**Wednesday, June 24, 2015** 6:30 to 9:30 p.m. • 1E-113 City Hall • 450 110<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE, Bellevue

# Agenda

# **Regular Meeting**

| 6:30 p.m. | 1.       | Call to Order<br>Aaron Laing, Chairperson                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |       |
|-----------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
|           | 2.       | Roll Call<br>Aaron Laing, Chairperson                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |       |
|           | 3.       | <b>Public Comment*</b><br>Limited to 5 minutes per person or 3 minutes if a public hearing has been held<br>on your topic                                                                                                                                                                        |       |
|           | 4.       | Approval of Agenda                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |       |
|           | 5.       | Communications from City Council, Community Council, Boards and Commissions                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |       |
|           | 6.       | <b>Staff Reports</b><br>Paul Inghram, Comprehensive Planning Manager                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |       |
|           | 7.<br>8. | Draft Minutes Review<br>• March 25<br>• April 22<br>• June 10<br>Study Session                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |       |
| 7:00 p.m. |          | A. <b>Downtown Livability</b><br>Continued discussion of Downtown Livability Initiative CAC<br>recommendations, recent direction from Council, and recap of<br>June 11 Community Check-in.<br><i>Patti Wilma, Community Development Manager; Emil King, Strategic</i><br><i>Planning Manager</i> | Pg. 1 |
|           | 9.       | Other Business<br>Election of chairperson and vice chair                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       |
|           | 10.      | Public Comment* - Limited to 3 minutes per person                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |
|           | 11.      | Next Planning Commission Meeting<br>July 8 – Downtown Livability Land Use Code, Eastgate Land<br>Use Code                                                                                                                                                                                        |       |
| 8:30 p.m. | 12.      | Adjourn                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |

#### Agenda times are approximate

#### **Planning Commission members**

Aaron Laing, Chair Michelle Hilhorst, Vice Chair John Carlson John deVadoss Stephanie Walter Anne Morisseau Jeremy Barksdale

John Stokes, Council Liaison

#### Staff contact:

Paul Inghram 452-4070 Michelle Luce 452-6931

\* Unless there is a Public Hearing scheduled, "Public Comment" is the only opportunity for public participation.

Wheelchair accessible. American Sign Language (ASL) interpretation available upon request. Please call at least 48 hours in advance. 425-452-5262 (TDD) or 425-452-4162 (Voice). Assistance for the hearing impaired: dial 711 (TR).



June 18, 2015

# SUBJECT

Downtown Livability Initiative - Land Use Code Update

# STAFF CONTACT

Emil King AICP, Strategic Planning Manager 452-7223 <u>eaking@bellevuewa.gov</u> Patti Wilma, Community Development Manager 452-4114 <u>pwilma@bellevuewa.gov</u> *Planning and Community Development* 

# DIRECTION NEEDED FROM PLANNING COMMISSION

Action X Discussion Information

Based on Council direction on May 26, 2015, the Planning Commission is beginning their review of the Downtown Livability Citizen Advisory Committee's (CAC) recommendations for Downtown Land Use Code updates. On June 10, the Commission received an orientation to how the code works for Downtown. At the June 24 Study Session, the Commission is requested to begin to go through the detailed CAC recommendations. Staff will highlight recent direction from Council relating to the recommendations, inter-relationships between recommendations, and areas identified for additional analysis. In addition, a June 11 "community check-in" occurred for the Livability Initiative, which staff will summarize for the Commission.

Staff anticipates the Commission's work to take a number of months and will involve significant review, analysis and public engagement. The Planning Commission will ultimately form a recommended Code and design guideline package to transmit to Council for final action.

# BACKGROUND

Council launched the Downtown Livability Initiative in 2013 to update the Downtown Land Use Code. A Council-appointed CAC was tasked with developing recommendations that built upon the City's successes and furthered the *Great Place Strategy* in the Downtown Subarea Plan. The Downtown Land Use Code has not been significantly updated since its inception in 1981 and does not reflect changes to the Downtown Subarea Plan that occurred in 2004.

*Great Place Strategy:* To remain competitive in the next generation, Downtown Bellevue must be viable, livable, memorable, and accessible. It must become the symbolic as well as functional heart of the Eastside Region through the continued location of cultural,

entertainment, residential, and regional uses located in distinct, mixed-use neighborhoods connected by a variety of unique public places and great public infrastructure.

# Citizen Advisory Committee (CAC) Recommendations

The Final Report of the Downtown Livability CAC details the process, community engagement, and full set of recommendations developed by the group. Public outreach for the Downtown Livability Initiative involved a concerted effort to engage a broad spectrum of stakeholder communities. The CAC's recommendations are those of the group as a whole and, for each topic, include a reference to their relationship to livability.

The CAC's report includes work on the following topics:

- Public Open Spaces
- Pedestrian Corridor
- Design Guidelines
- Amenity Incentive System
- Station Area Planning

- Building Height and Form
- Downtown Parking
- Other Topics (mechanical screening, food trucks, etc.)

Hard copies of the CAC's Final Report and Land Use Code Audits were handed out to the Commission on June 10. All project materials may be found on the Downtown Livability we page at: www.bellevuewa.gov/downtown-livability.htm

The CAC's work was primarily on Land Use Code-related recommendations, but also includes a number of other non-code recommendations that the group felt were important. The Commission's June 10 packet included direction from Council to the Planning Commission they developed at their January 20, May 18 and May 26 meetings. One specific item is the Planning Commission is charged with reviewing the code-related recommendations as contained in the CAC's Final Report. Non-code recommendations will be considered in other City efforts.

The CAC set a broad framework for moving forward, and recognized that much additional work was needed to develop the fine-grain details needed for technical Code amendments. The recommendations represent the culmination of the CAC's work, but are a mid-point in the overall process.

# NEXT STEPS

The Commission is currently calendared to continue work on the Downtown Livability Initiative on July 8 and July 22. The Commission is off for the month of August, with work continuing in the fall. At the July 8 meeting, it would be appropriate for the Commission to determine if there are potential "early wins" that may be processed ahead of more complex topics.

A walking tour (open to the public) will also be scheduled for an upcoming date when new Commissioners Barksdale and Morisseau are available as well as Council liaison John Stokes. This will build upon the April 22, 2015 Downtown walking tour a number of the current Planning Commissioners participated in.



# Planning Commission Schedule

The Bellevue Planning Commission typically meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Meetings begin at 6:30 p.m. and are held in the Council Conference Room (Room 1E-113) at City Hall, unless otherwise noted. Public comment is welcome at each meeting.

<u>The schedule and meeting agendas are subject to change</u>. Please confirm meeting agendas with city staff at 425-452-6931. Agenda and meeting materials are posted the Monday prior to the meeting date on the city's website at:

http://www.bellevuewa.gov/planning-commission-agendas-2014.htm

| <u>Date</u> | Tentative Agenda Topics                                     |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| July 8      | Downtown Livability/Land Use Code<br>Eastgate Land Use Code |
| July 22     | Downtown Livability/Land Use Code                           |
| August      | No Commission meetings in August                            |
| Sept 9      | Eastgate Land Use Code                                      |
| Sept 16     | Potential retreat date                                      |
| Sept 23     | Downtown Livability/Land Use Code                           |
| Oct 14      | Eastgate Land Use Code                                      |
| Oct 28      | Downtown Livability/Land Use Code                           |
| Nov 11      | tbd                                                         |
| Nov 25      | No meeting                                                  |
| Dec 9       | tbd                                                         |
| Dec 23      | No meeting                                                  |

| From:    | William Herman <william.j.herman@gmail.com></william.j.herman@gmail.com> |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sent:    | Wednesday, June 10, 2015 12:19 PM                                        |
| То:      | PlanningCommission                                                       |
| Subject: | Live where you work / engaging the Planning Commission                   |

Thanks to Jordan Louviere for the Census Data. It shows that almost everybody who works downtown is getting here from somewhere else. I have summarized the data and added a map of 2010 Census tracts (see bottom)

# % of People Who Live Where They Work by Census Tract

| 3.1% | 222.02 | Juanita                 |
|------|--------|-------------------------|
| 2.3% | 225    | Kirkland                |
| 0.5% | 238-01 | S of Main/ Surrey Downs |
| 0.7% | 238.03 | N Downtown              |
| 1.0% | 238.04 | S Downtown              |
| 2.0% | 240    | Northtowne, mail & park |

Our survey showed that traffic is the number one Livability concern of downtown residents and the final Livability Update needs to address this. There is not much more we can do on the supply side, so the best tool is reducing demand. What would encourage downtown workers to live downtown? "Live where you work" should help the Planning Commission set priorities. What are the incomes of people who work here vs. live here? How do you encourage a fit? The character of downtown is getting less safe for children with more "shady looking" characters on the street, aggressive driving, and cars exiting and entering parking creating a conflict with pedestrians. A new plan needs to make this a place where we reduce commute trips by encouraging "live where you work". What recommendations work towards getting workers to live here?

Good

- Predictable and reasonable trip times most important and neglected need
- Walkable city theme is throughout the recommendations
- Schools / youth programs good recent recommendations
- Open spaces and parks on track
- Amenities fix current system
- Parking visitor parking is a problem, who wants to live where family can't visit?
  Bad
  - Adding density in the MU more traffic, less space
  - Increasing building heights more luxury, less family

I received an email from Council member Lynn Robinson where she encouraged us to engage the Planning Commission. We do need to keep council informed, but they have turned over the recommendations to the planning commission to develop. The council involvement will come further down the line when the revised recommendations come back to council for a "check back". In the mean time we need to engage the planning commission.

There is a meeting tonight. Here is the agenda <u>http://www.ci.bellevue.wa.us/pdf/PlanningCommission/06-10-2015\_Agenda(2).pdf</u>.

Of interest to us is the segment scheduled for 7:30-8:15

Downtown Livability Initiative Orientation with "Downtown 101" and Land Use Code Audit Overview. Patti Wilma, Community Development Manager;

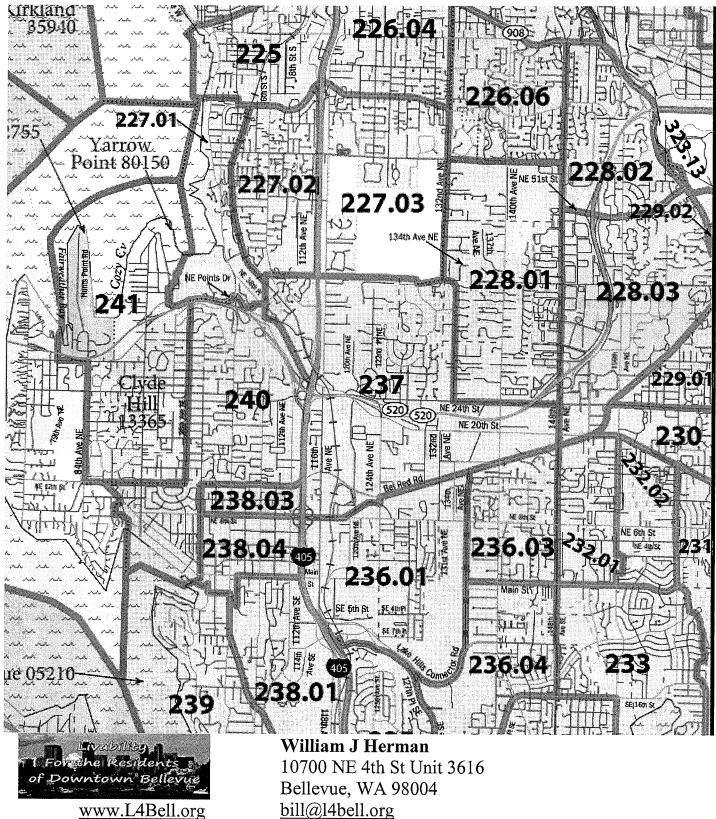
Emil King, Strategic Planning Manager

The materials for tonight's meeting are at <u>http://www.ci.bellevue.wa.us/pdf/PlanningCommission/06-10-2015 Packet(1).pdf</u> Livability starts on p 13. If you can't go tonight, try to read *Council Discussion and Direction to the Planning Commission* 

The Planning Commission typically **meets every second and fourth Wednesday** and other Wednesdays or other special meetings as needed. All meetings are open to the public and are either study sessions or public hearings. Unless otherwise posted, **meetings are 6:30 p.m. in the Council Conference Room, 1E-113.** The schedule and meeting agendas are subject to change. Please confirm meeting agendas with city staff at 425-452-6931. Agenda and meeting materials are posted the Monday prior to the meeting date on the city's website at: <u>http://www.bellevuewa.gov/planning-commission-agendas-2014.htm</u>

- Date Tentative Agenda Topics
- June 24 Downtown Livability/Land Use Code
- July 8 Downtown Livability/Land Use Code Eastgate Land Use Code
- July 22 Downtown Livability/Land Use Code
- Sept 23 Downtown Livability/Land Use Code
- Oct 28 Downtown Livability/Land Use Code

Email the planning commission at <a href="mailto:planningcommission@bellevuewa.gov">planningcommission@bellevuewa.gov</a>



<u>bill(a)14bell.org</u> 425 467-1264



# Northtowne Neighborhoods Association

Reiteration of COMMENTS ON THE DOWNTOWN LIVABILITY STUDY (6/11/2015)

The Northtowne Neighborhoods Association has reviewed and discussed the ideas presented in the Final Citizen's Advisory Committee (CAC) recommendations for the Downtown Livability Study (the Study) and have several comments. This letter addresses our Association's issues.

# Overview

In brief:

We commend the work by the Downtown Livability Study to identify and encourage exceptional building design, design reviews, good urban design, refinement of the incentive program for downtown development, open spaces, and pedestrian friendly spaces.

Changes to the protective perimeter zoning ("Wedding cake zoning"); and the impacts to traffic congestion that growth and increased density are not acceptible as detailed below.

We have met with the Fortin Group and would like to express some thoughts about the potential of their concepts for how to redevelop the northwest corner of downtown.

# PERIMETER ZONE WEDDING CAKE AESTHETICS AND REZONING -

The CAC has made statements that the wedding cake zoning along the perimeter results in a "mesa" effect with buildings of uniform height with a resulting negative aesthetic. Northtowne Neighborhoods Association disagrees.

I walk through the perimeter down 108th Ave NE every day as I walk to work. The perimeter area is a pleasant transition from the single family homes north of NE 12th. As you walk through the perimeter, you see ahead of you the increasing building heights at NE 10th and further to NE 8th Streets. This is very pleasant and visually interesting. The visual impact is the same along 110th Ave NE and along 112th Ave NE.

Note that is not just a concern for those of us who live outside of the downtown core. Many people inside the core walk, run and bicycle out through our neighborhoods to recreate. They experience and appreciate the same transitions. Visually from our homes (mine is at 11021 NE 14th Street), we have a city viewscape that also is aesthetically pleasing. I can see the roof lines of each increase in building heights from NE 12th, then NE 10th and finally the Bravern and other downtown core buildings. The mesa effect is not as pronounced or as undesirable as the CAC members would make it seem.

Changes in FAR and building heights between NE 8th Street and NE 11th Street will require some concessions from the Northtowne neighborhood because these are changes to compromises we already made with the current zoning. We would consider these changes if the City also considers improving McCormick Park along NE 12th Street. The park is an asset to both Northtowne and Downtown. People use it to run, walk their dogs, and enjoy the sunshine. McCormick Park could also be improved with a multi-use pathway that connects the neighborhood and downtown to the bicycle trail that starts at 112th Ave NE and NE 12th. The bike path could continue to 106th Ave NE if the City eliminates pinch points where houses constrain the park at 106th and 112th. What a great way to extend the linear park by connecting it to future trails in the Spring District, along the abandoned railroad line and on and on through the regional trail system!

Area 3A (see graphic on page 46 of the final report): Increasing the building heights and FAR in the Area 3A are not consistent with maintaining the transitions from the perimeters of downtown and is not acceptable in Area 3A along NE 10th Street. Buildings over 200 feet in height cast shadows across NE 12th Street and into our neighborhoods in the bleak dark winter. Buildings up to 300 feet high are untenable.

<u>Area 2D (see graphic on page 46 of the final report)</u>: Northtowne Neighborhoods association is opposed to any increase in heights in the perimeter Area 2D as it abuts NE 12th Street. The current zoning for building setbacks and heights was a compromise in 1994 that exceeded the desires of the Northtowne Neighborhood. In the end, this compromise has resulted in acceptible building heights and design styles. Increases in building heights or FAR in this zone will be challenged vigorously by the Northtowne Neighborhood.

# Area 2C Northwest Corner of Downtown/Fortin Properties

Having an urban village with a plaza, grocery store, housing and a drug store is a fine concept for this corner of downtown. A plaza should be inviting without southern shading like has impairs the plazas at the Bravern and the upper floors of the Galleria. What will attract people will be people sitting enjoying watching other people and a pleasant water feature. A plaza facing a grocery store will attract elderly who will want to enjoy some sun after shopping, especially the elderly that are living on limited means. Having the elderly enjoying the open spaces will make much like a European or South American space to be actively used by all. Hence it is mandatory that re-zoning in this area include subsidized low income housing like at the Brandenwood Apartments near 148th and NE 40th. This should be the first development of the property because many

of the residents at Brandenwood once could afford to live at Le Chateau in Area 2C. Approximately a dozen elderly people on limited incomes were forced to move from Le Chateau when the current owners greatly increased the rent.

Any building height increases should studied for shadowing on the adjacent neighborhood.

Thank you for your consideration. Paul Brallier, for the Northtowne Neighborhoods Association 11021 NE 14th St., Bellevue WA 98004 425-453-5337

### CITY OF BELLEVUE BELLEVUE PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING MINUTES

| March 25, 2015<br>6:30 p.m. | Bellevue City Hall<br>City Council Conference Room 1E-113                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:      | Chair Laing, Commissioners Carlson, Hamlin, Hilhorst,<br>Tebelius, deVadoss, Walter, Councilmember Stokes                                                                                                        |
| COMMISSIONERS ABSENT:       | Diane Tebelius                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| STAFF PRESENT:              | Paul Inghram, Department of Planning and Community<br>Development; Catherine Drews, Department of<br>Development Services; Lori Rirodan, City Attorney's<br>Office; Kevin McDonald, Department of Transportation |
| COUNCIL LIAISON:            | Councilmember Stokes                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| GUEST SPEAKERS:             | None                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| RECORDING SECRETARY:        | Gerry Lindsay                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 1. CALL TO ORDER            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

The meeting was called to order at 6:37 p.m. by Chair Laing who presided.

## 2. ROLL CALL

Upon the call of the roll, all Commissioners were present with the exception of Commissioner Tebelius who was excused.

## 3. PUBLIC COMMENT

Mr. James Lowe, 1044 145th Place NE, said he lives very close to one of the houses in which individual rooms are rented out. The proposal to limit the number of people in boarding houses to four, and to require enough off-street parking for all four, is good. However, at the boarding house near where he lives has enough parking for each resident but the residents choose not to use it because it requires parking behind each other. As a result they all end up parking on the street, which is not acceptable to the neighborhood. It would be better to require off-street parking that must be used.

Ms. Agnes, last name not given, a resident of Harrington House, 15980 NE 8th Street, voiced support for affordable housing and transportation. She said Harrington House deals with pregnant women, newborns and toddlers 15 months and younger.

Ms. Alisa, last name not given, also a resident of Harrington House, said she has been a resident for over a year. She said Bellevue is a great place to raise her son, far better than south Seattle where she was raised. There is a great need for affordable housing. Many who are homeless want the chance to have a better life for themselves and their children.

Ms. Karen Tennyson, 12617 NE 87th Place, Kirkland, said she was born in affordable housing and was lucky enough to eventually move into a home in a neighborhood that had great social and economic diversity. That allowed her to see other ways in which to choose to live her life. She urged the Commission to put affordable housing high on the list and said it will bring many gifts to the city.

Mr. Chris Rossman with the Wolf Company, address not given, said the company has an interest in a property in the Eastgate corridor. He said the company is a proponent for a mix of uses and housing types, including affordable and market rate. In studying the plan, the company believes the target for increasing density and adding residential zones will increase the ability to add more affordable housing in the city at various income levels. The Eastgate plan targets density at five or six stories but there needs to be an FAR of 2.0 to 2.5 to support that level of density. The concern is that if the city does not allow for enough density the commercial uses will simply be perpetuated and that will limit adding new residential units. A lower FAR as it relates to a residential community will yield low-rise housing with surface parking, which is the traditional suburban model.

Mr. David Pater, 1614 144th Avenue SE, said he has been working with his neighborhoods on the single room rental issue since May 2013. He said his home is across the street from one of the properties that rents single rooms and there is a regular turnover of residents. The established regulations have been exceeded by the use and there have been cars parked everywhere. Developers are buying up single family properties and converting them into single room rental establishments, and they are doing it because the economics work. The practice clearly is a symptom of Bellevue's lack of affordable housing. It is good the city is working toward a final solution for a use that is not appropriate for single family neighborhoods. Limiting the number of unrelated adults and defining what that means is a good step. There is a need for the city to seriously consider a rental registration program because depending on complaints from neighbors is unreliable.

Ms. Anne Osterburg, 10435 NE 15th Street, said she is retired and lives in a neighborhood with 50s-style ramblers that are being replaced by McMansions valued at \$2.5 million. She said she fears Bellevue will end up as an enclave where only the richest people can afford to live. The Commission should strengthen the draft of the Housing Element before sending it to the City Council. The private market on its own is not able to provide the amount of affordable housing needed. Policy language should be included that calls for planning for and funding the city's regional share of affordable housing at the very low-income, low-income and moderate-income levels. There should also be mandatory requirements for affordable units in residential development, and the staff recommendations for affordable housing in the downtown and near transit should be included as policies in the Housing Element.

Chair Laing noted for the record that a half dozen hands were raised in support of the comments made.

Mr. Tom Fisher, 3338 162nd Place SE, voiced his support for the comments made by Mr. Pater. He said his home is across the street from a single family home that has been turned into a single room rental use. There have at times been more than four people sharing the house. The college kids who have stayed there have been much better neighbors than most. The home gains access via a private street and that has caused many problems. The proposed ordinance is a step in the right direction, but of course enforcement will be key. A rental registration program is needed in

Bellevue Planning Commission March 25, 2015 Page 2 the city with fees that would be used for enforcement.

Ms. Barbara Benson, 14405 SE 17th Street, said the Spiritwood neighborhood is very happy that the permanent regulations on single room rentals are imminent. She noted that the definition of family has been revised to include not more than four unrelated adults living together as a single housekeeping unit, with some exceptions allowed, including minor dependent children regularly residing in the residence. She asked if there are any other exceptions, if the Director will be the decision maker relative to the number of allowable children, if the Director is to be involved any time a lease is signed that involves children in addition to four adults. It is not clear what rules will apply during the amortization period which allows existing single room rentals in single family zones a year to come into compliance. The emergency ordinance currently in effect will be repealed with the permanent ordinance and that could mean reverting to the existing rooming house code for a year, and that would be moving backward. During the interim the number of residents should be limited to four.

Ms. Osha Morningstar, 10022 Meydenbauer Way SE, #315, highlighted the need for more affordable and accessible cultural opportunities in Bellevue, especially if the city is going to give \$2 million to the Tateuchi Center. Additionally, there are many people who would like to be able to live in Bellevue but who cannot afford to do so. There are people commuting all the way from Tacoma just to clean Bellevue buildings in the evenings and they make only about \$11 per hour. There is a living building challenge for affordable housing that will decrease the need of residents to pay utilities through developing net zero structures. Affordable housing can be successful where there is retail or other uses on the ground level. There is a great need to accommodate aging in place, and to address racial equity in housing. There should be policy language calling for the implementation of best practices relative to affordable housing. Additionally, the vision statement should address inclusion, accessibility, equal opportunities, sustainability and co-existence.

Mr. Steven Fricke, 14430 SE 19th Place, implored the Commission to pass the single room rental ordinance. He said everyone was patting themselves on the back, including the Council, the Commission and the neighborhoods, but now more revisions are planned. It will never be possible to draft a perfect ordinance and the Commission should act to approve the draft and move forward.

Ms. Liz Mills with YWCA Seattle/King County/Snohomish County, 1118 5th Avenue, Seattle, said the organization serves about 35,000 people annually and works to eliminate racism and empower women. Part of the vision for the community includes safe and stable housing for everyone. The organization supports measures that make housing accessible for homeless and low-income women and families, prevent homelessness, and that create more affordable housing. The organization owns and operates 813 units of affordable housing, of which 256 are on the Eastside and 64 are in Bellevue. The organization also owns and operates 72 units of timelimited housing, also called emergency shelter or transitional housing, of which 20 are on the Eastside serving homeless families. It is increasingly difficult to find permanent housing in Bellevue and other Eastside communities. It is also very challenging for the organization's staff who want to live in Bellevue. The task of updating the Comprehensive Plan opens the door to taking bold steps, including securing a sustainable revenue source for the ARCH housing trust fund; supporting non-profits in their efforts to site affordable housing and when applying for county, state and federal funding; repurposing surplus properties when it makes sense for the development of affordable housing; expanding development incentives that will result in a diverse range of housing options; and supporting affordable housing in mixed use neighborhoods

Bellevue Planning Commission March 25, 2015 Page 3 near transit and jobs.

Ms. Kayla Schott-Bressler with the Housing Development Consortium, 1402 3rd Avenue, Seattle, said the organization is the primary affordable housing, membership and advocacy group in King County with over 114 members working to make sure everyone in King County can have a safe, healthy and affordable home. Much has been said about the deep need for affordable housing in Bellevue. Bellevue has a long way to go but there are tools that can get the city to where it needs to be.

Commissioner Hilhorst asked what tools are available to the city that are not currently being used. Ms. Schott-Bressler said one tool is the use of surplus land, a tool that has been recommended by city staff and one that is being used in other cities. Another tool is calling out for affordable housing specifically in the downtown, something that is clearly in line with the Downtown Livability Initiative. The Comprehensive Plan should also include strong statements about funding the ARCH housing trust fund, and incentives or requirements to provide affordable housing.

Ms. Leslie Miller, 3545 109th Place NE, voiced support for affordable housing in Bellevue. She said her vision for Bellevue entails a just and environmentally responsible community. The only way to achieve that is by having housing for all people who work in Bellevue regardless of their incomes. There also need to be affordable units for people who cannot work. Concrete and strategic plans are needed to assure housing units that are affordable to the full range of incomes. Both incentives and mandatory requirements are needed.

Chair Laing noted for the record that about eight hands were raised in support of the comments made.

Ms. Loretta Lopez spoke as president of the Bridle Trails Community Club. With regard to Policy HO-16, she suggested the last phrase should be revised to read "...where expressly allowed by neighborhood subarea plans." The clarification is needed to make it clear where detached or attached accessory dwelling units are allowed. Allowing detached accessory dwelling units equates to a rezone of single family areas, and accordingly the city should go through the formal rezone process so everyone will know their properties will be converted to multifamily from single family.

Chair Laing noted that several hands were raised in support of the comments.

Ms. Becky Lewis, 16552 SE 19th Street, stressed the need for Bellevue to be a leader rather than a follower. The fact is, however, Redmond, Kirkland and Issaquah have more affordable housing per capita than Bellevue has, largely because of their requirements.

# 4. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

A motion to approve the agenda was made by Commissioner Hilhorst. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Carlson and it carried unanimously.

# 5. COMMUNICATIONS FROM CITY COUNCIL, COMMUNITY COUNCILS, BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

Councilmember Stokes stressed the importance of having the Planning Commission and the City

Council work together. He said some issues had been raised concerning the single family room rental ordinance and there is a need to get it right. The Council is looking forward to receiving the Commission's final recommendation so it can act to make the ordinance permanent. Clearly implementation will be important and to that end the staff are gearing up to make sure the ordinance will not simply be a document sitting on the shelf.

With regard to affordable housing, Councilmember Stokes said everyone is trying to work through the issues in the best way possible. Bellevue believes its strength lies in its diversity and part of the challenge in that is providing housing for all income levels. The Commission's work on the issue is vitally important in that it sets forth the needed policy guidance.

Councilmember Stokes suggested that the language of Policy HO-16 does not in any way imply a change of zoning. The city is constantly looking at how it can do things better, but it is always with the neighborhoods and the community involved.

# 6. STAFF REPORTS

Comprehensive Planning Manager Paul Inghram noted that the Commission's desk packet included a number of items related to the Comprehensive Plan as well as two items supplied by former Commission Margo Blacker.

## 7. STUDY SESSION

A. Single Family Room Rentals

Chair Laing explained that subsequent the Commission's recommendation to the Council in the fall of 2014, some additional information was generated through the City Attorney's Office. In light of that information, the Commission was asked by the Council to take another look at the ordinance.

Legal Planner Catherine Drews brought to the table two limited revisions to the proposed ordinance: 1) a specific exemption for unrelated adults who live together as the functional equivalent of a family; and 2) clarification that related people living together in a household are considered a single housekeeping unit. With regard to the first revision, she explained that unrelated persons who live together and share the costs for maintenance, food and utilities in the same way a family would under a single lease agreement should be considered to be the functional equivalent of a family.

Commissioner Walter asked if that definition would apply to a group of single parents and their children who decided collectively to live together under a single roof. Under such a scenario, there could effectively be three or four families living in a single house under a single lease. Ms. Drews said in the event of a complaint the group would have to demonstrate to the Director that they meet the five factors of a functional equivalent of a family.

Commissioner Hilhorst asked what the confidence level is that the city will act to enforce the ordinance once it is adopted. Ms. Drews said the city's code enforcement is complaint based. Complaints can be filed using the city's online system, or they contact code enforcement directly by phone. All complaints filed initiate an investigation.

Commissioner Carlson pointed out that people have complained that the existing code has been

repeatedly violated without consequence. Changing the code but not acting to enforce it will result in nothing. Ms. Drews said the proposed code gives the city the tools it needs to do the enforcement the neighborhoods are looking for. The most important element is the moving of boarding and rooming houses out of single family neighborhoods; that will go a long way toward alleviating complaints.

Commissioner deVadoss asked what data is in hand relative to how many exemptions will need to be made. City Attorney Lori Riordan said there is no firm data available. When the interim regulations were brought to the Council, work was done to create a legislative record that involved looking at cities around the country, particularly college towns, where the phenomenon of single room rentals was known to exist. That information did not, however, include an indication of how many complaints might be generated. The city will track the complaints and will within a few months have some data to rely on. Commissioner deVadoss expressed concern that the exemption could open the door to problems.

Commissioner Hilhorst asked if, in those instances where a group must prove to the Director that they live together as the functional equivalent of a family, a public record will be created. Ms. Drews said every decision made by the Director is a public record.

Answering a question asked by Commissioner Walter about keeping the interim ordinance in effect until the amortization period ends, and possibly shortening the amortization period to coincide with the end of the current school year, Ms. Riordan said that is something that would need to be studied and discussed with the Council. The proposed ordinance includes changes to the rooming and boarding house regulations and one of the reasons there is an amortization period is to avoid claims of violations of constitutional rights by removing property rights without giving opportunity to change practices. She said it may be possible to separate the single family room rentals from the rooming and boarding house regulations.

Ms. Riordan explained that in looking at private property rights and personal relationships, care must be taken to avoid creating causes of action based on claims of being treated differently from others who are similarly situated. Around the country, the litigation history reveals that where there is a test for functional equivalent of a family, successful litigation can be avoided.

Commissioner Carlson asked what is to keep eight unrelated people from renting a house under a single lease and calling themselves a family. Ms. Riordan said that certainly is possible. Commissioner Carlson said the exemption could create a loophole that will bring things back to where they stand currently. Ms. Riordan said the problem that has been expressed by the public involves people who are transients living in houses that have been chopped up, and who sometimes cook for themselves and have no real relationship to anyone else in the house or anyone in the neighborhood. The definition of functional equivalent of a family includes an arrangement under which the individuals share common areas and payment for all bills, and living arrangements that are not of a transient nature. Month-to-month agreements will not pass the test.

Commissioner Carlson suggested that an enterprising landlord could arrange a single meeting with people who are otherwise strangers in which they become familiar with each other and agree to share the living room and all expenses, thereby meeting the test of the functional equivalent of a family. Enforcement will be key, but some of the elements of the proposed exemption would be very difficult to enforce absent having cameras in the house. Ms. Riordan agreed that there are challenges to any kind of regulation that requires the city for code

Bellevue Planning Commission March 25, 2015 Page 6 enforcement purposes to get inside someone's home. The problem is not unique to the proposed ordinance; it extends to allegations of homes that have two kitchens or remodeling work done without a permit. A large number of cars parked on the street, or always coming and going, is generally an indicator of something other than a single family living situation, although large families could also spill out onto the street. The code enforcement officers are poised to address those issues. The test for functional equivalent of a family is intended to make neighborhoods feel more like a neighborhood. Commissioner Carlson suggested that such requirements would be impossible to enforce.

Answering a question asked by Chair Laing, Ms. Drews said when a code enforcement complaint is received, it is assigned to a code enforcement officer. The officer attempts to make contact with the person or persons responsible for the violation and will look into as many external factors as possible. Where there is a question as to whether or not a group is living as the functional equivalent of a family, the residents would be requested to provide documentation that demonstrates the factors set forth in the test are met. The Director would then review the information and issue a written decision. If the elements of the test are not met, the city can initiate an enforcement action. There is an appeal process in place for code enforcement actions.

Commissioner deVadoss asked if it is possible the city could seek to determine what percent of the renters in the city fall under the scenario addressed by the proposed ordinance, and based on the data subsequently come back and reevaluate the ordinance. Ms. Riordan said that could be done. The Land Use Code is not a static document and in fact it changes quite frequently. The proposed approach has been used successfully by other cities, but if for some reason the city does not get complaints, or gets complaints that are not sustained, or the appellate process does not work out well for the neighborhoods, the ordinance would absolutely be reevaluated. The city does not want to have codes on its books that do not solve any problems.

Commissioner Walter asked if under the scenario raised by Commissioner Carlson it would be the responsibility of the residents or the homeowner to address complaints. Ms. Riordan said the code enforcement officers would make contact with all parties. Ms. Drews added that the definition of responsible party is quite broad.

Commissioner Hilhorst asked what would happen in the instance of a house having a sufficient amount of parking but the residents choosing to park on the street instead for whatever reason. Ms. Riordan said if parking is a condition of being allowed to operate the use, code enforcement can address the issue directly. Parking on a public street, however, is permitted for up to 24 hours at a time.

Chair Laing commented that the big problem has been the model in which a large single family home is chopped up into individual rooms for rent to unrelated individuals who likely do not even know the first names of their housemates. Part of the problem has been a lack of accountability. The community has also testified repeatedly that they have made phone calls to the city in an attempt to initiate enforcement actions to no avail. At the end of the day if the ordinance does not result in a requirement for the Director to make a decision in writing, and the opportunity for an administrative appeal on the part of both the investigated party and the complainant, no one will be held accountable and no one will be satisfied. A Type 5 process would at least create an appeal right on behalf of the affected community members.

Ms. Riordan said the ordinance could be drafted to include the decision of the Director to be in writing. She stressed, however, that it would not be an easy road for a complainant to do

anything other than disagree with the Director's opinion. However, a subsequent complaint can always be made and new evidence gathered, which might result in a different result.

Chair Laing said he did not want to initiate a process under which it is necessary to continue filing complaints until an investigation finally uncovers what is really going on. He said he wanted the ordinance to state that the Director's decision shall be in writing, shall be provided to the complainant, and shall be appealable to Superior Court.

Councilmember Stokes pointed out that the additional review necessary to revise the ordinance as proposed has the potential of delaying adoption of the ordinance and making it final. He added that steps have been taken to deal with the real problem, which is one reason for getting the ordinance in place as soon as possible. Commissioner Carlson's scenario may in fact play out, but it is also true that a house could be occupied by eight persons who are related by blood but who do not in fact comport themselves as the functional equivalent of a family and who are in fact bad neighbors. That's where the rub lies. It would be good to require giving notice, but neighborhoods should not be given too much clout to cause problems for someone they simply do not agree with.

There was consensus to require the Director's opinion to be in writing and not to include an appeal process.

With regard to the amortization period, Chair Laing proposed language along the lines of "...upon the expiration of the last lease or one year, whichever is sooner...." Absent such language, the owner of a house that has been carved up into several rooms would be given a year to continue with the business model, even if the last of the current leases were set to expire in only a few months. Ms. Drews said her concern was with how the city would track and administer the leases. Chair Laing said it would be tracked by following up on complaints registered with the city.

A motion to recommend the adoption of permanent regulations as outlined in Attachment A; to amend Section 20.50.020 to require the Director's decision to be in writing; and amending the last clause of Section 10 to read "...shall be discontinued upon the expiration of the last lease or one year from the effective date of this ordinance, whichever is earlier" was made by Commissioner Hamlin. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Walter and it carried unanimously.

## \*\*BREAK\*\*

## B. Comprehensive Plan Update

Mr. Inghram pointed out that the desk packet included memos from the Transportation and Human Services commissions, and a memo regarding tree protection.

With regard to the Utilities Element, Commissioner Hamlin suggested the second sentence of the paragraph proposed to be added following the third paragraph on page 7 should be eliminated.

Chair Laing suggested the last sentence of that same paragraph should be revised to read "Ultimately, this might include ways to underground transmission lines and other ways to avoid or reduce the visual and environmental impacts associated with power lines."

Commissioner Carlson proposed simply deleting the last sentence.

Commissioner deVadoss voiced concern that the language of the paragraph was not strong enough to move the city in the direction of undergrounding facilities.

Chair Laing suggested the paragraph could be better phrases as an aspirational goal. The goal should be to look at ways to move away from overhead wires as it becomes technologically and economically feasible to do so. The paragraph could be broken up into bullet points and inserted into the goals section on page 23 of the Utilities Element.

Commissioner Hamlin agreed it would fit in that section very well. Commissioner deVadoss concurred as well but said the language simply is not strong enough. Chair Laing added that as with all elements in the Comprehensive Plan there is a fine line between being aspirational and prescriptive.

Commissioner Hamlin proposed moving the paragraph to the goal section; while perhaps not as strong as it could be, the wording does convey the intent of the Commission to see all overhead utilities undergrounded.

After additional discussion, there was consensus to pare the paragraph down to its essence by having it read "A future reliable electric grid may include emerging concepts such as non-wire, microgrid, or alternative technology solutions to the existing overhead system that better address the community's interest in mitigating impacts."

With regard to the Transportation Element, Mr. Inghram noted the Commission had previously recommended removal of Policy TR-11. He noted that the Transportation Commission agreed after a full discussion. The Transportation Commission also proposed revising Policy TR-103 to make a clear reference to the CIP and TFP; proposed adding a new policy to the Mobility Management section addressing transportation system resiliency; and proposed adding language to Policy TR-4 to address equity in transportation system investments.

Speaking to Policy TR-4, Commissioner Walter said she was bothered by the latter part of the proposed new language. She suggested putting a period after the word "everyone" in order to be more inclusive.

Mr. Inghram said the intent of including the specific groups identified in the Transportation Commission's proposed language for Policy TR-4 was to highlight the specific groups that tend to be underserved by transportation systems.

Commissioner Hamlin proposed being more abstract by having the sentence read "...needs of everyone, including underserved populations." There was consensus to make the change.

Commissioner Carlson agreed with eliminating Policy TR-11 but suggested replacing it with "Encourage a multitude of transportation modes while not discouraging the use of any particular mode."

Commissioner Walter suggested that concept is covered by the Transportation Element goal. Commissioner Carlson said he would be willing to revise the goal by adding to the end of it "by encouraging a multitude of transportation modes while not discouraging the use of any particular mode." The Commissioners agreed to make the change. Chair Laing called attention to the Mobility Options paragraph on page 4 of the Transportation Element and suggested the last sentence should be revised to read "while striving to reduce congestion and move more people within a limited right-of-way." He also proposed revising Policy TR-1 to read "Integrate land use and transportation decisions to ensure that the transportation system supports the Comprehensive Plan, reduces congestion, and improves mobility."

Senior Transportation Planner Kevin McDonald pointed out that Policy TR-1 is very specific as to the relationship between land use and transportation. It stresses that the role of the transportation system is to support the land use vision of the Comprehensive Plan. He suggested revising Policy TR-121 rather than the goal statement. Chair Laing commented that managing congestion and increasing mobility is every bit as much a land use issue as it is a transportation issue. The inextricable relationship between land use and transportation planning should be made clear early in the document.

There was consensus to revise the goal rather than Policy TR-121.

Mr. Inghram said his concern centered on the concept of reducing congestion. Level of service is determined by adopted standards. Transportation projects are implemented to help manage transportation flow. The implication of the proposed change to the goal is that somehow by doing planning for transportation and land use the city will be able to reduce the amount of traffic volume on the streets. Chair Laing disagreed to accept the notion that there is nothing that can be done by way of good land use and transportation planning to resolve one bane of the modern urbanite, namely congestion. Mr. Inghram said every transportation project undertaken by the city addresses the issue of congestion and seeks to reduce it in specific locations. The proposed change to the policy, however, would set the bar too high by calling for every project to reduce congestion levels. The fact is the city does undertake projects that result in higher traffic volumes, provided the established level of service is not violated.

Commissioner Walter said in attending neighborhood group meetings she repeatedly hears concerns voiced about traffic and crime. She suggested the citizens would love to see in the Comprehensive Plan language that says the goal is to reduce congestion.

Chair Laing said he could accept revising his suggested language to read "Integrate land use and transportation decisions to ensure that the transportation system supports the Comprehensive Plan, while *striving* to reduce congestion and increase mobility." Congestion can be defined as a number of different things, from too many cars on the road to too many people trying to board the available buses to not being able to cross at a crosswalk given the time provided. Mr. Inghram agreed that as an aspiration reducing congestion is great, but if included as policy it could set a standard requiring all city planning projects to reduce congestion.

Councilmember Stokes said the conundrum is always how to handle growth and congestion at the same time. He agreed with Mr. Inghram and said he would recommend against setting up a challenge.

Mr. McDonald called attention to the first paragraph on page 9 of the Transportation Element and said the Transportation Commission had suggested a revision to make it more forward thinking by having it read something like "Especially for commuter trips and increasingly throughout the day, high-capacity transit will be part of the transportation system...." There was consensus to revise the wording accordingly.

Chair Laing called attention to the table on page 8 showing the commute modesplit targets and said he would like to see a break down by mode. Mr. McDonald said the data is available, though targets have not been established for pedestrian and bicycle modeshare. There could be another table added showing existing and projected share by mode. There was consensus to do that.

Turning to the Housing Element and the issue of considering areas outside the downtown core for higher density and more diverse uses, Mr. Inghram said typically identifying opportunities is done through a specific planning process. He suggested the established process has proven to be effective and thus there is no need to update the plan in any way. The Commissioners concurred.

It was observed that one public comment called attention to the need for housing for people with mental illness and physical disabilities. Mr. Inghram called attention to Policy HO-37 and noted that it addresses reasonable accommodation for those with special needs. There was agreement the policy satisfactorily addresses the issue.

Mr. Inghram said there are two aspects to the comment made about accommodating seniors and those on fixed incomes. Policy HO-X4 talks about aging in place by utilizing universal design principles, and Policy HO-X10 encourages a range of housing types for seniors affordable at a variety of income levels.

Chair Laing commented that there is a state program under which seniors can apply to have property tax abatement. If the program requires local enabling legislation, Bellevue should certainly act to have the program on its books. At the least the Housing Element should reference the state program.

Commissioner Walter said it certainly is more cost effective to keep seniors in their own homes.

Commissioner Hamlin said he was not aware of any other instances in which a reference to a state program is made in the Comprehensive Plan. Commissioner Carlson suggested the wording of Policy HO-X4 covers it by referencing support for housing options, programs and services.

Mr. Inghram pointed out that several policies in the plan address the issue of homeless shelter, including policies HO-38, HO-39, HO-X8 and HS-X2. There was agreement the issue is adequately covered.

With regard to housing affordability, Mr. Inghram noted that the public had offered both general and specific observations and suggestions.

Commissioner Hilhorst commented that the general affordability issue is adequately addressed by Policy HO-22. The Commissioners agreed.

Mr. Inghram pointed out that Policy HO-25 encourages housing affordability throughout the city. Commissioner Hamlin allowed that it is the most difficult to achieve affordable housing in the downtown for a variety of reasons. Commissioner Carlson said getting affordable housing in the downtown core is a worthy goal. Councilmember Stokes pointed out that an earlier version of the policy specifically highlighted the downtown but the reference was removed in subsequent

discussions.

Chair Laing said the multifamily tax exemption program usually is attached to certain areas of a city rather than the city as a whole. If the policy language is too specific as to where the city wants to see affordable housing created, it may limit the city's ability to implement the multifamily tax exemption program.

Councilmember Stokes agreed the focus should be on the entire city. He said the discussions held by the Council regarding the multifamily tax exemption have been focused on several non-downtown areas. It would not detract from the policy, however, to have it refer to housing affordability throughout the city, including the downtown and mixed commercial/residential areas.

Commissioner Hamlin suggested that to reference the entire city as well as the downtown is redundant. He said the policy could say something like "with an emphasis on the downtown and the mixed commercial/residential areas."

Chair Laing proposed staying with the broad reference to the entire city and leaving the details to the implementing regulations.

Mr. Inghram said one option would be to word the policy to read "Develop an effective strategy to ensure affordable housing opportunities are available in the downtown and throughout the city...." There was agreement to make that change.

Mr. Inghram observed that a number of public comments were focused on having a housing strategy plan. Policy HO-25 as it has evolved calls for developing an effective strategy.

Commissioner Hamlin said the argument could certainly be made that an effective strategy needs a plan. Chair Laing agreed but pointed out that the Comprehensive Plan itself could be the plan. The policy as drafted calls for the development of an effective strategy without going too far and getting into exactly how that should be carried out.

There was consensus not to revise Policy HO-25.

With regard to using surplus land for affordable housing, Chair Laing reminded the Commissioners that after previous discussions no such policy was included. The community, however, has raised the need to have such a policy.

Commissioner Walter voiced concern over limiting the use of surplus land to affordable housing, thus preventing the city from doing anything else even where there is an obviously better use and even where affordable housing would not be practical. If there is to be a policy, it should emphasize affordable housing without limiting the use of surplus land to affordable housing.

Mr. Inghram said as originally worded, the policy read "Evaluate surplus public land for use for affordable housing." He suggested the language leaves the door open to uses other than affordable housing.

Chair Laing proposed replacing "public" with "city owned."

There was agreement to include the policy as revised by Chair Laing.

Bellevue Planning Commission March 25, 2015 Page 12 Commissioner Hamlin observed that the element as draft includes several policies focused on incentives for affordable housing. The primary policy is HO-23 but policies HO-18, HO-28, HO-32 and HO-33 are also on point.

Chair Laing commented on the need for policy language to be as broad as possible while recognizing that the authority in many cases some from state-enabling legislation.

There was agreement not to make any revisions relative to affordable housing incentives. There also was agreement that the draft policies adequately address public/private coordination relative to affordable housing.

With regard to planning and providing funding for very low- and low-income affordable housing, Mr. Inghram said Policy HO-27 talks about the use of city funding for that purpose. The Countywide Planning Policies call for employing a housing strategy to address the need for housing affordable to very low-, low- and moderate-income households and people with special needs. Policy HO-34 addresses the entire spectrum of housing needs in the city's affordable housing programs, though none of the policies specifically state the need to address each of the income categories.

Chair Laing said in reading policies HO-25, HO-27 and HO-34 together the picture that appears is one of a very comprehensive approach to affordable housing.

With regard to the notion of adding mandatory affordable housing to the Comprehensive Plan along the lines of what Kirkland and Redmond do, Commissioner Carlson suggested it sounded more like a proposal for the City Council to take up rather than a broad goal for the Comprehensive Plan. Chair Laing pointed out that the examples of mandatory affordable housing provisions in other cities are all established at the zoning code level. The broad statement included in the draft is focused on using all of the strategies and tools available. Even as those tools change over time, the broad policy language does not lock the city into any one specific course of action. The Council has the authority to do what other cities have done with relative to mandatory affordable housing requirements.

There was agreement not to add policy language about mandatory affordable housing.

Mr. Inghram reminded the Commissioners that the city already has a practice of reducing impact fees for affordable housing projects. There was agreement no additional policy language was needed.

Chair Laing brought to the table the suggestion made by Ms. Lopez relative to revising the language of Policy HO-16 relative to accessory dwelling units. Mr. Inghram clarified that none of the subarea plans specifically address accessory dwelling units. The current Comprehensive Plan policy allows accessory dwelling units in single family districts subject to specific development, design, location and owner-occupancy standards. The draft adds the notion of "where consistent with neighborhood subarea plans" which gives each subarea the freedom to be able to fine-tune whether and how it should apply in their area. To adopt the proposal as suggested by Ms. Lopez would disallow attached accessory dwelling units in any neighborhood anywhere in the city until every subarea plan is adjusted to specifically allow them. Detached accessory dwelling units are not currently allowed in the city and there is no proposal to allow them, but as the various subarea plans are updated the neighborhoods will be able to discuss

Bellevue Planning Commission March 25, 2015 Page 13 whether or not they would want to allow them.

A motion to extend the meeting until 10:15 p.m. was made by Commissioner Hamlin. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Hilhorst and it carried unanimously.

Councilmember Stokes and Commissioner Carlson left the meeting.

Mr. Inghram reminded the Commissioners that a response was made at the last meeting to a comment about employment for people with disabilities. The suggestion was made to change a policy in the Human Services Element. The Human Services Commission looked at the proposal and suggested no change to policy HS-16 and concluded that if there is to be a policy about employment for persons with disabilities there should be a new policy created.

Commissioner deVadoss said he found the phrase "people with barriers to employment" quite jarring and awkward. Commissioner Hilhorst suggested "hire people with differing levels of physical ability" instead, removing the "such as" portion. Chair Laing suggested "hire those with special needs and disabilities."

The language suggested by Chair Laing was agreed to.

The Commissioners were reminded that several comments from the public supported the notion of protecting or enhancing the city's overall tree canopy. Some of the comments were focused on the loss of trees due to development. The plan includes policies specific to tree preservation, including two new policies in the Environmental Element, EN-X3 and EN-X10. The idea behind revising the language is to move beyond just establishing a target to enacting an action plan with specific steps to address the tree canopy, which could include such things as programmatic tree-planting initiatives, general education efforts, and reviewing the city's current regulations to see how well they are working.

Commissioner Hilhorst said she would like to see the loop closed that allow developers to build and replace very little if any of the tree canopy they remove. While the proposed language does not close the loop, it is on the right path.

Commissioner deVadoss suggested that if a specific target number is to be included, it should read "at least 40 percent."

Mr. Inghram said there are opportunities to adjust the code to realize more tree protections. The current code talks about retaining 30 percent of the trees on a site, and that percentage could be increased, along with requiring retaining or replanting when development occurs. The code should shy away from giving people the impression that merely trimming their bushes is regulated by the city, but it should address the concern of large sites being completely denuded of trees.

There was agreement to include as Policy EN-X3, "Work toward a citywide tree canopy target of at least 40 percent canopy coverage that reflects our "city in a park" character and maintain an action plan for meeting the targets across multiple land use types, including right-of-way, public lands, and residential and commercial uses."

Turning to the Parks and Community Services Board recommendation for a new policy, Commissioner Walter said she found it challenging to put high-quality public art in neighborhoods. She suggested not including the proposed policy.

Mr. Inghram pointed out that at the joint boards and commissions meeting there was some discussion about the need for art in neighborhoods is not addressed in the Comprehensive Plan. The city does have a neighborhood art program in which the city works with neighborhoods to identify art opportunities.

Commissioner Hamlin agreed that the proposed policy directly addresses something that came out of the joint meeting. Additionally, when Chair Jackson of the Arts Commission spoke, there was clearly agreement with what she was calling for.

Commissioner Walter questioned the need to include a new policy when in fact public art in neighborhoods is already being realized. As drafted the policy seems to force art into neighborhoods that may or may not want it. Additionally, "high-quality" is a term that may be difficult to define.

Chair Laing agreed "high-quality" should be deleted. While art is already being realized in the neighborhoods, the policy does not require it.

Commissioner Hamlin suggested the policy should read "Work with the community to develop art that enhances neighborhood character, builds community, and engages residents in the artistic process."

Commissioner deVadoss felt "work with the community" was too directive. He proposed using the word "encourage."

Chair Laing called attention to Policy UD-60 which calls for supporting neighborhood efforts to maintain and enhance their character and appearance. He suggested drafting the proposed policy to read "Support community efforts to develop art that enhances the neighborhoods, builds community, and engages residents in the artistic process." His suggestion was accepted.

A motion to extend the meeting to 10:20 p.m. was made by Commissioner Hilhorst. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Hamlin and it carried unanimously.

Commissioner Walter called attention to the third sentence in the second paragraph on page 14 of the Introduction/Vision and suggested that "young families just getting started" is too prescriptive. There was agreement to leave out the phrase.

Commissioner Walter proposed not changing "homes" to "households" in the first paragraph on page 16 of the Introduction/Vision. There was agreement to use "homes."

Commissioner Walter said she could not see the need to change "institutional uses" to "cultural facilities" in the penultimate line on page 16 of the Introduction/Vision was necessary. Mr. Inghram said the thinking was that "institutional" could be interpreted to mean hospital. There was agreement to use "cultural facilities."

Referring to the third sentence in the fourth paragraph on page 18 of the Introduction/Vision, Commissioner Walter said she did not remember talking about dedicated bus lanes. The other Commissioners agreed the topic had not been discussed.

Commissioner Walter noted her preference for using "abrupt edges" in the first paragraph on page 7 of the Housing Element because it adds visual clarity. There was agreement to use the phrase.

Commissioner Walter suggested that as drafted the first sentence of the first paragraph on page 9 of the Housing Element appears to apply only to the elderly. She proposed retaining the phrase "over their lives."

A motion to extend the meeting to 10:30 was made by Commissioner Hilhorst. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Hamlin and it carried unanimously.

Commissioner deVadoss left the meeting.

Commissioner Walter proposed retaining "and public education" in the first sentence of the fourth paragraph on page 4 of the Utilities Element. There was agreement to do so.

Commissioner Walter proposed not making the suggested revisions to the first two sentences of the second paragraph on page 10 of the Utilities Element. The other Commissioners concurred and also agreed to make the other revisions in the draft of the paragraph.

There was agreement to retain "all utilities" in the first bullet on page 23 of the Utilities Element.

Commissioner Walter suggested not making the proposed changes to the first paragraph on the second page of the Transportation Element. The Commissioners agreed with her.

Commissioner Walter referred to the first sentence of the first paragraph on page 3 of the Transportation Element and suggested the statement that traffic volumes have held relatively steady seems out of touch with reality. Mr. Inghram pointed out that in fact the data supports the statement and noted that the addition of the word "relatively" makes the sentence less dogmatic.

The Commissioners agreed with the suggestion made by Commissioner Walter not to change the first sentence of the third paragraph on page 3 of the Transportation Element as outlined in the draft.

There was agreement with Commissioner Walter's suggestion not to make the draft changes to the last sentence of the last paragraph on page 7 of the Transportation Element.

Commissioner Walter suggested the proposed change to page 3 of the Environmental Element significantly changes the message. Commissioner Hamlin said he preferred the change as it makes the statement less technical. There was agreement to retain the revised version.

With regard to the first paragraph on page 6 of the Environmental Element, Commissioner Walter agreed with removing the reference to 2008 but suggested talking about how much of Bellevue is impervious is important. Mr. Inghram agreed to do that.

Chair Laing called attention to the second paragraph on page 6 of the Environmental Element and said he absolutely disagreed with the last sentence. He said the most effective thing would be to regional detention treatment before allowing runoff to be discharged into lakes, rivers and streams. There was agreement to change "the most effective approach" to "an effective approach" and to retain the other edits to the paragraph. A motion to extend the meeting to 10:45 p.m. was made by Commissioner Hamlin. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Walter and it carried unanimously.

There was agreement with the suggestion of Commissioner Walter to not include "other native" in the last sentence of the second paragraph on page 11 of the Environmental Element.

Commissioner Walter asked why the proposed deletions to the language on page 15 of the Environmental Element were needed. Mr. Inghram explained that the city does not have clear data about business and multifamily recycling and composting.

A motion to recommend that the City Council adopt the update amendments, as corrected, to the Bellevue Comprehensive Plan in accordance with the requirements of the Growth Management Act that replaces Volume 1 and the Land Use Map of the existing Comprehensive Plan, and includes limited amendments to Volume 2, including updates to the Downtown Bellevue, Southwest Bellevue, Eastgate, Richards Valley, and Factoria subarea plans, and replacement of the transportation facilities plans, was made by Commissioner Walter. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Hamlin and it carried unanimously.

Mr. Inghram thanked the perseverance and hard work of the Commission over the past couple of years. He said a transmittal memo was being prepared and would be forwarded to the Chair and Vice Chair for review.

There was consensus to take up Public Comment next.

## 10. PUBLIC COMMENT

Ms. Osha Morningstar commented that in dealing with the issue of aging in place the city should seek to avoid impacting other demographic groups. As property taxes continue to rise, some have choose to rent out rooms in their homes for extra income. She also noted that while the issue of homelessness is addressed in the Comprehensive Plan, there is no definition of what it means to be homeless. Additionally, she commented that with the new DSM-5 coming out there will be fewer people who can be diagnosed with the disabilities they have already been diagnosed as having and they will therefore qualify for fewer services.

8. OTHER BUSINESS - None

## 9. DRAFT MINUTES REVIEW

- A. February 25, 2015
- B. March 4, 2015
- C. March 11, 2015

No action was taken to approve the draft minutes.

#### 11. ADJOURN

A motion to adjourn was made by Commissioner Walter. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Hilhorst and it carried unanimously.

Bellevue Planning Commission March 25, 2015 Page 17 Chair Laing adjourned the meeting at 10:45 p.m.

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## CITY OF BELLEVUE BELLEVUE PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING MINUTES

| April 22, 2015<br>6:00 p.m. | Bellevue City Hall<br>Convene at City Hall, 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor                                                                   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:      | Commissioners Carlson, Hamlin, Tebelius, deVadoss, Walter, Hilhorst                                                                 |
| COMMISSIONERS ABSENT:       | Chairperson Laing                                                                                                                   |
| STAFF PRESENT:              | Paul Inghram, Emil King, Patti Wilma, Department of<br>Planning and Community Development and Carol Hamlin,<br>Development Services |
| PUBLIC PRESENT:             | Several members of the public were in attendance                                                                                    |

# 1. TOUR COMMENCE

The walking tour of Downtown Bellevue commenced at 6:00 p.m., led by Emil King, Strategic Planning Manager and Patti Wilma, Community Development Planning Manager -Planning & Community Development and Carol Hamlin, Senior Planner - Development Services.

## 2. FOCUS

The walking tour focus was an orientation to the Downtown Land Use Code and zoning framework.

- A. Civic Center/ Metro Site/ BTC Station DNTN-01, 02, MU & OLB Explanation of the Downtown context and Downtown districts. Discussion of the development in the vicinity, building height and form, Pedestrian Corridor and the planned light rail system.
- B. Office Core DNTN-01 & 02 Continued discussion of existing and planned development (the Downtown Core) including guidelines and standards that create Bellevue's urban form.
- C. Ashwood DNTN-MU & R Discussion of the Perimeter Design District (PDD), transitions to adjacent neighborhoods and the Downtown's "wedding cake" form.
- D. Northwest Village DNTN-MU & R Continued discussion of the PDD, development potential in the area, and character of Downtown Districts.

Bellevue Planning Commission April 22, 2015 Page 1 E. Pedestrian Corridor - DNTN-01 & 02 & MU Discussion of the vision for the Corridor, relationship to the Council priorities and development in the area

The tour was cut short due to time and headed back to City Hall via NE 4<sup>th</sup> Street.

F. The Summit/PSE - DNTN-02 & MU Discussion of DNTN-02 & MU and accessible open space.

# 3. ADJOURN

The tour ended back at City Hall at 8:00 p.m.





## CITY OF BELLEVUE BELLEVUE PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING MINUTES

| June 10, 2015<br>6:30 p.m. | Bellevue City Hall<br>City Council Conference Room 1E-113                                                            |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:     | Chair Laing, Commissioners Barksdale, Carlson, Hilhorst, deVadoss, Walter, Councilmember Stokes                      |
| COMMISSIONERS ABSENT:      | None                                                                                                                 |
| STAFF PRESENT:             | Paul Inghram, Erika Rhett, Dan Stroh, Patti Wilma, Emil<br>King, Department of Planning and Community<br>Development |
| COUNCIL LIAISON:           | Councilmember Stokes                                                                                                 |
| GUEST SPEAKERS:            | None                                                                                                                 |
| RECORDING SECRETARY:       | Gerry Lindsay                                                                                                        |
| 1. CALL TO ORDER           |                                                                                                                      |

The meeting was called to order at 6:37 p.m. by Chair Laing who presided.

2. ROLL CALL

Upon the call of the roll, all Commissioners were present. Chair Laing introduced new Commissioner Jeremy Barksdale.

- 3. PUBLIC COMMENT None
- 4. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

A motion to approve the agenda carried unanimously.

5. COMMUNICATIONS FROM CITY COUNCIL, COMMUNITY COUNCILS, BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

Councilmember Stokes commented that both the Eastgate Land Use Code amendments and downtown livability are major issues with many moving parts.

Councilmember Stokes said the Council is very close to wrapping up the Comprehensive Plan update. The city received a very positive letter from the Washington Department of Commerce regarding the language and the approach. A longer letter was received from the Puget Sound Regional Council but it also was positive overall.

Councilmember Stokes praised the Commission for a job well done in developing recommendations for updating the Comprehensive Plan. The method Bellevue utilizes of having

ongoing citizen boards and commissions helps to make the city special.

## 6. STAFF REPORTS

Comprehensive Planning Manager Paul Inghram reported that a lot of progress was made with the City Council on June 8 toward completing the Comprehensive Plan update work. The schedule calls for wrapping up the work in two more meetings.

Mr. Inghram said he had penciled in September 16 as a potential date for the Commission's annual retreat.

Mr. Inghram reported that Anne Morrisseau had also been appointed to the Commission by the Council and that she would be in attendance at the next meeting.

## 7. DRAFT MINUTES REVIEW

## A. May 13, 2015

A motion to approve the minutes as submitted was made by Commissioner Hilhorst. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Carlson and it carried without dissent; Commissioner Walter abstained from voting.

## 8. STUDY SESSION

A. Eastgate Land Use Code Amendments

Chair Laing asked former Commissioner Jay Hamlin, who served on the Eastgate CAC, to help inform the discussion.

Senior planner Erika Rhett allowed that the Commission had looked at the Eastgate area quite extensively in reviewing the vision and came up with the policy amendments that were forwarded to the Council along with the Comprehensive Plan update. The Council reviewed the policy recommendations at its June 8 meeting and offered no changes. With the visioning work done, the Land Use Code amendment process begins.

Ms. Rhett said the transit-oriented development area just to the south of Bellevue College and just east of the transit center is outlined as having the highest intensity of uses, including residential. The location will allow for integrated transportation planning, including pedestrianoriented streets and a Bellevue College hill climb connection. The policies in the Comprehensive Plan call for some type of a master planning process in order to coordinate development in the area.

The areas outside of the transit-oriented development node are currently filled with office uses, most of which have somewhat higher vacancy rates than there have been in the past. The Office Limited Business (OLB) areas include part of the T-Mobile campus, the Microsoft Advanta campus, the Boeing campus, the Root Sports building, a number of churches, and the vacant King County site. The vision for OLB is to allow retail and commercial uses to be mixed in. There will need to be a way to keep people on site and the best way to do that will be to create a vibrant environment that is both attractive and useful to those who work in the office buildings. Under the current rules, most of the office sites are fully developed. The recommendation

Bellevue Planning Commission June 10, 2015 Page 2 throughout the corridor is to roughly double the intensity of office development, and that calls for more gathering places, more retail shops, and multimodal access.

With regard to the King County site, Ms. Rhett said the site is completely vacant currently The King County site is one of the few sites proposed in the land use designation changes to be converted from Light Industrial (LI) to OLB. The development area of the site is two to three stories lower than Eastgate Way so it can probably support additional height. The transfer station site is in the process of being upgraded and is expanding a bit to the west.

The Richards Valley industrial area is the last large concentration of LI-zoned land in the city. The proposed land use changes seek a small modification to the definition of LI to add research and development as a potential use. The Eastgate/I-90 CAC felt strongly about trying to preserve the area for light industrial use. Answering a question asked by Commissioner Carlson, said the character of industrial areas is changing. The Eastgate/I-90 CAC had the foresight to equate having Bellevue College so close to industrial zoning and to recognize the area as appropriate for a research and development component. Nationwide, the new flex-tech style of development is honing in on industrial areas; companies that are engaged in research and development or that are supporting tech industries need the flexibility to have space that sometimes functions as office and sometimes functions in the more traditional industrial ways. The future review of the zone will look closely as uses and the existing rules with an eye on being more flexible.

Ms. Rhett said improving ecological improvement in the corridor was also important to the Eastgate/I-90 CAC. Many of the buildings there were constructed prior to having as many environmental protection standards in place. Accordingly things such as streams that are channelized at exact right angles have been created. Industrial development has a history of being located in areas with traditionally less expensive land. Often the less expensive areas had natural features that were difficult to develop. It may be that simply applying all current rules will be enough going forward, but the review will include taking a look at the issue.

A fourth area of emphasis for the Eastgate/I-90 CAC was on maintaining neighborhood retail. The Eastgate study area was carefully drawn to include the office, commercial and industrial areas along the corridor, and to exclude the vast amount of surrounding residential development. The community has been very clear about not wanting their neighborhood retail locations to go away. Even though Factoria is close by, it does not have the same utility for neighborhood goods and services. As the corridor begins to intensify, the neighborhood retail locations could serve more of the employment population. Implementation of the vision for neighborhood retail will occur through the creation of a new land use called Neighborhood/Mixed Use (NMU). The Eastgate Plaza development, which is designated Community Business, provides neighborhood retail uses. The Eastgate/I-90 CAC elected to leave the designation for that area unchanged as a way of preserving auto sales in the corridor.

Answering a question asked by Commissioner Barksdale, Ms. Rhett said opportunities for nonmotorized facilities crossing I-90 are fairly limited in the corridor. There is a crossing on the western edge of the corridor near Factoria, and 142nd Avenue SE connects to Bellevue College and runs right through the heart of the transit-oriented development area. Transportation is working on enhancements for 142nd Avenue SE currently, including enhancements for both transit and pedestrians and bicycles. The main interchange of 148th Avenue SE also crosses the freeway. The Mountains To Sound Greenway includes a three-mile gap running through the corridor. Through a public process, the alignment for the non-motorized facility has been

Bellevue Planning Commission June 10, 2015 Page 3 identified as running along the south side of the freeway, primarily in the existing right-of-way. The first phase between Factoria and 142nd Avenue SE is currently in design.

Commissioner deVadoss asked what the thinking was behind designating the Eastgate Plaza area NMU. Currently the single-story development offers a variety of goods anchored by an Albertsons, which is considered by many to be the only grocery store in the area. Adding mixed use will not only support redevelopment, it will create a little more vibrancy by allowing for uses that might be open longer hours. Mr. Inghram explained that the current CB zoning allows for mixed use development, but it also allows for auto sales. While being supportive of auto sales at a number of locations in the corridor, the Eastgate/I-90 CAC and the neighborhood did not want to see Eastgate Plaza lost to a new auto dealership. The new zone retains a lot of the uses allowed in CB but is more neighborhood oriented and removes auto sales.

Commissioner deVadoss noted that Bellevue College and Washington State University have recently reached an agreement to jointly operate. He suggested the city should reach out to WSU to better understand their plans and to respond appropriately.

Ms. Rhett commented that while recreation was not a major focus of the Eastgate/I-90 CAC, their final report did identify opportunities for recreational uses. Land has been set aside for the creation of Bellevue Airfield Park, and there are a number of park and recreation resources already in the area, including Sunset Park and the South Bellevue Community Center. The goal is to enhance those resources and link them together.

Eastgate is already an employment area but it is also a good place for additional growth to locate. The focus of the Eastgate/I-90 CAC recommendations is on accommodating growth in ways that will result in viability and livability. The creation of corridor design guidelines will help to ensure that approach. The policy language emphasizes the corridor as a gateway and reflects on its location on the Mountains To Sound Greenway. That can be realized through green and sustainable features. Under the existing policies, as well as the recommendation from the Eastgate/I-90 CAC, the natural beauty of the area is maintained. To create a livable environment, human scale features will be needed as well. The design guidelines will probably address both the macro and micro scale of design.

Ms. Rhett noted that the vision of the Eastgate/I-90 CAC was translated into policy language. The next step will be to translate the policy language into code language rules and regulations to follow in implementing the vision. The work program will include an evaluation of land uses in the various zones. The public benefit associated with any rezone, along with the bonus system, will need to be reviewed. There is a mishmash of design guidelines in place and they will be reviewed as well.

Chair Laing clarified that providing a public benefit is not a criteria of a rezone under Washington law. Jurisdictions must show that any action is in the public interest by way of promoting public health, safety, morals or welfare. There is a fundamental difference between conferring a benefit and mitigating an impact. Mr. Inghram said it would be appropriate to bring in the city attorney to discuss that issue when the bonus provisions are discussed.

Ms. Rhett said staff will work to develop code amendments for the Commission to begin reviewing following the August summer break. There will also be outreach done to specific stakeholders once there is some code language drafted. The schedule calls for wrapping up the process by the end of 2015.

Bellevue Planning Commission June 10, 2015 Page 4 Mr. Hamlin said praised Ms. Rhett for faithfully representing the Eastgate/I-90 CAC. He said he was personally in favor of the NMU proposal that excludes auto sales. Auto dealers asked the CAC to consider them and indicated that they are happy where they are currently allowed. The use certainly brings in good revenue for the city, but the CAC did not favor opening new areas to the use; the CAC actually found it disconcerting when the Nissan dealership moved into the area identified as appropriate for transit-oriented development. The CAC was focused on both land use and transportation, and the Mountains To Sound Greenway figured largely in the minds of the members, as did connecting the recreational opportunities.

## B. Downtown Livability

Chair Laing strongly encouraged the Commissioners to carefully read over the Downtown Livability Initiative CAC final report dated October 2014. Some of the particulars may not in fact come before the Commission depending on Council direction, but the document outlines the overall thought process of the CAC.

Planning Director Dan Stroh commented that it is a big time for the Commission. The Eastgate/I-90 corridor and Downtown Livability Initiative efforts are both major undertakings for the city. Both involved CACs that tread the ground and set a vision for how things might move forward, and now both are set for implementation.

Mr. Stroh said the Downtown Livability Initiative represents the most significant code update for the downtown in 30 years. There is much to cover and the Commission will in fact be getting into the meat and potatoes of urban design. The report from the CAC is a good summary of the work it did. Another important document that will be addressed as part of the work is the Land Use Code audit, a foundational piece that looks at what has happened on the ground in the downtown over the past 30 years. In all there is much to celebrate and feel good about, but there is still room for improvement.

Strategic Planning Manager Emil King reminded the Commissioners that the study area involves the downtown subarea as outlined in the Comprehensive Plan. Any potential code changes, new design guidelines or development parameters that come out of the work will pertain only to the 410-acre area between I-405 to the east, NE 12th Street to the north, 100th Avenue NE to the west, and the jagged boundary along Main Street. The East Main CAC work that is currently under way is looking at some land use issues in the hotel/motel district to the south of the downtown as a separate element, and there will be future planning that will focus on the hospital station and the Wilburton area.

Answering a question asked by Commissioner Hilhorst, Mr. King said the Commission's work on downtown livability will be coordinated with and be informed by the work of the East Main CAC. Neither effort will be carried out in a vacuum.

Mr. King noted that the 2030 forecast for the downtown subarea indicates jobs will rise to 70,000, and a significant amount of population growth will occur as well.

There are a series of documents posted to the city website that outline a number of public outreach events conducted with the community and stakeholders during the CAC process. As the Commission's work moves forward a host of additional outreach opportunities will be offered. In the coming meetings there will be a briefing on how the Land Use Code and how the

built environment is guided actually fits into a broader livability strategy for the downtown. The code is important, but there are a host of other things the city and other partners rely on in making the downtown a livable place. For instance, the school district has identified a site and has secured funding for a new elementary school to serve the downtown population of children, which is estimated to be close to 1000, and the Council recently took action to allocate funding for the Tateuchi Center.

Commissioner Barksdale asked if the city tracks against any specific livability indices for comparable cities. Mr. King said a number of different metrics are tracked. He said no specific effort has been made to compare them against comparable cities but agreed that would be a useful exercise.

Mr. King said the Land Use Code is the key implementing document for the city's long-range vision that is articulated in the Comprehensive Plan downtown subarea plan. The subarea plan was substantially updated in 2004 and the current work will in part focus on making the 1982 code consistent with that framework.

Patti Wilma shared with the Commissioners a map indicating the existing zoning in the downtown. She noted that the map also indicated allowed building height and floor/area ratio (FAR). The O-1 and O-2 districts in the middle allow for the most intense development. The MU district encourages multiple uses in single buildings, including less intense office and a wide range of retail. There is a small area zoned for residential that is built out for the most part with low-rise residential multifamily. Old Bellevue has more of a human scale, is less dense, and focuses on residential and retail services. The OLB zone along the freeway is a low-density area that currently supports hotel/motel uses and some office; residential is allowed in the zone and given the coming of light rail it may be that residential development will pick up. The perimeter district which bounds the outside of the downtown limits building height and FAR and is the first layer of the wedding cake; the perimeter was designed to be and still functions as a stable and predictable transition zone from the nearby single family neighborhoods.

Continuing, Ms. Wilma explained that in addition to the various zoning districts, there are overlay districts that complicate the picture, namely the core, pedestrian corridor, civic center, perimeter and Old Bellevue design districts. The guidelines are applied through an administrative design review process that involves staff working with developers to reach agreement about how projects meet the criteria ahead of the building permit process. There is also a public input opportunity for every project that goes through design review. Many cities have a design review board but Bellevue stakeholders have indicated satisfaction with the administrative process that is in place; the CAC also recommended continuing with the current approach.

The pedestrian corridor overlay is about half built out. It is expected to have full retail/pedestrian-oriented frontage the length of the corridor that is intended to have plazas and open spaces, street furniture and various day and night activities.

Commissioner Carlson said the recent walking tour of the downtown that he and several Commissioners attended was very helpful in spotlighting the different zones. Ms. Wilma said that tour covered the northern portion and added that staff would be happy to conduct a southern loop tour as well.

Ms. Wilma said the garden hill climb segment of the pedestrian corridor stretches between 106th

Avenue NE and 108th Avenue NE. The segment is quite steep. Artist renderings of what the area could look like have been developed; they show steps and a switchback path for bicycles. To date, only the portion by the Key Center building is constructed according to the current criteria. The pathway between the Chantenee restaurant and what used to be a chiropractor's office is only six feet wide; that section will be widened, enhanced lighting will be installed, and the grade will be softened during the summer months of 2015 as interim measures. Once development occurs on the Blazing Bagels/Ooba Tooba site the corridor will be brought in line with the criteria.

The code regulates uses, dimensions and amenities, and the design guidelines address parking, the design and the location of landscaping and walkways, and the finer details regarding how mechanical equipment is screened and where refuse/recycling facilities are located. Besides site design, the design criteria focus on site design, building materials, making sure open spaces will have sunlight, weather protection, and transitions to the neighborhoods. The code establishes permitted uses as a way of encouraging a lively downtown, and the list of uses will be reviewed as part of the process to determine if additional uses should be added to the list. The code also sets allowable building heights in a manner that confirms the wedding cake approach with higher heights in the center and lower heights along the edges.

Commissioner Barksdale commented that Bellevue is well situated in terms of people coming from Redmond, for people going to Seattle, and it serves as a hub for people stopping, letting the traffic die down, and networking. Ms. Wilma said Bellevue is indeed a hub for the Eastside. Attracting people to the downtown, getting them out of their cars, and encouraging them to walk, chill and socialize is exactly what the pedestrian corridor is all about.

Ms. Wilma explained that FAR is the amount of square footage that can be built on a property in relation to the size of the property. A property that is 10,000 square feet having an FAR of 1.0 can construct 10,000 square feet, and an FAR of 4.0 would allow 40,000 square feet to be built. Given the required setbacks and height restrictions, the total square footage can be used to construct a tall and skinny building or a short and fat building. The MU district limits office building height to 100 feet and residential building to 200 feet. In the core district, both the allowed FAR and building heights are much higher. Tall and skinny buildings allows for more open space as well as more light and air on the ground level.

The amenity system in place is a way to encourage and incent development in the downtown. Developers can build the minimum amount of guaranteed square footage by including a few basic amenities. In order to go beyond the minimum, more amenities must be included; for each amenity point, more square footage can be built up to the maximum allowed. Ms. Wilma said the code update work will include an economic analysis about the value of amenity improvements. Mr. King said the work will also include a legal analysis and regular communication with the City Council.

Chair Laing said the amenity system generated the most robust level of public involvement and discussion at the CAC level. That likely will continue at the Commission level as well.

Ms. Wilma shared examples of downtown developments and indicated the allowed building heights and FAR, and noted the actual building height and FAR.

Ms. Wilma also said parking will be discussed in a limited way. Under the current system parking is required to be provided at levels that assure buildings will be served but not over-

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served. The amount of parking required varies by zone and by use. Office in the core is required to provide between 2.5 and 3 stalls per thousand square feet of building; the requirement for retail is higher given that there typically is a higher turnover rate. Residential parking must supply a minimum of one stall per unit and a maximum of two, including visitor parking. The recommendation of the CAC was to initiate a citywide parking study.

Answering a question asked by Commissioner Carlson, Ms. Wilma said the Council directed staff to clarify how the Old Bellevue parking code works. The search for solutions to parking in the downtown is continuing. The three buildings coming online in the Old Bellevue area will collectively provide an additional 600 parking stalls.

Walkability and livability go hand in hand. The 300-foot city block grid that Portland enjoys is far more common than Bellevue's 600-foot blocks. The superblock grid offers more challenges where walkability is concerned, which is why midblock connections are so important.

With regard to the next steps, Ms. Wilma said during the remainder of 2015 the topic will be before the Commission monthly. There will be workshops planned jointly with the Council and the Commission to talk about the big issues such as amenities and building height. In 2016 the Commission will continue its deliberations and public outreach. Council deliberation and action is anticipated to occur in late 2016.

Chair Laing informed the Commission that following the completion of the CAC process, he and co-chair Ernie Simas of the Transportation Commission continued to meet with stakeholders liaise with staff and the Council. From the outset of the process many stakeholders concluded that the final plan would go on the shelf and nothing of any substance would ever come of it. Once the CAC's report was finalized, some noncontroversial low-hanging fruit were identified. The Council is currently looking at some of those things as a way of showing the stakeholders that there will ultimately be actions taken.

- 9. OTHER BUSINESS None
- 10. RECOGNITION OF SERVICE

Chair Laing invited Jay Hamlin and Diane Tebelius to come forward. Mr. Inghram formally recognized both for their service to the city.

- 11. PUBLIC COMMENT None
- 12. NEXT PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING

The Commission briefly discussed the upcoming meeting dates and agenda items.

## ADJOURN

A motion to adjourn was made by Commissioner Hilhorst. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Carlson and it carried unanimously.